Методы сбора, хранения, обработки и анализа данных

Лекция 7

Объектные типы данных

Объектные типы данных

- Встроенные типы данных
 - Простые и привычные
- Объектные типы данных
 - Расширяют реляционную модель
 - Могут объединять данные и операции над ними
 - Могут эффективно использоваться
 - Могут показывать взаимосвязь и наследование данных

Объекты Oracle

- Объектные типы данных
- Экземпляры объектов
- Методы объектных типов
- Хранение объектов в таблицах
- Идентификация объектов
- Ссылки на объект
- Наследование типов
- Объектные представления
- Коллекции объектов

Разрешения

- Привилегии на создание объектов:
 - Таблиц
 - Типов
 - Представлений
 - Синонимов
 - Программного кода

```
-- grant from system
grant create type to test_user;
grant create public synonym to test_user;
```

Объектные типы данных

```
-- create or replace type
□ CREATE TYPE address typ AS OBJECT (
 street VARCHAR2 (15),
 city VARCHAR2 (15),
 state CHAR(2),
 zip VARCHAR2(5));
 -- complex type
CREATE TYPE person typ AS OBJECT (
 id NUMBER,
 first name VARCHAR2(10),
 last name VARCHAR2(10),
 dob DATE,
 phone VARCHAR2 (12),
 address address typ);
```

- Тип может быть создан на основе стандартных типов
- Или на основе созданного типа

Name	Null?	Type	
			ID
STREET		VARCHAR2 (15)	FIRST_NAM
CITY		VARCHAR2 (15)	LAST_NAME
STATE		CHAR(2)	DOB
ZIP		VARCHAR2 (5)	PHONE
			ADDRESS

Name	Null?	Туре
ID		NUMBER
FIRST_NAME		VARCHAR2 (10)
LAST_NAME		VARCHAR2 (10)
DOB		DATE
PHONE		VARCHAR2 (12)
ADDRESS		TEST USER.ADDRESS TYP()

Объектные типы данных

```
CREATE TYPE product typ AS OBJECT (
 id NUMBER,
                                                              методы:
 name VARCHAR2 (15),
 description VARCHAR2 (22),
 price NUMBER(5, 2),
 days valid NUMBER,
 MEMBER FUNCTION get sell by date RETURN DATE);
 -- body of member function
 -- separate compile
CREATE TYPE BODY product typ AS
     MEMBER FUNCTION get sell by date RETURN DATE IS
                                                        Name
                                                                  Null? Type
     v sell by date DATE;
         BEGIN
                                                         ID
                                                         NAME
              SELECT days valid + SYSDATE
                                                         DESCRIPTION
              INTO v sell by date
                                                         PRICE
             FROM dual;
                                                        DAYS VALID
         RETURN v sell by date;
                                                        METHOD
         END;
 END;
```

```
Тип может содержать
```

- Методы member
- Методы конструкторы
- Статические методы
- Методы сравнения
- Заголовок и тело метода компилируются отдельно

```
NUMBER
                 VARCHAR2 (15)
                 VARCHAR2 (22)
                  NUMBER (5,2)
                  NUMBER
MEMBER FUNCTION GET SELL BY DATE RETURNS DATE
```

```
-- public synonim for type -- grant
CREATE PUBLIC SYNONYM pub product typ FOR product typ;
```

Хранение объектов в таблицах

- Объектные таблицы таблица состоит из строк объектного типа
- Таблицы, содержащие объекты есть и другие столбцы

```
-- objects in table - have other columns

CREATE TABLE products (
product product_typ,
quantity_in_stock NUMBER);

--INSERT in tables with objects -- > constructor product_typ()
INSERT INTO products (product, quantity_in_stock)

VALUES (product_typ(1, 'Pasta', '20 oz bag of pasta', 3.95, 10),50);

INSERT INTO products (product, quantity_in_stock)

VALUES (product_typ(2, 'Sardines', '12 oz box of sardines', 2.99, 5),25);

COMMIT;
```

Хранение объектов в таблицах

```
⊕ QUANTITY IN STOCK

                                                       PRODUCT
-- select --> constructor product typ()
                                                      1 [TEST USER.PRODUCT TYP]
                                                                                              50
SELECT * FROM products;
                                                      2 [TEST USER.PRODUCT TYP]
                                                                                              25
SELECT p.product
                                              PRODUCT(ID, NAME, DESCRIPTION, PRICE, DAYS_VALID)
 FROM products p
                                              QUANTITY_IN_STOCK
 WHERE p.product.id = 1;
                                              PRODUCT TYP(1, 'Pasta', '20 oz bag of pasta', 3,95, 10)
SELECT p.product.description,
                                              PRODUCT TYP(2, 'Sardines', '12 oz box of sardines', 2,99, 5)
          p.product.get sell by date(),
          p.quantity in stock
 FROM products p;
PRODUCT (ID, NAME, DESCRIPTION, PRICE, DAYS VALID)
```

				PTION		\$\text{\$P.PRODUCT.GET_SELL_BY_DATE()}		
1	20	ΟZ	bag	of	pasta	24-11-2023	50	
2	12	οz	box	of	sardines	19-11-2023	25	

PRODUCT TYP(1, 'Pasta', '20 oz bag of pasta', 3,95, 10)

Экземпляры объектов - изменение

```
-- UPDATE in tables with objects
 UPDATE products p
 SET p.product.description = '30 oz bag of pasta'
 WHERE p.product.id = 1;
 ROLLBACK;
PRODUCT(ID, NAME, DESCRIPTION, PRICE, DAYS VALID)
QUANTITY IN STOCK
PRODUCT TYP(1, 'Pasta', '30 oz bag of pasta', 3,95, 10)
PRODUCT TYP(2, 'Sardines', '12 oz box of sardines', 2,99, 5)
-- DELETE in tables with objects
DELETE FROM products p
WHERE p.product.id = 2;
ROLLBACK:
PRODUCT (ID, NAME, DESCRIPTION, PRICE, DAYS VALID)
QUANTITY IN STOCK
PRODUCT TYP(1, 'Pasta', '20 oz bag of pasta', 3,95, 10)
                50
```

Хранение объектов в таблицах

```
-- object tables - have no other columns
CREATE TABLE object products OF product typ;
CREATE TABLE object customers OF person typ;
Name Null? Type
     NUMBER
ID
NAME VARCHAR2 (15)
DESCRIPTION VARCHAR2 (22)
PRICE NUMBER (5,2)
DAYS_VALID NUMBER
-- INSERT in object tables
INSERT INTO object products VALUES (
product typ(1, 'Pasta', '20 oz bag of pasta', 3.95, 10));
INSERT INTO object products (id, name, description, price, days valid)
VALUES (2, 'Sardines', '12 oz box of sardines', 2.99, 5);
 ID NAME DESCRIPTION PRICE DAYS_VALID
 1 Pasta 20 oz bag of pasta 3,95 10
 2 Sardines 12 oz box of sardines 2,99
```

Значение объекта

• Функция VALUE() – получение значений в объектных таблицах

```
-- VALUE() - конструктор объектного типа

SELECT VALUE(ор) FROM object_products op;

VALUE(ОР)(ID, NAME, DESCRIPTION, PRICE, DAYS_VALID)

PRODUCT_TYP(1, 'Pasta', '20 oz bag of pasta', 3,95, 10)

PRODUCT_TYP(2, 'Sardines', '12 oz box of sardines', 2,99, 5)
```

Объектные таблицы

• DML операции в объектных таблицах — аналогично стандартным

```
UPDATE
UPDATE object_products
SET description = '25 oz bag of pasta'
WHERE id = 1;

VALUE(OP)(ID, NAME, DESCRIPTION, PRICE, DAYS_VALID)

PRODUCT_TYP(1, 'Pasta', '25 oz bag of pasta', 3,95, 10)
PRODUCT_TYP(2, 'Sardines', '12 oz box of sardines', 2,99, 5)

DELETE FROM object_products
WHERE id = 2;
```

```
VALUE(OP)(ID, NAME, DESCRIPTION, PRICE, DAYS_VALID)
------
PRODUCT_TYP(1, 'Pasta', '25 oz bag of pasta', 3,95, 10)
```

Вложенность объектов

• Вложенность типов – обращение через точку

```
-- INSERT object in object
ALTER SESSION SET nls date format = 'DD-MM-YY';
INSERT INTO object customers
VALUES (person_typ(1, 'John', 'Brown', '01-02-1955', '800-555-1211',
address typ('2 State Street', 'Beantown', 'MA', '12345')));
INSERT INTO object customers (id, first name, last name, dob, phone, address)
VALUES (2, 'Cynthia', 'Green', '05-02-1968', '800-555-1212',
address typ('3 Free Street', 'Middle Town', 'CA', '12345'));
COMMIT;
                       ID FIRST_NAME LAST_NAME DOB
                ADDRESS(STREET, CITY, STATE, ZIP)
                        1 John Brown 01-02-55 800-555-1211
                ADDRESS TYP('2 State Street', 'Beantown', 'MA', '12345')
                        2 Cynthia Green 05-02-68 800-555-1212
                ADDRESS TYP('3 Free Street', 'Middle Town', 'CA', '12345')
SELECT oc.id, oc.first name, oc.last name, oc.address.street, oc.address.city
FROM object customers oc

⊕ ID | ⊕ FIRST_NAME | ⊕ LAST_NAME | ⊕ ADDRESS.STREET

                                                                               ADDRESS.CITY
WHERE oc.id = 1:
                                     1 1 John
                                                   Brown 2 State Street Beantown
```

Ссылки на объекты в таблицах

Вместо внешних ключей используется связь по OID

```
-- OBJECT REFERENCE - no FK
CREATE TABLE purchases (
     id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
     customer REF person typ SCOPE IS object customers,
     product REF product typ SCOPE IS object products);
-- OBJECT REFERENCE
INSERT INTO purchases (id, customer, product)
VALUES (1.
         (SELECT REF(oc) FROM object customers oc WHERE oc.id = 1),
         (SELECT REF(op) FROM object products op WHERE op.id = 1));
COMMIT;
     ID
CUSTOMER
PRODUCT
      1
220208442FF044F5F243289B4F2CF9D267AF421638FD371BD447D5A38261AC703D0778
```

22020820A3015857CF45F7B2ED0B9CB5B3F6E8FA965672D45E4AF6B8A3F7F9699EC858

Получение значения по ссылке

• Функция DEREF() — получение значения по ссылке

```
SELECT DEREF(customer), DEREF(product)
        FROM purchases;
DEREF(CUSTOMER)(ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, DOB, PHONE, ADDRESS(STREET, CITY, STATE, ZIP))
DEREF(PRODUCT)(ID, NAME, DESCRIPTION, PRICE, DAYS VALID)
PERSON TYP(1, 'John', 'Brown', '01-02-55', '800-555-1211', ADDRESS TYP('2 State Street', 'Beantown', 'MA', '12345'))
PRODUCT TYP(1, 'Pasta', '25 oz bag of pasta', 3,95, 10)
     UPDATE purchases
     SET product = (SELECT REF(op) FROM object products op WHERE op.id = 2)
     WHERE id = 1;
     ROLLBACK;
DEREF (CUSTOMER) (ID, FIRST NAME, LAST NAME, DOB, PHONE, ADDRESS (STREET, CITY, STATE, ZIP))
DEREF (PRODUCT)
PERSON TYP(1, 'John', 'Brown', '01-02-55', '800-555-1211', ADDRESS TYP('2 State Street', 'Beantown', 'MA', '12345'))
```

Ссылки на объекты

- Функция DEREF() получение значения по ссылке
- Функция REF() получение ссылки по значению

```
SELECT DEREF(customer), DEREF(product)
        FROM purchases;
DEREF(CUSTOMER)(ID, FIRST NAME, LAST NAME, DOB, PHONE, ADDRESS(STREET, CITY, STATE, ZIP))
DEREF(PRODUCT)(ID, NAME, DESCRIPTION, PRICE, DAYS VALID)
PERSON TYP(1, 'John', 'Brown', '01-02-55', '800-555-1211', ADDRESS TYP('2 State Street', 'Beantown', 'MA', '12345'))
PRODUCT TYP(1, 'Pasta', '25 oz bag of pasta', 3,95, 10)
    UPDATE purchases
    SET product = (SELECT REF(op) FROM object products op WHERE op.id = 2)
    WHERE id = 1;
    ROLLBACK;
DEREF (CUSTOMER) (ID, FIRST NAME, LAST NAME, DOB, PHONE, ADDRESS (STREET, CITY, STATE, ZIP))
DEREF (PRODUCT)
PERSON TYP(1, 'John', 'Brown', '01-02-55', '800-555-1211', ADDRESS TYP('2 State Street', 'Beantown', 'MA', '12345'))
```

Объекты в PL/SQL

- Спецификация и реализация пакета так же, как и для скалярных переменных
- Объектом может быть параметр, возвращаемое значение, переменная

```
-- использование объектов в PL/SQL

CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE product_package AS

TYPE ref_cursor_typ IS REF CURSOR;

FUNCTION get_products RETURN ref_cursor_typ;

PROCEDURE insert_product (

p_id IN object_products.id%TYPE,

p_name IN object_products.name%TYPE,

p_description IN object_products.description%TYPE,

p_price IN object_products.price%TYPE,

p_days_valid IN object_products.days_valid%TYPE);

END product_package;
```

Объекты в PL/SQL

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE BODY product package AS
    FUNCTION get products RETURN ref cursor typ
    IS
    products ref cursor ref cursor typ;
    BEGIN
        OPEN products ref cursor FOR
        SELECT VALUE (op)
        FROM object products op;
        RETURN products ref cursor;
    END get products;
    PROCEDURE insert product (
        p id IN object products.id%TYPE,
        p name IN object products.name%TYPE,
        p description IN object products.description%TYPE,
        p price IN object products.price%TYPE,
        p days valid IN object products.days valid%TYPE) AS
   product product typ :=
        product typ(p id, p name, p description, p price, p days valid);
    BEGIN
        INSERT INTO object products VALUES (product);
        COMMIT;
    EXCEPTION
        WHEN OTHERS THEN ROLLBACK;
    END insert product;
END product package;
```

Объекты в PL/SQL

• Вызов процедур и обращение к функции – аналогично скалярным переменным

Удаление объектных таблиц

- Внешних ключей нет порядок не важен
- Если тип используется в другом типе или таблице его удалить нельзя

```
-- drop objects - not FK
drop table object_customers;
drop table object_products;
drop table purchases;
```

```
-- зависимые типы удаляются снаружи внутрь

drop type address_typ;

drop type person_typ;

drop type product_typ;
```

```
Table OBJECT_CUSTOMERS dropped.

Table OBJECT_PRODUCTS dropped.

Table PURCHASES dropped.
```

```
Type PERSON_TYP dropped.

Type ADDRESS_TYP dropped.
```

- Типы могут наследоваться
- NOT FINAL тип будет наследоваться, NOT INSTANTIABLE создать экземпляр типа нельзя

```
CREATE TYPE address typ AS OBJECT (
 street VARCHAR2 (15),
 city VARCHAR2 (15),
 state CHAR(2),
 zip VARCHAR2(5));
-- наследование типов:
©CREATE TYPE person typ AS OBJECT ( -- супертип
                                                                  Type ADDRESS TYP compiled
     id NUMBER,
    first name VARCHAR2(10),
     last name VARCHAR2(10),
                                                                  Type PERSON TYP compiled
     dob DATE,
     phone VARCHAR2 (12),
     address address typ
                                                                  Type BUSINESS PERSON TYP compiled
  NOT FINAL;
CREATE TYPE business person typ -- подтип
 UNDER person typ ( title VARCHAR2 (20),
                       company VARCHAR2 (20));
```

```
CREATE TABLE object business customers OF business person typ;
INSERT INTO object business customers
VALUES (
     business person typ(1, 'John', 'Brown', '01-02-1955', '800-555-1211',
     address typ('2 State Street', 'Beantown', 'MA', '12345'),
     'Manager',
    'XYZ Corp'
    ));
 COMMIT:
                                 ID FIRST NAME LAST NAME DOB PHONE
                          ADDRESS (STREET, CITY, STATE, ZIP)
                                    COMPANY
                                  1 John Brown 01-02-55 800-555-1211
                          ADDRESS TYP('2 State Street', 'Beantown', 'MA', '12345')
                          Manager XYZ Corp
```

```
Table OBJECT BUSINESS CUSTOMERS dropped.
Type BUSINESS PERSON TYP dropped.
                                                 CREATE TYPE person typ AS OBJECT ( -- супертип
Type PERSON TYP dropped.
                                                      id NUMBER,
                                                      first name VARCHAR2(10),
                                                      last name VARCHAR2(10),
Type PERSON TYP compiled
                                                      dob DATE,
                                                      phone VARCHAR2 (12),
                                                      address address typ
Type BUSINESS PERSON TYP compiled
                                                  ) --NOT FINAL
                                                 CREATE TYPE business person typ -- подтип
                                                  UNDER person typ ( title VARCHAR2 (20),
                                                                      company VARCHAR2 (20));
```

```
-- NOT INSTANTIABLE TYPES
CREATE TYPE vehicle typ AS OBJECT (
     id NUMBER,
     make VARCHAR2 (15).
     model VARCHAR2 (15)
 ) NOT FINAL NOT INSTANTIABLE;
CREATE TYPE car typ UNDER vehicle typ (convertible CHAR(1));
CREATE TYPE motorcycle typ UNDER vehicle typ (sidecar CHAR(1));
 CREATE TABLE vehicles OF vehicle typ;
 CREATE TABLE cars OF car typ;
 CREATE TABLE motorcycles OF motorcycle typ;
 INSERT INTO vehicles
VALUES (vehicle typ(1, 'Toyota', 'MR2', '01-02-1955')); --not instantiable
 INSERT INTO cars
VALUES (car typ(1, 'Toyota', 'MR2', 'Y')); -- added
                                                                         1 Toyota MR2
 INSERT INTO motorcycles
                                                                                  MODEL S
                                                                          ID MAKE
VALUES (motorcycle_typ(1, 'Harley-Davidson', 'V-Rod', 'N')); --added
                                                                           1 Harley-Davidson V-Rod
Error report -
SQL Error: ORA-22826: невозможно построить экземпляр из непригодного для этого типа
22826. 00000 - "cannot construct an instance of a non instantiable type"
        An attempt was made to use a non instantiable type
        as a constructor.
*Action: None.
```

Методы - конструкторы

- Есть конструктор по умолчанию
- Можно создать дополнительные конструкторы
- Объявление и реализация компилируются отдельно

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TYPE person typ AS OBJECT (
     id NUMBER,
     first name VARCHAR2(10),
     last name VARCHAR2(10),
     dob DATE,
    phone VARCHAR2 (12), phone2 VARCHAR2 (12),
 CONSTRUCTOR FUNCTION person typ(
    p id NUMBER,
    p first name VARCHAR2,
    p last name VARCHAR2
 ) RETURN SELF AS RESULT,
CONSTRUCTOR FUNCTION person typ (
    p id NUMBER,
    p first name VARCHAR2,
    p last name VARCHAR2,
    p dob DATE,
    p phone VARCHAR2
 ) RETURN SELF AS RESULT
);
```

Методы - конструкторы

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TYPE BODY person typ AS
    CONSTRUCTOR FUNCTION person typ(
        p id NUMBER,
        p first name VARCHAR2,
        p last name VARCHAR2
    ) RETURN SELF AS RESULT IS
    BEGIN
        SELF.id := p id;
        SELF.first name := p first name;
        SELF.last name := p last name;
        SELF.dob := SYSDATE;
        SELF.phone := '555-1212';
        RETURN:
    END;
    CONSTRUCTOR FUNCTION person typ(
        p_id NUMBER,
        p first name VARCHAR2,
        p last name VARCHAR2,
        p dob DATE,
        p phone VARCHAR2)
    RETURN SELF AS RESULT IS
    BEGIN
        SELF.id := p id;
        SELF.first name := p first name;
        SELF.last name := p last name;
        SELF.dob := p dob;
        SELF.phone := p phone;
        RETURN;
    END;
```

```
Type Body PERSON_TYP compiled

Name Null? Type
-----
ID NUMBER
FIRST_NAME VARCHAR2(10)
LAST_NAME VARCHAR2(10)
DOB DATE
PHONE VARCHAR2(12)
PHONE2 VARCHAR2(12)
```

METHOD							
FINAL CONSTRUCTOR	FUNCTION	PERSON_TYP	RETURNS	SELF	AS	RESULT	
Argument Name		Type				In/Out	Default?
							
P_ID		NUMBER	2			IN	
P_FIRST_NAME		VARCHA	IR2			IN	
P_LAST_NAME		VARCHA	IR2			IN	
METHOD							
 							
FINAL CONSTRUCTOR	FUNCTION	PERSON_TYP	RETURNS	SELF	AS	RESULT	
Argument Name		Type				In/Out	Default?
P_ID		NUMBER	}			IN	
P_FIRST_NAME		VARCHA	R2			IN	
P_LAST_NAME		VARCHA	IR2			IN	
P_DOB		DATE				IN	
P_PHONE		VARCHA	IR2			IN	

Методы - конструкторы

```
-- object table
CREATE TABLE object_customers OF person_typ;

INSERT INTO object_customers
VALUES (person_typ(1, 'Joe', 'Madsen', '20-02-1967', '333-75-75'));
INSERT INTO object_customers
VALUES (person_typ(2, 'Sue', 'Snork'));
COMMIT;

SELECT * FROM object_customers;
```

	∯ID		\$ LAST_NAME	∯ DOB	♦ PHONE	♦ PHONE2
1	1	Joe	Madsen	20-02-67	333-75-75	(null)
2	2	Sue	Snork	14-11-23	555-1212	(null)

Методы сравнения

- Методы МАР предназначены для сравнения, сортировки и UNION
- Методы ORDER предназначены для сортировки по значениям полей

Метод сравнения МАР

```
-- member map method - for ordering and equvalency
CREATE TYPE person typ AS OBJECT (
   id no NUMBER,
   first name VARCHAR2(10),
                                                     Type PERSON TYP compiled
   last name VARCHAR2(10),
   dob DATE,
   phone VARCHAR2 (12),
   MAP MEMBER FUNCTION get id no RETURN NUMBER);
□ CREATE TYPE BODY person typ AS
MAP MEMBER FUNCTION get id no RETURN NUMBER IS
      BEGIN
        RETURN id no;
                                                  Type Body PERSON TYP compiled
      END;
 END;
```

Метод сравнения МАР

```
CREATE TABLE contacts (
     contact person typ,
     contact date DATE );
-- insert 2 contacts;
INSERT INTO contacts
VALUES (
 person typ (50, 'Julia', 'Nixon', '14-12-2003', '2-65-5550125'),
                 '24-05-2023');
■INSERT INTO contacts
VALUES (
 person typ (49, 'Lydia', 'Nixon', '12-12-2000', '2-65-5521225'),
                 '24-05-2023');
COMMIT;
-- get id no()
 SELECT c.contact.get id no() FROM contacts c;
```

	C.CONTACT.GET_ID_NO()
1	50
2	49

Метод сравнения МАР

```
-- order by map
                                      CONTACT (ID NO, FIRST NAME, LAST NAME, DOB, PHONE)
SELECT c.contact
                                      PERSON TYP(49, 'Lydia', 'Nixon', '12-12-2000', '2-65-5521225')
FROM contacts c
                                      PERSON TYP(50, 'Julia', 'Nixon', '14-12-2003', '2-65-5550125')
ORDER BY c.contact;
INSERT INTO contacts
VALUES (person typ (50, 'Sonya', 'Johnson', '13-10-1990', '2-67-5527127'),
                   '24-05-2023');
COMMIT:
                                      PERSON TYP(49, 'Lydia', 'Nixon', '12-12-2000', '2-65-5521225')
                                      PERSON TYP (50, 'Sonya', 'Johnson', '13-10-1990', '2-67-5527127')
                                      PERSON TYP(50, 'Julia', 'Nixon', '14-12-2003', '2-65-5550125')
-- equal by map
                                      PERSON TYP(50, 'Sonya', 'Johnson', '13-10-1990', '2-67-5527127')
SELECT cl.contact, c2.contact
                                      PERSON TYP(50, 'Julia', 'Nixon', '14-12-2003', '2-65-5550125')
FROM contacts c1 JOIN contacts c2
ON c1.contact = c2.contact;
                                      PERSON TYP(50, 'Julia', 'Nixon', '14-12-2003', '2-65-5550125')
                                      PERSON TYP(50, 'Julia', 'Nixon', '14-12-2003', '2-65-5550125')
                                      PERSON TYP(49, 'Lydia', 'Nixon', '12-12-2000', '2-65-5521225')
                                      PERSON TYP(49, 'Lydia', 'Nixon', '12-12-2000', '2-65-5521225')
                                      PERSON TYP (50, 'Sonya', 'Johnson', '13-10-1990', '2-67-5527127')
                                      PERSON TYP (50, 'Sonya', 'Johnson', '13-10-1990', '2-67-5527127')
                                      PERSON TYP(50, 'Julia', 'Nixon', '14-12-2003', '2-65-5550125')
                                      PERSON TYP (50, 'Sonya', 'Johnson', '13-10-1990', '2-67-5527127')
```

Метод сравнения ORDER

```
-- only map or order method - not both
CREATE TYPE person typ AS OBJECT (
  id no NUMBER,
  first name VARCHAR2(10),
  last name VARCHAR2(10),
  dob DATE,
  phone VARCHAR2 (12),
  ORDER MEMBER FUNCTION is older (contact person person typ) RETURN INTEGER);
 CREATE TYPE BODY person typ AS
  ORDER MEMBER FUNCTION is older (contact person person typ) RETURN INTEGER IS
      BEGIN
         IF dob > contact person.dob
                  THEN RETURN -1;
             ELSIF dob < contact person.dob
                  THEN RETURN 1;
                                                                                 Type PERSON TYP compiled
             ELSE RETURN 0;
         END IF;
                                                                                 Type Body PERSON TYP compiled
      END;
 END:
```

Метод сравнения ORDER

```
contact person typ,
    contact date DATE );
-- insert 2 contacts;
INSERT INTO contacts VALUES (
person typ (50, 'Julia', 'Nixon', '14-12-2003', '2-65-5550125'), '24-05-2023');
INSERT INTO contacts VALUES (
person typ (49, 'Lydia', 'Nixon', '12-12-2000', '2-65-5521225'), '24-05-2023');
INSERT INTO contacts VALUES (
person typ (50, 'Sonya', 'Johnson', '13-10-1990', '2-67-5527127'), '24-05-2023');
COMMIT;
                        CONTACT(ID NO, FIRST NAME, LAST NAME, DOB, PHONE)
-- order by
SELECT c.contact
                        PERSON TYP(50, 'Julia', 'Nixon', '14-12-2003', '2-65-5550125')
                        PERSON TYP(49, 'Lydia', 'Nixon', '12-12-2000', '2-65-5521225')
FROM contacts c
                        PERSON TYP(50, 'Sonya', 'Johnson', '13-10-1990', '2-67-5527127')
ORDER BY c.contact;
```

CREATE TABLE contacts (

Метод сравнения ORDER

```
DECLARE
    person_S person_typ;
    person_J person_typ;
    is_older NUMBER(1);

BEGIN
    person_J := NEW person_typ (50, 'Julia', 'Nixon', '14-12-2003', '2-65-5550125');
    person_S := NEW person_typ (50, 'Sonya', 'Johnson', '13-10-1990', '2-67-5527127');
    is_older := person_J.is_older(person_S);

If is_older = 1
    THEN DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Julia is older than Sonya');
    ELSE DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Sonya is older than Julia');
END IF;
END;
Sonya is older than Julia
```

Статические методы

• Статические методы относятся к типу в целом, а не к экземляру

Статические методы

```
CREATE TYPE person typ AS OBJECT (
 id no NUMBER,
 first name VARCHAR2(10),
 last name VARCHAR2(10),
 dob DATE,
 phone VARCHAR2 (12),
MEMBER PROCEDURE display details ( SELF IN OUT NOCOPY person typ ),
 STATIC FUNCTION how many (tabname VARCHAR2) RETURN NUMBER);
CREATE TYPE BODY person typ AS
    MEMBER PROCEDURE display details ( SELF IN OUT NOCOPY person typ ) IS
        BEGIN
             DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(TO_CHAR(id_no) || ' ' || first_name || ' ' || last_name);
            DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE(to char(dob, 'dd/mm/yyyy'));
             DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE (phone);
                                                                          Type PERSON TYP compiled
        END:
    STATIC FUNCTION how many (tabname VARCHAR2) RETURN NUMBER IS
        sqlstmt VARCHAR2 (100);
                                                                          Type Body PERSON_TYP compiled
        rc NUMBER := 0;
        BEGIN
             sqlstmt := 'SELECT count(*) from '||tabname;
            EXECUTE IMMEDIATE sqlstmt into rc;
            RETURN rc;
        END;
END;
```

Статические методы

```
-- member procedure
                                                                                           50 Julia Nixon
DECLARE
                                                                                           14/12/2003
    person J person typ;
BEGIN
                                                                                           2-65-5550125
    person_J := NEW person_typ (50, 'Julia', 'Nixon', '14-12-2003', '2-65-5550125');
    person typ.display details (person J);
END;
--static method
CREATE TABLE contacts (
     contact person typ,
     contact date DATE );
-- insert 2 contacts;
INSERT INTO contacts VALUES (
person typ (50, 'Julia', 'Nixon', '14-12-2003', '2-65-5550125'), '24-05-2023');
                                                                                       PERSON TYP.HOW MANY ("CONTACTS")
INSERT INTO contacts VALUES (
person typ (49, 'Lydia', 'Nixon', '12-12-2000', '2-65-5521225'), '24-05-2023');
INSERT INTO contacts VALUES (
person typ (50, 'Sonya', 'Johnson', '13-10-1990', '2-67-5527127'), '24-05-2023');
COMMIT;
-- static method invoke
SELECT person typ.how many('contacts') FROM dual;
```

- Цель создание аналога ORM:
- На основе уже существующих таблиц создать объекты

	existed t	ables				⊕ ЈОВ	∯ MGR	♦ HIREDATE	∜ SAL	⊕ сомм	
	DESCRIBE en	mp;		1	7839 KING	PRESIDENT	(null)	17.11.81	400	(null)	10
3	Name	Null?	Type	2	7698 BLAKE	MANAGER	7839	01.05.81	2850	(null)	30
	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		1100	3	7782 CLARK	MANAGER	7839	09.06.81	2450	(null)	10
				4	7566 JONES	MANAGER	7839	02.04.81	2975	(null)	20
	EMPNO	NOT NULL	NUMBER (4)	5	7654 MARTIN	SALESMAN	7698	28.09.81	1250	400	30
	ENAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2 (10)	6	7499 ALLEN	SALESMAN	7698	20.02.81	1600	300	30
	JOB		VARCHAR2 (9)	7	7844 TURNER	SALESMAN	7698	08.09.81	1500	0	30
	MGR		NUMBER (4)	8	7900 JAMES	CLERK	7698	03.12.81	950	(null)	30
	HIREDATE		DATE	9	7521 WARD	SALESMAN	7698	22.02.81	1250	500	30
				10	7902 FORD	ANALYST	7566	03.12.81	3000	(null)	20
	SAL		NUMBER (7,2)	11	7369 SMITH	CLERK	7902	17.12.80	800	(null)	20
	comm		NUMBER(7,2)	12	7788 SCOTT	ANALYST	7566	09.12.82	3000	(null)	20
	DEPTNO		NUMBER(2)	13	7876 ADAMS	CLERK	7788	12.01.83	1100	(null)	20
				14	7934 MILLER	CLERK	7782	23.01.82	1300	(null)	10

```
-- type for existed table
CREATE TYPE employee typ AS OBJECT (
             id NUMBER (4),
             ename VARCHAR2 (10),
            job VARCHAR2 (9),
            mgr NUMBER(4),
             HIREDATE DATE,
             SAL NUMBER (7,2),
             COMM NUMBER (7,2),
             DEPTNO NUMBER (2) ,
MEMBER PROCEDURE display details ( SELF IN OUT NOCOPY employee typ),
MEMBER FUNCTION years at company RETURN NUMBER);
CREATE TYPE BODY employee typ AS
    MEMBER PROCEDURE display details ( SELF IN OUT NOCOPY employee typ )
     IS
         BEGIN
             DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE(TO CHAR(id) || ' ' || ename || ' ' || job || ' at dept '|| deptno);
             DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE(to char(hiredate, 'dd/mm/yyyy'));
             DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Rate: sal = '|| sal || ', comm = ' ||comm ||'.');
         END;
    MEMBER FUNCTION years at company RETURN NUMBER
     IS
         rc NUMBER := 0;
         BEGIN
             rc := months between(sysdate, hiredate)/12;
             RETURN rc;
         END;
 END;
```

```
-- Object view

CREATE VIEW emp_ov OF employee_typ
WITH OBJECT IDENTIFIER (id) AS

SELECT e.empno, e.ename, e.job,
e.mgr, e.hiredate, e.sal,
e.comm,e.deptno

FROM emp e;
```

```
-- select from view

SELECT e.ename, e.years_at_company()

FROM emp_ov e;
```

```
SELECT VALUE(e) FROM emp_ov e;
```

```
⊕ ENAME

    E.YEARS AT COMPANY()

1 KING
         42,01838619449422540820390282755874153725
           42,561396947182397451214655515730784548
<sup>2</sup> BLAKE
3 CLARK 42,45655823750497809637594583831142970925
4JONES 42,64204210847272003185981680605336519317
5 MARTIN 42,155482968687773795300677021107128634
6 ALLEN 42,76032167836519315013938669852648347275
7 TURNER 42,20924640954798884906411788132218239742
8 JAMES 41,97268726976304261250497809637594583833
        42,75494533427917164476304261250497809642
9 WARD
10 FORD 41,97268726976304261250497809637594583833
11 SMITH 42,93505286116089207487056949422540820392
12 SCOTT 40,95655823750497809637594583831142970925
<sup>13</sup> ADAMS 40,86516038804261250497809637594583831142
```

```
VALUE(E)(ID, ENAME, JOB, MGR, HIREDATE, SAL, COMM, DEPTNO)
EMPLOYEE_TYP(7839, 'KING', 'PRESIDENT', NULL, '17.11.81', 400, NULL, 10)
EMPLOYEE TYP(7698, 'BLAKE', 'MANAGER', 7839, '01.05.81', 2850, NULL, 30)
EMPLOYEE TYP(7782, 'CLARK', 'MANAGER', 7839, '09.06.81', 2450, NULL, 10)
EMPLOYEE TYP(7566, 'JONES', 'MANAGER', 7839, '02.04.81', 2975, NULL, 20)
EMPLOYEE TYP(7654, 'MARTIN', 'SALESMAN', 7698, '28.09.81', 1250, 400, 30)
EMPLOYEE TYP(7499, 'ALLEN', 'SALESMAN', 7698, '20.02.81', 1600, 300, 30)
EMPLOYEE TYP(7844, 'TURNER', 'SALESMAN', 7698, '08.09.81', 1500, 0, 30)
EMPLOYEE TYP(7900, 'JAMES', 'CLERK', 7698, '03.12.81', 950, NULL, 30)
EMPLOYEE TYP(7521, 'WARD', 'SALESMAN', 7698, '22.02.81', 1250, 500, 30)
EMPLOYEE TYP (7902, 'FORD', 'ANALYST', 7566, '03.12.81', 3000, NULL, 20)
EMPLOYEE TYP(7369, 'SMITH', 'CLERK', 7902, '17.12.80', 800, NULL, 20)
VALUE(E)(ID, ENAME, JOB, MGR, HIREDATE, SAL, COMM, DEPTNO)
EMPLOYEE TYP(7788, 'SCOTT', 'ANALYST', 7566, '09.12.82', 3000, NULL, 20)
EMPLOYEE TYP(7876, 'ADAMS', 'CLERK', 7788, '12.01.83', 1100, NULL, 20)
EMPLOYEE TYP (7934, 'MILLER', 'CLERK', 7782, '23.01.82', 1300, NULL, 10)
```

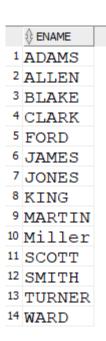
• Все строки таблиц имеют объектные ссылки

```
SELECT REF(e) FROM emp ov e;
```

REF(E)

• DML операции производятся так же

```
UPDATE emp_ov e SET e.ename = INITCAP(e.ename)
WHERE e.id = 7934;
```



• B PL/SQL объектные представления также могут использоваться

```
declare
  the_beginner employee_typ;
begin
    select VALUE(e) into the_beginner
    from emp_ov e
    order by e.years_at_company() desc
    fetch first 1 row only;
    the_beginner.display_details;
end;
```

```
7369 SMITH CLERK at dept 20
17/12/1980
Rate: sal = 800, comm = .
```

Индексирование

```
-- type for existed table
□ CREATE TYPE employee typ AS OBJECT (
            id NUMBER(4),
            ename VARCHAR2 (10),
            job VARCHAR2 (9),
           mgr NUMBER (4),
            HIREDATE DATE,
            SAL NUMBER (7,2),
            COMM NUMBER (7,2),
           DEPTNO NUMBER (2) ,
 MEMBER PROCEDURE display details ( SELF IN OUT NOCOPY employee_typ),
 MEMBER FUNCTION years at company RETURN NUMBER DETERMINISTIC);
CREATE TYPE BODY employee typ AS
    MEMBER PROCEDURE display details ( SELF IN OUT NOCOPY employee typ )
    IS
        BEGIN
           DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE(to char(hiredate, 'dd/mm/yyyy'));
           DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Rate: sal = '|| sal || ', comm = ' ||comm ||'.');
        END;
    MEMBER FUNCTION years at company RETURN NUMBER DETERMINISTIC
    IS
        rc NUMBER := 0;
        BEGIN
           rc := months between(sysdate, hiredate)/12;
           RETURN rc;
        END:
END;
```

Индексирование

• Индексирование может быть реализовано по атрибутам или методам

```
create table emp_ot (
          emp employee_typ,
          date_added DATE DEFAULT sysdate);

INSERT INTO emp_ot (emp)
SELECT VALUE(E) ei FROM emp_ov e;
commit;
```

Индексирование по атрибуту

```
--index attribute

SELECT * FROM emp_ot e

WHERE e.emp.ename = 'BLAKE';

CREATE INDEX ename_idx ON emp_ot (emp.ename);
```

OPERATION	OBJECT_NAME	OPTIONS	CARDINALITY	COST	
□··· SELECT STATEMENT				1	3
TABLE ACCESS	EMP_OT	FULL		1	3
⊟ ্টি Filter Predicates					
E.SYS_NC00003\$='BLAKE'					
Other XML					

OPERATION	OBJECT_NAME	OPTIONS	CARDINALITY	COST
SELECT STATEMENT SELECT STATEMENT			1	2
	EMP_OT	BY INDEX ROWI	1	2
index index	ENAME_IDX	RANGE SCAN	1	1
Access Predicates E.SYS_NC00003\$='BLAKE'				
⊟ Other XML				

Индексирование по методу

```
--index object
SELECT * FROM emp_ot e
where e.emp.years_at_company() < 20;
CREATE BITMAP INDEX empid_idx ON emp_ot(emp.years_at_company());</pre>
```

OPERATION	OBJECT_NAME	OPTIONS	CARDINALITY	COST			
∃ SELECT STATEMENT				1	3		
- TABLE ACCESS	EMP_OT	FULL		1	3		
☐ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○							
EMPLOYEE_TYP.YEARS_AT_COMPANY(E.EMP) < 20							
Other XML							
Ė ⟨info⟩							

OPERATION	OBJECT_NAME	OPTIONS	CARDINALITY	COST	
SELECT STATEMENT			1		2
TABLE ACCESS	EMP_OT	BY INDEX ROWI	1		2
⊟ BITMAP CONVERSION		TO ROWIDS			
⊟ BITMAP INDEX	EMPID_IDX	RANGE SCAN			
☐ ☐ ☐ Access Predicates EMPLOYEE_TYP.YEARS_A ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ Filter Predicates EMPLOYEE_TYP.YEARS_A					

Вопросы?