

Foundation stage 1:

1. Evaluate without using a calculator:

(a) 3^4

(b) $\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^3$

2. Evaluate without using a calculator:

(a) 1^0

(b) 0.9^1

3. Evaluate involving negative indices without using a calculator:

(a) 7^{-1}

(b) $\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^{-1}$

(c) 6^{-3}

(d) $\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{-3}$

4. Simplify the following involving multiplication in index form:

(a) $4^8 \times 4^4$

(b) $x^5 \times x^7$

(c) $9^3 \times 9^{-8}$

(d) $x^8 \times x^{-4} \times x^2$

5. Simplify the following involving division in index form:

(a) $4^8 \div 4^4$

(b) $x^5 \div x^7$

(c) $9^3 \div 9^{-8}$

(d) $x^8 \div x^{-4} \div x^2$

6. Expand the following involving power of power in index form:

(a) $x^2 \times x^2 \times x^2$

(b) $x^{-3} \times x^{-3} \times x^{-3}$

(c) $(x^3)^9$

(d) $(x^{-4})^3$

(e) $(x^{-5})^4$

(f) $(x^{-8})^{-3}$

7. Expand the following expressions in index form:

(a) $(4x)^3$

(b) $(3xy)^5$

(c) $\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^3$

(d) $\left(\frac{2y}{3x}\right)^4$

8. Solve the following index equations:

(a) $4^x = 64$

(b) $4^x = \frac{1}{64}$

(c) $16^x = 32$

(d) $16^x = \frac{1}{32}$

(e) $\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^x = 81$

(f) $\left(\frac{4}{9}\right)^x = \frac{27}{8}$

Foundation stage 2:

1. Simplify the following into a fraction, if necessary:

(a) $9^{\frac{1}{2}}$

(b) $\left(\frac{1}{25}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

(c) $1000000^{\frac{1}{3}}$

(d) $\left(\frac{16}{81}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}$

(e) $125^{\frac{2}{3}}$

(f) $\left(\frac{125}{8}\right)^{\frac{4}{3}}$

2. Evaluate the following by using the calculator, correct to 3 significant figures:

(a) $7^{\frac{1}{3}}$

(b) $\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}$

3. Simplify the following expressions by using index laws:

(a) $x^{\frac{1}{2}} \times x^{\frac{1}{2}}$

(b) $x^{\frac{1}{2}} \div x^{\frac{1}{2}}$

(c) $x^{\frac{1}{2}} \div x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

(d) $x^{\frac{3}{2}} \div x^{-\frac{1}{2}} \times x^{\frac{1}{2}}$

(e) $(x^{\frac{1}{2}})^{\frac{1}{2}}$

(f) $(x^{\frac{1}{2}})^{-\frac{6}{5}}$

(g) $(x^{-\frac{2}{3}})^6$

(h) $(x^{-\frac{1}{2}})^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

4. Change the following index numbers into surds:

(a) $x^{\frac{1}{2}}$

(b) $6x^{\frac{1}{3}}$

(c) $x^{\frac{5}{3}}$

(d) $6x^{\frac{2}{3}}$

5. Change the following surds into index numbers:

(a) \sqrt{x}

(b) $\sqrt[3]{x}$

(c) $3\sqrt{x}$

(d) $\sqrt{3x}$

(e) $\frac{3}{\sqrt{x}}$

(f) $\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{3x}}$

6. Solve the following index equations:

(a) $16^x = 2$

(b) $\left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^x = \frac{1}{243}$

(c) $25^x = \sqrt{5}$

(d) $\left(\frac{1}{36}\right)^x = \sqrt[3]{6}$

Foundation stage 3:

1. Change the following into index form and then find the value of x:

(a) $\log_2 8 = x$

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(b) $\log_{10} \frac{1}{10} = x$

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(c) $\log_3 1 = x$

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(d) $\log_8 32 = x$

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(e) $x = \log_9 9$

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(f) $x = \log_{32} \sqrt{64}$

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2. Change the following into index form and then find the value of x:

(a) $\log_8 x = 3$

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(b) $\log_x 8 = 3$

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(c) $\log_6 x = -2$

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(d) $\log_x \frac{1}{27} = 3$

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(e) $\log_4 x = -\frac{5}{2}$

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(f) $\log_x \frac{1}{64} = \frac{3}{2}$

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3. Use the log law $\log_a x + \log_a y = \log_a xy$, $\log_a x - \log_a y = \log_a \frac{x}{y}$ and $\log_a x^n = n \log_a x$

to simplify:

(a) $\log_6 54 + \log_6 4$

(b) $\log_8 128 - \log_8 2$

(c) $\log_4 \frac{1}{9} + \log_4 9$

(d) $\log_2 4 + \log_2 6 - \log_2 \frac{3}{4}$

4. Write the following in terms of $\log_a 2$:

(a) $\log_a 4$

(b) $\log_a \frac{1}{2}$

(c) $\log_a \frac{1}{64}$

(d) $\log_a \frac{1}{\sqrt{32}}$

5. Express the following in terms of $\log_2 3$ and $\log_2 5$: (hint: $\log_2 2 = 1$)

(a) $\log_2 15$

(b) $\log_2 6$

(c) $\log_2 30$

(d) $\log_2 7.5$

Foundation stage 1:

1. (a) 81 (b) $8/125$

2. (a) 1 (b) 0.9

3. (a) $1/7$ (b) $5/2$

(c) $1/216$ (d) $(4/3)^3$
 $= 64/27$

4. (a) 4^{12} (b) x^{12}

(c) 9^{-5} (d) x^6

5. (a) 4^{12} (b) x^{-2}

(c) $9^{3-(-8)}$ (d) $x^{8-(-4)-2}$
 $= 9^{11}$ $= x^{10}$

6. (a) x^6 (b) x^{-9}

(c) x^{27} (d) x^{-12}

(e) x^{-20} (f) x^{24}

7. (a) $64x^3$ (b) $243x^5y^5$

(c) $1/x^3$ (d) $16y^4/81x^4$

8. (a) $4^x = 4^3$ (b) $4^x = 4^{-3}$
 $x = 3$ $x = -3$

(c)

$$2^{4x} = 2^5$$

$$4x = 5$$

$$x = 5/4$$

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(e)

$$3^{-x} = 3^4$$

$$-x = 4$$

$$x = -4$$

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(d)

$$2^{4x} = 2^{-5}$$

$$4x = -5$$

$$x = -5/4$$

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(f)

$$(2/3)^{2x} = (2/3)^{-3}$$

$$2x = -3$$

$$x = -3/2$$

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Foundation stage 2:

1. (a) $\frac{1}{3}$ (b) $\frac{1}{5}$
- (c) 100 (d) $\frac{4}{3}$
- (e) $5^2 = 25$ (f) $(\frac{5}{2})^4 = \frac{625}{16}$

2. (a) $7^{\frac{1}{3}}$ (b) 9.88
- 1.91

3. (a) x (b) x
- (c) x^2 (d) $x^{3/2+1/2+1/2}$
 $= x^{5/2}$
- (e) $x^{1/4}$ (f) $x^{-3/5}$
- (g) x^{-4} (h) $x^{3/4}$

4. (a) \sqrt{x} (b) $6\sqrt[3]{x}$
- (c) $3\sqrt{x^5}$ (d) $6\sqrt[3]{x^2}$

5. (a) $x^{1/2}$ (b) $x^{1/3}$
- (c) $3x^{1/2}$ (d) $3^{1/2}x^{1/2}$
- (e) $3x^{-1/2}$ (f) $3^{-1/3}x^{-1/3}$

6. (a) $2^{4x} = 2^1$ (b) $3^{-2x} = 3^{-5}$

$$4x = 1$$

$$x = 1/4$$

(c)

$$5^{2x} = 5^{1/2}$$

$$2x = 1/2$$

$$x = 1/4$$

$$-2x = -5$$

$$x = 5/2$$

(d)

$$6^{-2x} = 6^{1/3}$$

$$-2x = 1/3$$

$$x = -1/6$$

Foundation stage 3:

1. (a)
 $2^x=8$
 $x=3$

(c)
 $3^x=1$
 $x=0$

(e)
 $9^x=9$
 $x=1$

2. (a)
 $x=8^3=512$

(c)
 $x=6^{-2}$
 $x=1/36$

(e)
 $x=4^{-5/2}$
 $x=1/32$

3. (a)
 $\log_6 216$
 $= \log_6 6^3$
 $= 3$

(c)
 $\log_4 1$
 $= 0$

4. (a)
 $2\log_a 2$

(c)

(b)
 $10^x=10^{-1}$
 $x=-1$

(d)
 $8^x=32$
 $2^{3x}=2^5$
 $3x=5$
 $x=5/3$

(f)
 $32^x=64^{1/2}$
 $2^{5x}=2^{6/2}$
 $5x=3$
 $x=3/5$

(b)
 $x^3=8$
 $x=2$

(d)
 $x^3=1/27$
 $x=1/3$

(f)
 $x^{3/2}=1/64$
 $x=(1/64)^{2/3}$
 $x=(1/4)^2$
 $x=1/16$

(b)
 $\log_8 64$
 $= \log_8 8^2$
 $= 2$

(d)
 $\log_2(4 \times 6 \div 3/4)$
 $= \log_2 32$
 $= \log_2 2^{25}$
 $= 5$

(b)
 $-\log_a 2$

(d)

$$-6\log_a 2$$

$$-5/2 \times \log_a 2$$

5. (a)
 $\log_2 3 + \log_2 5$

(b)
 $\log_2 3 + \log_2 2$
 $= \log_2 3 + 1$

(c)
 $\log_2 3 + \log_2 5 + \log_2 2$
 $= \log_2 3 + \log_2 5 + 1$

(d)
 $\log_2 3 + \log_2 5 - \log_2 2$
 $= \log_2 3 + \log_2 5 - 1$