

# firmware\_v3 usage

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- Make sure you have an `arm-none-eabi-*` toolchain configured in your `PATH`. If you don't have it, download [GCC ARM Embedded](#).
- Make sure you have an `openocd` configured in your `PATH`.

## Select a target board to compile

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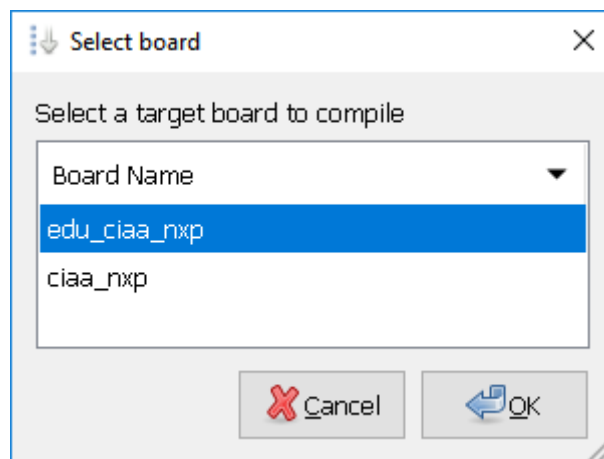
- Create a `board.mk` text file inside this folder.
- Define `BOARD` variable in `board.mk` according to the board you want to compile.

`board.mk` **example default values:**

```
BOARD = edu_ciaa_nxp
```

Note: If you have `zenity` installed (included in [CIAA Software](#)), you can use:

- `make select_board` to select graphically a target board.



This will create automatically a `board.mk` text file inside this folder with the selected board.

## Select a program to compile

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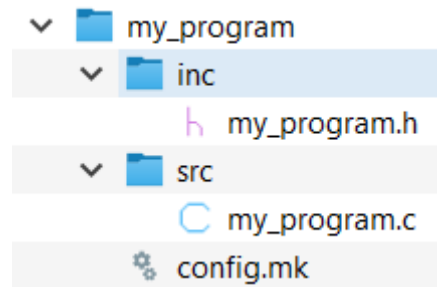
- Create a `program.mk` text file inside this folder.
- Define `PROGRAM_NAME` and `PROGRAM_PATH` variables in `program.mk` according to the program you want to compile (`PROGRAM_PATH` is relative to this folder, leave void if the program is inside this folder).

`program.mk` **example default values:**

```
PROGRAM_PATH = examples/c  
PROGRAM_NAME = app
```

Note: If you have `zenity` installed, you can use:

- `make select_program` to select graphically a program.



This will create automatically a `program.mk` text file inside this folder with the selected program.

## Compile and download

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- Compile with `make`.
- Download to target via OpenOCD with `make download`.
- Clean compilation with `make clean`.

## Create a new program

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Each program consist in a folder (with a non-spaces name) that includes inside 2 folders, one named `src` (here go, `.c`, `.cpp` or `.s` source code files), and another one named `inc` (here go, `.h` or `.hpp` source header files).

`program.c` example:

```
#include "sapi.h"
int main( void )
{
    boardInit();
    while(1){
        gpioToggle(LED);
        delay(200);
    }
}
```

`program.h` example:

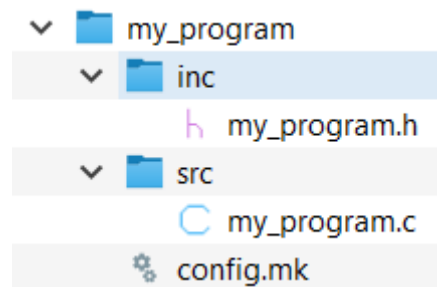
```
#ifndef __ARCHIVO_H_
#define __ARCHIVO_H_
    // Your public declarations...
#endif
```

Also you can use a file named `config.mk`, where you may configure which libraries you include and compiler options.

`config.mk` example and default values:

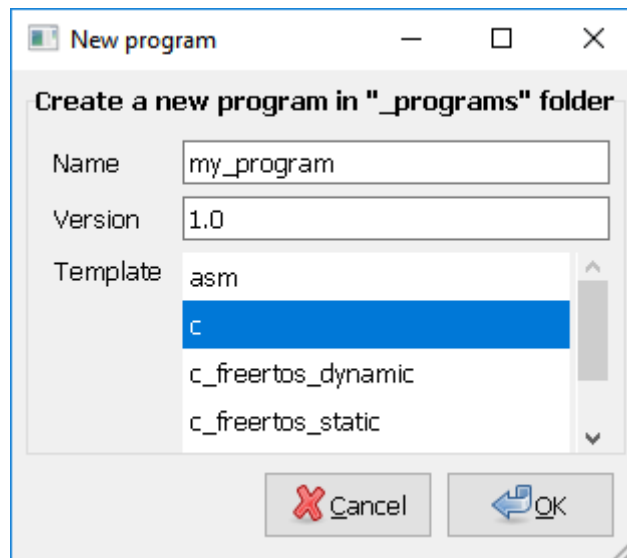
```
# Compile options
VERBOSE=n
OPT=g
USE_NANO=y
SEMIHOST=n
USE_FPU=y
# Libraries
USE_LPCOPEN=y
USE_SAPI=y
```

Program complete structure is:

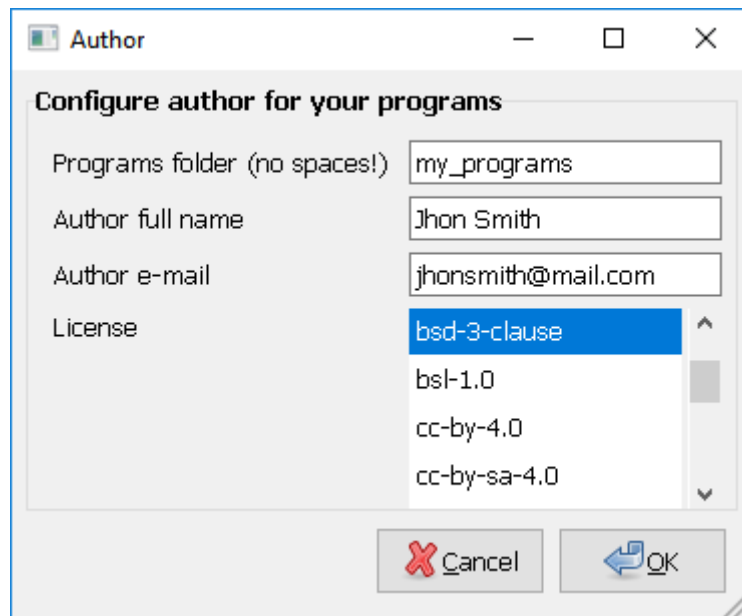


**Note:** If you have `zenity` installed, you can use:

- `make new_program` to create graphically a program using program templates.



**Note:** First time will ask you for your user preferences:



## Create a new global library

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The `libs` folder include libraries that can be used from any program (global libraries).

The `makefile` allow you to include 2 types of libraries:

- Simple library. Consist in a folder (with a non-spaces name) that includes inside 2 folders, one named `src` (here go `.c`, `.cpp` or `.s` source code files), and another one named `inc` (here go `.h` or `.hpp` header files). This kind of library compiles automatically by the Makefile.
- Advanced library. Consist in a library with a complex folder and files structure, i.e. LibUSB. This case require make your own makefile. You can inspire from SAPI makefile to do that.

## More information

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[Back to README.](#)