# **Exploring the Data**

### **OBJECTIVE**

The purpose of this task is to perform a comprehensive data quality assessment and exploration of a given dataset. You will generate key visualizations and reports to understand the data distribution, detect patterns, and address any data quality issues, such as missing or incorrect data.

### **STEPS**

#### 1 Load the Dataset

- Load the dataset from the file listings\_new\_york\_2024.csv1.
- Do preliminary data exploration:
  - 1. Identify number of rows and columns.
  - 2. Display data types of each column and convert data types if necessary (e.g., dates, categorical variables).
  - 3. Generate summary statistics (mean, median, mode, etc.) for numerical columns.
  - 4. Count unique values, find the first and the second mode, the frequency of the first and the second mode for categorical columns.

## 2 Data Quality Report

- Missing Data Analysis:
  - Identify columns with missing values and the percentage of missing data in each column.
- Incorrect Data Detection:
  - Detect potential outliers or incorrect data entries.

# 3 Handling Incorrect Data

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This file is taken from the : Inside Airbnb dataset, New York City, United States, file date: July 5, 2024.

- Identify and handle outliers or incorrect data entries.
- Use domain knowledge to filter or replace incorrect values where necessary.
- Explain any assumptions made and the process for correcting these errors.

## 4 Dealing with Missing Data

- Apply strategies to handle missing data:
  - Remove rows or columns with a high percentage of missing data.
  - Impute missing values using mean/median (for numerical data) or mode (for categorical data).
- Document your approach and reasoning behind handling missing data.

## 5 Data Exploration

### • Histograms:

 Create histograms for numerical columns to understand the data distribution (normal, skewed, etc.).

### • Bar Plots:

 Generate bar plots for categorical columns to examine the distribution of categories.

### • Scatter Plots:

 Create scatter plots to explore relationships between pairs of numerical columns.

### Correlation Matrix:

- Calculate the correlation matrix for numerical variables.
- Visualize the correlation matrix using a heatmap to identify highly correlated variables.

## 6 Final Data Summary

- Provide a summary of the cleaned dataset, including the final number of rows and columns, and a comparison with the original dataset.
- Comment on any transformations or imputations applied.

#### **DELIVERABLES**

You are required to submit an IPython notebook containing:

- A detailed data quality report for the original dataset.
- Categorization of all variables (features) in the dataset.
- Visualizations including histograms, bar plots, scatter plots, and a correlation matrix heatmap.
- A data quality plan, outlining strategies for handling missing and incorrect data.
- Answers to the following questions:
  - 1. What is the distribution of property prices across different neighborhoods, and are there significant differences between them?
  - 2. How does the room type (Entire home/apt, Private room, etc.) affect the price? Are certain room types consistently more expensive?
  - 3. What is the correlation between the number of reviews and the availability of listings (availability\_365)? Do listings with more reviews tend to be less available?
  - 4. Are there any outliers in the price or minimum night stays? How do they compare to typical listings?
  - 5. How do hosts with multiple listings compare to those with a single listing in terms of reviews, pricing, and availability?