

# Dynamic Robotic Leg

Joseph Byrnes | Kanyon Edvall | Ahsan Qureshi

ECE 445 Senior Design: Team 1



**I** ILLINOIS

Electrical & Computer Engineering

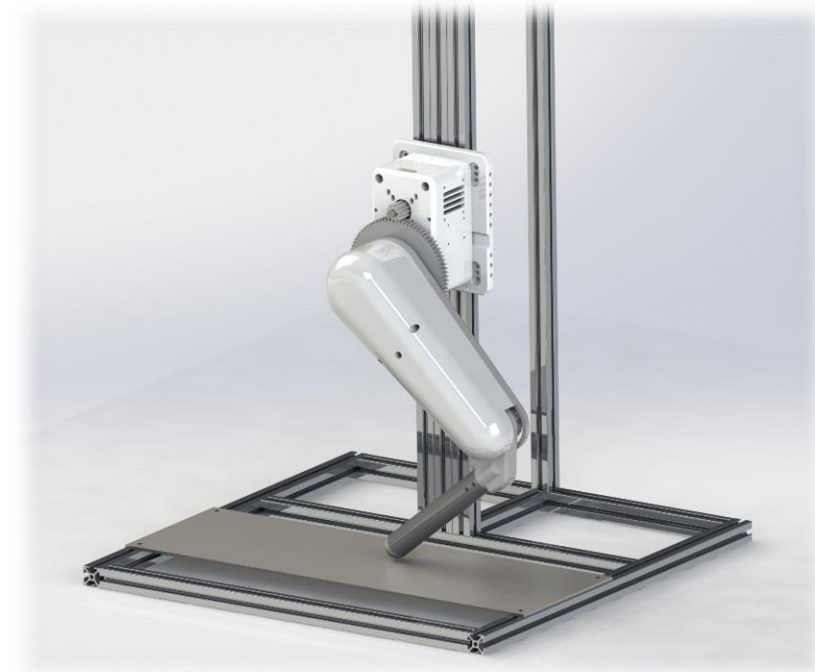
COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

# Problem Statement

- Lack of open-source, low cost legged robotics projects
  - Long development time for new research
  - High cost of development
  - High technical barrier for entry

# Our Solution

- Open-Source Robotic Leg & Test Frame
  - Research and educational platform
  - Three degree of freedom system
    - Two actuated joints
  - Brushless motors
    - High torque & high efficiency
  - Comprised of 3D-printed and consumer-off-the-shelf parts



# Our Solution

- Lowers the barrier for legged robotics algorithm development by providing an open source and functionally abstracted robotic leg

## Downloadable 3D Printing Files



## Open Source Software

```
void implement_discrete_tf(steptraj_t *traj, float step, float *qd, float *qd_dot, float *qd_ddot) {
    int i = 0;

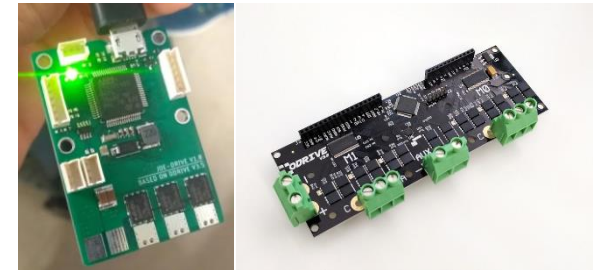
    traj->xx[0] = step;
    traj->yk[0] = traj->b[0]*traj->xx[0];
    for (i = 1; i < traj->size; i++) {
        traj->yk[i] = traj->yk[0] + traj->b[i]*traj->xx[i] - traj->a[i]*traj->yk[i];
    }

    for (i = (traj->size-1); i > 0; i--) {
        traj->xx[i] = traj->xx[i-1];
        traj->yk[i] = traj->yk[i-1];
    }

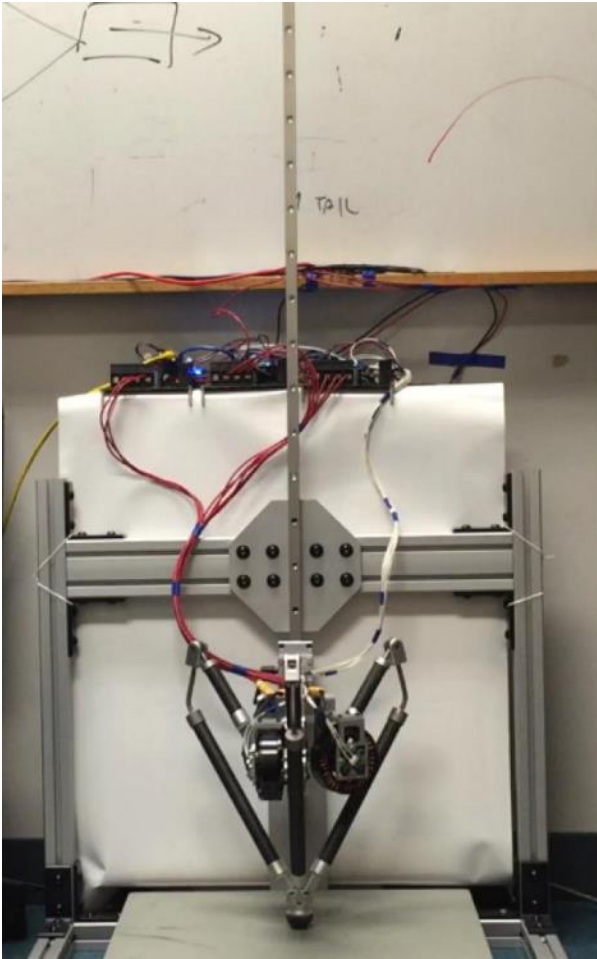
    *qd = traj->yk[0];
    *qd_dot = (*qd - traj->qd_old)*1000; //0.001 sample period
    *qd_ddot = (*qd_dot - traj->qddot_old)*1000;

    traj->qd_old = *qd;
    traj->qddot_old = *qd_dot;
}
```

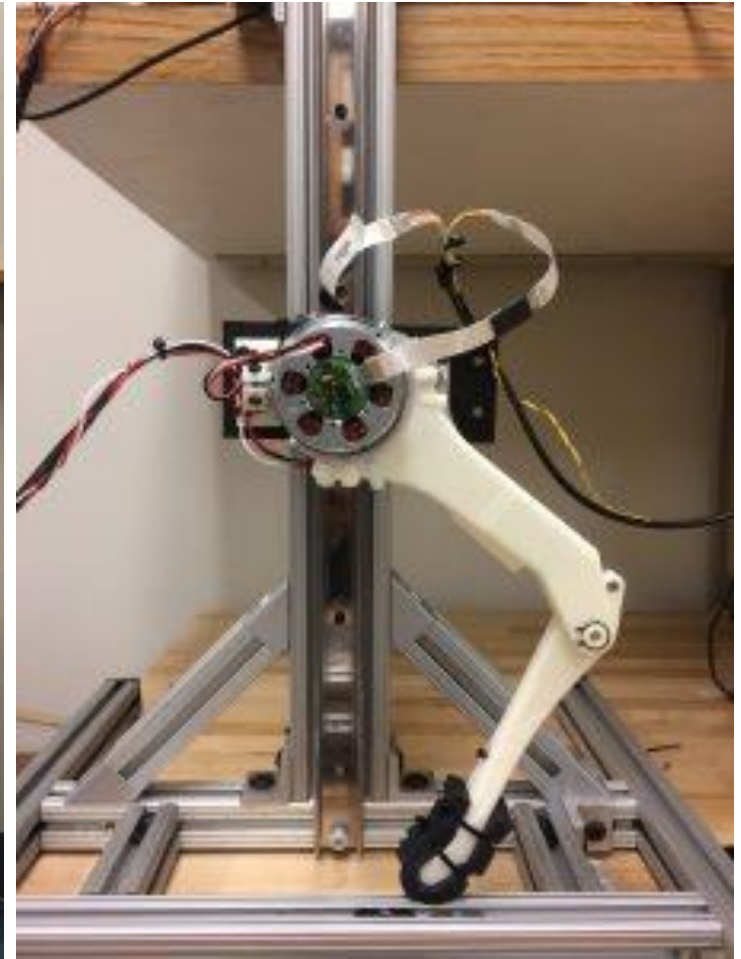
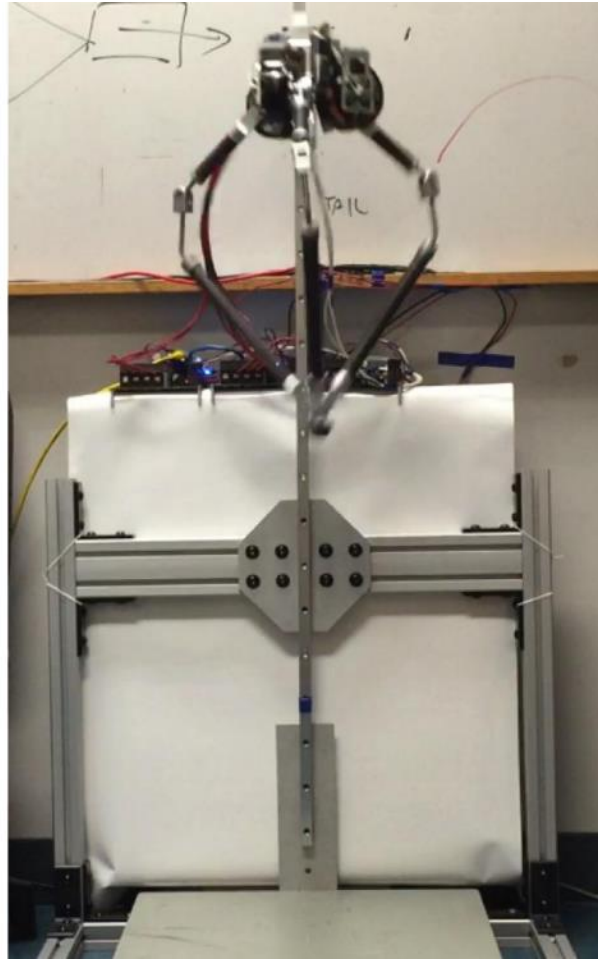
## Open Source Electronics



# Existing Projects and Research



<https://spectrum.ieee.org/automaton/robotics/robotics-hardware/goat-robot-leg-demonstrates-explosive-jumping>



<https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/8202172>

# Project Highlights

- Low Cost
- Fully Open-Source
- High Torque Density
- Simple 2 Degree of Freedom actuation

# Simulation in MATLAB

- Code Shared on GitHub
- Includes a Simulink Block Breakdown of Entire System
- User can edit as needed, adding parts or changing controller as desired

# Inverse Kinematics

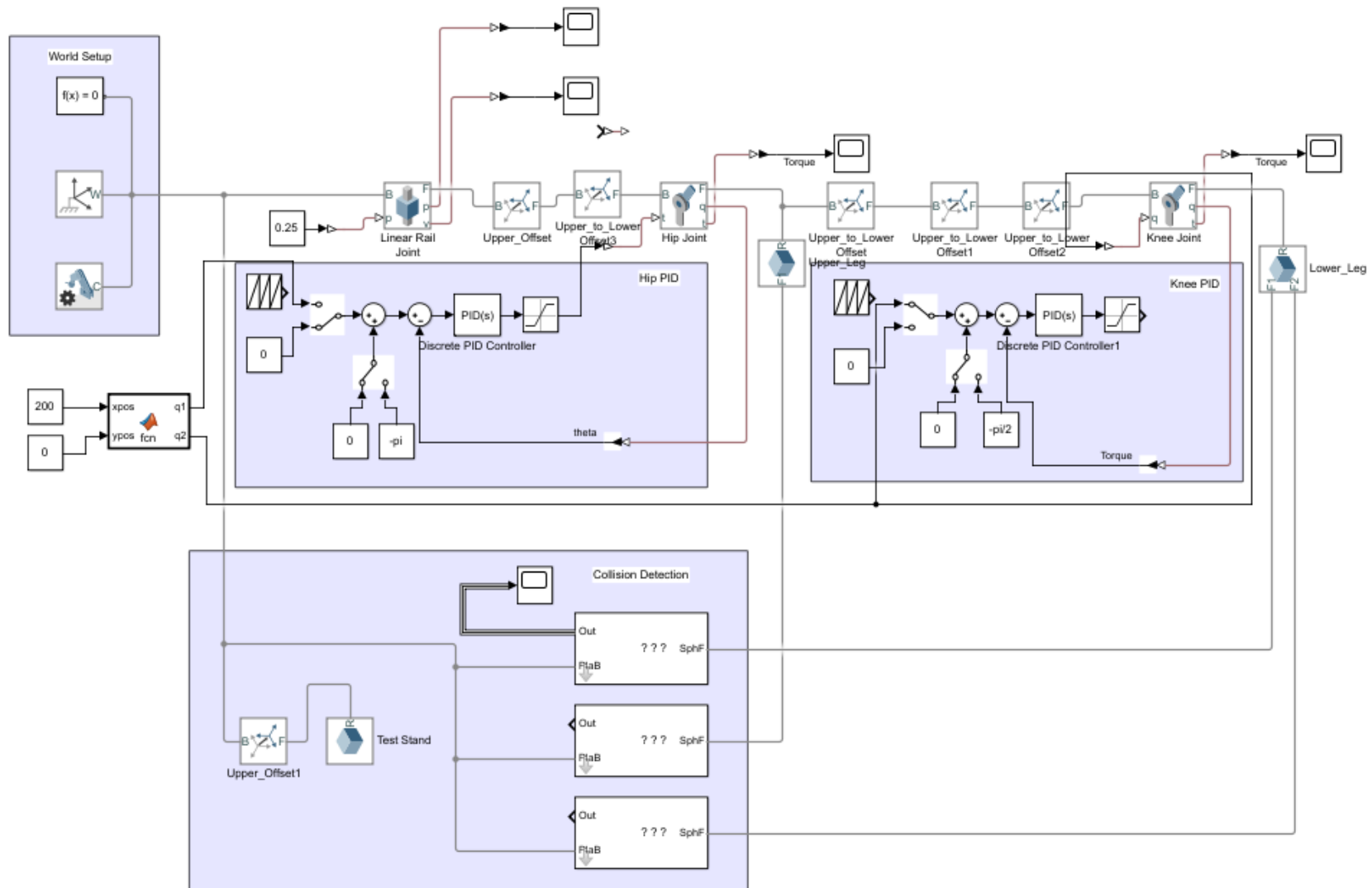
$$q_2 = -\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{x^2 + y^2 - a_1^2 - a_2^2}{2 * a_1 * a_2}\right)$$

$$q_1 = \text{atan2}(y, x) + \text{atan2}(a_2 * \sin(q_2), a_1 + a_2 \cos(q_2)) - q_2$$

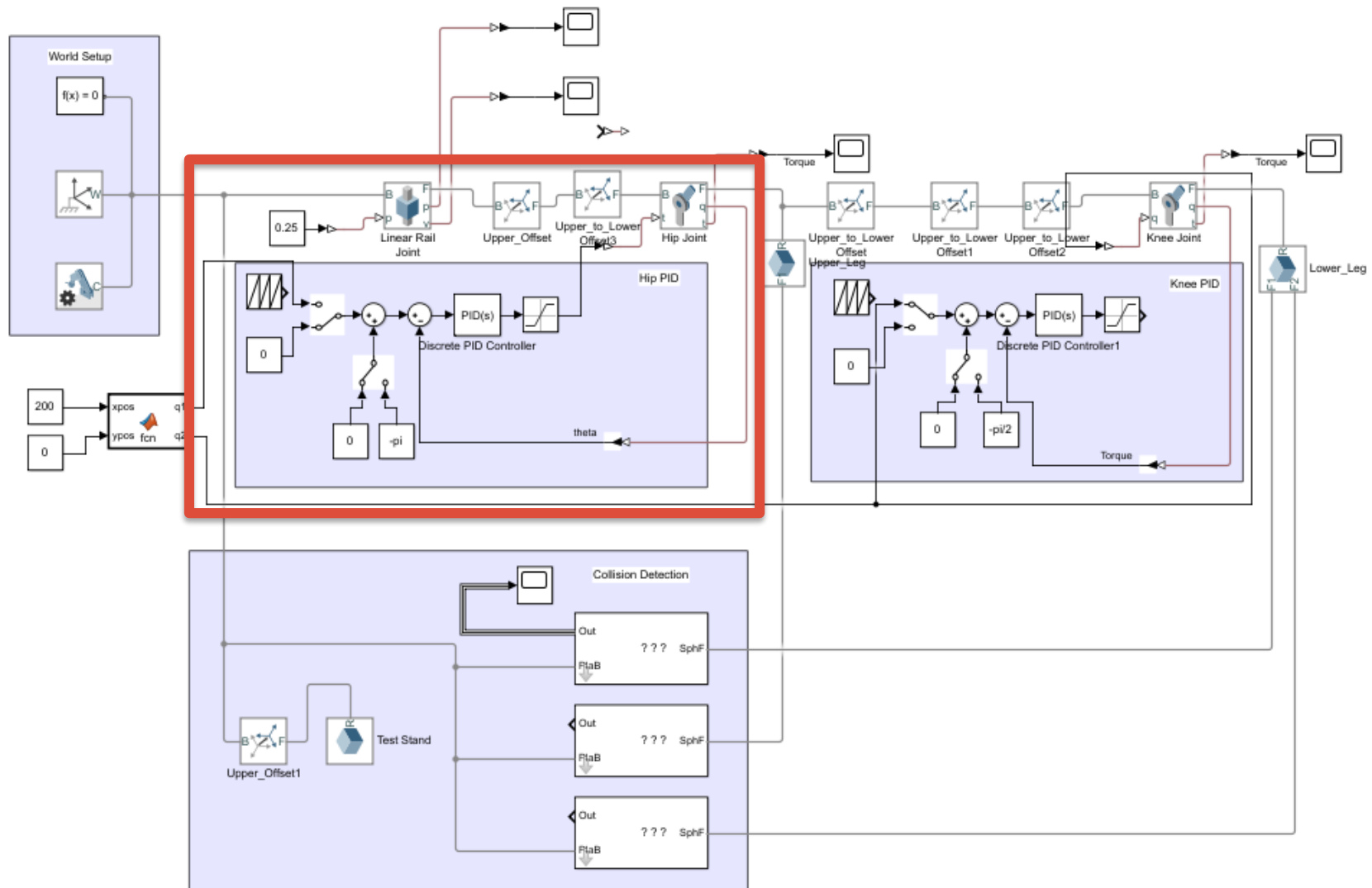
$q_1$	Hip Motor Angle
$q_2$	Knee Motor Angle
$a_1$	Upper Leg Link Length
$a_2$	Lower Leg Link Length
$x$	Horizontal Position Set Point
$y$	Vertical Position Set Point



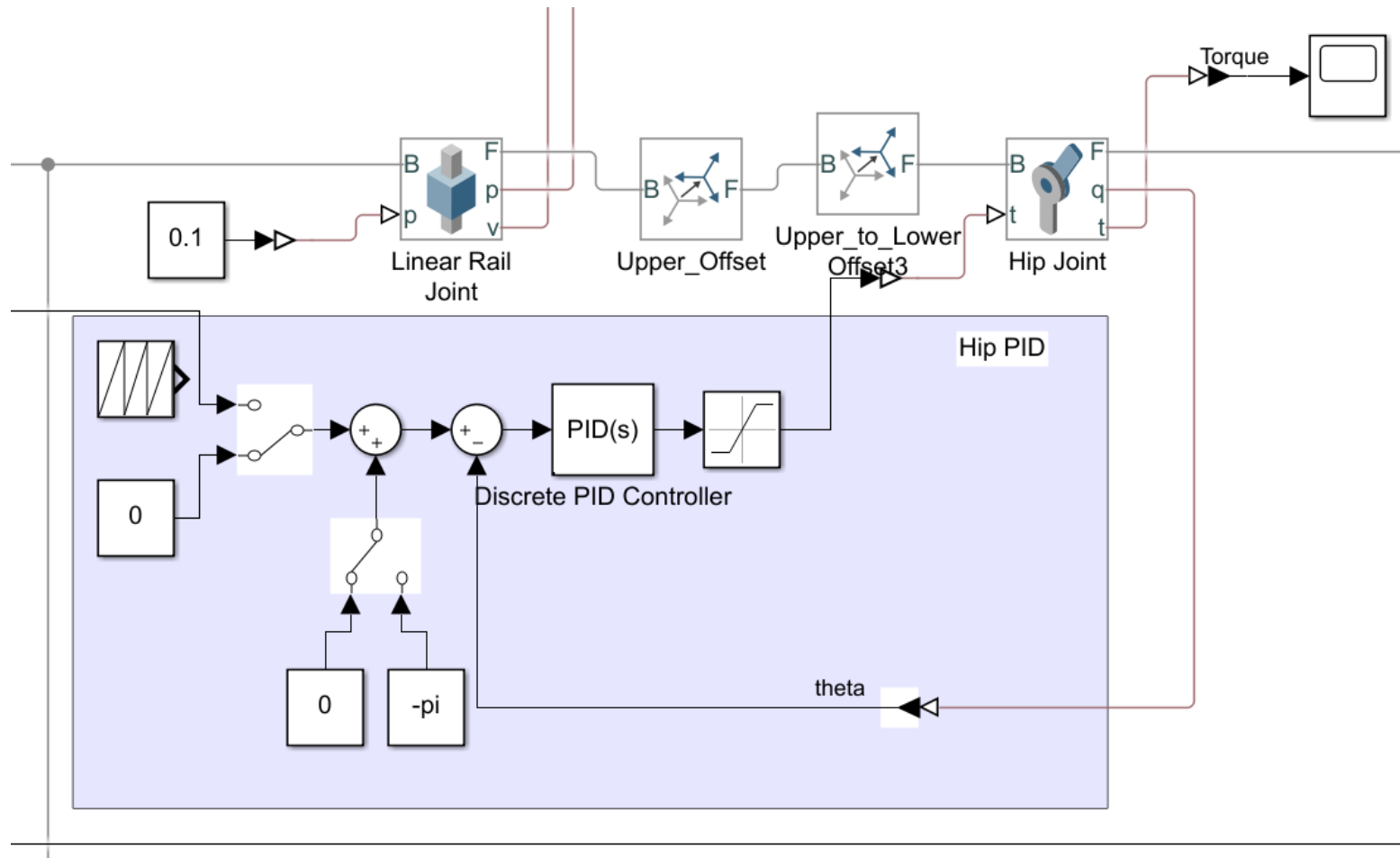
# Simulink Block Diagram



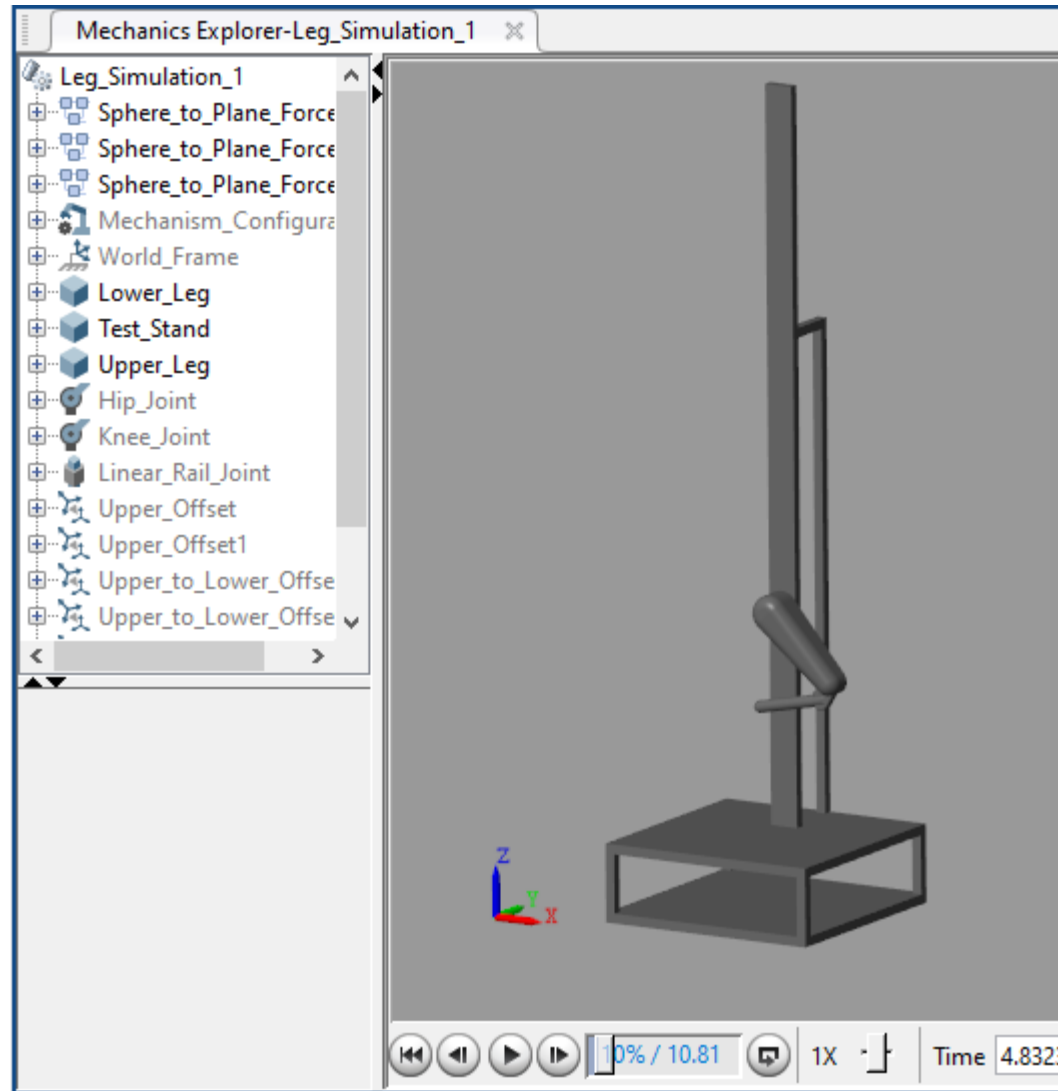
# Simulink Block Diagram



# Hip Joint Controller



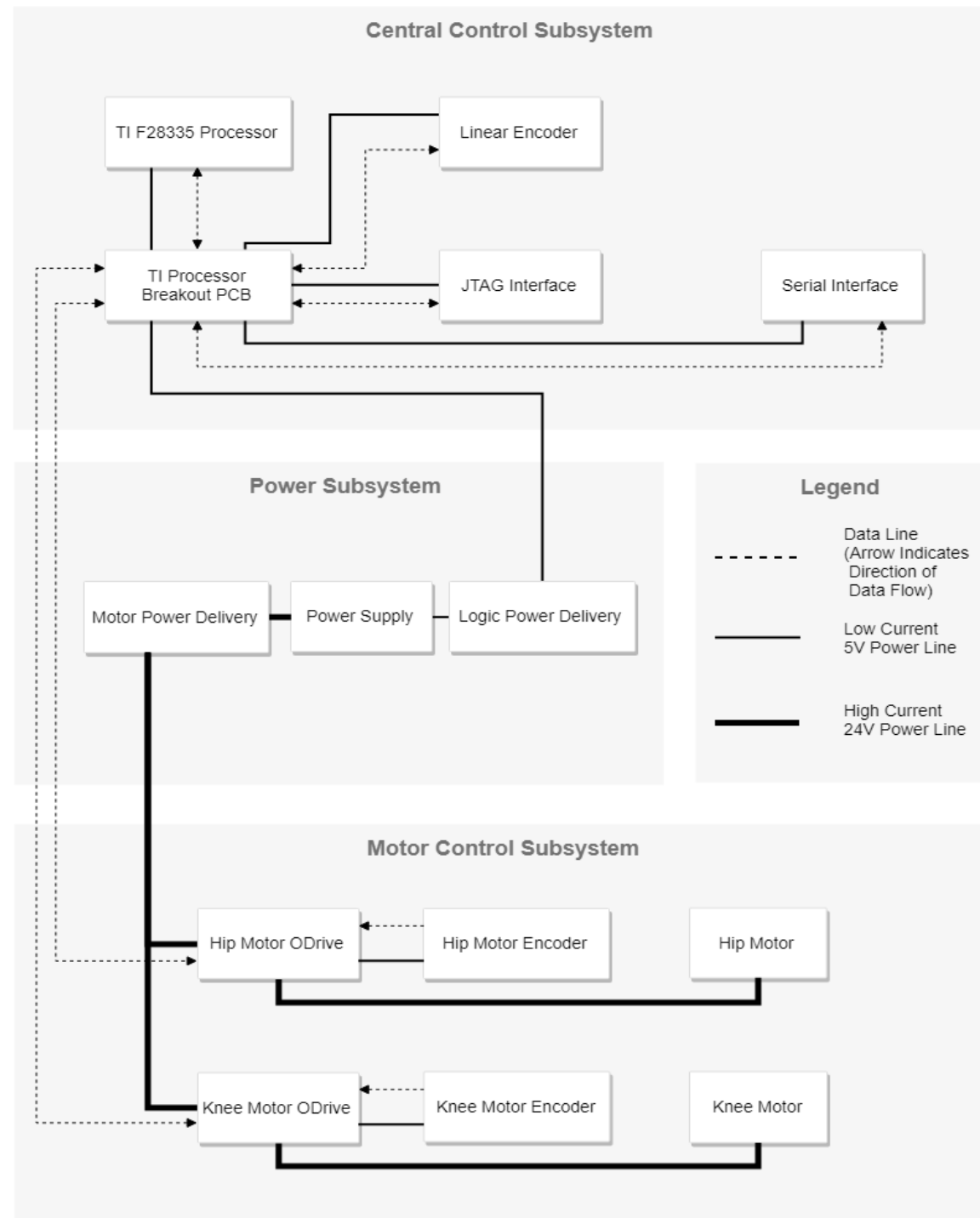
# SimScape Multi-Body Simulation

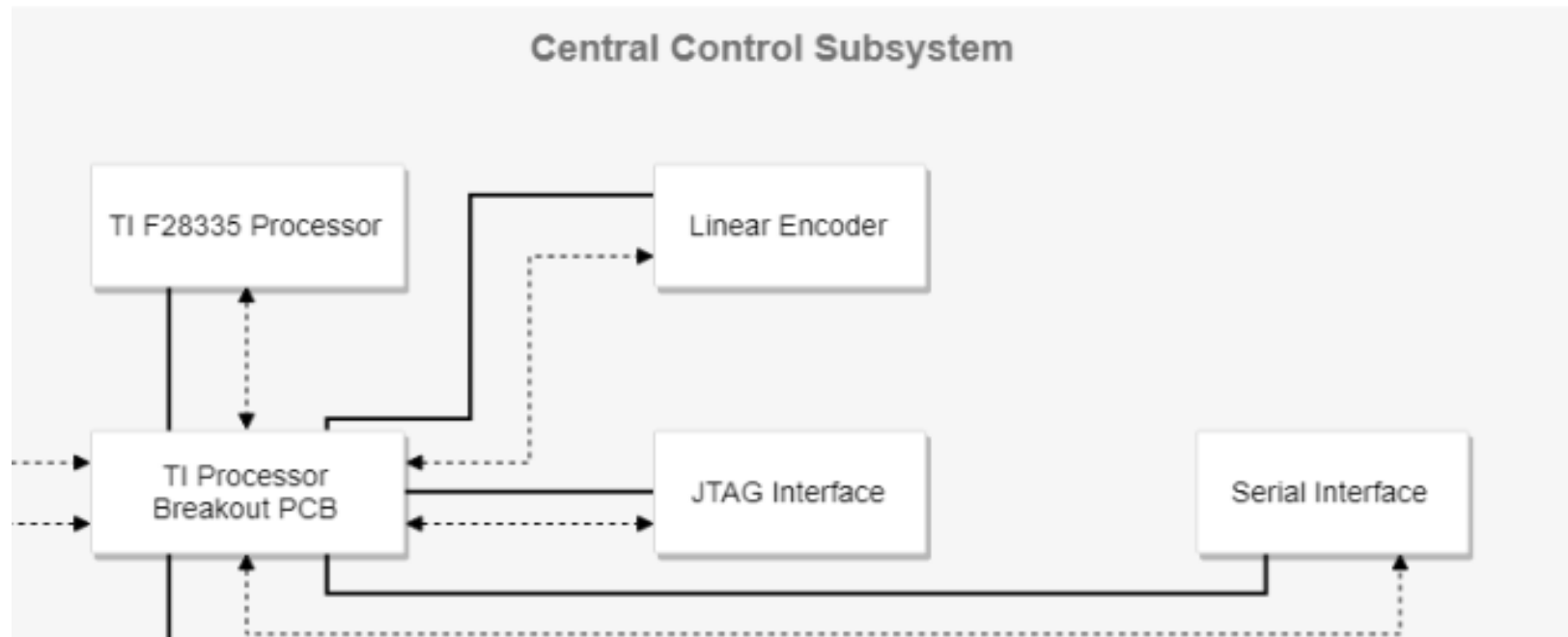


# Design

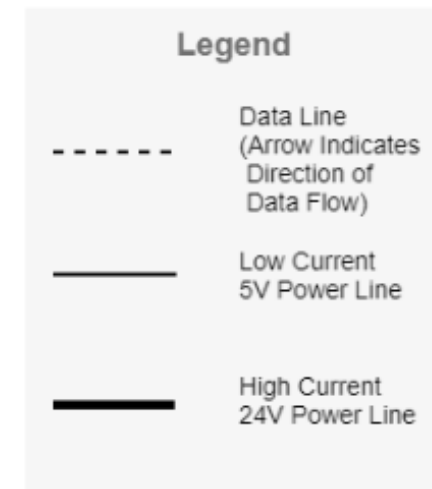
## ■ Subsystems

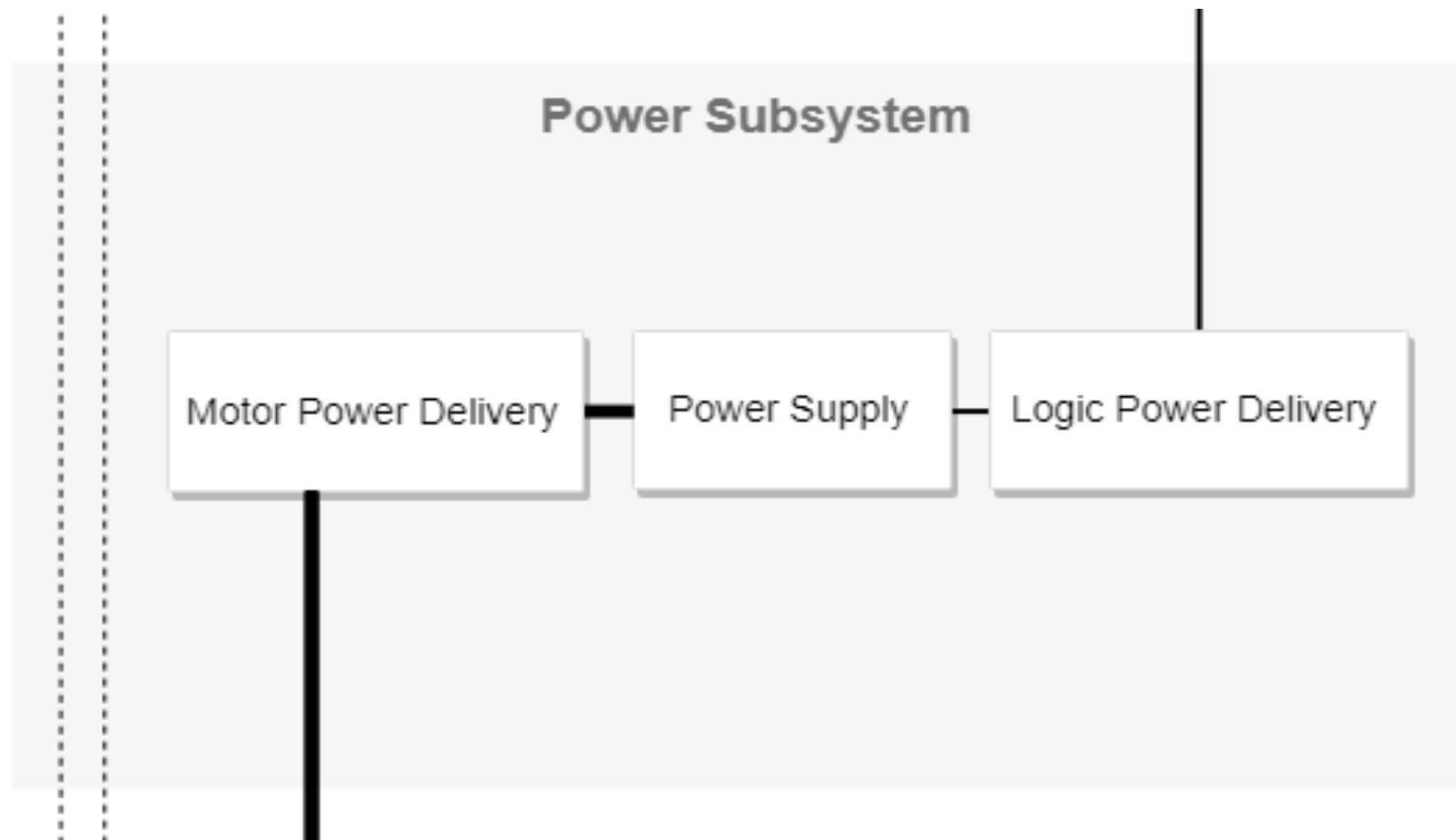
- Control Logic & Sensing
- Motor Control
- Power Delivery



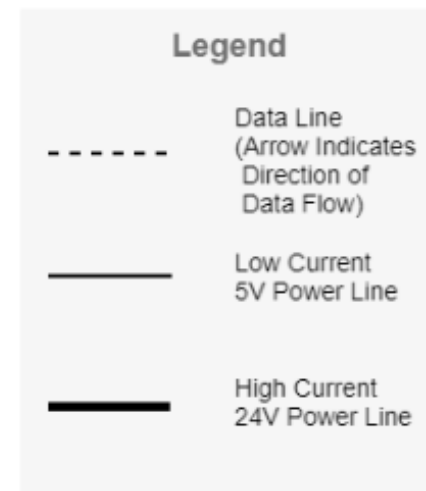


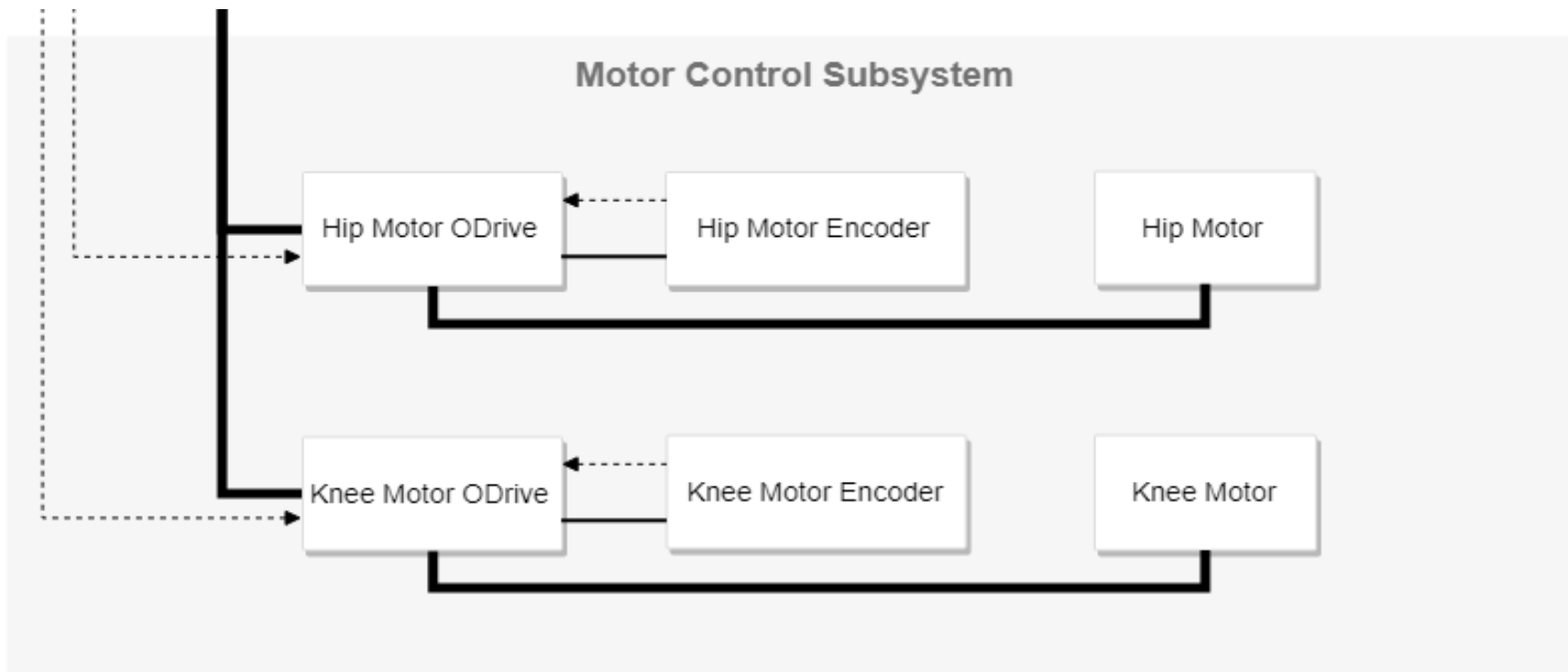
- Control Logic & Sensing
  - Texas Instruments F28335 DSP
  - Python scripts for control over USB
- Communication
  - Serial Interface
  - JTAG Debugging Port





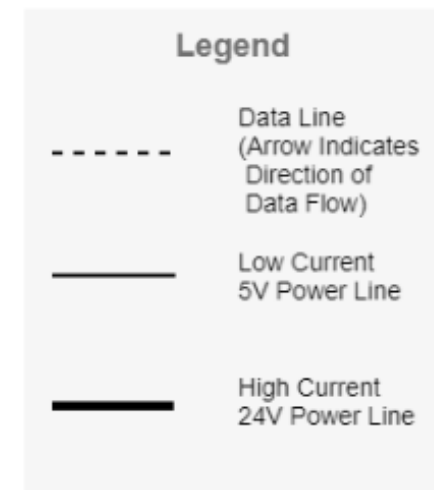
- Motor Power Delivery
  - Two 750w 12v Power Supplies
  - 60A Circuit Breaker
- Logic Power Delivery
  - 24v to 5v Switching Regulator





## - Motor Control

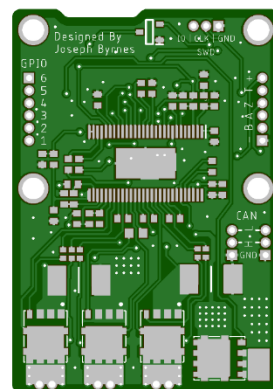
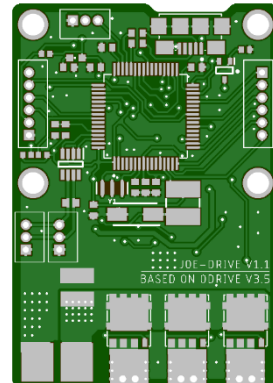
- 0.16 Nm/A BLDC Motors
- 2000 CPR Magnetic Encoders
- ODrive Motor Controller





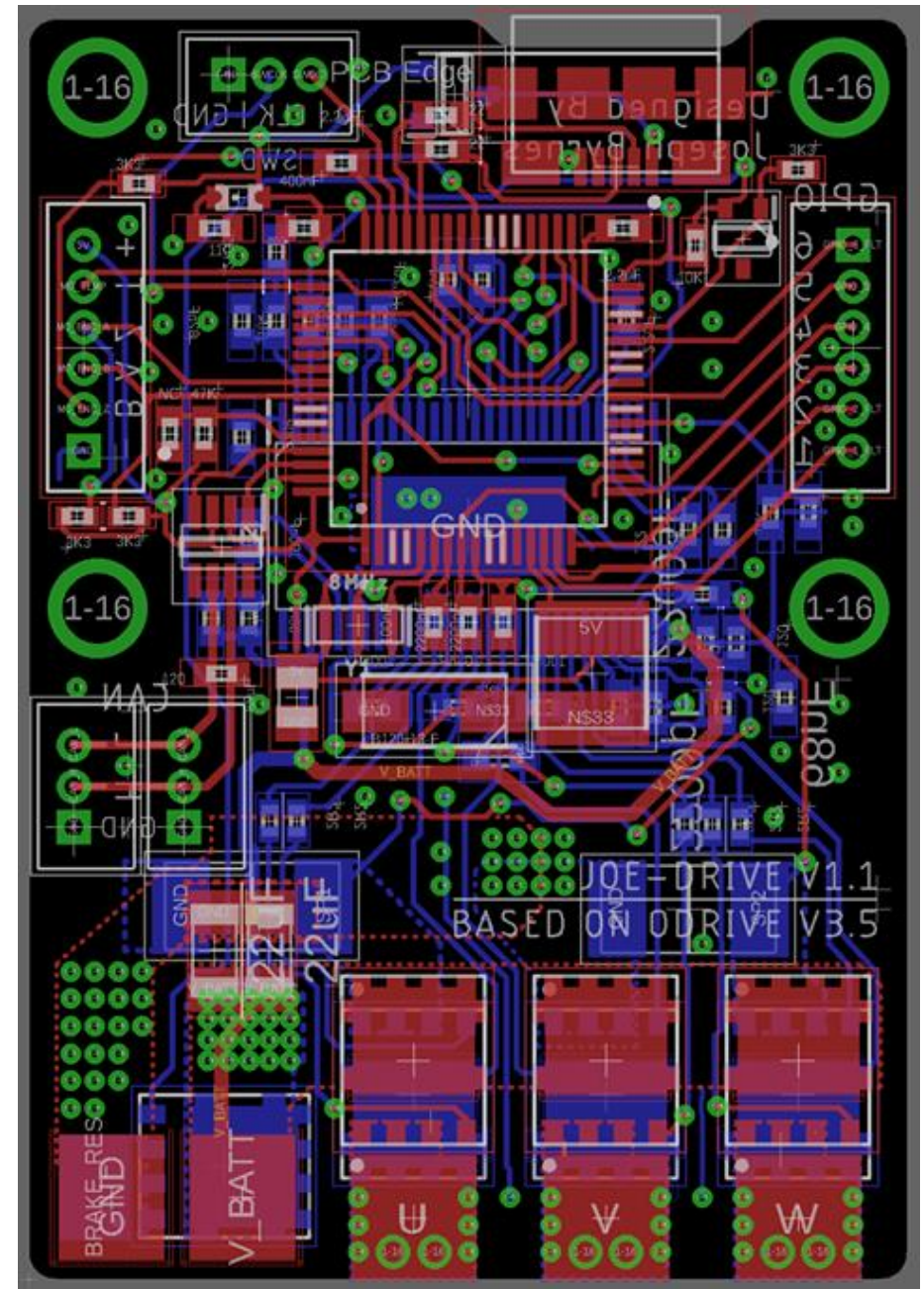
# JoeDrive - Overview

- Motor Controller Based on ODrive v3.5
- Controls Torque, position, and velocity of single BLDC Motor
- 2-layer PCB
- 46 mm tall, 32 mm wide
- Costs under \$30 to produce



# JoeDrive - Layout

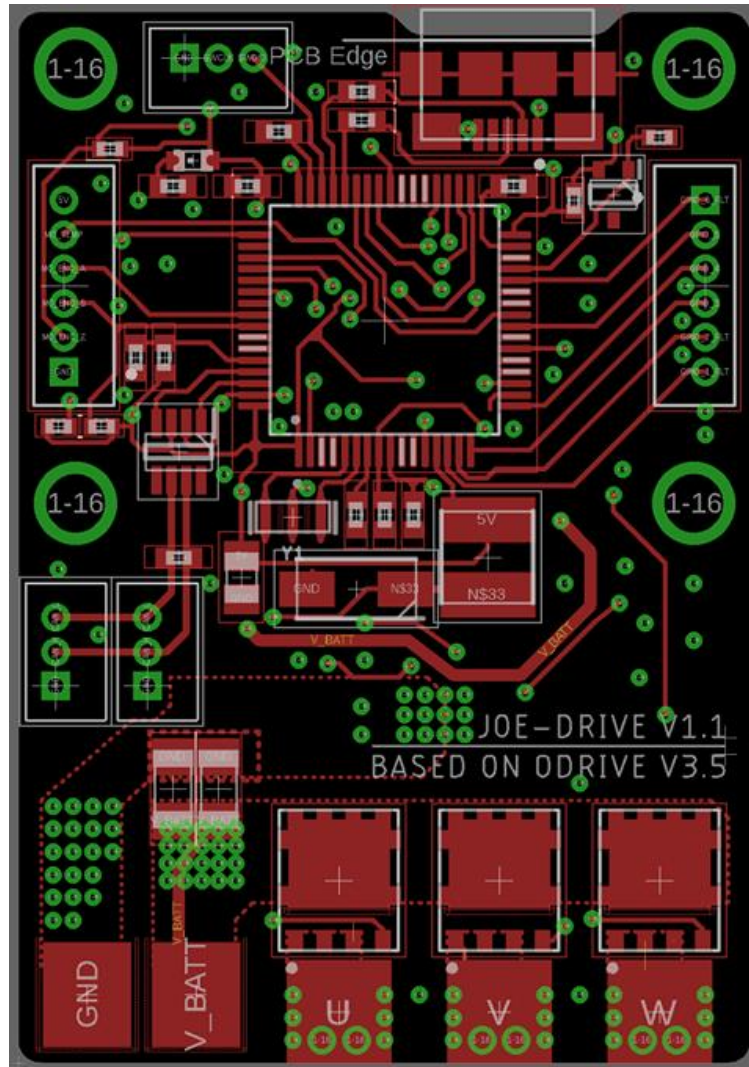
- Far more compact than the standard ODrive
- Connections:
  - Encoder/Hall Sensors
  - Two CAN Ports
  - Programming and GPIO
  - USB



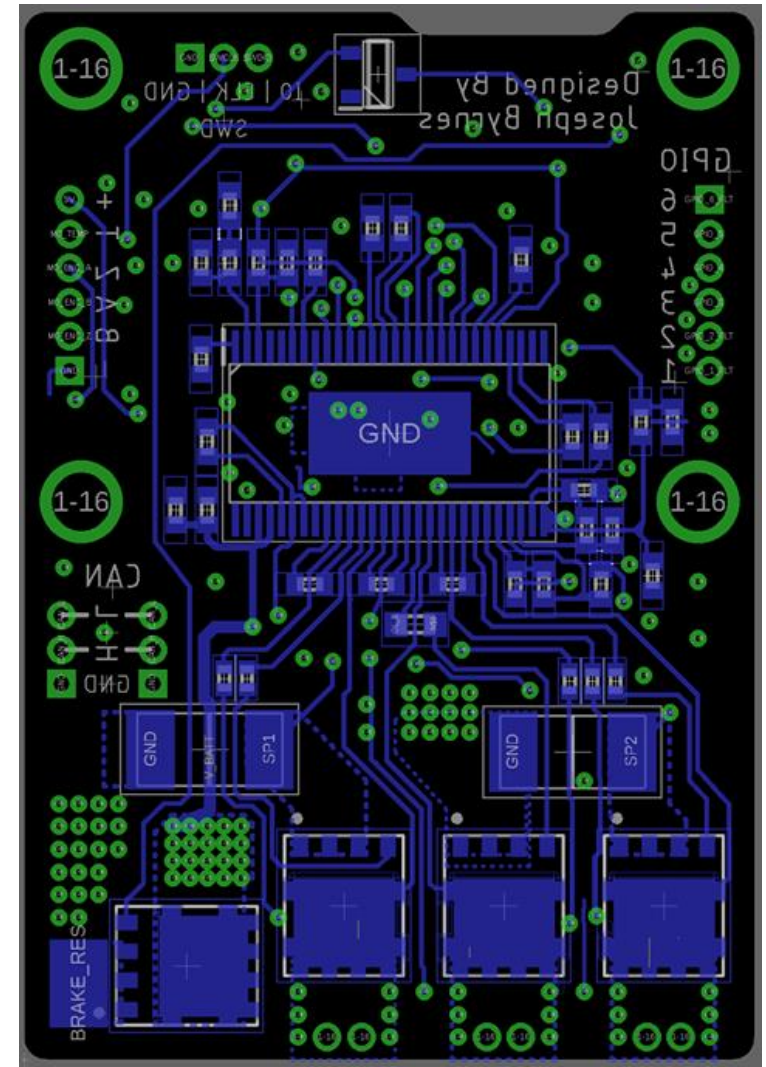


Logic  
Circuit

Power  
Circuit



Top



Bottom

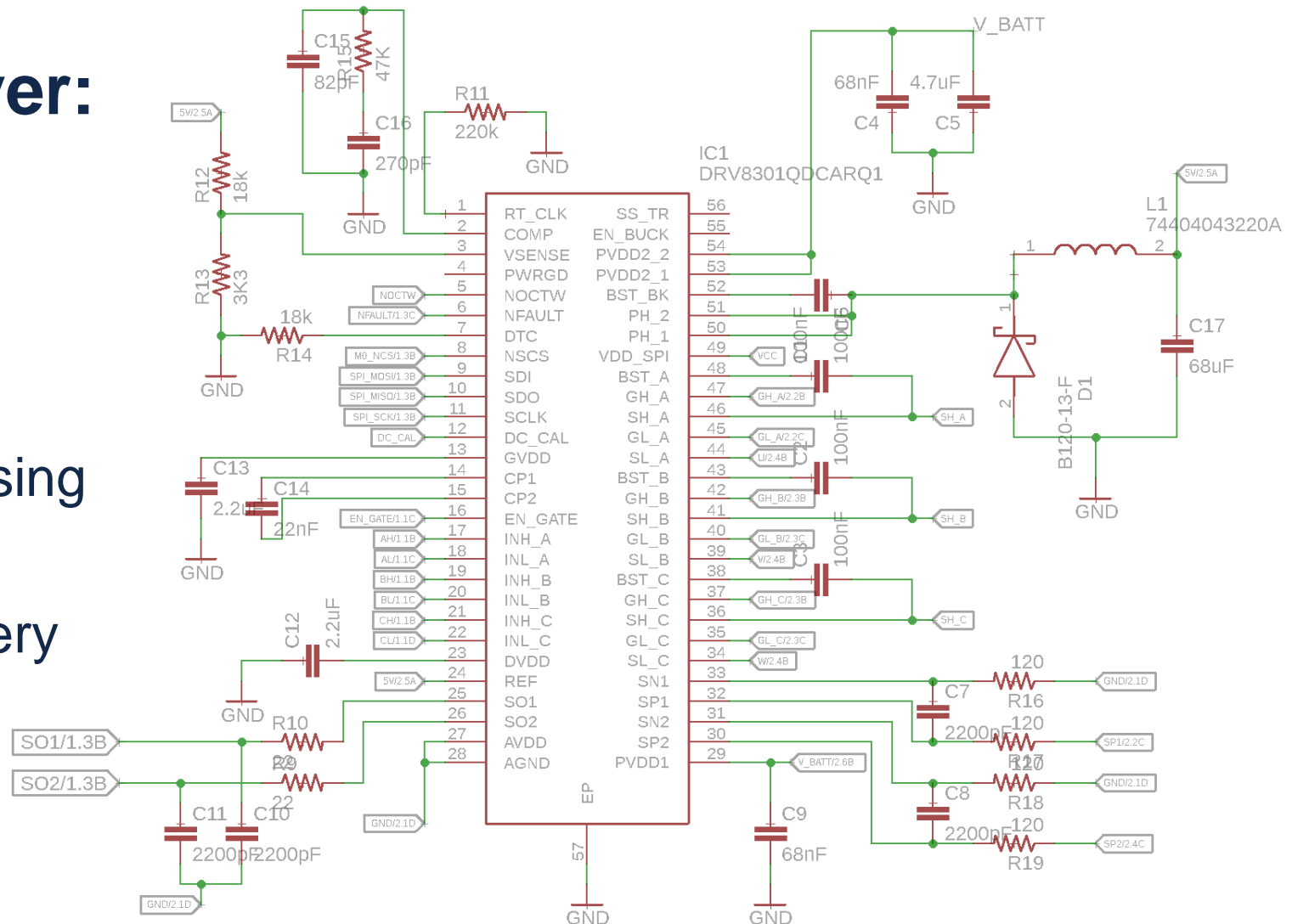
# JoeDrive - Schematic

## Gate Driver:

Based on  
ODrive v3.5

Current Sensing

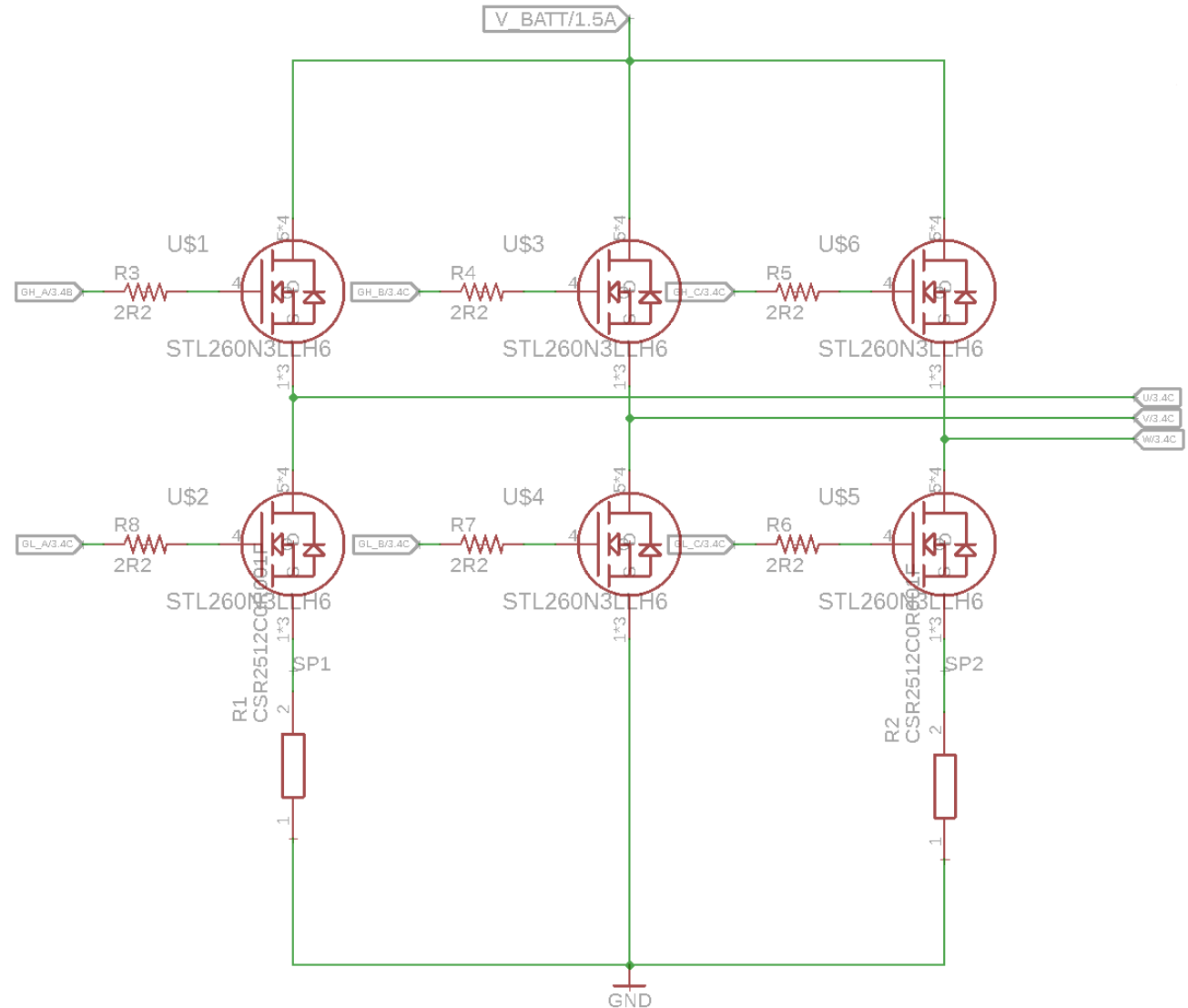
Power Delivery  
for STM32



# JoeDrive - Schematic

## Power Stage:

- 45 A continuous current MOSFETs
- Two Shunt resistors for FOC and Current Control



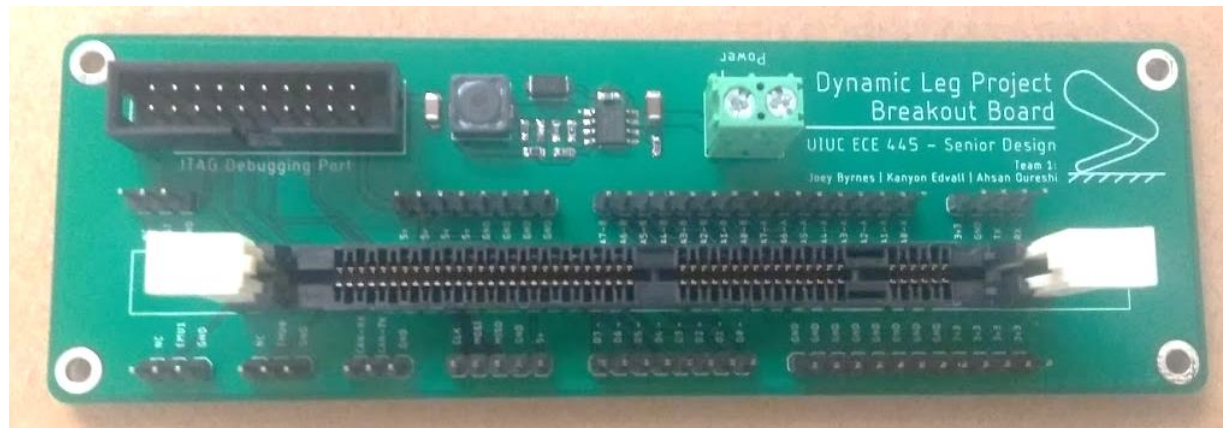
# JoeDrive - Hardware

- Hardware Issues
  - Brake resistor MOSFET
  - DRV 3.3V output
  - Current Sensing resistors
  - Analog VCC shorted to GND
- Hardware problems fixed in JoeDrive v1.1



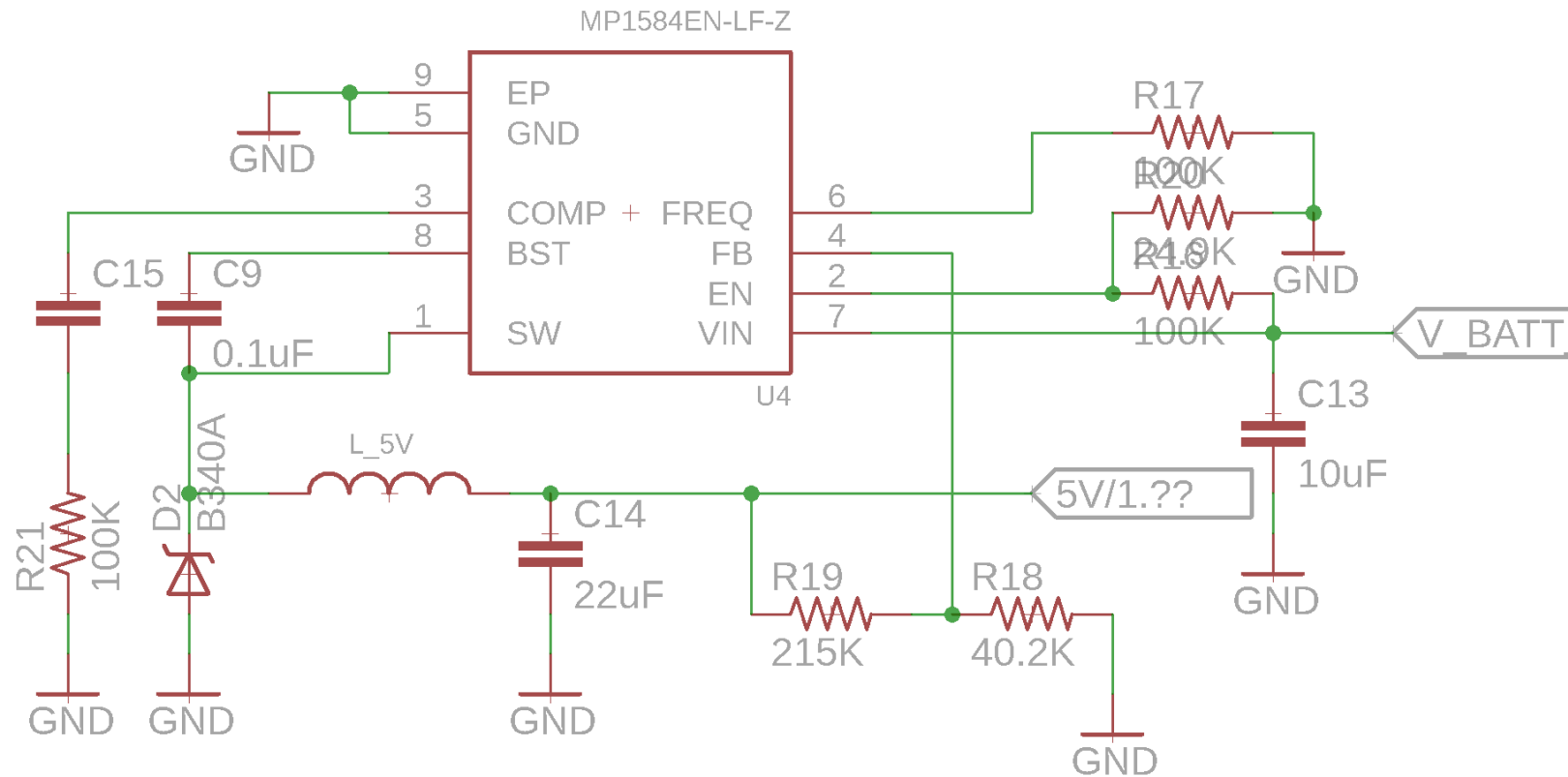
# F28335 DSP Breakout Board

- Provides conversion from TI 14 pin JTAG to SEGGER 20 pin JTAG debugger port
- Provides connections to necessary GPIO
- Regulates power supply voltage down to 4.9 V to 5.5 V using switching regulator





# F28335 DSP Breakout Board

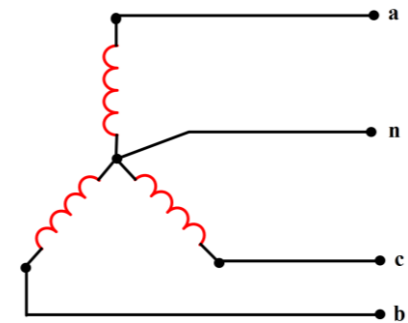


24 V to 5 V Switching Regulator



# BLDC Motors

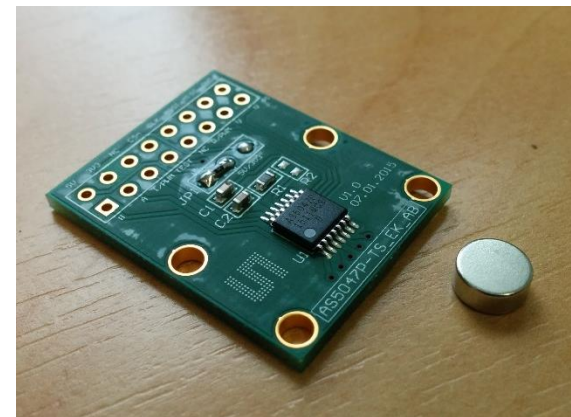
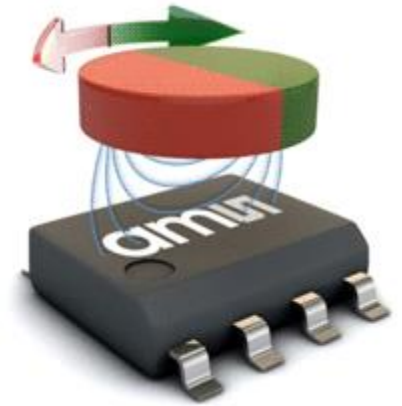
- Choosing motors with sufficient torque and power rating was vital to the success of our project
- Important Specifications
  - 0.16 Nm/A Torque constant
  - 2450 watt power rating
  - Diameter of 63 mm, Length of 55 mm
  - 3 mm Keyed output shaft
  - WYE coil termination
  - 558 grams



# Magnetic Encoders

## – AS5047D Magnetic encoders

- small form factor
- low price
- Allow for both quadrature and absolute outputs
- Simple installation
- 2000 counts per revolution



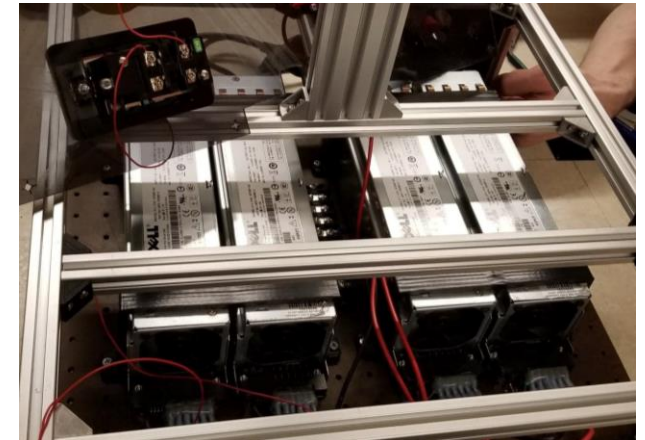
# Development Stand

- Compatible with multiple wall outlet types
- 5 types of safety features including multiple E-Stops, circuit breaker, and switches



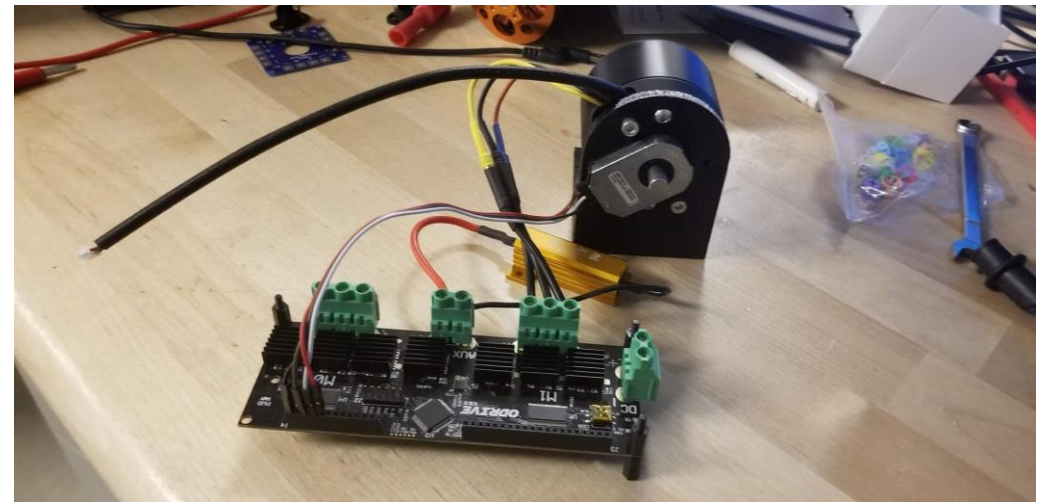
# Development Stand

- Power Supplies
  - Two 12V supplies in series. Produces 1500W at 24V.
  - Two PSUs modified for floating ground. Allows boosting to 24V
  - Relays control power supply output



# Motor Control

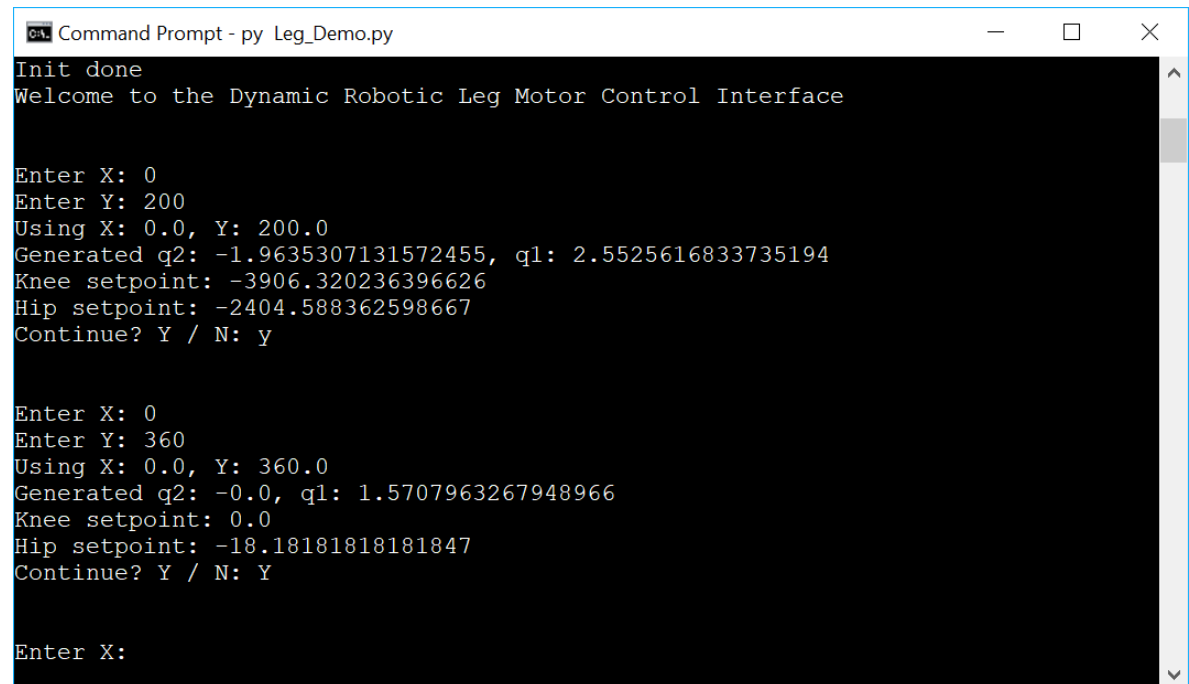
- PID Tuning
  - Position control tracks angle setpoint
  - PID tuned for strong disturbance rejection and minimal vibration
  - Allows for accurate position tracking





# ODrive Interface

- Python Interface for ODrive
  - Allows for trajectory tracking of predefined paths
  - Uses an inverse kinematics controller
  - Plots current / position of motors
  - Variety of control options



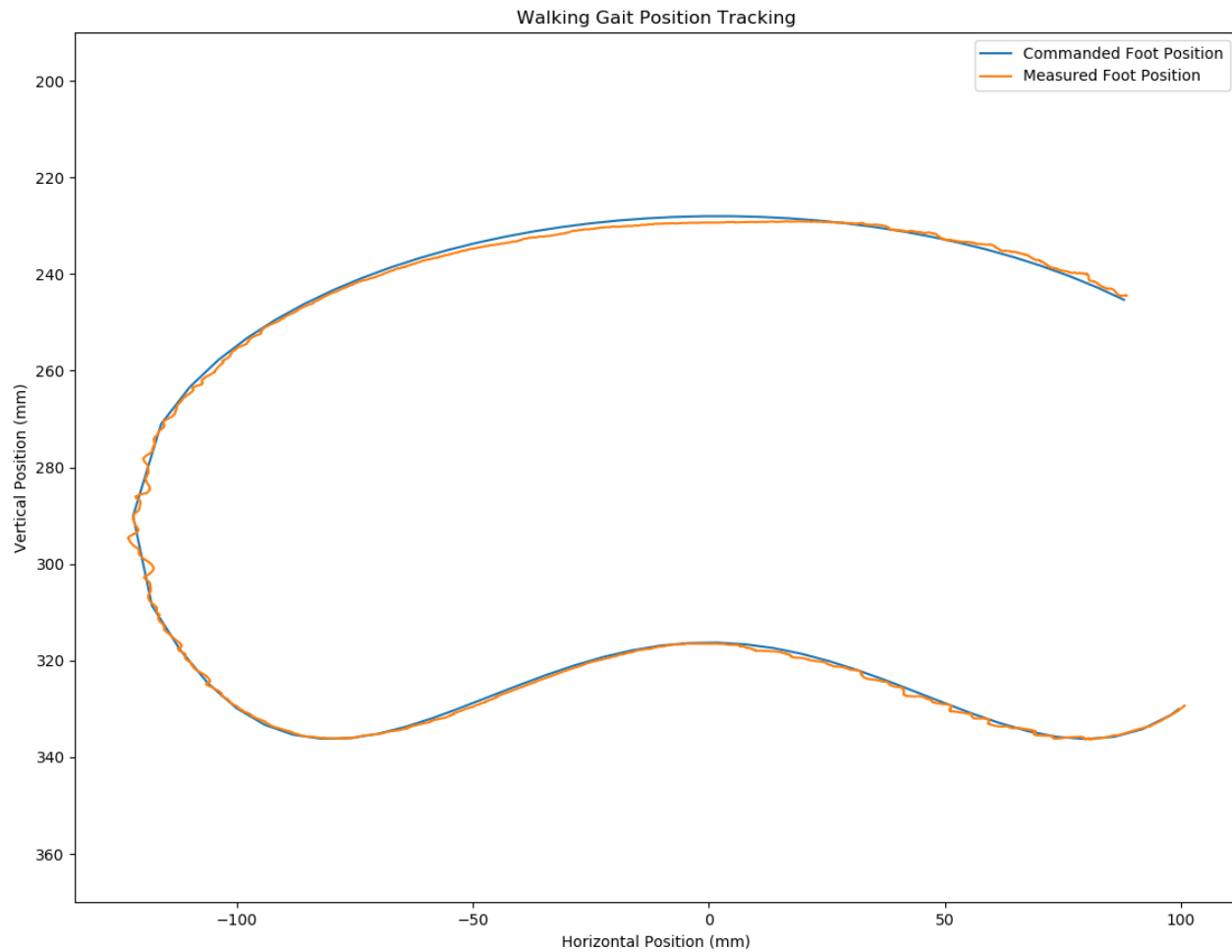
```
Command Prompt - py Leg_Demo.py
Init done
Welcome to the Dynamic Robotic Leg Motor Control Interface

Enter X: 0
Enter Y: 200
Using X: 0.0, Y: 200.0
Generated q2: -1.9635307131572455, q1: 2.5525616833735194
Knee setpoint: -3906.320236396626
Hip setpoint: -2404.588362598667
Continue? Y / N: y

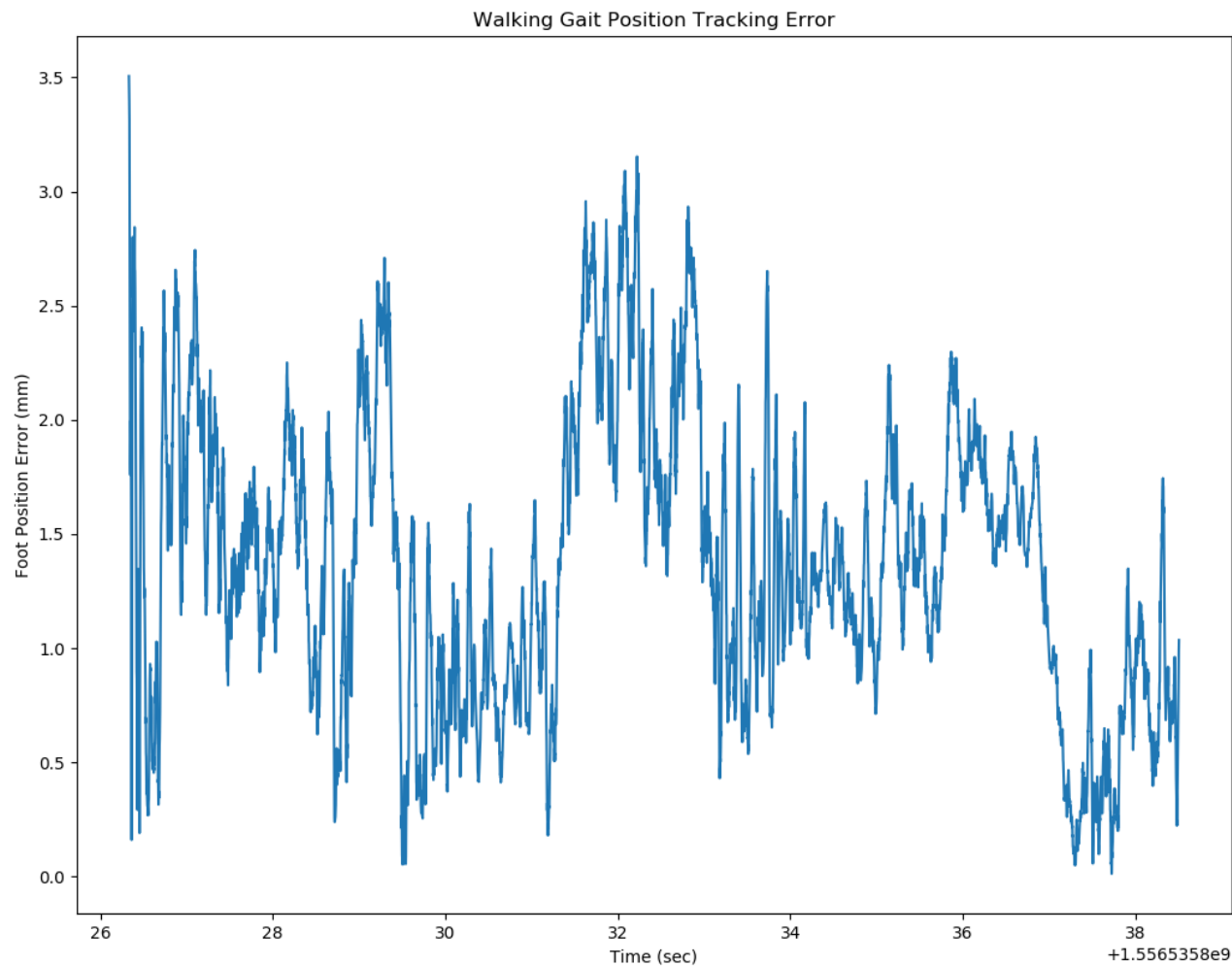
Enter X: 0
Enter Y: 360
Using X: 0.0, Y: 360.0
Generated q2: -0.0, q1: 1.5707963267948966
Knee setpoint: 0.0
Hip setpoint: -18.18181818181847
Continue? Y / N: Y

Enter X:
```

# Trajectory Tracking

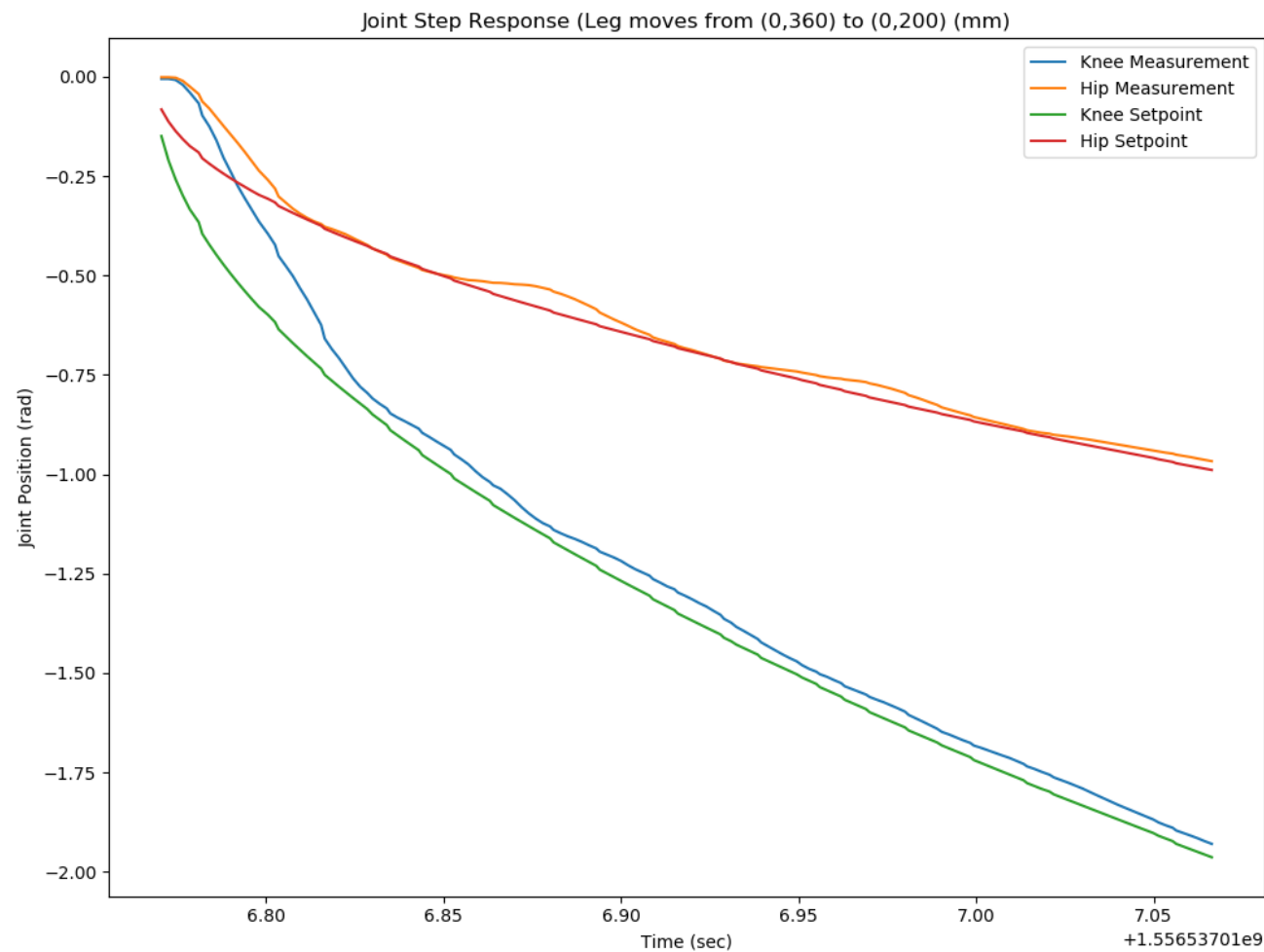


# Tracking Error During Walking Gait

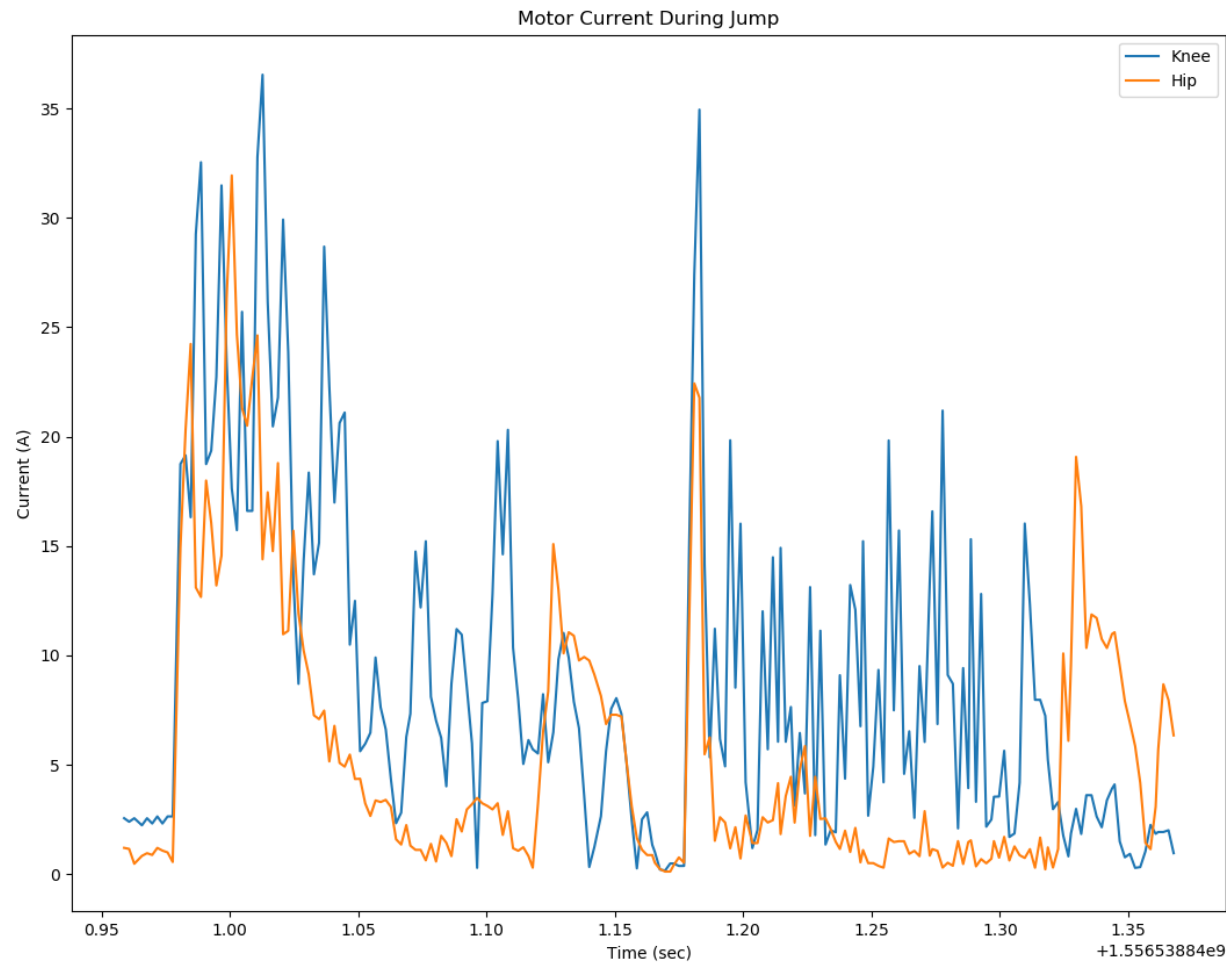


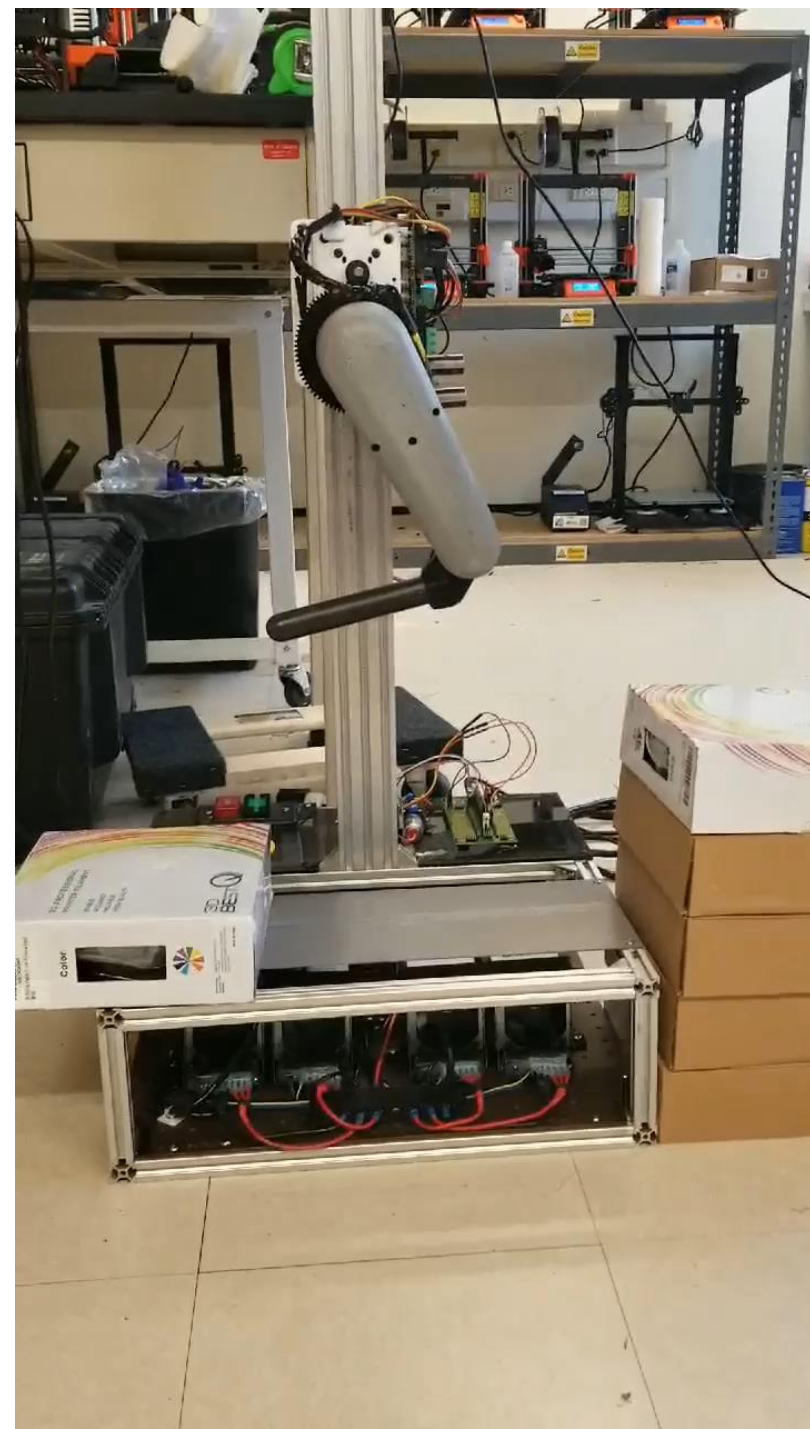
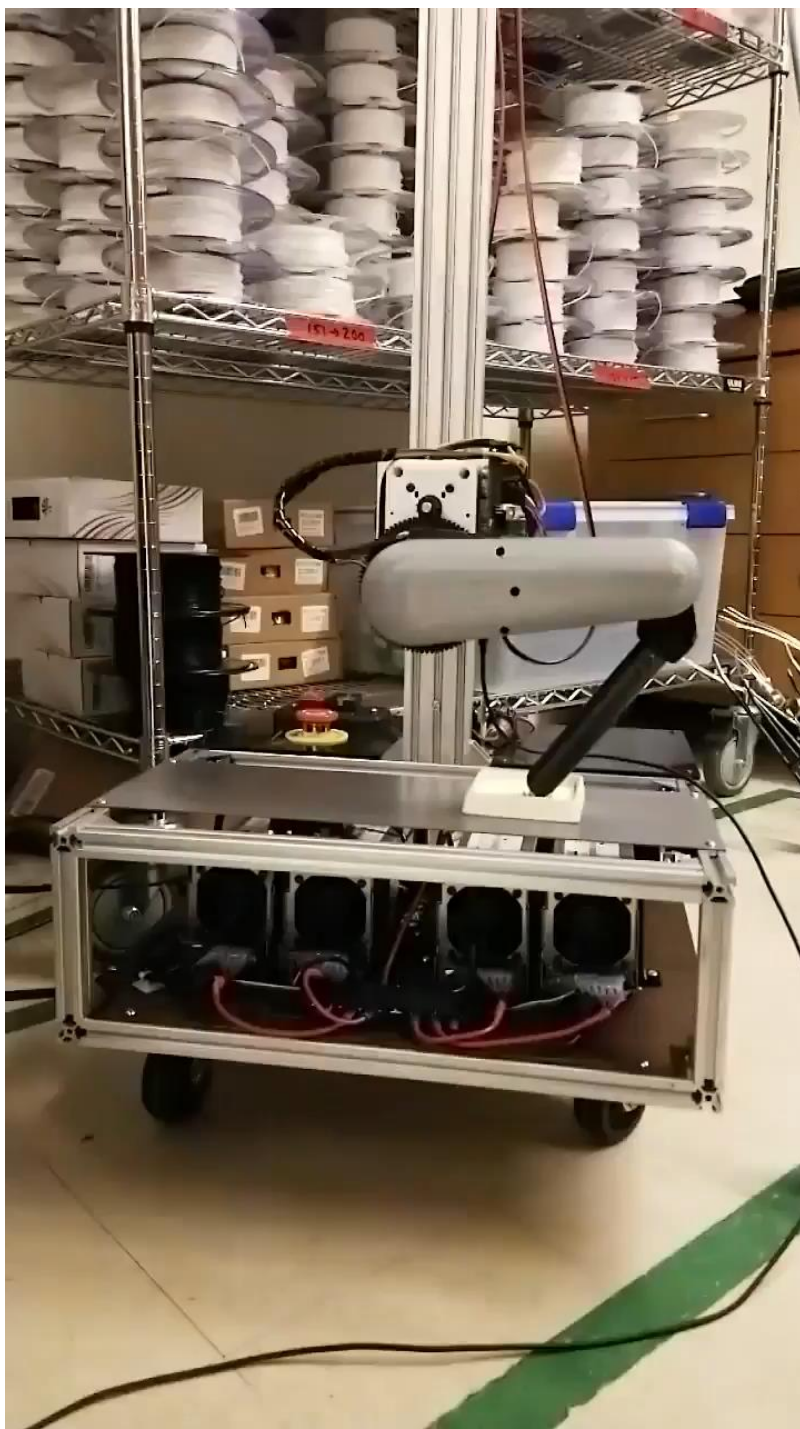


# Foot Position Step Response



# Motor Current Usage





# Conclusion

- Future work
  - Inverse dynamics task space controller
  - Open sourcing the project files and creating documentation/tutorials
  - Improving the JoeDrive
  - Extending development platform to multiple legs



# Acknowledgements

We would like to extend special thanks to:

- David Hanley
- Chuanzheng (Chad) Li