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Serializable v/s **Externalizable**

O November 9, 2016 🔓 SJ 🗁 Serialization 🔎 0

In this article, we will discuss difference between Serialization and Externalization in detail i.e.: Serializable v/s Externalizable

The main difference between these serializing concepts is

- Serialization helps in serializing complete object whereas with Externalization we can serialize either complete or partial object
- Performance-wise Externalization is far better than Serialization as only *partial required member variables* of an *object* is considered while serializing to file storage
- And in serialization complete object is compulsorily considered while serializing to file storage, even if some of the *member* variables not required

Let's move and differentiate these two serializing principle in more detail in tabular form;

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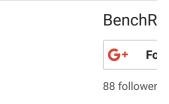
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Serializable v/s Externalizable:

Serializable	Externalizable
Serializable is a marker interface which doesn't contain any methods and JVM provides special ability during serialization process	Externalizable is a sub-interface of Serializable interface and contains 2 methods viz.; readExternal() and writeExternal()
During Serialization process, all member variables of an object is serialized (even if some of the variables not required to be serialized)	But in Externalization, programmer has to provide serialization logic
That's why, it is referred as default serialization	This is referred as custom serialization, as programmer has to write custom logic for serialization to happen
From above stated points, it is clear that JVM takes the complete control over serialization process	Programmer has complete control over serialization process (to write custom logic for the required variables to be serialized)
Performance-wise, Serializable is relatively low as complete object need to be serialized, even if we require only partial object	Performance is high in extenalizable, as programmer design what all required variable need to be serialized
Doesn't require any public no-argument constructor for serializable	Public no-argument constructor is very must in externalizable, otherwise InvalidClassException is thrownThis is mainly required during readExternal() method; that is while restoring object back to heap memory from file storage
For variable that needn't to be serialized use transient modifier (but still its default	Variable with transient modifier not required; as programmer can write custom logic to ignore

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value is stored into	those variables which is not
file)Transient modifier play a	requiredSo, transient modifier
very important role in	doesn't play any important role in
serializable	externaizable
This is the best suit; when whole or complete object required to be serialized to the file storage	This is the best suit; when partial object or few of the member variables of an object need to be serialized to the file storage

References:

https://docs.oracle.com/javase/7/docs/api/java/io/Serializable.html

https://docs.oracle.com/javase/7/docs/platform/serialization/spec/serial-arch.html

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http://docs.oracle.com/javase/specs/jls/se7/html/jls-8.html#jls-8.3.1.3

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