# Some symbolic tools for the Fox H-function

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December 18, 2023

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# 1 Introduction

In this note, we explain the code for checking the conditions of the Fox H-function [Fox61]. Here we follow the notation from Kilbas and Saigo [KS04].

Let m, n, p, q be configure integers such that

$$0 \le m \le q$$
 and  $0 \le n \le p$ .

Let  $a_i, b_j \in \mathbb{C}$  and  $\alpha_i, \beta_j \in \mathbb{R}_+$  be the parameters given below:

$\in (\mathbb{C}, \mathbb{R}_+)$	Front list	Rear list	
p	$(a_1,\alpha_1),\cdots,(a_n,\alpha_n)$	$(a_{n+1},\alpha_{n+1}),\cdots,(a_p,\alpha_p)$	Upper list
q	$(b_1,\beta_1),\cdots,(b_m,\beta_m)$	$(b_{m+1},\beta_{m+1}),\cdots,(b_q,\beta_q)$	Lower list

and denote

$$\mathcal{H}_{p,q}^{m,n}(s) := \frac{\prod_{i=1}^{n} \Gamma\left(1 - a_i - \alpha_i s\right)}{\prod_{i=n+1}^{p} \Gamma\left(a_j + \alpha_i s\right)} \times \frac{\prod_{j=1}^{m} \Gamma\left(b_j + \beta_j s\right)}{\prod_{j=m+1}^{q} \Gamma\left(1 - b_j - \alpha_j s\right)}.$$
 (1)

Then the Fox H-function  $H_{2,3}^{2,1}\left(z \middle| \begin{array}{c} \dots \\ \dots \end{array}\right)$  is defined by a Mellin-Barnes type integral of the form

$$H_{m,n}^{p,q} \left( z \middle| \begin{array}{c} (a_1, \alpha_1), \cdots, (a_p, \alpha_p) \\ (b_1, \beta_1), \cdots, (b_q, \beta_q) \end{array} \right) := \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\mathcal{L}} H_{p,q}^{m,n}(s) z^{-s} ds.$$
 (2)

It is more convenient to use the following notation:

$$H_{m,n}^{p,q}\left(z \mid \frac{(a_{1},\alpha_{1}),\cdots,(a_{n},\alpha_{n}) \mid (a_{n+1},\alpha_{n+1}),\cdots,(a_{p},\alpha_{p})}{(b_{1},\beta),\cdots,(b_{m},\beta_{m}) \mid (b_{m+1},\beta_{m+1}),\cdots,(b_{q},\beta_{q})}\right),\,$$

in order to emphasize the front and rear lists.

The basic assumption for the well-posedness of the Fox H-function is that two sets of poles do not overlap, i.e.,

$$\left\{b_{j\ell} = \frac{-b_j - \ell}{\beta_j}, \ell = 0, 1, \dots\right\} \bigcap \left\{a_{ik} = \frac{1 - a_i + k}{\alpha_i}, k = 0, 1, \dots\right\} = \emptyset.$$
 (3)

The contour  $\mathcal{L}$  in (2) is given by one of the following three cases:

- 1.  $\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{-\infty}$  is a left loop situated in a horizontal strip starting at point  $-\infty + i\phi_1$  and terminating at point  $-\infty + i\phi_2$  for some  $-\infty < \phi_1 < \phi_2 < \infty$ ;
- 2.  $\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{+\infty}$  is a right loop situated in a horizontal strip starting at point  $+\infty + i\phi_1$  and terminating at point  $\infty + i\phi_2$  for some  $-\infty < \phi_1 < \phi_2 < \infty$ ;
- 3.  $\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{i\gamma\infty}$  is a contour starting at point  $\gamma i\infty$  and terminating at point  $\gamma + i\infty$  for some  $\gamma \in (-\infty, \infty)$ .

We need a set of conditions to ensure the convergence of the integral in (2). To explain this, we need to introduce some notation (following p. 2 of [KS04]). First denote

$$a_1^* := \sum_{j=1}^m \beta_j - \sum_{i=n+1}^p \alpha_i,$$
$$a_2^* := \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i - \sum_{j=m+1}^q \beta_j.$$

The following two parameters play the most important role:

$$a^* := a_2^* + a_1^* = \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i - \sum_{i=n+1}^p \alpha_i + \sum_{j=1}^m \beta_j - \sum_{j=m+1}^q \beta_j;$$
$$\Delta := a_2^* - a_1^* = \sum_{j=1}^q \beta_j - \sum_{i=1}^p \alpha_i.$$

Similar to  $a^*$ , we define

$$\xi := \sum_{i=1}^{n} a_i - \sum_{i=n+1}^{p} a_i + \sum_{j=1}^{m} b_j - \sum_{j=m+1}^{q} b_j.$$

Additionally, set

$$c^* \coloneqq m + n - \frac{p+q}{2}.$$

In the critical cases, we need to use the following two parameters:

$$\delta := \prod_{i=1}^{p} \alpha_i^{-\alpha_i} \prod_{j=1}^{q} \beta_j^{\beta_i};$$
$$\mu := \sum_{i=1}^{q} b_j - \sum_{i=1}^{p} a_i + \frac{p-q}{2}$$

The well-posedness of the Fox H-function is given by Theorems 1.1 and 1.2 of [KS04], which are summarized in the following figure 2:

We will need the following two parameters (see (1.5.15)/(1.5.16) and (1.8.10)/(1.8.11), respectively, of [KS04] for  $\rho$  and  $\rho^*$ ):

$$\rho \coloneqq \max_{1 \le i \le n} \left[ \frac{\Re(a_i) - 1}{\alpha_i} \right] \quad \text{and} \quad \rho^* \coloneqq \min_{1 \le j \le m} \left[ \frac{\Re(b_i)}{\beta_j} \right].$$

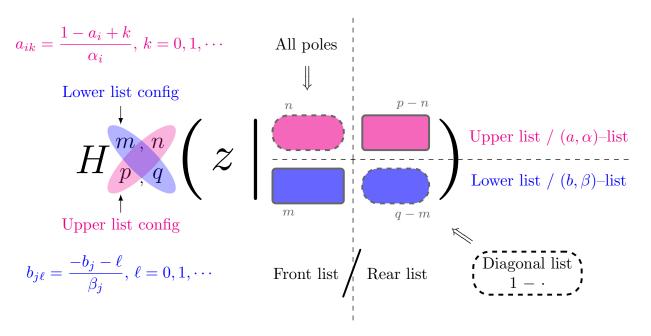


Figure 1: Diagram for the parameterization of the Fox H-function.

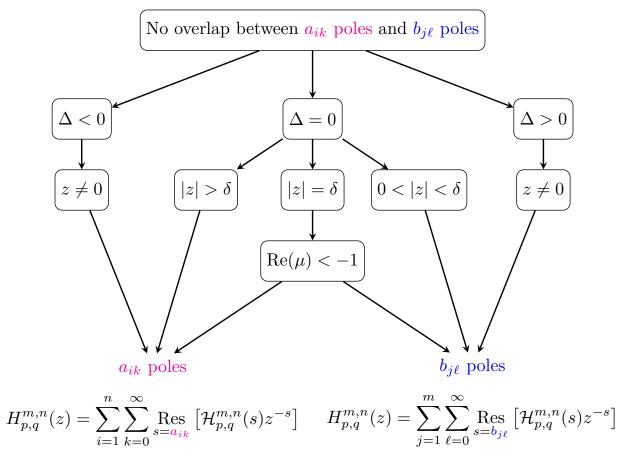


Figure 2: Well-posedness of the Fox H-function.

# 2 Examples

## 2.1 Example FoxH-2\_9\_11.wls

#### File content

```
(* (2.9.11) of Kilbas and Saigo 04 *)
{
    (* Upper List *) {
        (* Upper Front List *) {},
        (* Upper Rear List *) {{1,1},{1,1}}
},
    (* Lower List *) {
        (* Lower Front List *) {{1,1}},
        (* Lower Rear List *) {{0,0}}
}
}
```

#### Fox H-function

$$H_{2,2}^{1,0} \left( \cdot \middle| \begin{array}{c} (1,1), (1,1) \\ (1,1), (0,0) \end{array} \right)$$

$$H_{2,2}^{1,0} \left( \cdot \middle| \begin{array}{c} (1,1), (1,1) \\ (1,1) & (0,0) \end{array} \right)$$

## **Summary**

$$a^* = -1$$

$$\Delta = -1$$

$$\delta = \text{Indeterminate}$$

$$\mu = -1$$

$$a_1^* = -1$$

$$a_2^* = 0$$

$$\xi = -1$$

$$c^* = -1$$

## Poles 1. First eight poles from upper front list

$$a_{i,k} = \{\}$$

$$b_{j,\ell} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -2 & -3 & -4 & -5 & -6 & -7 & -8 \end{pmatrix}$$

## 2.2 Example FoxH-2\_9\_12.wls

#### File content

```
(* (2.9.12) of Kilbas and Saigo 04 *)
{
    (* Upper List *) {
        (* Upper Front List *) {{1/2,1},{1/2,1}},
        (* Upper Rear List *) {}
},
    (* Lower List *) {
        (* Lower Front List *) {{0,1}},
        (* Lower Rear List *) {{-1/2,1}}
}
```

## Fox H-function

$$H_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(egin{array}{c} \left(rac{1}{2},1
ight),\left(rac{1}{2},1
ight) \\ \left(0,1
ight),\left(-rac{1}{2},1
ight) \end{array}
ight)$$

$$H_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(\cdot\left|\begin{array}{c|c}\left(rac{1}{2},1
ight),\left(rac{1}{2},1
ight)\end{array}\right| \\ \hline \left(0,1
ight)\left(-rac{1}{2},1
ight)
ight)$$

## Summary

$$a^* = 2$$

$$\Delta = 0$$

$$\delta = \text{ComplexInfinity}$$

$$\mu = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$a_1^* = 1$$

$$a_2^* = 1$$

$$\xi = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$c^* = 1$$

## Poles 1. First eight poles from upper front list

$$a_{i,k} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{5}{2} & \frac{7}{2} & \frac{9}{2} & \frac{11}{2} & \frac{13}{2} & \frac{15}{2} \\ \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{5}{2} & \frac{7}{2} & \frac{9}{2} & \frac{11}{2} & \frac{13}{2} & \frac{15}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$b_{j,\ell} = \left( egin{array}{ccccccc} 0 & -1 & -2 & -3 & -4 & -5 & -6 & -7 \end{array} 
ight)$$

## 2.3 Example FoxH-2\_9\_13.wls

#### File content

```
(* (2.9.13) of Kilbas and Saigo 04 *)
{
    (* Upper List *) {
        (* Upper Front List *) {{1/2,1},{1,1}},
        (* Upper Rear List *) {}
},
    (* Lower List *) {
        (* Lower Front List *) {{1/2,1}},
        (* Lower Rear List *) {{0,1}}
}
```

## Fox H-function

$$H_{2,2}^{1,2}\left( \cdot \middle| \begin{array}{c} \left(\frac{1}{2},1\right),\left(1,1\right) \\ \left(\frac{1}{2},1\right),\left(0,1\right) \end{array} \right)$$

$$H_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(\cdot \left| \begin{array}{c|c} \left(\frac{1}{2},1\right),\left(1,1\right) \\ \hline \left(\frac{1}{2},1\right) & \left(0,1\right) \end{array} \right)$$

# Summary

$$a^* = 2$$

$$\Delta = 0$$

$$\delta = \text{ComplexInfinity}$$

$$\mu = -1$$

$$a_1^* = 1$$

$$a_2^* = 1$$

$$\xi = 2$$

$$c^* = 1$$

## Poles 1. First eight poles from upper front list

$$a_{i,k} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{5}{2} & \frac{7}{2} & \frac{9}{2} & \frac{11}{2} & \frac{13}{2} & \frac{15}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$b_{j,\ell} = \left( \begin{array}{cccccccc} -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{3}{2} & -\frac{5}{2} & -\frac{7}{2} & -\frac{9}{2} & -\frac{11}{2} & -\frac{13}{2} & -\frac{15}{2} \end{array} \right)$$

# 2.4 Example FoxH-2\_9\_4.wls

#### File content

```
(* (2.9.4) of Kilbas and Saigo 04 *)
{
    (* Upper List *) {
        (* Upper Front List *) {},
        (* Upper Rear List *) {}
},
    (* Lower List *) {
        (* Lower Front List *) {{b, β}},
        (* Lower Rear List *) {}
}
```

#### Fox H-function

$$H_{0,1}^{1,0}\left(\cdot\left|egin{array}{c} (b,eta) \end{array}
ight)$$

$$H_{0,1}^{1,0}\left(\cdot\left|\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array}\right|\right)$$

## Summary

$$a^* = \beta$$

$$\Delta = \beta$$

$$\delta = \text{Indeterminate}$$

$$\mu = b - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$a_1^* = \beta$$

$$a_2^* = 0$$

$$\xi = b$$

$$c^* = \frac{1}{2}$$

## Poles 1. First eight poles from upper front list

$$a_{i,k} = \{\}$$

$$b_{j,\ell} = \left(\begin{array}{ccc} -\frac{b}{\beta} & -\frac{b+1}{\beta} & -\frac{b+2}{\beta} & -\frac{b+3}{\beta} & -\frac{b+4}{\beta} & -\frac{b+5}{\beta} & -\frac{b+6}{\beta} & -\frac{b+7}{\beta} \end{array}\right)$$

**Source** This example is from (2.9.4) of [KS04]:

$$H_{0,1}^{1,0}\left(z\left|\begin{array}{c} z\\ (b,\beta) \end{array}
ight) = rac{1}{\beta}z^{b/\beta}\exp\left(-z^{1/\beta}
ight).$$

## 2.5 Example FoxH-2\_9\_5.wls

## File content

```
(* (2.9.5) of Kilbas and Saigo 04 *)
{
    (* Upper List *) {
        (* Upper Front List *) {{1-a,1}},
        (* Upper Rear List *) {}
    },
    (* Lower List *) {
        (* Lower Front List *) {{0, 1}},
        (* Lower Rear List *) {}
}
```

#### Fox H-function

$$H_{1,1}^{1,1} \left( \cdot \middle| \begin{array}{c} (1-a,1) \\ (0,1) \end{array} \right)$$

$$H_{1,1}^{1,1}\left(\cdot \left| \begin{array}{c|c} (1-a,1) \\ \hline (0,1) \end{array} \right| \right)$$

## **Summary**

$$a^* = 2$$

$$\Delta = 0$$

$$\delta = \text{Indeterminate}$$

$$\mu = a - 1$$

$$a_1^* = 1$$

$$a_2^* = 1$$

$$\xi = 1 - a$$

$$c^* = 1$$

## Poles 1. First eight poles from upper front list

$$a_{i,k} = \begin{pmatrix} a & a+1 & a+2 & a+3 & a+4 & a+5 & a+6 & a+7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$b_{j,\ell} = \left( \begin{array}{cccccccc} 0 & -1 & -2 & -3 & -4 & -5 & -6 & -7 \end{array} \right)$$

## 2.6 Example FoxH-2\_9\_6.wls

#### File content

```
(* (2.9.6) of Kilbas and Saigo 04 *)
{
    (* Upper List *) {
        (* Upper Front List *) {},
        (* Upper Rear List *) {{α+β+1,1}}
},
    (* Lower List *) {
        (* Lower Front List *) {{α, 1}},
        (* Lower Rear List *) {}
}
```

#### Fox H-function

$$H_{1,1}^{1,0} \left( \cdot \middle| \begin{array}{c} (\alpha+\beta+1,1) \\ (\alpha,1) \end{array} \right)$$

$$H_{1,1}^{1,0}\left(\cdot \left| \begin{array}{c|c} (\alpha+\beta+1,1) \\ \hline (\alpha,1) \end{array} \right)$$

## Summary

$$a^* = 0$$

$$\Delta = 0$$

$$\delta = \text{Indeterminate}$$

$$\mu = -\beta - 1$$

$$a_1^* = 0$$

$$a_2^* = 0$$

$$\xi = -\beta - 1$$

$$c^* = 0$$

## Poles 1. First eight poles from upper front list

$$a_{i,k} = \{\}$$

## 2.7 Example FoxH32-21-Y.wls

#### File content

```
{
    (* Upper List *) {
        (* Upper Front List *) {{1, 1}},
        (* Upper Rear List *) {{β + γ, β}}
},
    (* Lower List *) {
        (* Lower Front List *) {{d/2, α/2}, {1, 1}},
        (* Lower Rear List *) {{1, α/2}}
}
```

#### Fox H-function

$$H_{2,3}^{2,1}\left(\cdot\left|\begin{array}{c} \left(1,1\right),\left(\beta+\gamma,\beta\right)\\ \left(rac{d}{2},rac{lpha}{2}
ight),\left(1,1\right),\left(1,rac{lpha}{2}
ight) \end{array}
ight)$$

$$H_{2,3}^{2,1}\left(\cdot \left| \begin{array}{c|c} (1,1) & (\beta+\gamma,\beta) \\ \hline \left(\frac{d}{2},\frac{\alpha}{2}\right),(1,1) & \left(1,\frac{\alpha}{2}\right) \end{array} \right)$$

## Summary

$$a^* = 2 - \beta$$

$$\Delta = \alpha - \beta$$

$$\delta = 2^{-\alpha} \left( 2^{\alpha/2} \alpha^{\alpha/2} + \alpha^{\alpha} \right) \beta^{-\beta}$$

$$\mu = \frac{1}{2} (-2\beta - 2\gamma + d + 1)$$

$$a_1^* = \frac{1}{2} (\alpha - 2\beta + 2)$$

$$a_2^* = 1 - \frac{\alpha}{2}$$

$$\xi = \frac{1}{2} (d - 2(\beta + \gamma - 1))$$

$$c^* = \frac{1}{2}$$

## Poles 1. First eight poles from upper front list

$$b_{j,\ell} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{d}{\alpha} & -\frac{d+2}{\alpha} & -\frac{d+4}{\alpha} & -\frac{d+6}{\alpha} & -\frac{d+8}{\alpha} & -\frac{d+10}{\alpha} & -\frac{d+12}{\alpha} & -\frac{d+14}{\alpha} \\ -1 & -2 & -3 & -4 & -5 & -6 & -7 & -8 \end{pmatrix}$$

## 2.8 Example FoxH32-21-Z.wls

## File content

```
{
  (* Upper List *) {
     (* Upper Front List *) {{1, 1}},
     (* Upper Rear List *) {{Ceiling[β], β}}
},
  (* Lower List *) {
     (* Lower Front List *) {{d/2, α/2}, {1, 1}},
     (* Lower Rear List *) {{1, α/2}}
}
```

#### Fox H-function

$$H_{2,3}^{2,1}\left(\cdot\left|\begin{array}{c} \left(1,1\right),\left(\lceil\beta\rceil,\beta\right)\\ \\ \left(\frac{d}{2},\frac{\alpha}{2}\right),\left(1,1\right),\left(1,\frac{\alpha}{2}\right) \end{array}\right)$$

$$H_{2,3}^{2,1}\left(\cdot \left| \begin{array}{c|c} (1,1) & (\lceil \beta \rceil, \beta) \\ \hline \left(\frac{d}{2}, \frac{\alpha}{2}\right), (1,1) & \left(1, \frac{\alpha}{2}\right) \end{array} \right)$$

## Summary

$$a^* = 2 - \beta$$

$$\Delta = \alpha - \beta$$

$$\delta = 2^{-\alpha} \left( 2^{\alpha/2} \alpha^{\alpha/2} + \alpha^{\alpha} \right) \beta^{-\beta}$$

$$\mu = \frac{1}{2} (-2\lceil \beta \rceil + d + 1)$$

$$a_1^* = \frac{1}{2} (\alpha - 2\beta + 2)$$

$$a_2^* = 1 - \frac{\alpha}{2}$$

$$\xi = \frac{1}{2} (-2\lceil \beta \rceil + d + 2)$$

$$c^* = \frac{1}{2}$$

## Poles 1. First eight poles from upper front list

# 2. First eight poles from lower front list

$$b_{j,\ell} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{d}{\alpha} & -\frac{d+2}{\alpha} & -\frac{d+4}{\alpha} & -\frac{d+6}{\alpha} & -\frac{d+8}{\alpha} & -\frac{d+10}{\alpha} & -\frac{d+12}{\alpha} & -\frac{d+14}{\alpha} \\ -1 & -2 & -3 & -4 & -5 & -6 & -7 & -8 \end{pmatrix}$$

**Source** This is the fundamental solution to the fractional diffusion equation used, e.g., in [Che+17; CHN19; CE22; CGS22].

## 2.9 Example FoxH32-21-Z-Star.wls

## File content

```
{
  (* Upper List *) {
     (* Upper Front List *) {{1, 1}},
     (* Upper Rear List *) {{1, β}}
},
  (* Lower List *) {
     (* Lower Front List *) {{d/2, α/2}, {1, 1}},
     (* Lower Rear List *) {{1, α/2}}
}
```

#### Fox H-function

$$H_{2,3}^{2,1}\left(\cdot\left|\begin{array}{c} \left(1,1\right),\left(1,eta
ight)\\ \left(rac{d}{2},rac{lpha}{2}
ight),\left(1,1
ight),\left(1,rac{lpha}{2}
ight) \end{array}
ight)$$

$$H_{2,3}^{2,1}\left(\cdot \left| \begin{array}{c|c} (1,1) & (1,\beta) \\ \hline \left(\frac{d}{2},\frac{\alpha}{2}\right),(1,1) & \left(1,\frac{\alpha}{2}\right) \end{array} \right)$$

# Summary

$$a^* = 2 - \beta$$

$$\Delta = \alpha - \beta$$

$$\delta = 2^{-\alpha} \left( 2^{\alpha/2} \alpha^{\alpha/2} + \alpha^{\alpha} \right) \beta^{-\beta}$$

$$\mu = \frac{d-1}{2}$$

$$a_1^* = \frac{1}{2} (\alpha - 2\beta + 2)$$

$$a_2^* = 1 - \frac{\alpha}{2}$$

$$\xi = \frac{d}{2}$$

$$c^* = \frac{1}{2}$$

## Poles 1. First eight poles from upper front list

$$b_{j,\ell} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{d}{\alpha} & -\frac{d+2}{\alpha} & -\frac{d+4}{\alpha} & -\frac{d+6}{\alpha} & -\frac{d+8}{\alpha} & -\frac{d+10}{\alpha} & -\frac{d+12}{\alpha} & -\frac{d+14}{\alpha} \\ -1 & -2 & -3 & -4 & -5 & -6 & -7 & -8 \end{pmatrix}$$

# 2.10 Example FoxH-Bessel-J\_2\_9\_18.wls

## File content

```
(* (2.9.18) of Kilbas and Saigo 04 *)
{
    (* Upper List *) {
        (* Upper Front List *) {},
        (* Upper Rear List *) {}
},
    (* Lower List *) {
        (* Lower Front List *) {{(a+η)/2, 1}},
        (* Lower Rear List *) {{(a-η)/1, 1}}
}
```

## Fox H-function

$$H_{0,2}^{1,0}\left(\cdot \left| \left(\frac{a+\eta}{2},1\right),(a-\eta,1)\right.\right)$$

$$H_{0,2}^{1,0}\left(\cdot\left|\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ \hline & \left(rac{a+\eta}{2},1
ight) & \left(a-\eta,1
ight) \end{array}
ight)$$

## **Summary**

$$a^* = 0$$

$$\Delta = 2$$

$$\delta = \text{ComplexInfinity}$$

$$\mu = \frac{1}{2}(3a - \eta - 2)$$

$$a_1^* = 1$$

$$a_2^* = -1$$

$$\xi = \frac{1}{2}(3\eta - a)$$

$$c^* = 0$$

## Poles 1. First eight poles from upper front list

$$a_{i,k} = \{\}^T$$

$$b_{j,\ell} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2}(-a-\eta) \\ \frac{1}{2}(-a-\eta-2) \\ \frac{1}{2}(-a-\eta-4) \\ \frac{1}{2}(-a-\eta-6) \\ \frac{1}{2}(-a-\eta-8) \\ -\frac{a}{2} - \frac{\eta}{2} - 5 \\ -\frac{a}{2} - \frac{\eta}{2} - 6 \\ -\frac{a}{2} - \frac{\eta}{2} - 7 \end{pmatrix}^{T}$$

# 2.11 Example FoxH-Bessel-K\_2\_9\_19.wls

## File content

```
(* (2.9.19) of Kilbas and Saigo 04 *)
{
    (* Upper List *) {
        (* Upper Front List *) {},
        (* Upper Rear List *) {}
},
    (* Lower List *) {
        (* Lower Front List *) {{(a-η)/2, 1},{(a+η)/2, 1}},
        (* Lower Rear List *) {}
}
```

## Fox H-function

$$H_{0,2}^{2,0}\left(\cdot\left|\begin{array}{c} \left(rac{a-\eta}{2},1
ight),\left(rac{a+\eta}{2},1
ight) \end{array}
ight)$$

$$H_{0,2}^{2,0}\left(\cdot\left|\begin{array}{c} \\ \hline \left(rac{a-\eta}{2},1
ight),\left(rac{a+\eta}{2},1
ight) \end{array}\right| \right)$$

## **Summary**

$$a^* = 2$$

$$\Delta = 2$$

$$\delta = \text{Indeterminate}$$

$$\mu = a - 1$$

$$a_1^* = 2$$

$$a_2^* = 0$$

$$\xi = a$$

$$c^* = 1$$

Poles 1. First eight poles from upper front list

$$a_{i,k} = \{\}^T$$

$$b_{j,\ell} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\eta - a}{2} & \frac{1}{2}(-a - \eta) \\ \frac{1}{2}(-a + \eta - 2) & \frac{1}{2}(-a - \eta - 2) \\ \frac{1}{2}(-a + \eta - 4) & \frac{1}{2}(-a - \eta - 4) \\ \frac{1}{2}(-a + \eta - 6) & \frac{1}{2}(-a - \eta - 6) \\ \frac{1}{2}(-a + \eta - 8) & \frac{1}{2}(-a - \eta - 8) \\ \frac{1}{2}(-a + \eta - 10) & -\frac{a}{2} - \frac{\eta}{2} - 5 \\ \frac{1}{2}(-a + \eta - 12) & -\frac{a}{2} - \frac{\eta}{2} - 6 \\ \frac{1}{2}(-a + \eta - 14) & -\frac{a}{2} - \frac{\eta}{2} - 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

## 2.12 Example FoxH-Bessel-Y\_2\_9\_20.wls

## File content

```
(* (2.9.20) of Kilbas and Saigo 04 *)
{
    (* Upper List *) {
        (* Upper Front List *) {},
        (* Upper Rear List *) {{(a-η-1)/2, 1}}
    },
    (* Lower List *) {
        (* Lower Front List *) {{(a-η)/2, 1},{(a+η)/2, 1}},
        (* Lower Rear List *) {{(a-η-1)/2, 1}}
}
```

## Fox H-function

$$H_{1,3}^{2,0} \left( \cdot \middle| \begin{array}{c} \left(\frac{1}{2}(a-\eta-1),1\right) \\ \left(\frac{a-\eta}{2},1\right), \left(\frac{a+\eta}{2},1\right), \left(\frac{1}{2}(a-\eta-1),1\right) \end{array} \right)$$

$$H_{1,3}^{2,0}\left(\cdot \left| \begin{array}{c} \left(\frac{1}{2}(a-\eta-1),1\right) \\ \hline \left(\frac{a-\eta}{2},1\right),\left(\frac{a+\eta}{2},1\right) \left| \left(\frac{1}{2}(a-\eta-1),1\right) \\ \end{array} \right)$$

## **Summary**

$$a^* = 0$$

$$\Delta = 2$$

$$\delta = \text{ComplexInfinity}$$

$$\mu = a - 1$$

$$a_1^* = 1$$

$$a_2^* = -1$$

$$\xi = \eta + 1$$

$$c^* = 0$$

## Poles 1. First eight poles from upper front list

$$a_{i,k} = \{\}^T$$

$$b_{j,\ell} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\eta - a}{2} & \frac{1}{2}(-a - \eta) \\ \frac{1}{2}(-a + \eta - 2) & \frac{1}{2}(-a - \eta - 2) \\ \frac{1}{2}(-a + \eta - 4) & \frac{1}{2}(-a - \eta - 4) \\ \frac{1}{2}(-a + \eta - 6) & \frac{1}{2}(-a - \eta - 6) \\ \frac{1}{2}(-a + \eta - 8) & \frac{1}{2}(-a - \eta - 8) \\ \frac{1}{2}(-a + \eta - 10) & -\frac{a}{2} - \frac{\eta}{2} - 5 \\ \frac{1}{2}(-a + \eta - 12) & -\frac{a}{2} - \frac{\eta}{2} - 6 \\ \frac{1}{2}(-a + \eta - 14) & -\frac{a}{2} - \frac{\eta}{2} - 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

## 2.13 Example FoxH-Cos.wls

#### File content

```
(* (2.9.8) and (2.9.10) of Kilbas & Saigo 04 *)
{
    (* Upper List *) {
        (* Upper Front List *) {},
        (* Upper Rear List *) {}
},
    (* Lower List *) {
        (* Lower Front List *) {{0, 1}},
        (* Lower Rear List *) {{1/2,1}}
}
}
```

#### Fox H-function

$$H_{0,2}^{1,0}\left(\cdot \middle| (0,1), \left(\frac{1}{2},1\right)\right)$$

$$H_{0,2}^{1,0}\left(\cdot \middle| (0,1), \left(\frac{1}{2},1\right)\right)$$

## **Summary**

$$a^* = 0$$

$$\Delta = 2$$

$$\delta = \text{ComplexInfinity}$$

$$\mu = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$a_1^* = 1$$

$$a_2^* = -1$$

$$\xi = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$c^* = 0$$

## Poles 1. First eight poles from upper front list

$$a_{i,k} = \{\}$$

$$b_{j,\ell} = \left( \begin{array}{cccccccc} 0 & -1 & -2 & -3 & -4 & -5 & -6 & -7 \end{array} \right)$$

## 2.14 Example FoxH-H.G\_2\_9\_14.wls

#### File content

```
(* (2.9.14) of Kilbas and Saigo 04 *)
{
    (* Upper List *) {
        (* Upper Front List *) {{1-a,1}},
        (* Upper Rear List *) {}
},
    (* Lower List *) {
        (* Lower Front List *) {{0,1}},
        (* Lower Rear List *) {{1-c,1}}
}
}
```

## Fox H-function

$$H_{1,2}^{1,1}\left( \cdot \middle| \begin{array}{c} (1-a,1) \\ (0,1), (1-c,1) \end{array} \right)$$

$$H_{1,2}^{1,1}\left(\cdot \left| \begin{array}{c|c} (1-a,1) & \\ \hline (0,1) & (1-c,1) \end{array} \right)$$

## Summary

$$a^* = 1$$

$$\Delta = 1$$

$$\delta = \text{ComplexInfinity}$$

$$\mu = a - c - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$a_1^* = 1$$

$$a_2^* = 0$$

$$\xi = c - a$$

$$c^* = \frac{1}{2}$$

## Poles 1. First eight poles from upper front list

$$b_{j,\ell} = \left( egin{array}{ccccccc} 0 & -1 & -2 & -3 & -4 & -5 & -6 & -7 \end{array} 
ight)$$

# 2.15 Example FoxH-H.G\_2\_9\_15.wls

#### File content

```
(* (2.9.15) of Kilbas and Saigo 04 *)
{
    (* Upper List *) {
        (* Upper Front List *) {{1-a,1},{1-b,1}},
        (* Upper Rear List *) {}
},
    (* Lower List *) {
        (* Lower Front List *) {{0,1}},
        (* Lower Rear List *) {{1-c,1}}
}
}
```

## Fox H-function

$$H_{2,2}^{1,2}\left( \cdot \left| \begin{array}{c} \left(1-a,1\right),\left(1-b,1\right) \\ \left(0,1\right),\left(1-c,1\right) \end{array} \right)$$

$$H_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(\cdot \left| \begin{array}{c|c} (1-a,1),(1-b,1) \\ \hline (0,1) & (1-c,1) \end{array} \right)$$

## Summary

$$a^* = 2$$

$$\Delta = 0$$

$$\delta = \text{ComplexInfinity}$$

$$\mu = a + b - c - 1$$

$$a_1^* = 1$$

$$a_2^* = 1$$

$$\xi = -a - b + c + 1$$

$$c^* = 1$$

# Poles 1. First eight poles from upper front list

$$a_{i,k} = \begin{pmatrix} a & a+1 & a+2 & a+3 & a+4 & a+5 & a+6 & a+7 \\ b & b+1 & b+2 & b+3 & b+4 & b+5 & b+6 & b+7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$b_{j,\ell} = \left( \begin{array}{cccccccc} 0 & -1 & -2 & -3 & -4 & -5 & -6 & -7 \end{array} \right)$$

# 2.16 Example FoxH-Lommel\_2\_9\_22.wls

## File content

```
(* (2.9.22) of Kilbas and Saigo 04 *)
{
    (* Upper List *) {
        (* Upper Front List *) {{(1+μ)/2,1}},
        (* Upper Rear List *) {}
},
    (* Lower List *) {
        (* Lower Front List *) {{(1+μ)/2,1},{η/2,1},{-η/2,1}},
        (* Lower Rear List *) {}
}
```

## Fox H-function

$$H_{1,3}^{3,1}\left(\cdot\left|\begin{array}{c}\left(\frac{\mu+1}{2},1\right)\\\left(\frac{\mu+1}{2},1\right),\left(\frac{\eta}{2},1\right),\left(-\frac{\eta}{2},1\right)\end{array}\right)$$

$$H_{1,3}^{3,1}\left(\cdot\left|\begin{array}{c} \left(\frac{\mu+1}{2},1\right) \\ \hline \left(\frac{\mu+1}{2},1\right),\left(\frac{\eta}{2},1\right),\left(-\frac{\eta}{2},1\right) \end{array}\right)$$

## **Summary**

$$a^* = 4$$

$$\Delta = 2$$

$$\delta = \text{Indeterminate}$$

$$\mu = -1$$

$$a_1^* = 3$$

$$a_2^* = 1$$

$$\xi = \mu + 1$$

$$c^* = 2$$

Poles 1. First eight poles from upper front list

$$a_{i,k} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1-\mu}{2} \\ \frac{3-\mu}{2} \\ \frac{5-\mu}{2} \\ \frac{7-\mu}{2} \\ \frac{9-\mu}{2} \\ \frac{11-\mu}{2} \\ \frac{13-\mu}{2} \\ \frac{15-\mu}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$b_{j,\ell} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2}(-\mu - 1) & -\frac{\eta}{2} & \frac{\eta}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2}(-\mu - 3) & -\frac{\eta}{2} - 1 & \frac{\eta - 2}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2}(-\mu - 5) & -\frac{\eta}{2} - 2 & \frac{\eta - 4}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2}(-\mu - 7) & -\frac{\eta}{2} - 3 & \frac{\eta - 6}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2}(-\mu - 9) & -\frac{\eta}{2} - 4 & \frac{\eta - 8}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2}(-\mu - 11) & -\frac{\eta}{2} - 5 & \frac{\eta}{2} - 5 \\ \frac{1}{2}(-\mu - 13) & -\frac{\eta}{2} - 6 & \frac{\eta}{2} - 6 \\ \frac{1}{2}(-\mu - 15) & -\frac{\eta}{2} - 7 & \frac{\eta}{2} - 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

## 2.17 Example FoxH-Mittag-Leffler.wls

#### File content

```
(* (2.9.27) of Kilbas and Saigo 04 *)
{
    (* Upper List *) {
        (* Upper Front List *) {{0, 1}},
        (* Upper Rear List *) {}
},
    (* Lower List *) {
        (* Lower Front List *) {{0, 1}},
        (* Lower Rear List *) {{1 - μ, ρ}}
}
```

## Fox H-function

$$H_{1,2}^{1,1}\left(egin{array}{c} \left(0,1
ight) \\ \left(0,1
ight),\left(1-\mu,
ho
ight) \end{array}
ight)$$

$$H_{1,2}^{1,1}\left(\cdot \left| \begin{array}{c|c} (0,1) & \\ \hline (0,1) & (1-\mu,\rho) \end{array} \right)$$

## Summary

$$a^* = 2 - \rho$$

$$\Delta = \rho$$

$$\delta = \text{ComplexInfinity}$$

$$\mu = \frac{1}{2} - \mu$$

$$a_1^* = 1$$

$$a_2^* = 1 - \rho$$

$$\xi = \mu - 1$$

$$c^* = \frac{1}{2}$$

## Poles 1. First eight poles from upper front list

$$b_{j,\ell} = \left( egin{array}{ccccccc} 0 & -1 & -2 & -3 & -4 & -5 & -6 & -7 \end{array} 
ight)$$

## 2.18 Example FoxH-Sin.wls

#### File content

```
(* (2.9.7) and (2.9.9) of Kilbas & Saigo 04 *)
{
    (* Upper List *) {
        (* Upper Front List *) {},
        (* Upper Rear List *) {}
},
    (* Lower List *) {
        (* Lower Front List *) {{1/2, 1}},
        (* Lower Rear List *) {{0, 1}}
}
```

#### Fox H-function

$$H_{0,2}^{1,0}\left(egin{array}{c} \left(egin{array}{c} \left(rac{1}{2},1
ight),\left(0,1
ight) \end{array}
ight)$$

$$H_{0,2}^{1,0}\left(\cdot\left|\begin{array}{c|c} \hline \\\hline \left(rac{1}{2},1
ight) \end{array}
ight)\left(0,1
ight)
ight)$$

## **Summary**

$$a^* = 0$$

$$\Delta = 2$$

$$\delta = \text{ComplexInfinity}$$

$$\mu = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$a_1^* = 1$$

$$a_2^* = -1$$

$$\xi = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$c^* = 0$$

## Poles 1. First eight poles from upper front list

$$a_{i,k} = \{\}$$

$$b_{j,\ell} = \left( \begin{array}{cccccc} -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{3}{2} & -\frac{5}{2} & -\frac{7}{2} & -\frac{9}{2} & -\frac{11}{2} & -\frac{13}{2} & -\frac{15}{2} \end{array} \right)$$

## 2.19 Example FoxH-Whittaker\_2\_9\_21.wls

#### File content

```
(* (2.9.21) of Kilbas and Saigo 04 *)
{
    (* Upper List *) {
        (* Upper Front List *) {},
        (* Upper Rear List *) {{a-λ+1,1}}
    },
    (* Lower List *) {
        (* Lower Front List *) {{a+μ+1/2,1},{a-μ+1/2,1}},
        (* Lower Rear List *) {}
}
```

## Fox H-function

$$H_{1,2}^{2,0} \left( \cdot \middle| \begin{array}{c} (a-\lambda+1,1) \\ (a+\mu+\frac{1}{2},1), (a-\mu+\frac{1}{2},1) \end{array} \right)$$

$$H_{1,2}^{2,0}\left(\cdot \left| \frac{(a-\lambda+1,1)}{(a+\mu+\frac{1}{2},1),(a-\mu+\frac{1}{2},1)} \right| \right)$$

# Summary

$$a^* = 1$$

$$\Delta = 1$$

$$\delta = \text{Indeterminate}$$

$$\mu = a + \lambda - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$a_1^* = 1$$

$$a_2^* = 0$$

$$\xi = a + \lambda$$

$$c^* = \frac{1}{2}$$

## Poles 1. First eight poles from upper front list

$$a_{i,k} = \{\}^T$$

$$b_{j,\ell} = \begin{pmatrix} -a - \mu - \frac{1}{2} & -a + \mu - \frac{1}{2} \\ -a - \mu - \frac{3}{2} & -a + \mu - \frac{3}{2} \\ -a - \mu - \frac{5}{2} & -a + \mu - \frac{5}{2} \\ -a - \mu - \frac{7}{2} & -a + \mu - \frac{7}{2} \\ -a - \mu - \frac{9}{2} & -a + \mu - \frac{9}{2} \\ -a - \mu - \frac{11}{2} & -a + \mu - \frac{11}{2} \\ -a - \mu - \frac{13}{2} & -a + \mu - \frac{13}{2} \\ -a - \mu - \frac{15}{2} & -a + \mu - \frac{15}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

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