Subject Name: Source Code Management

Subject Code: CS181

Cluster: Beta

Department: CSE



Submitted By:

<u>Aarushi</u> 2110990015 G01 Submitted To:

Mr. Monit Kapoor



Aim: Setting up of Git Client

Theory:

<u>GIT</u> -> It is basically used for pushing and pulling of code. We can use git and git-hub parallelly to work with multiple members or individually. We can make , edit , recreate ,copy or download any code on git hub using git.

<u>What is GIT?</u> -> It's a Version Control System(VCS) -> It is a software or we can say a server by which we are able to track all the previous changes in the code.

Advantages of GIT ->

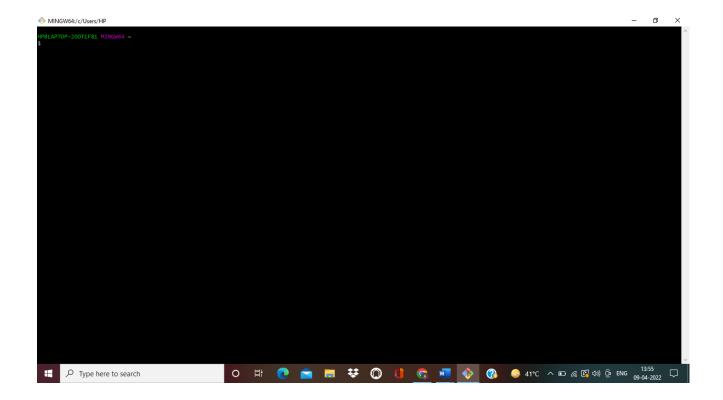
Procedure:

We can install Git on Windows, using the most official build which is available for download on the GIT's official website or by just typing (s c m git) on any search engine. We can go on https://gitscm.com/download/win and can select the platform and bit-version to download. And after clicking on your desired bit-version or ios it will start downloading automatically.

snapshot



Name	Date modified	Туре	Size
🎊 Git Bash	16-03-2022 08:51	Shortcut	2 KB
	16-03-2022 08:51	Shortcut	2 KB
於 Git FAQs (Frequently Asked Questions)	16-03-2022 08:51	Internet Shortcut	1 KB
	16-03-2022 08:51	Shortcut	2 KB
🎊 Git Release Notes	16-03-2022 08:51	Shortcut	2 KB



Aim: Setting up GitHub Account

Theory:

<u>What is GitHub</u> -> GitHub is a website and cloud-based service (client) that helps an individual or a developers to store and manage their code. We can also track as well as control changes to our or public code.

<u>Advantages of GitHub</u> -> GitHub's has a user-friendly interface and is easy to use .We can connect the git-hub and git but using some commands shown below in figure 001. Without GitHub we cannot use Git because it generally requires a host and if we are working for a project we need to share it will our team members, which can only be done by making a repository . Additionally , anyone can sign up and host a public code repository for free, which makes GitHub especially popular with open-source projects.

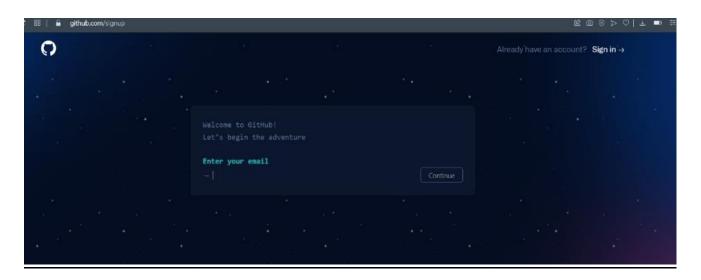
Procedure:-

Step1:-

Google (any search engine)
Search for git-hub or (https://github.com/signup).

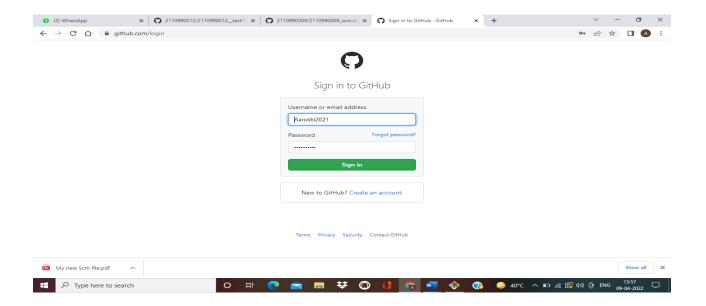
Step2:-

Snapshots –

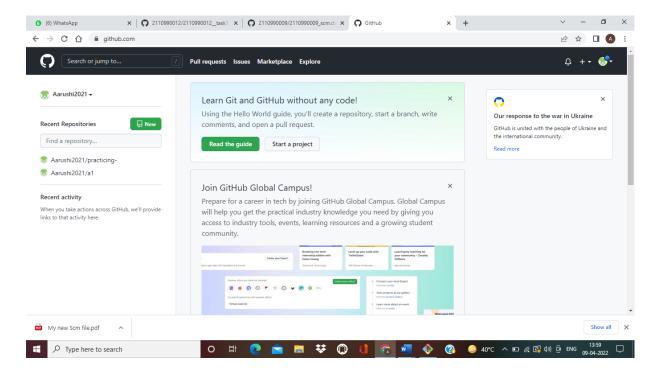


After visiting the link this type of interface will appear, if you already have account you can sign in and if not you can create.

Sign in into GIT-HUB:-



Interface of GitHub:-



Page 5

To link GitHub account with Git bash –

For username:-

git config --global user.name "username in git-hub"

For user email:-

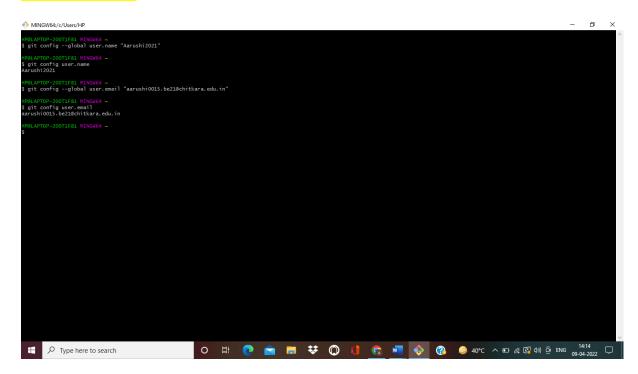
git config --global user.email "your email in git-hub"

To verify:-

git config user.name

git config user.email

Snapshot:-



Aim: Program to Generate log

Theory:-

<u>Logs -></u> Logs are nothing but the history which we can see in git by using the code git log.

It contains all the past commits, insertions and deletions in it which we can see any time.

<u>Why logs -></u> Logs helps to check that what were the changes in the code or any other file and by whom. It also contains the number of insertions and deletions including at which time it was changed.

Snapshots -



Experiment No. 04

Aim: Create and visualize branches

Create branches:-

The main branch in git is called as master branch. But we can make branches out of this main master branch. All the files present in master can be shown in branch but the file which are created in branch are not shown in master branch. We can also merge both the parent (master) and child (other branches).

Syntax:-

1. For creating a new branch git branch name of branch , by default it is master branch

Snapshots –

```
MINGW64:/d/awd

HP@DESKTOP-I9TBD20 MINGW64 ~
$ cd D:

HP@DESKTOP-I9TBD20 MINGW64 /d
$ mkdir awd
mkdir: cannot create directory 'awd': File exists

HP@DESKTOP-I9TBD20 MINGW64 /d
$ cd awd

HP@DESKTOP-I9TBD20 MINGW64 /d/awd (master)
$ git branch
* master
```

2. To change the present working branch. git checkout name of branch.

```
HP@DESKTOP-I9TBD20 MINGW64 /d/awd (master)

$ git branch feature

HP@DESKTOP-I9TBD20 MINGW64 /d/awd (master)

$ git branch feature

* master

HP@DESKTOP-I9TBD20 MINGW64 /d/awd (master)

$ git checkout feature

Switched to branch 'feature'

HP@DESKTOP-I9TBD20 MINGW64 /d/awd (feature)

$ git branch

* feature

master
```

Visualizing branches :-

```
HPMDESKTOP-19TBD20 MINGW64 /d/awd (feature)

$ git log --oneline

50baca7 (HEAD -> feature, origin/master, master) object

6f58a90 static dec

6937fc7 constructors

d564cf4 class

7351c2a code

8c47134 use of strict

2d943bf code added

b5c488a func

5a9963 to display prop of obj

fb9cd4b functions

c79caf9 alert

2daof98 sum n avg of given series of nos.

02df71f comment

53c387f code added

031cc4f sum of odd nos.

75c172 code added

5d341 display the sum of series

bcob07c code added

8a3cbf9 code

279f41e print odd nos. from 1 to 20

c938e1d code added

21ae6e8 print nos. from 1 to 20

c938e1d code added

21ae6e8 print nos. from 1 to 20

bcb4cfe total bill

6ec9c64 code added

82c1faa let var

7be5958 index of array

5ee9e36 code added

82c68c3 swaping of two nos.

1d222915 swaping of two nos.

1d222915 swaping two nos.

1d222915 swaping two nos.

1d222915 swaping two nos.

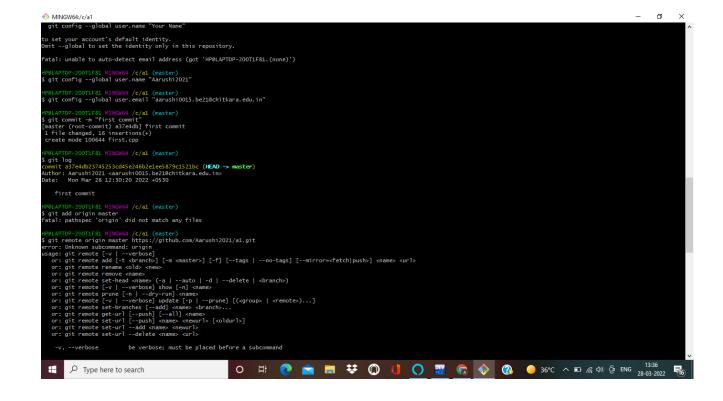
1d22915 swaping two nos.

1d2293b swaping two nos.

3da5be to display grades

f95025d reverse a number

HPMDESKTOP-19TBD20 MINGW64 /d/awd (feature)
```



```
HP@DESKTOP-I9TBD20 MINGW64 /d/awd (feature)
$ git checkout master
Switched to branch 'master'
Your branch is up to date with 'origin/master'.
 HP@DESKTOP-I9TBD20 MINGW64 /d/awd (master)
$ git log --oneline
50baca7 (HEAD -> master, origin/master) object
6f58a90 static dec
6937fc7 constructors
d564cf4 class
 7351c2a code
 8c47134 use of strict
2d943bf code added
b5c488a func
b5c488a func
5a49d63 to display prop of obj
fb9cd4b functions
c79caf9 alert
2da0f98 sum n avg of given series of nos.
02df71f comment
53c387f code added
031cc4f sum of odd nos.
715c172 code added
f5dd341 display the sum of cories
 5dd341 display the sum of series
 bc0b07c code added
8a3cbf9 code
 279f41e print odd nos. from 1 to 20
c938e1d code added
 21ae6e8 print nos. from 1 to 20
bcb4cfe total bill
6ec9c64 code added
22e1faa let var
  be5958 index of array
 ee9e36 code added
 Be26823 swaping of two nos.
Ld2293b swaping two nos.
 a5da5be to display grades
  95025d reverse a number
HP@DESKTOP-I9TBD20 MINGW64 /d/awd (master)
$ vi day3.html
HP@DESKTOP-I9TBD20 MINGW64 /d/awd (master)
$ git commit -m "console.log"
On branch master
Your branch is up to date with 'origin/master'.
Changes not staged for commit:
```

Aim: Git lifecycle description

Theory:

Stages in GIT Life Cycle -> Files in a Git project have various stages like Creation, Modification, Refactoring, and Deletion and so on. Irrespective of whether this project is tracked by Git or not, these phases are still prevalent. However, when a project is under Git version control system, they are present in three major Git states in addition to these basic ones. Here are the three Git states:

- Working directory
- Staging area
- Git directory

Working Directory ->

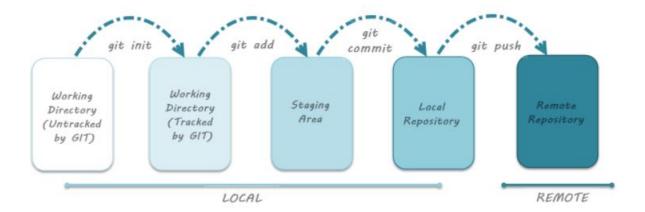
Consider a project residing in your local system. This project may or may not be tracked by Git. In either case, this project directory is called your Working directory.

Staging Area->Staging area is the playground where you group, add and organize the files to be committed to Git for tracking their versions.

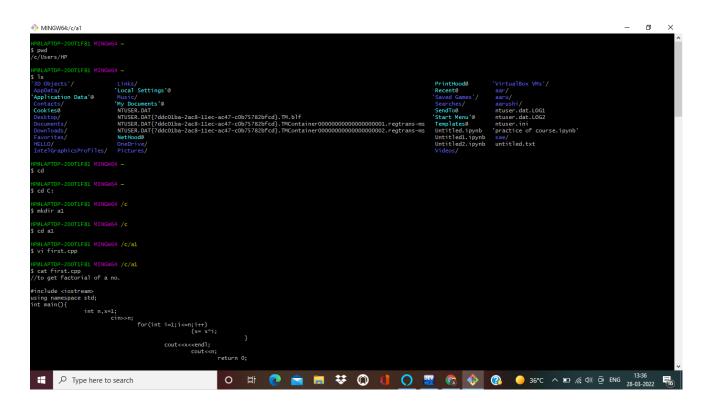
Git Directory ->

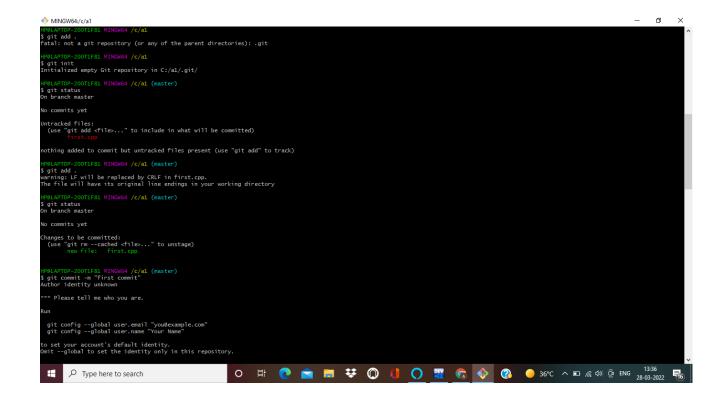
Now that the files to be committed are grouped and ready in the staging area, we can commit these files. So, we commit this group of files along with a commit message explaining what is the commit about. Apart from commit message, this step also records the author and time of the commit. Now, a snapshot of the files in the commit is recorded by Git. The information related to this commit is stored in the Git directory.

Remote Repository-> means mirror or clone of the local Git repository in GitHub. And pushing means uploading the commits from local Git repository to remote repository hosted in GitHub.

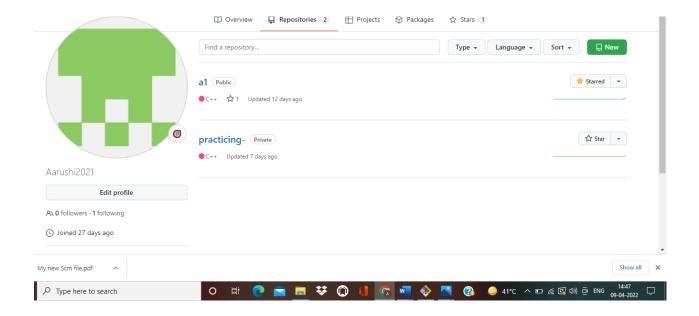


Snapshots -





Snapshots of some of the repositories



Snapshot of the forked repo

