

$$(b) \int_0^t 2 \sin \tau \cos(t-\tau) d\tau = 2 \sin t * \cos t$$

$$\therefore F(s) = \mathcal{L}\{2 \sin t\} \cdot \mathcal{L}\{\cos t\}$$

$$= \frac{2}{s^2+1} \cdot \frac{s}{s^2+1} = \frac{2s}{(s^2+1)^2}$$

$$5- (a) \bar{F}(s) + \mathcal{L}\{f(t)*1\} = \frac{1}{s} \quad \bar{F}(s) + \bar{F}(s) \cdot \frac{1}{s} = \frac{1}{s}$$

$$\bar{F}(s) = \frac{1}{s+1} \quad f(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\{\bar{F}(s)\} = e^{-t}$$

$$(b) S^2 Y(s) - S y(0) - y'(0) + 9 Y(s) = \frac{S}{s^2+9}$$

$$(S^2+9) Y(s) - S - 4 = \frac{S}{s^2+9} \quad Y(s) = \frac{S}{(s^2+9)^2} + \frac{S+4}{s^2+9}$$

$$y = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\{Y(s)\} = \frac{1}{6} t \sin 3t + \cos 3t + \frac{4}{3} \sin 3t$$

$$(c) S^2 Y(s) - S y(0) - y'(0) + 4(S Y(s) - y(0)) + 13 Y(s) = e^{-2s} + e^{-32s}$$

$$(S^2+4S+13) Y(s) - S - 4 = e^{-2s} + e^{-32s}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{S+4}{(S+2)^2+9} + \frac{e^{-2s} + e^{-32s}}{(S+2)^2+9}$$

$$y = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\{Y(s)\} = e^{-2t} \cos 3t + \frac{3}{2} e^{-2t} \sin 3t + \frac{1}{3} e^{-2(t-2)} \sin 3(t-2) \mathcal{U}(t-2) +$$

$$(d) S^2 Y(s) - S y(0) - y'(0) + 2(S Y(s) - y(0)) = e^{-s}$$

$$(S^2+2S) Y(s) = 1 + e^{-s} \quad Y(s) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{s} - \frac{1}{s+2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{s} - \frac{1}{s+2} \right) e^{-s}$$

$$y = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\{Y(s)\} = \frac{1}{2} (1 - e^{-2t}) + \frac{1}{2} (1 - e^{-2(t-1)}) \mathcal{U}(t-1)$$

$$1. \mathcal{L}\{t \cdot (e^{-t} \cdot \cos 2t)\} = -\frac{d}{ds} F(s)$$

$$= -\frac{d}{ds} \mathcal{L}\{e^{-t} \cdot \cos 2t\} = -\frac{d}{ds} \left(\frac{s+1}{(s+1)^2+4} \right) = \frac{(s+1)^2-4}{((s+1)^2+4)^2}$$

$$2. (a) s^2 Y(s) - s y(0) - y'(0) + s Y(s) - y(0) = \frac{s+1}{(s+1)^2+1}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{1}{s} \cdot \frac{1}{(s+1)^2+1}$$

$$y = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\{Y(s)\} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} e^{-t} (\cos t + \sin t)$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{s} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}s+1}{(s+1)^2+1}$$

$$(b) s Y(s) - y(0) + 2 Y(s) = \mathcal{L}\{f(t)\} = \mathcal{L}\{1 - 2U(t-1)\}$$

$$(s+2) Y(s) = \frac{1}{s} - 2 \frac{e^{-s}}{s} \quad Y(s) = \frac{1}{s(s+2)} - \frac{2}{s(s+2)} e^{-s}$$

$$y = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\{Y(s)\} = \frac{1}{2}(1 - e^{-2t}) - (1 - e^{-2(t-1)})$$

$$(c) s Y(s) - y(0) + 3 Y(s) = \mathcal{L}\{f(t)\} = \mathcal{L}\{1 - U(t-1)\}$$

$$(s+3) Y(s) = \frac{1}{s} - \frac{e^{-s}}{s} \quad Y(s) = \frac{1}{s(s+3)} - \frac{1}{s(s+3)} e^{-s}$$

$$y = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\{Y(s)\} = \frac{1}{3}(1 - e^{-3t}) - \frac{1}{3}(1 - e^{-3(t-1)})$$

$$3. (a) F(s) = \mathcal{L}\{t^3 * t \cdot e^{-t}\} = \int_0^\infty \int_0^t \tau^3 \cdot (t-\tau) e^{-(t-\tau)} d\tau e^{-st} dt$$

$$= \int_0^\infty \int_\tau^\infty \tau^3 \cdot (t-\tau) e^{-t+\tau} dt e^{-s\tau} d\tau$$

We let $t-\tau=u, t=u+\tau$

$$dt = du + d\tau = du$$

$$= \int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty e^{-s\tau} \cdot \tau^3 d\tau \int_0^\infty u \cdot e^{-u} \cdot e^{-su} du$$

$$= \mathcal{L}\{t^3\} \cdot \mathcal{L}\{t \cdot e^{-t}\} = \frac{6}{s^4} \cdot \frac{1}{(s+1)^2} = \frac{6}{s^4(s+1)^2}$$

$$(b) F(s) = \mathcal{L}\{e^{2t} * \sin 3t\} = \mathcal{L}\{e^{2t}\} \cdot \mathcal{L}\{\sin 3t\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{s-2} \cdot \frac{3}{s^2+9} = \frac{3}{(s-2)(s^2+9)}$$

$$4. (a) \int_0^t \tau \cdot \sin \tau d\tau = t \cdot \sin t * 1$$

$$\therefore F(s) = \mathcal{L}\{t \cdot \sin t\} \cdot \mathcal{L}\{1\}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{t \cdot \sin t\} = -\frac{d}{ds} \mathcal{L}\{\sin t\} = \frac{2s}{(s^2+1)^2}$$

$$\therefore F(s) = \frac{2}{(s^2+1)^2}$$