# Position Sensing and Imitation Final Presentation

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# Introduction



### Reminder: Goal Statement

■ Goal: Mimic position and motion of a plate

- Sensing: 3D MEMS attitude sensor embedded in a plate
- Communicating: Implement industrial bus
- Actuating: Rotate a plate using motors





# System Specifications



### **Functional Overview**

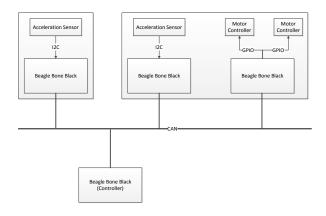


Figure: Diagram of the Functional Specification Telecommunication **Networks Group** 





### Bus

#### Bus specification

- EtherCAT could not be implemented due to
  - Unsuccessful compilation of the EtherCAT example on Linux
  - Problems with Ethernet NIC incompatibilities

- Using fallback option CAN
  - All nodes are BeagleBone Blacks
  - CAN controller: SN65HVD230





### **CAN**

#### Bus Design

#### Reminder:

- Timing goal: Move plate to desired position within 1 second
- Actuation takes up to 500 ms
- Sensors report mean value every 100 ms

- Required cycle time: 100 ms
- Sensor values are periodically fed to the Controller from a buffer
- Controller computes movement commands and sends them to the drivers



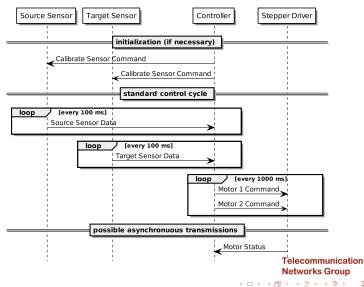
## Messsage ID Descriptions

Message Type	ID / Priority	Length
Motor Command	1	8 Bytes
Motor Status	2	6-8 Bytes
Sensor Command	4	6 Bytes
Sensor Data	8	6-8 Bytes

Table: Messages in the network



### Message Sequence Diagram







# Presentation



# Review



### Review

#### Goals:

■ Overall Mimic position of a plate: ✓

- Sensing Read MEMS sensor data via I2C: ✓
- Communication Implement industrial bus: ✓ We had to use the fallback solution, CAN.
- Actuation Move plate around two axes:
- $\blacksquare$  Timing Move plate within 1 second:  $\sim$  Initial movement is fast, but system might oscillate





# Discussion



### Thanks for your attention!

# Questions? Ideas? Suggestions?



