Transfer learning in image classification

In this notebook we will use transfer learning and take pre-trained model from google's Tensorflow Hub and re-train that on flowers dataset. Using pre-trained model saves lot of time and computational budget for new classification problem at hand

```
# Install tensorflow_hub using pip install tensorflow_hub first
import numpy as np
import cv2
import PIL.Image as Image
import os
import matplotlib.pylab as plt
import tensorflow as tf
import tensorflow_hub as hub
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras import layers
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
Make predictions using ready made model (without any training)
IMAGE\_SHAPE = (224, 224)
classifier = tf.keras.Sequential([
   ])
gold_fish = Image.open("gold-fish-1.jpg").resize(IMAGE_SHAPE)
gold_fish
\square
gold_fish = np.array(gold_fish)/255.0
gold_fish.shape
    (224, 224, 3)
{\tt gold\_fish[np.newaxis, \, \ldots]}
    array([[[[0.01176471, 0.03529412, 0.
            [0.01960784, 0.04313725, 0.
                                             ],
            [0.02352941, 0.04705882, 0.
            [0.07058824, 0.08235294, 0.
                                             ٦,
            [0.07058824, 0.08235294, 0.
            [0.07058824, 0.08235294, 0.
                                             ]],
            [[0.01176471, 0.03529412, 0.
             [0.01960784, 0.04313725, 0.
            [0.02745098, 0.04705882, 0.
                                             ],
```

],

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]],

[0.07058824, 0.08235294, 0.

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[[0.01176471, 0.03529412, 0.], [0.01960784, 0.04313725, 0.], [0.02745098, 0.05098039, 0.00392157],

[0.07058824, 0.08235294, 0. [0.07058824, 0.08235294, 0. [0.07058824, 0.08235294, 0.

```
[[0.01176471, 0.01176471, 0.00392157],
               [0.01176471, 0.01176471, 0.00392157],
              [0.01176471, 0.01176471, 0.00392157],
              [0.04705882, 0.04705882, 0.00784314],
              [0.04313725, 0.04313725, 0.00392157],
[0.03529412, 0.04313725, 0. ]]
             [[0.01176471, 0.01176471, 0.00392157],
              [0.01176471, 0.01176471, 0.00392157],
              [0.01176471, 0.01176471, 0.00392157],
              [0.04705882, 0.04705882, 0.00392157],
              [0.04313725, 0.04313725, 0.00392157],
              [0.03529412, 0.04313725, 0.
             [[0.00784314, 0.00784314, 0.
              [0.00784314, 0.00784314, 0.
              [0.01176471, 0.01176471, 0.00392157],
              [0.04705882, 0.04705882, 0.
              [0.04313725, 0.04313725, 0.
                                                  jjjj))
              [0.03529412, 0.04313725, 0.
result = classifier.predict(gold_fish[np.newaxis, ...])
result.shape
     1/1 [======] - 1s 872ms/step
     (1, 1001)
predicted_label_index = np.argmax(result)
predicted_label_index
     2
#tf.keras.utils.get_file('ImageNetLabels.txt','https://storage.googleapis.com/download.tensorflow.org/data/ImageNetLabels.txt')
image_labels = []
with open("ImageNetLabels.txt", "r") as f:
   image_labels = f.read().splitlines()
image_labels[:5]
     ['background', 'tench', 'goldfish', 'great white shark', 'tiger shark']
image labels[predicted label index]
     'goldfish'
Load flowers dataset
dataset_url = "https://storage.googleapis.com/download.tensorflow.org/example_images/flower_photos.tgz"
\tt data\_dir = tf.keras.utils.get\_file('flower\_photos', origin=dataset\_url, cache\_dir='.', untar=True)
# cache_dir indicates where to download data. I specified . which means current directory
# untar true will unzip it
data_dir
     './datasets/flower_photos'
import pathlib
data_dir = pathlib.Path(data_dir)
data_dir
     PosixPath('datasets/flower photos')
list(data_dir.glob('*/*.jpg'))[:5]
     [PosixPath('datasets/flower\_photos/daisy/6323721068\_3d3394af6d\_n.jpg'),\\
      PosixPath('datasets/flower_photos/daisy/144076848_57e1d662e3_m.jpg'),
      PosixPath('datasets/flower_photos/daisy/16020253176_60f2a6a5ca_n.jpg'),
      PosixPath('datasets/flower_photos/daisy/422094774_28acc69a8b_n.jpg'),
      PosixPath('datasets/flower_photos/daisy/8708143485_38d084ac8c_n.jpg')]
image_count = len(list(data_dir.glob('*/*.jpg')))
print(image_count)
```

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```
roses = list(data_dir.glob('roses/*'))
roses[:5]

[PosixPath('datasets/flower_photos/roses/14019883858_e5d2a0ec10_n.jpg'),
    PosixPath('datasets/flower_photos/roses/20825078671_90b0389c70_m.jpg'),
    PosixPath('datasets/flower_photos/roses/17158274118_00ec99a23c.jpg'),
    PosixPath('datasets/flower_photos/roses/4713533500_fcc295de70_n.jpg'),
    PosixPath('datasets/flower_photos/roses/4713533500_fcc295de70_n.jpg'))

pip install pillow
    Requirement already satisfied: pillow in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (9.4.0)

import PIL
PIL.Image.open(str(roses[1]))
```



tulips = list(data_dir.glob('tulips/*'))
PIL.Image.open(str(tulips[0]))



Read flowers images from disk into numpy array using opency

```
flowers_images_dict = {
    'roses': list(data_dir.glob('roses/*')),
    'daisy': list(data_dir.glob('daisy/*')),
    'dandelion': list(data_dir.glob('dandelion/*')),
    'sunflowers': list(data_dir.glob('sunflowers/*')),
    'tulips': list(data_dir.glob('tulips/*')),
}
flowers_labels_dict = {
    'roses': 0,
    'daisy': 1,
    'dandelion': 2,
    'sunflowers': 3,
    'tulips': 4,
}
flowers_images_dict['roses'][:5]
     [PosixPath('datasets/flower_photos/roses/14019883858_e5d2a0ec10_n.jpg'),
      PosixPath('datasets/flower_photos/roses/20825078671_90b0389c70_m.jpg'),
      PosixPath('datasets/flower_photos/roses/17158274118_00ec99a23c.jpg'),
      PosixPath('datasets/flower_photos/roses/4713533500_fcc295de70_n.jpg'),
      PosixPath('datasets/flower_photos/roses/5419629292_2f06e4b295.jpg')]
str(flowers_images_dict['roses'][0])
     'datasets/flower_photos/roses/14019883858_e5d2a0ec10_n.jpg'
```

```
img = cv2.imread(str(flowers_images_dict['roses'][0]))
img.shape
     (231, 320, 3)
cv2.resize(img,(224,224)).shape
     (224, 224, 3)
X, y = [], []
for flower_name, images in flowers_images_dict.items():
    for image in images:
        img = cv2.imread(str(image))
        resized_img = cv2.resize(img,(224,224))
        X.append(resized_img)
        y.append(flowers_labels_dict[flower_name])
X = np.array(X)
y = np.array(y)
Train test split
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, random_state=0)
```

Preprocessing: scale images

```
X_train_scaled = X_train / 255
X_test_scaled = X_test / 255
```

Make prediction using pre-trained model on new flowers dataset

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7e632a05ec20>



```
plt.axis('off')
plt.imshow(X[1])
```

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7e632a108340>



plt.axis('off')
plt.imshow(X[2])

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7e6207bda650>



Now take pre-trained model and retrain it using flowers images

```
feature_extractor_model = "https://tfhub.dev/google/tf2-preview/mobilenet_v2/feature_vector/4"
pretrained_model_without_top_layer = hub.KerasLayer(
    feature_extractor_model, input_shape=(224, 224, 3), trainable=False)

num_of_flowers = 5
model = tf.keras.Sequential([
    pretrained_model_without_top_layer,
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(num_of_flowers)
])
model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential_1"

model.evaluate(X_test_scaled,y_test)

```
Layer (type)
                         Output Shape
                                               Param #
    _____
    keras_layer_1 (KerasLayer) (None, 1280)
                                               2257984
                          (None, 5)
    dense (Dense)
                                               6405
   -----
   Total params: 2264389 (8.64 MB)
    Trainable params: 6405 (25.02 KB)
   Non-trainable params: 2257984 (8.61 MB)
model.compile(
 optimizer="adam",
 loss = tf. keras. losses. Sparse Categorical Crossentropy (from\_logits = True),\\
 metrics=['acc'])
model.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train, epochs=5)
```