

## Problem L. Spicy Restaurant

**Time limit** 2000 ms

**Mem limit** 262144 kB

**OS** Windows

There are  $n$  hotpot restaurants numbered from 1 to  $n$  in Chengdu and the  $i$ -th restaurant serves hotpots of a certain spicy value  $w_i$ . A higher spicy value indicates a hotter taste, while a lower spicy value is more gentle (still need to be very careful, though).

We can consider these  $n$  restaurants as nodes on an undirected graph with  $m$  edges. Now we have  $q$  tourists who want to give the hotpots a try. Given the current positions of the tourists and the maximum spicy value they can bear, your task is to calculate the shortest distance between a tourist and the closest restaurant he can accept.

In this problem we define the distance of a path as the number of edges in the path.

### Input

There is only one test case in each test file.

The first line contains three integers  $n$ ,  $m$  and  $q$  ( $1 \leq n, m \leq 10^5, 1 \leq q \leq 5 \times 10^5$ ) indicating the number of restaurants, the number of edges and the number of tourists.

The second line contains  $n$  integers  $w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n$  ( $1 \leq w_i \leq 100$ ) where  $w_i$  indicates the spicy value of the  $i$ -th restaurant.

For the following  $m$  lines, the  $i$ -th line contains two integers  $u_i$  and  $v_i$  ( $1 \leq u_i, v_i \leq n, u_i \neq v_i$ ) indicating an edge connecting restaurant  $u_i$  and  $v_i$ .

For the following  $q$  lines, the  $i$ -th line contains two integers  $p_i$  and  $a_i$  ( $1 \leq p_i \leq n, 1 \leq a_i \leq 100$ ) indicating that the  $i$ -th tourist is currently at restaurant  $p_i$  and that the maximum spicy value he can accept is  $a_i$ .

### Output

Output  $q$  lines where the  $i$ -th line contains one integer indicating the shortest distance between the  $i$ -th tourist and the closest restaurant he can accept. If there is no such restaurant, output '-1' instead.

Examples

Input	Output
4 4 5 5 4 2 3 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 1 4 1 5	- 1 2 1 1 0