

Методы сбора, хранения, обработки и анализа данных

Лекция 7

Объектные типы данных

Объектные типы данных

- Встроенные типы данных
 - Простые и привычные
- Объектные типы данных
 - Расширяют реляционную модель
 - Могут объединять данные и операции над ними
 - Могут эффективно использоваться
 - Могут показывать взаимосвязь и наследование данных

Объекты Oracle

- Объектные типы данных
- Экземпляры объектов
- Методы объектных типов
- Хранение объектов в таблицах
- Идентификация объектов
- Ссылки на объект
- Наследование типов
- Объектные представления
- Коллекции объектов

Разрешения

- Привилегии на создание объектов:
 - Таблиц
 - Типов
 - Представлений
 - Синонимов
 - Программного кода

```
-- grant from system  
grant create type to test_user;  
grant create public synonym to test_user;
```

Объектные типы данных

```
-- create or replace type
CREATE TYPE address_typ AS OBJECT (
  street VARCHAR2(15),
  city VARCHAR2(15),
  state CHAR(2),
  zip VARCHAR2(5));
```

```
-- complex type
CREATE TYPE person_typ AS OBJECT (
  id NUMBER,
  first_name VARCHAR2(10),
  last_name VARCHAR2(10),
  dob DATE,
  phone VARCHAR2(12),
  address address_typ);
```

- Тип может быть создан на основе стандартных типов
- Или на основе созданного типа

Name	Null?	Type
STREET		VARCHAR2(15)
CITY		VARCHAR2(15)
STATE		CHAR(2)
ZIP		VARCHAR2(5)

Name	Null?	Type
ID		NUMBER
FIRST_NAME		VARCHAR2(10)
LAST_NAME		VARCHAR2(10)
DOB		DATE
PHONE		VARCHAR2(12)
ADDRESS		TEST_USER.ADDRESS_TYP()

Объектные типы данных

```
CREATE TYPE product_typ AS OBJECT (  
  id NUMBER,  
  name VARCHAR2(15),  
  description VARCHAR2(22),  
  price NUMBER(5, 2),  
  days_valid NUMBER,  
  MEMBER FUNCTION get_sell_by_date RETURN DATE);  
  
-- body of member function  
-- separate compile  
CREATE TYPE BODY product_typ AS  
  MEMBER FUNCTION get_sell_by_date RETURN DATE IS  
    v_sell_by_date DATE;  
  BEGIN  
    SELECT days_valid + SYSDATE  
    INTO v_sell_by_date  
    FROM dual;  
    RETURN v_sell_by_date;  
  END;  
END;
```

- Тип может содержать методы:
 - Методы member
 - Методы конструкторы
 - Статические методы
 - Методы сравнения
- Заголовок и тело метода компилируются отдельно

Name	Null?	Type
-----	-----	-----
ID		NUMBER
NAME		VARCHAR2(15)
DESCRIPTION		VARCHAR2(22)
PRICE		NUMBER(5,2)
DAYS_VALID		NUMBER
METHOD		

MEMBER FUNCTION GET_SELL_BY_DATE RETURNS DATE		

```
-- public synonym for type -- grant  
CREATE PUBLIC SYNONYM pub_product_typ FOR product_typ;
```

Хранение объектов в таблицах

- Объектные таблицы – таблица состоит из строк объектного типа
- Таблицы, содержащие объекты – есть и другие столбцы

```
-- objects in table - have other columns
```

```
CREATE TABLE products (  
product product_typ,  
quantity_in_stock NUMBER);
```

```
--INSERT in tables with objects -- > constructor product_typ()
```

```
INSERT INTO products (product, quantity_in_stock)  
VALUES (product_typ(1, 'Pasta', '20 oz bag of pasta', 3.95, 10),50);
```

```
INSERT INTO products (product, quantity_in_stock)  
VALUES (product_typ(2, 'Sardines', '12 oz box of sardines', 2.99, 5),25);
```

```
COMMIT;
```

Хранение объектов в таблицах

```
-- select --> constructor product_typ()
```

```
SELECT * FROM products;
```

```
SELECT p.product
```

```
FROM products p
```

```
WHERE p.product.id = 1;
```

```
SELECT p.product.description,  
       p.product.get_sell_by_date(),  
       p.quantity_in_stock
```

```
FROM products p;
```

	PRODUCT	QUANTITY_IN_STOCK
1	[TEST USER.PRODUCT TYP]	50
2	[TEST USER.PRODUCT TYP]	25

```
PRODUCT(ID, NAME, DESCRIPTION, PRICE, DAYS_VALID)
```

```
-----  
QUANTITY_IN_STOCK  
-----
```

```
PRODUCT_TYP(1, 'Pasta', '20 oz bag of pasta', 3,95, 10)  
              50
```

```
PRODUCT_TYP(2, 'Sardines', '12 oz box of sardines', 2,99, 5)  
              25
```

```
PRODUCT(ID, NAME, DESCRIPTION, PRICE, DAYS_VALID)
```

```
-----  
PRODUCT_TYP(1, 'Pasta', '20 oz bag of pasta', 3,95, 10)
```

	PRODUCT.DESCRPTION	P.PRODUCT.GET_SELL_BY_DATE()	QUANTITY_IN_STOCK
1	20 oz bag of pasta	24-11-2023	50
2	12 oz box of sardines	19-11-2023	25

Экземпляры объектов - изменение

```
-- UPDATE in tables with objects
UPDATE products p
SET p.product.description = '30 oz bag of pasta'
WHERE p.product.id = 1;

ROLLBACK;
```

```
PRODUCT(ID, NAME, DESCRIPTION, PRICE, DAYS_VALID)
-----
QUANTITY_IN_STOCK
-----
PRODUCT_TYP(1, 'Pasta', '30 oz bag of pasta', 3,95, 10)
              50

PRODUCT_TYP(2, 'Sardines', '12 oz box of sardines', 2,99, 5)
              25
```

```
-- DELETE in tables with objects
DELETE FROM products p
WHERE p.product.id = 2;

ROLLBACK;
```

```
PRODUCT(ID, NAME, DESCRIPTION, PRICE, DAYS_VALID)
-----
QUANTITY_IN_STOCK
-----
PRODUCT_TYP(1, 'Pasta', '20 oz bag of pasta', 3,95, 10)
              50
```

Хранение объектов в таблицах

```
-- object tables - have no other columns
CREATE TABLE object_products OF product_typ;

CREATE TABLE object_customers OF person_typ;
```

Name	Null?	Type
ID		NUMBER
NAME		VARCHAR2(15)
DESCRIPTION		VARCHAR2(22)
PRICE		NUMBER(5,2)
DAYS_VALID		NUMBER

```
-- INSERT in object tables
INSERT INTO object_products VALUES (
product_typ(1, 'Pasta', '20 oz bag of pasta', 3.95, 10));

INSERT INTO object_products (id, name, description, price, days_valid)
VALUES (2, 'Sardines', '12 oz box of sardines', 2.99, 5);
```

ID	NAME	DESCRIPTION	PRICE	DAYS_VALID
1	Pasta	20 oz bag of pasta	3,95	10
2	Sardines	12 oz box of sardines	2,99	5

Значение объекта

- Функция VALUE() – получение значений в объектных таблицах

```
-- VALUE() - конструктор объектного типа  
SELECT VALUE(op) FROM object_products op;
```

```
VALUE(OP) (ID, NAME, DESCRIPTION, PRICE, DAYS_VALID)  
-----  
PRODUCT_TYP(1, 'Pasta', '20 oz bag of pasta', 3,95, 10)  
PRODUCT_TYP(2, 'Sardines', '12 oz box of sardines', 2,99, 5)
```

Объектные таблицы

- DML операции в объектных таблицах – аналогично стандартным

```
-- UPDATE
UPDATE object_products
SET description = '25 oz bag of pasta'
WHERE id = 1;
```

```
VALUE(OP) (ID, NAME, DESCRIPTION, PRICE, DAYS_VALID)
```

```
PRODUCT_TYP(1, 'Pasta', '25 oz bag of pasta', 3,95, 10)
PRODUCT_TYP(2, 'Sardines', '12 oz box of sardines', 2,99, 5)
```

```
DELETE FROM object_products
WHERE id = 2;
```

```
VALUE(OP) (ID, NAME, DESCRIPTION, PRICE, DAYS_VALID)
```

```
PRODUCT_TYP(1, 'Pasta', '25 oz bag of pasta', 3,95, 10)
```

Вложенность объектов

- Вложенность типов – обращение через точку

```
-- INSERT object in object
ALTER SESSION SET nls_date_format = 'DD-MM-YY';
INSERT INTO object_customers
VALUES (person_typ(1, 'John', 'Brown', '01-02-1955', '800-555-1211',
address_typ('2 State Street', 'Beantown', 'MA', '12345')));

INSERT INTO object_customers (id, first_name, last_name, dob, phone, address)
VALUES (2, 'Cynthia', 'Green', '05-02-1968', '800-555-1212',
address_typ('3 Free Street', 'Middle Town', 'CA', '12345'));
COMMIT;
```

ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	DOB	PHONE
1	John	Brown	01-02-55	800-555-1211
ADDRESS_TYP('2 State Street', 'Beantown', 'MA', '12345')				
2	Cynthia	Green	05-02-68	800-555-1212
ADDRESS_TYP('3 Free Street', 'Middle Town', 'CA', '12345')				

```
SELECT oc.id, oc.first_name, oc.last_name, oc.address.street, oc.address.city
FROM object_customers oc
WHERE oc.id = 1;
```

ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	ADDRESS.STREET	ADDRESS.CITY
1	John	Brown	2 State Street	Beantown

Ссылки на объекты в таблицах

- Вместо внешних ключей используется связь по OID

```
-- OBJECT REFERENCE - no FK
CREATE TABLE purchases (
    id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
    customer REF person_typ SCOPE IS object_customers,
    product  REF product_typ SCOPE IS object_products);

-- OBJECT REFERENCE
INSERT INTO purchases (id, customer, product)
VALUES ( 1,
        (SELECT REF(oc) FROM object_customers oc WHERE oc.id = 1),
        (SELECT REF(op) FROM object_products op WHERE op.id = 1));
COMMIT;
```

ID

CUSTOMER

PRODUCT

1
220208442FF044F5F243289B4F2CF9D267AF421638FD371BD447D5A38261AC703D0778
22020820A3015857CF45F7B2ED0B9CB5B3F6E8FA965672D45E4AF6B8A3F7F9699EC858

Получение значения по ссылке

- Функция Deref() – получение значения по ссылке

```
SELECT Deref(customer), Deref(product)
FROM purchases;
```

```
Deref(CUSTOMER) (ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, DOB, PHONE, ADDRESS(STREET, CITY, STATE, ZIP))
```

```
Deref(PRODUCT) (ID, NAME, DESCRIPTION, PRICE, DAYS_VALID)
```

```
PERSON_TYP(1, 'John', 'Brown', '01-02-55', '800-555-1211', ADDRESS_TYP('2 State Street', 'Beantown', 'MA', '12345'))
PRODUCT_TYP(1, 'Pasta', '25 oz bag of pasta', 3,95, 10)
```

```
UPDATE purchases
SET product = (SELECT REF(op) FROM object_products op WHERE op.id = 2)
WHERE id = 1;
ROLLBACK;
```

```
Deref(CUSTOMER) (ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, DOB, PHONE, ADDRESS(STREET, CITY, STATE, ZIP))
```

```
Deref(PRODUCT)
```

```
PERSON_TYP(1, 'John', 'Brown', '01-02-55', '800-555-1211', ADDRESS_TYP('2 State Street', 'Beantown', 'MA', '12345'))
```

Ссылки на объекты

- Функция Deref() – получение значения по ссылке
- Функция Ref() – получение ссылки по значению

```
SELECT Deref(customer), Deref(product)
FROM purchases;
```

```
Deref(CUSTOMER) (ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, DOB, PHONE, ADDRESS(STREET, CITY, STATE, ZIP))
```

```
Deref(PRODUCT) (ID, NAME, DESCRIPTION, PRICE, DAYS_VALID)
```

```
PERSON_TYP(1, 'John', 'Brown', '01-02-55', '800-555-1211', ADDRESS_TYP('2 State Street', 'Beantown', 'MA', '12345'))
PRODUCT_TYP(1, 'Pasta', '25 oz bag of pasta', 3,95, 10)
```

```
UPDATE purchases
SET product = (SELECT Ref(op) FROM object_products op WHERE op.id = 2)
WHERE id = 1;
ROLLBACK;
```

```
Deref(CUSTOMER) (ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, DOB, PHONE, ADDRESS(STREET, CITY, STATE, ZIP))
```

```
Deref(PRODUCT)
```

```
PERSON_TYP(1, 'John', 'Brown', '01-02-55', '800-555-1211', ADDRESS_TYP('2 State Street', 'Beantown', 'MA', '12345'))
```


Объекты в PL/SQL

- Спецификация и реализация пакета – так же, как и для скалярных переменных
- Объектом может быть параметр, возвращаемое значение, переменная

```
-- использование объектов в PL/SQL
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE product_package AS
TYPE ref_cursor_typ IS REF CURSOR;
FUNCTION get_products RETURN ref_cursor_typ;
PROCEDURE insert_product (
    p_id IN object_products.id%TYPE,
    p_name IN object_products.name%TYPE,
    p_description IN object_products.description%TYPE,
    p_price IN object_products.price%TYPE,
    p_days_valid IN object_products.days_valid%TYPE);
END product_package;
```

Объекты в PL/SQL

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE BODY product_package AS
    FUNCTION get_products RETURN ref_cursor_typ
    IS
        products_ref_cursor ref_cursor_typ;
    BEGIN
        OPEN products_ref_cursor FOR
            SELECT VALUE(op)
            FROM object_products op;
        RETURN products_ref_cursor;
    END get_products;
    PROCEDURE insert_product (
        p_id IN object_products.id%TYPE,
        p_name IN object_products.name%TYPE,
        p_description IN object_products.description%TYPE,
        p_price IN object_products.price%TYPE,
        p_days_valid IN object_products.days_valid%TYPE) AS
        product product_typ :=
            product_typ(p_id, p_name, p_description, p_price, p_days_valid);
    BEGIN
        INSERT INTO object_products VALUES (product);
        COMMIT;
    EXCEPTION
        WHEN OTHERS THEN ROLLBACK;
    END insert_product;
END product_package;
```

Объекты в PL/SQL

- Вызов процедур и обращение к функции – аналогично скалярным переменным

```
-- call insert_product from package
CALL product_package.insert_product(3, 'salsa', '15 oz jar of salsa', 1.50, 20);

-- select function get_products()
select product_package.get_products() from dual;
```

```
VALUE(OP) (ID, NAME, DESCRIPTION, PRICE, DAYS_VALID)
```

```
-----
PRODUCT_TYP(1, 'Pasta', '25 oz bag of pasta', 3,95, 10)
```

```
PRODUCT_TYP(3, 'salsa', '15 oz jar of salsa', 1,5, 20)
```

Удаление объектных таблиц

- Внешних ключей нет – порядок не важен
- Если тип используется в другом типе или таблице – его удалить нельзя

```
-- drop objects - not FK
drop table object_customers;
drop table object_products;
drop table purchases;
```

```
Table OBJECT_CUSTOMERS dropped.
```

```
Table OBJECT_PRODUCTS dropped.
```

```
Table PURCHASES dropped.
```

```
-- зависимые типы удаляются снаружи внутрь
drop type address_typ;
drop type person_typ;
drop type product_typ;
```

```
Type PERSON_TYP dropped.
```

```
Type ADDRESS_TYP dropped.
```

Наследование типов

- Типы могут наследоваться
- NOT FINAL – тип будет наследоваться, NOT INSTANTIABLE – создать экземпляр типа нельзя

```
CREATE TYPE address_typ AS OBJECT (  
    street VARCHAR2(15),  
    city VARCHAR2(15),  
    state CHAR(2),  
    zip VARCHAR2(5));
```

```
-- наследование типов:
```

```
CREATE TYPE person_typ AS OBJECT ( -- супертип  
    id NUMBER,  
    first_name VARCHAR2(10),  
    last_name VARCHAR2(10),  
    dob DATE,  
    phone VARCHAR2(12),  
    address address_typ  
) NOT FINAL;
```

```
CREATE TYPE business_person_typ -- подтип  
UNDER person_typ ( title VARCHAR2(20),  
                    company VARCHAR2(20));
```

```
Type ADDRESS_TYP compiled
```

```
Type PERSON_TYP compiled
```

```
Type BUSINESS_PERSON_TYP compiled
```

Наследование типов

```
CREATE TABLE object_business_customers OF business_person_typ;
```

```
INSERT INTO object_business_customers
```

```
VALUES (
```

```
    business_person_typ(1, 'John', 'Brown', '01-02-1955', '800-555-1211',
```

```
    address_typ('2 State Street', 'Beantown', 'MA', '12345'),
```

```
    'Manager',
```

```
    'XYZ Corp'
```

```
));
```

```
COMMIT;
```

ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	DOB	PHONE

ADDRESS(STREET, CITY, STATE, ZIP)				

TITLE		COMPANY		

1	John	Brown	01-02-55	800-555-1211
ADDRESS_TYP('2 State Street', 'Beantown', 'MA', '12345')				
Manager		XYZ Corp		

Наследование типов

Table OBJECT_BUSINESS_CUSTOMERS dropped.

Type BUSINESS_PERSON_TYP dropped.

Type PERSON_TYP dropped.

Type PERSON_TYP compiled

Type BUSINESS_PERSON_TYP compiled

```
CREATE TYPE person_typ AS OBJECT ( -- супертип
    id NUMBER,
    first_name VARCHAR2(10),
    last_name VARCHAR2(10),
    dob DATE,
    phone VARCHAR2(12),
    address address_typ
) --NOT FINAL
;

CREATE TYPE business_person_typ -- подтип
UNDER person_typ ( title VARCHAR2(20),
                  company VARCHAR2(20));
```

LINE/COL	ERROR
----------	-------

1/1	PLS-00590: attempting to create a subtype UNDER a FINAL type
-----	--

Errors: check compiler log

Наследование типов

```
-- NOT INSTANTIABLE TYPES
CREATE TYPE vehicle_typ AS OBJECT (
    id NUMBER,
    make VARCHAR2(15),
    model VARCHAR2(15)
) NOT FINAL NOT INSTANTIABLE;

CREATE TYPE car_typ UNDER vehicle_typ (convertible CHAR(1));
CREATE TYPE motorcycle_typ UNDER vehicle_typ (sidecar CHAR(1));

CREATE TABLE vehicles OF vehicle_typ;
CREATE TABLE cars OF car_typ;
CREATE TABLE motorcycles OF motorcycle_typ;

INSERT INTO vehicles
VALUES (vehicle_typ(1, 'Toyota', 'MR2', '01-02-1955')); --not instantiable

INSERT INTO cars
VALUES (car_typ(1, 'Toyota', 'MR2', 'Y')); -- added

INSERT INTO motorcycles
VALUES (motorcycle_typ(1, 'Harley-Davidson', 'V-Rod', 'N')); --added
```

ID	MAKE	MODEL	C
1	Toyota	MR2	Y

ID	MAKE	MODEL	S
1	Harley-Davidson	V-Rod	N

Error report -

SQL Error: ORA-22826: невозможно построить экземпляр из непригодного для этого типа

22826. 00000 - "cannot construct an instance of a non instantiable type"

*Cause: An attempt was made to use a non instantiable type
as a constructor.

*Action: None.

Методы - конструкторы

- Есть конструктор по умолчанию
- Можно создать дополнительные конструкторы
- Объявление и реализация компилируются отдельно

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TYPE person_typ AS OBJECT (  
    id NUMBER,  
    first_name VARCHAR2(10),  
    last_name VARCHAR2(10),  
    dob DATE,  
    phone VARCHAR2(12), phone2 VARCHAR2(12),  
    CONSTRUCTOR FUNCTION person_typ(  
        p_id NUMBER,  
        p_first_name VARCHAR2,  
        p_last_name VARCHAR2  
    ) RETURN SELF AS RESULT,  
    CONSTRUCTOR FUNCTION person_typ(  
        p_id NUMBER,  
        p_first_name VARCHAR2,  
        p_last_name VARCHAR2,  
        p_dob DATE,  
        p_phone VARCHAR2  
    ) RETURN SELF AS RESULT  
);
```

Методы - конструкторы

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TYPE BODY person_typ AS
  CONSTRUCTOR FUNCTION person_typ(
    p_id NUMBER,
    p_first_name VARCHAR2,
    p_last_name VARCHAR2
  ) RETURN SELF AS RESULT IS
  BEGIN
    SELF.id := p_id;
    SELF.first_name := p_first_name;
    SELF.last_name := p_last_name;
    SELF.dob := SYSDATE;
    SELF.phone := '555-1212';
    RETURN;
  END;
  CONSTRUCTOR FUNCTION person_typ(
    p_id NUMBER,
    p_first_name VARCHAR2,
    p_last_name VARCHAR2,
    p_dob DATE,
    p_phone VARCHAR2)
  RETURN SELF AS RESULT IS
  BEGIN
    SELF.id := p_id;
    SELF.first_name := p_first_name;
    SELF.last_name := p_last_name;
    SELF.dob := p_dob;
    SELF.phone := p_phone;
    RETURN;
  END;
```

Type Body PERSON_TYP compiled

Name	Null?	Type
ID		NUMBER
FIRST_NAME		VARCHAR2 (10)
LAST_NAME		VARCHAR2 (10)
DOB		DATE
PHONE		VARCHAR2 (12)
PHONE2		VARCHAR2 (12)

METHOD

FINAL CONSTRUCTOR FUNCTION PERSON_TYP RETURNS SELF AS RESULT

Argument Name	Type	In/Out	Default?
P_ID	NUMBER	IN	
P_FIRST_NAME	VARCHAR2	IN	
P_LAST_NAME	VARCHAR2	IN	

METHOD

FINAL CONSTRUCTOR FUNCTION PERSON_TYP RETURNS SELF AS RESULT

Argument Name	Type	In/Out	Default?
P_ID	NUMBER	IN	
P_FIRST_NAME	VARCHAR2	IN	
P_LAST_NAME	VARCHAR2	IN	
P_DOB	DATE	IN	
P_PHONE	VARCHAR2	IN	

Методы - конструкторы

```
-- object table
CREATE TABLE object_customers OF person_typ;

INSERT INTO object_customers
VALUES (person_typ(1, 'Joe', 'Madsen', '20-02-1967', '333-75-75'));
INSERT INTO object_customers
VALUES (person_typ(2, 'Sue', 'Snork'));
COMMIT;

SELECT * FROM object_customers;
```

	ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	DOB	PHONE	PHONE2
1	1	Joe	Madsen	20-02-67	333-75-75	(null)
2	2	Sue	Snork	14-11-23	555-1212	(null)

Методы сравнения

- Методы MAP – предназначены для сравнения, сортировки и UNION
- Методы ORDER – предназначены для сортировки по значениям полей

Метод сравнения MAP

```
-- member map method - for ordering and equivalency
```

```
CREATE TYPE person_typ AS OBJECT (  
    id_no NUMBER,  
    first_name VARCHAR2(10),  
    last_name VARCHAR2(10),  
    dob DATE,  
    phone VARCHAR2(12),  
    MAP MEMBER FUNCTION get_id_no RETURN NUMBER);
```

Type PERSON_TYP compiled

```
CREATE TYPE BODY person_typ AS  
MAP MEMBER FUNCTION get_id_no RETURN NUMBER IS  
    BEGIN  
        RETURN id_no;  
    END;  
END;
```

Type Body PERSON_TYP compiled

Метод сравнения MAP

```
CREATE TABLE contacts (  
    contact person_typ,  
    contact_date DATE );  
  
-- insert 2 contacts;  
INSERT INTO contacts  
VALUES (  
    person_typ (50, 'Julia', 'Nixon', '14-12-2003', '2-65-5550125'),  
        '24-05-2023' );  
INSERT INTO contacts  
VALUES (  
    person_typ (49, 'Lydia', 'Nixon', '12-12-2000', '2-65-5521225'),  
        '24-05-2023' );  
COMMIT;
```

```
-- get_id_no()  
SELECT c.contact.get_id_no() FROM contacts c;
```

	C.CONTACT.GET_ID_NO()
1	50
2	49

Метод сравнения MAP

```
-- order by map
SELECT c.contact
FROM contacts c
ORDER BY c.contact;
```

```
CONTACT(ID_NO, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, DOB, PHONE)
-----
PERSON_TYP(49, 'Lydia', 'Nixon', '12-12-2000', '2-65-5521225')
PERSON_TYP(50, 'Julia', 'Nixon', '14-12-2003', '2-65-5550125')
```

```
INSERT INTO contacts
VALUES (person_typ (50, 'Sonya', 'Johnson', '13-10-1990', '2-67-5527127'),
        '24-05-2023' );

COMMIT;
```

```
PERSON_TYP(49, 'Lydia', 'Nixon', '12-12-2000', '2-65-5521225')
PERSON_TYP(50, 'Sonya', 'Johnson', '13-10-1990', '2-67-5527127')
PERSON_TYP(50, 'Julia', 'Nixon', '14-12-2003', '2-65-5550125')
```

```
-- equal by map
SELECT c1.contact, c2.contact
FROM contacts c1 JOIN contacts c2
ON c1.contact = c2.contact;
```

```
PERSON_TYP(50, 'Sonya', 'Johnson', '13-10-1990', '2-67-5527127')
PERSON_TYP(50, 'Julia', 'Nixon', '14-12-2003', '2-65-5550125')

PERSON_TYP(50, 'Julia', 'Nixon', '14-12-2003', '2-65-5550125')
PERSON_TYP(50, 'Julia', 'Nixon', '14-12-2003', '2-65-5550125')

PERSON_TYP(49, 'Lydia', 'Nixon', '12-12-2000', '2-65-5521225')
PERSON_TYP(49, 'Lydia', 'Nixon', '12-12-2000', '2-65-5521225')

PERSON_TYP(50, 'Sonya', 'Johnson', '13-10-1990', '2-67-5527127')
PERSON_TYP(50, 'Sonya', 'Johnson', '13-10-1990', '2-67-5527127')

PERSON_TYP(50, 'Julia', 'Nixon', '14-12-2003', '2-65-5550125')
PERSON_TYP(50, 'Sonya', 'Johnson', '13-10-1990', '2-67-5527127')
```

Метод сравнения ORDER

```
-- only map or order method - not both
CREATE TYPE person_typ AS OBJECT (
  id_no NUMBER,
  first_name VARCHAR2(10),
  last_name VARCHAR2(10),
  dob DATE,
  phone VARCHAR2(12),
  ORDER MEMBER FUNCTION is_older (contact_person person_typ) RETURN INTEGER);

CREATE TYPE BODY person_typ AS
ORDER MEMBER FUNCTION is_older (contact_person person_typ) RETURN INTEGER IS
  BEGIN
    IF dob > contact_person.dob
      THEN RETURN -1;
    ELSIF dob < contact_person.dob
      THEN RETURN 1;
    ELSE RETURN 0;
    END IF;
  END;
END;
```

Type PERSON_TYP compiled

Type Body PERSON_TYP compiled

Метод сравнения ORDER

```
CREATE TABLE contacts (  
    contact person_typ,  
    contact_date DATE );  
  
-- insert 2 contacts;  
INSERT INTO contacts VALUES (  
person_typ (50, 'Julia', 'Nixon', '14-12-2003', '2-65-5550125'), '24-05-2023' );  
INSERT INTO contacts VALUES (  
person_typ (49, 'Lydia', 'Nixon', '12-12-2000', '2-65-5521225'), '24-05-2023' );  
INSERT INTO contacts VALUES (  
person_typ (50, 'Sonya', 'Johnson', '13-10-1990', '2-67-5527127'), '24-05-2023' );  
COMMIT;
```

```
-- order by  
SELECT c.contact  
FROM contacts c  
ORDER BY c.contact;
```

CONTACT(ID_NO, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, DOB, PHONE)

PERSON_TYP(50, 'Julia', 'Nixon', '14-12-2003', '2-65-5550125')
--

PERSON_TYP(49, 'Lydia', 'Nixon', '12-12-2000', '2-65-5521225')
--

PERSON_TYP(50, 'Sonya', 'Johnson', '13-10-1990', '2-67-5527127')
--

Метод сравнения ORDER

```
-- is_older()
DECLARE
    person_S person_typ;
    person_J person_typ;
    is_older NUMBER(1);
BEGIN
    person_J := NEW person_typ (50, 'Julia', 'Nixon', '14-12-2003', '2-65-5550125');
    person_S := NEW person_typ (50, 'Sonya', 'Johnson', '13-10-1990', '2-67-5527127');
    is_older := person_J.is_older(person_S);
    IF is_older = 1
        THEN DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Julia is older than Sonya');
        ELSE DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Sonya is older than Julia');
    END IF;
END;
```

Sonya is older than Julia

Статические методы

- Статические методы относятся к типу в целом, а не к экземпляру

Статические методы

```
--  
CREATE TYPE person_typ AS OBJECT (  
    id_no NUMBER,  
    first_name VARCHAR2(10),  
    last_name VARCHAR2(10),  
    dob DATE,  
    phone VARCHAR2(12),  
    MEMBER PROCEDURE display_details ( SELF IN OUT NOCOPY person_typ ),  
    STATIC FUNCTION how_many (tablename VARCHAR2) RETURN NUMBER);
```

```
CREATE TYPE BODY person_typ AS  
    MEMBER PROCEDURE display_details ( SELF IN OUT NOCOPY person_typ ) IS  
        BEGIN  
            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(TO_CHAR(id_no) || ' ' || first_name || ' ' || last_name);  
            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(to_char(dob, 'dd/mm/yyyy'));  
            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(phone);  
        END;  
    STATIC FUNCTION how_many (tablename VARCHAR2) RETURN NUMBER IS  
        sqlstmt VARCHAR2(100);  
        rc NUMBER := 0;  
        BEGIN  
            sqlstmt := 'SELECT count(*) from ' || tablename;  
            EXECUTE IMMEDIATE sqlstmt INTO rc;  
            RETURN rc;  
        END;  
END;
```

Type PERSON_TYP compiled

Type Body PERSON_TYP compiled

Статические методы

```
-- member procedure
DECLARE
    person_J person_typ;
BEGIN
    person_J := NEW person_typ (50, 'Julia', 'Nixon', '14-12-2003', '2-65-5550125');
    person_typ.display_details(person_J);
END;
```

50	Julia	Nixon
	14/12/2003	
		2-65-5550125

```
--static method
CREATE TABLE contacts (
    contact person_typ,
    contact_date DATE );

-- insert 2 contacts;
INSERT INTO contacts VALUES (
    person_typ (50, 'Julia', 'Nixon', '14-12-2003', '2-65-5550125'), '24-05-2023' );
INSERT INTO contacts VALUES (
    person_typ (49, 'Lydia', 'Nixon', '12-12-2000', '2-65-5521225'), '24-05-2023' );
INSERT INTO contacts VALUES (
    person_typ (50, 'Sonya', 'Johnson', '13-10-1990', '2-67-5527127'), '24-05-2023' );
COMMIT;
```

```
-- static method invoke
SELECT person_typ.how_many('contacts') FROM dual;
```

PERSON_TYP.HOW_MANY('CONTACTS')	
1	3

Объектные представления

- Цель – создание аналога ORM:
- На основе уже существующих таблиц создать объекты

```
--existed tables
DESCRIBE emp;
--Name      Null?      Type
-----
--EMPNO      NOT NULL  NUMBER(4)
--ENAME      NOT NULL  VARCHAR2(10)
--JOB                VARCHAR2(9)
--MGR                NUMBER(4)
--HIREDATE        DATE
--SAL              NUMBER(7,2)
--COMM            NUMBER(7,2)
--DEPTNO          NUMBER(2)
```

	EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
1	7839	KING	PRESIDENT	(null)	17.11.81	400	(null)	10
2	7698	BLAKE	MANAGER	7839	01.05.81	2850	(null)	30
3	7782	CLARK	MANAGER	7839	09.06.81	2450	(null)	10
4	7566	JONES	MANAGER	7839	02.04.81	2975	(null)	20
5	7654	MARTIN	SALESMAN	7698	28.09.81	1250	400	30
6	7499	ALLEN	SALESMAN	7698	20.02.81	1600	300	30
7	7844	TURNER	SALESMAN	7698	08.09.81	1500	0	30
8	7900	JAMES	CLERK	7698	03.12.81	950	(null)	30
9	7521	WARD	SALESMAN	7698	22.02.81	1250	500	30
10	7902	FORD	ANALYST	7566	03.12.81	3000	(null)	20
11	7369	SMITH	CLERK	7902	17.12.80	800	(null)	20
12	7788	SCOTT	ANALYST	7566	09.12.82	3000	(null)	20
13	7876	ADAMS	CLERK	7788	12.01.83	1100	(null)	20
14	7934	MILLER	CLERK	7782	23.01.82	1300	(null)	10

Объектные представления

```
-- type for existed table
CREATE TYPE employee_typ AS OBJECT (
    id NUMBER(4),
    ename VARCHAR2(10),
    job VARCHAR2(9),
    mgr NUMBER(4),
    HIREDATE DATE,
    SAL NUMBER(7,2),
    COMM NUMBER(7,2),
    DEPTNO NUMBER(2) ,
    MEMBER PROCEDURE display_details ( SELF IN OUT NOCOPY employee_typ),
    MEMBER FUNCTION years_at_company RETURN NUMBER);

CREATE TYPE BODY employee_typ AS
    MEMBER PROCEDURE display_details ( SELF IN OUT NOCOPY employee_typ )
    IS
        BEGIN
            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(TO_CHAR(id) || ' ' || ename || ' ' || job || ' at dept ' || deptno);
            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(to_char(hiredate, 'dd/mm/yyyy'));
            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Rate: sal = ' || sal || ', comm = ' || comm || '.');
        END;
    MEMBER FUNCTION years_at_company RETURN NUMBER
    IS
        rc NUMBER := 0;
        BEGIN
            rc := months_between(sysdate, hiredate)/12;
            RETURN rc;
        END;
END;
```

Объектные представления

```
-- Object view
```

```
CREATE VIEW emp_ov OF employee_typ
WITH OBJECT IDENTIFIER (id) AS
SELECT  e.empno, e.ename, e.job,
        e.mgr, e.hiredate, e.sal,
        e.comm, e.deptno
FROM emp e;
```

```
-- select from view
```

```
SELECT e.ename, e.years_at_company()
FROM emp_ov e;
```

```
SELECT VALUE(e) FROM emp_ov e;
```

	ENAME	E.YEARS_AT_COMPANY()
1	KING	42,01838619449422540820390282755874153725
2	BLAKE	42,561396947182397451214655515730784548
3	CLARK	42,45655823750497809637594583831142970925
4	JONES	42,64204210847272003185981680605336519317
5	MARTIN	42,155482968687773795300677021107128634
6	ALLEN	42,76032167836519315013938669852648347275
7	TURNER	42,20924640954798884906411788132218239742
8	JAMES	41,97268726976304261250497809637594583833
9	WARD	42,75494533427917164476304261250497809642
10	FORD	41,97268726976304261250497809637594583833
11	SMITH	42,93505286116089207487056949422540820392
12	SCOTT	40,95655823750497809637594583831142970925
13	ADAMS	40,86516038804261250497809637594583831142

```
VALUE(E) (ID, ENAME, JOB, MGR, HIREDATE, SAL, COMM, DEPTNO)
```

```
-----
EMPLOYEE_TYP(7839, 'KING', 'PRESIDENT', NULL, '17.11.81', 400, NULL, 10)
EMPLOYEE_TYP(7698, 'BLAKE', 'MANAGER', 7839, '01.05.81', 2850, NULL, 30)
EMPLOYEE_TYP(7782, 'CLARK', 'MANAGER', 7839, '09.06.81', 2450, NULL, 10)
EMPLOYEE_TYP(7566, 'JONES', 'MANAGER', 7839, '02.04.81', 2975, NULL, 20)
EMPLOYEE_TYP(7654, 'MARTIN', 'SALESMAN', 7698, '28.09.81', 1250, 400, 30)
EMPLOYEE_TYP(7499, 'ALLEN', 'SALESMAN', 7698, '20.02.81', 1600, 300, 30)
EMPLOYEE_TYP(7844, 'TURNER', 'SALESMAN', 7698, '08.09.81', 1500, 0, 30)
EMPLOYEE_TYP(7900, 'JAMES', 'CLERK', 7698, '03.12.81', 950, NULL, 30)
EMPLOYEE_TYP(7521, 'WARD', 'SALESMAN', 7698, '22.02.81', 1250, 500, 30)
EMPLOYEE_TYP(7902, 'FORD', 'ANALYST', 7566, '03.12.81', 3000, NULL, 20)
EMPLOYEE_TYP(7369, 'SMITH', 'CLERK', 7902, '17.12.80', 800, NULL, 20)
```

```
VALUE(E) (ID, ENAME, JOB, MGR, HIREDATE, SAL, COMM, DEPTNO)
```

```
-----
EMPLOYEE_TYP(7788, 'SCOTT', 'ANALYST', 7566, '09.12.82', 3000, NULL, 20)
EMPLOYEE_TYP(7876, 'ADAMS', 'CLERK', 7788, '12.01.83', 1100, NULL, 20)
EMPLOYEE_TYP(7934, 'MILLER', 'CLERK', 7782, '23.01.82', 1300, NULL, 10)
```


Объектные представления

- Все строки таблиц имеют объектные ссылки

```
SELECT REF(e) FROM emp ov e;
```

[illegible]

REF (E)

4A038A004657AD02B2279947119C1E046DEB4199B200000014260100010001002900000000000090604002A00078401FE0000000A02C2500
4A038A004657AD02B2279947119C1E046DEB4199B200000014260100010001002900000000000090604002A00078401FE0000000B03C25003000000000000000000000000000000000000000
4A038A004657AD02B2279947119C1E046DEB4199B200000014260100010001002900000000000090604002A00078401FE0000000B03C2502300000000000000000000000000000000000000

Объектные представления

- DML операции производятся так же

```
UPDATE emp_ov e SET e.ename = INITCAP(e.ename)  
WHERE e.id = 7934;
```

	ENAME
1	ADAMS
2	ALLEN
3	BLAKE
4	CLARK
5	FORD
6	JAMES
7	JONES
8	KING
9	MARTIN
10	Miller
11	SCOTT
12	SMITH
13	TURNER
14	WARD

Объектные представления

- В PL/SQL объектные представления также могут использоваться

```
declare
    the_beginner employee_typ;
begin
    select VALUE(e) into the_beginner
    from emp_ov e
    order by e.years_at_company() desc
    fetch first 1 row only;
    the_beginner.display_details;
end;
```

```
7369 SMITH CLERK at dept 20
17/12/1980
Rate: sal = 800, comm = .
```

Индексирование

```
-- type for existed table
CREATE TYPE employee_typ AS OBJECT (
    id NUMBER(4),
    ename VARCHAR2(10),
    job VARCHAR2(9),
    mgr NUMBER(4),
    HIREDATE DATE,
    SAL NUMBER(7,2),
    COMM NUMBER(7,2),
    DEPTNO NUMBER(2) ,
    MEMBER PROCEDURE display_details ( SELF IN OUT NOCOPY employee_typ),
    MEMBER FUNCTION years_at_company RETURN NUMBER DETERMINISTIC);

CREATE TYPE BODY employee_typ AS
    MEMBER PROCEDURE display_details ( SELF IN OUT NOCOPY employee_typ )
    IS
        BEGIN
            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(TO_CHAR(id) || ' ' || ename || ' ' || job || ' at dept ' || deptno);
            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(to_char(hiredate, 'dd/mm/yyyy'));
            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Rate: sal = ' || sal || ', comm = ' || comm || '.');
        END;
    MEMBER FUNCTION years_at_company RETURN NUMBER DETERMINISTIC
    IS
        rc NUMBER := 0;
        BEGIN
            rc := months_between(sysdate, hiredate)/12;
            RETURN rc;
        END;
END;
```

Индексирование

- Индексирование может быть реализовано по атрибутам или методам

```
-- object indexing
CREATE TABLE emp_ot (
    emp employee_typ,
    date_added DATE DEFAULT sysdate);
```

```
INSERT INTO emp_ot (emp)
SELECT VALUE (E) ei FROM emp_ov e;
commit;
```

Индексирование по атрибуту

```
--index attribute  
SELECT * FROM emp_ot e  
WHERE e.emp.ename = 'BLAKE';  
  
CREATE INDEX ename_idx ON emp_ot (emp.ename);
```

OPERATION	OBJECT_NAME	OPTIONS	CARDINALITY	COST
SELECT STATEMENT			1	3
TABLE ACCESS	EMP_OT	FULL	1	3
Filter Predicates				
E.SYS_NC00003\$='BLAKE'				
Other XML				

OPERATION	OBJECT_NAME	OPTIONS	CARDINALITY	COST
SELECT STATEMENT			1	2
TABLE ACCESS	EMP_OT	BY INDEX ROWI...	1	2
INDEX	ENAME_IDX	RANGE SCAN	1	1
Access Predicates				
E.SYS_NC00003\$='BLAKE'				
Other XML				

Индексирование по методу

```
--index object
```

```
SELECT * FROM emp_ot e
```

```
where e.emp.years_at_company() < 20;
```

```
CREATE BITMAP INDEX empid_idx ON emp_ot(emp.years_at_company());
```

OPERATION	OBJECT_NAME	OPTIONS	CARDINALITY	COST
SELECT STATEMENT			1	3
TABLE ACCESS	EMP_OT	FULL	1	3
Filter Predicates				
EMPLOYEE_TYP.YEARS_AT_COMPANY(E.EMP)<20				
Other XML				
info				

OPERATION	OBJECT_NAME	OPTIONS	CARDINALITY	COST
SELECT STATEMENT			1	2
TABLE ACCESS	EMP_OT	BY INDEX ROWI...	1	2
BITMAP CONVERSION		TO ROWIDS		
BITMAP INDEX	EMPID_IDX	RANGE SCAN		
Access Predicates				
EMPLOYEE_TYP.YEARS_AT_COMPANY(EMP)<20				
Filter Predicates				
EMPLOYEE_TYP.YEARS_AT_COMPANY(EMP)<20				
Other XML				

Вопросы?