

# Guangxu Yang

## Curriculum Vitae

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📄 [guangxu-yang.github.io/](https://github.com/guangxu-yang)

### Education

- 2019.09–  
Current **M.E. in Information and Communication Engineering**, University of Electronic Science and Technology of China (UESTC), Chengdu, China, GPA: 3.77/4.
- 2015.09–  
2019.06 **B.E. in Network Engineering**, University of Electronic Science and Technology of China (UESTC), Chengdu, China, GPA: 3.89/4, Ranking: 5/147.

### Research Interests

- My research interests lie in theoretical computer science. Previously, I have been worked on several topics in communication complexity, such as lifting theorems, information complexity.

### Research Experiences

- 2020.04–  
Current **Research Internship**, University of Southern California , Online in Zoom.  
Advisor: Jiapeng Zhang, Research area: communication complexity
- Summer 2021 **Research Internship**, Laboratory For Quantum Computation and Theoretical Computer Science, Institute of Computing Technology, Chinese Academy of Sciences.  
Advisor: Qian Li, Research area: streaming algorithms lower bound
- Summer 2019 **Research Internship**, CS Theory Group, Nanjing University.  
Advisor: Penghui Yao, Research area: analysis of boolean function

### Publications

- Lifting Theorems Meet Information Complexity: Set Disjointness** (In preparation)  
Jack DePascale, Guangxu Yang, Jiapeng Zhang (alphabetical order)
- New proofs of  $\Omega(n)$  randomized communication lower bound of set disjointness and near optimal lower bounds on deterministic and randomized communication complexity of the  $k$ -UDISJ.
- Simulation Methods in Communication Lower Bounds, Revisited** (In preparation)  
Jack DePascale, Guangxu Yang, Jiapeng Zhang (alphabetical order)
- Results of lifting theorems for block sensitivity via a new simulation technique.  
 $\mathbf{P}^{\text{cc}}(f \circ g^n) = \Omega(\text{bs}(f) \cdot \log q)$  and  $\text{Corr}_\epsilon(f \circ g^n) = \Omega(\text{bs}(f) \cdot \log q)$  for any gadgets  $g : [q] \times [q] \rightarrow \{0, 1\}$  with  $q > 2$  that have exponentially-small discrepancy and a direct sum theorem  $\mathbf{IC}^{\text{ext}}(f \circ g^n) = \Omega(\text{bs}(f) \cdot \mathbf{CIC}(g))$ .

### Languages

- Chinese:** Mother tongue
- English:** TOEFL iBT: (Reading 26 , Listening 27, Speaking 17, Writing 20)