

Python para JS Devs JS



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Estão contratando!

\$\$\$\$\$\$\$ Jabá \$\$\$\$\$\$



Sim

Sim





JavaScript Developers





Por que Digamos que o JS não resolve tudo...







Pelo menos não tão rápido!

Quanto o python!



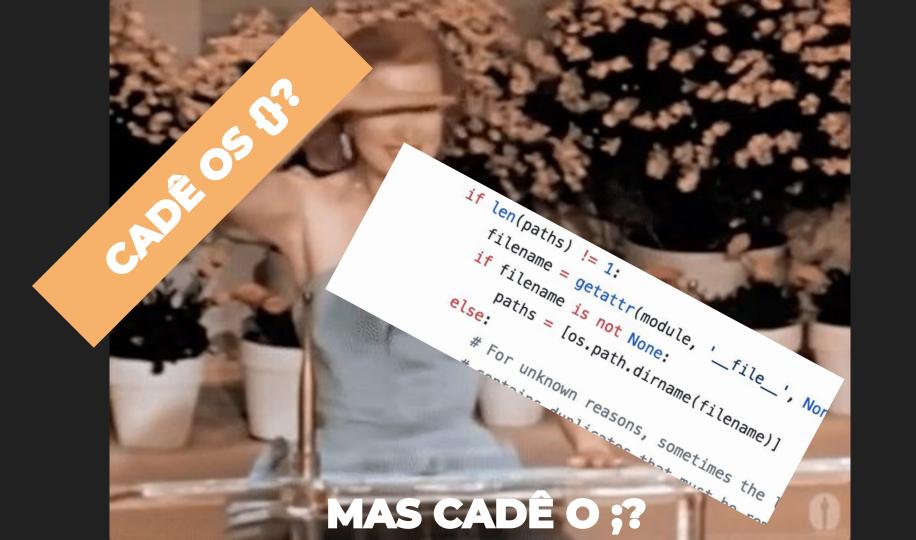
```
def _path_from_module(self, module):
   """Attempt to determine app's filesystem path from its module."""
    # See #21874 for extended discussion of the behavior of this method in
    # various cases.
   # Convert paths to list because Python's NamespacePath doesn't support
    # indexing.
   paths = list(getattr(module, '__path__', []))
    if len(paths) != 1:
       filename = getattr(module, '_ file_', None)
       if filename is not None:
            paths = [os.path.dirname(filename)]
       else:
            # For unknown reasons, sometimes the list returned by path
            # contains duplicates that must be removed (#25246).
            paths = list(set(paths))
   if len(paths) > 1:
       raise ImproperlyConfigured(
            "The app module %r has multiple filesystem locations (%r); "
            "you must configure this app with an AppConfig subclass "
            "with a 'path' class attribute." % (module, paths))
    elif not paths:
       raise ImproperlyConfigured(
            "The app module %r has no filesystem location, "
            "you must configure this app with an AppConfig subclass "
            "with a 'path' class attribute." % (module,))
   return paths[0]
```

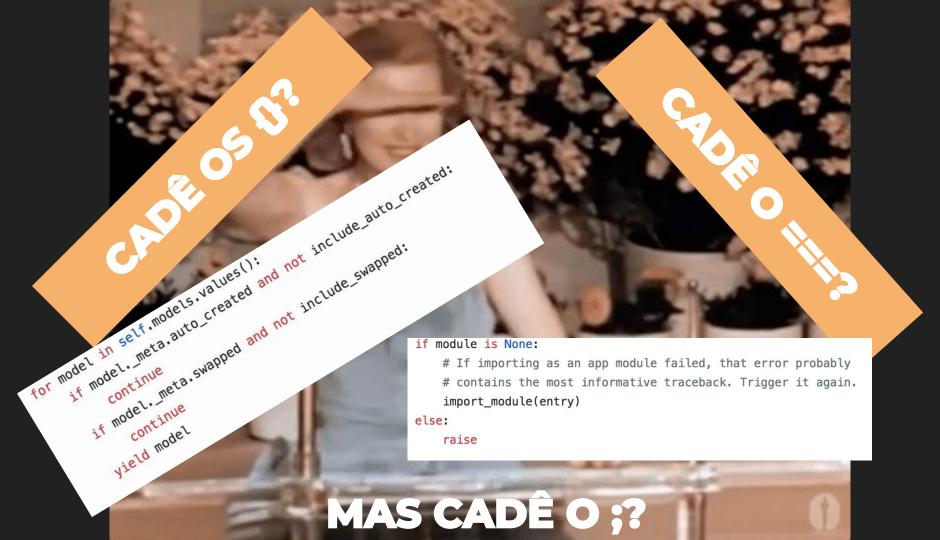
No primeiro código que eu vi!

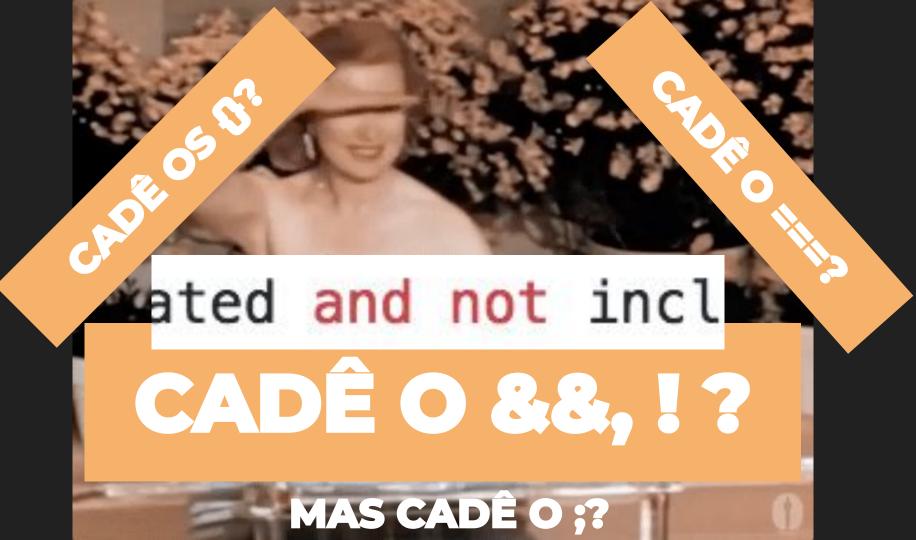
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No primeiro código que eu vi!











Mas falando sério!



Começando pelas variáveis!

a = 10





Depois vem as funções!

MAS CUIDADO

```
def hello:
    world = "Yes! world!"
    print(world) # ← isso é um erro de identação
```



Controles de fluxo

```
if (a > 10) {
    // Alguma coisa
} else if ( a < 5 ) {
    // Outra coisa
} else {
    // O que sobrou
}</pre>
```



```
if a > 10:
    # Alguma coisa
elif a < 5:
    # Outra coisa
else:
    # 0 que sobrou</pre>
```



Controles de fluxo

```
while (a > 10) {
   a = a + 1
}
```





Controles de fluxo

```
for (let i of n) {
  console.log(i);
}
```

```
for i in n:
  print(i)
```





Arrays

$$array = [1, '2', 9.0 / 3]$$





Arrays

```
array.length;
array.push(4);
array.reverse();
```

len(array)
array.append(4)
array.reverse()





Arrays!!!

```
var array = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5];
[...array].splice(0, 3); // [1, 2, 3]
[...array].splice(3, 2); // [4, 5]
[array[2], array[array.length - 2]] //[3, 4]
```



```
array = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
array[0:2] # [1, 2, 3]
array[3:] # [4, 5]
array[2, -2] # [3, 4]
```



Fonte: https://dev.to/underdogio/python-for-javascript-developers

Arrays!!!

$$[1, 2] + [3, 4] //"1,23,4" \leftarrow WTF???$$



$$[1, 2] + [3, 4] # [1, 2, 3, 4]$$



Map?, Dictionary?, Object? You decide!

```
var person = {
  name: `jeff`,
  age: 22
};
```



```
person = {
  'name': 'jeff',
  'age': 22
}
```



Map?, Dictionary?, Object? You decide!

```
person.name //jeff person['name'] #jeff
person['age'] //22 person['age'] #22

person.gender || 'male' person.get('gender', 'male')
```







Modulos

```
// module.js
var lyrics = `And I say, hey yeah yeah ... `;

function sing() {
    console.log(lyrics);
}

module.exports = { // ← node
    sing,
    lyrics
};

export { sing, lyrics }; // ← ES6/ES7 ...
```

```
# module.py

lyrics = "And I say, hey yeah yeah..."

def sing():
   print(lyrics)
```





Modulos

```
const module = require('./module');
import module from 'module';
module.sing()
```

import module

module.sing()





Modulos

```
const sing = require('./module').sing;
import { sing } from 'module';
sing();
```

from module import sing
sing()





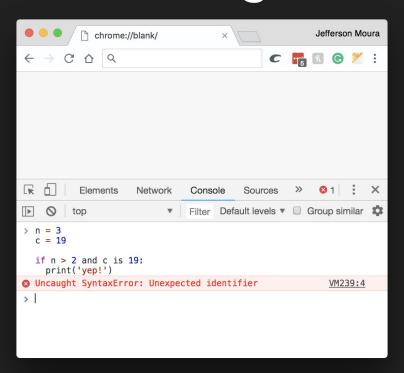
Mas Apesar das diferenças!

Todo mundo se respeita!



E ambos funcionam bem em todos os lugares!

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Onde são suportados! Claro!

Então, é só fazer a melhor escolha e ser feliz!

