```
include <iostream>
#include
t>
#include
<stack>
using
namespace
std;
// Class to represent a
graph class Graph {
  // No. of
   vertices' int
   V;
  // Pointer to an array containing adjacency listsList
   list<int>* adj;
// A function used by topologicalSort
  void topologicalSortUtil(int v, bool
  visited[], stack<int>& Stack);
public:
   // Constructor
   Graph(int V);
// function to add an edge to
  graph void addEdge(int v,
  int w);
```

```
// prints a Topological Sort of
/ the complete
  graph void
  topologicalSor
  t();
Graph::Graph(int V)
{
  this->V = V;
   adj = new
   list<int>[V];
}
void Graph::addEdge(int v, int w)
{
// Add w to v's list.
   adj[v].push_back(w);
}
//
         recursive
                     function
    Α
                                 used
                                         by
topologicalSort
                                       void
Graph::topologicalSortUtil(int
                                       bool
                                 ٧,
visited[], stack<int>& Stack)
// Push current vertex to stack
   // which stores result
   Stack.push(v);
```

```
}
// Mark all the vertices as
   not visited bool* visited =
   new bool[V]; for (int i = 0;
  i < V; i++)
     visited[i] = false;
// Call the recursive helper function
  // to store Topological
  // Sort starting from all
  // vertices one
by one for (int i =
0; i < V; i++) if
(visited[i] ==
false)
    topologicalSortUtil(i, visited, Stack);
// Print contents of stack
  while (Stack.empty()
   == false) {
cout << Stack.top() << " ";
     Stack.pop();
   }
}
// Driver
Code int
main()
{
  // Create a graph given in the above diagram
```

```
Graph g(6);
g.addEdge(5, 2);
g.addEdge(5, 0);
g.addEdge(4, 0);
g.addEdge(4, 1);
g.addEdge(2, 3);
g.addEdge(3, 1); cout << "Following is a Topological Sort of the given"

"graph \n";

// Function Call
g.topologicalSort
(); return 0;
}
```