

# USD/INR Exchange Rate Prediction





# Project Goal

- **FORECASTING AND UNDERSTANDING DIRECTIONS AND RISKS**
- **STUDY THE BEHAVIOR OF EXCHANGE RATES OF USD AND INR AND FORECAST THE EXCHANGE RATES FOR THE NEAR FUTURE**

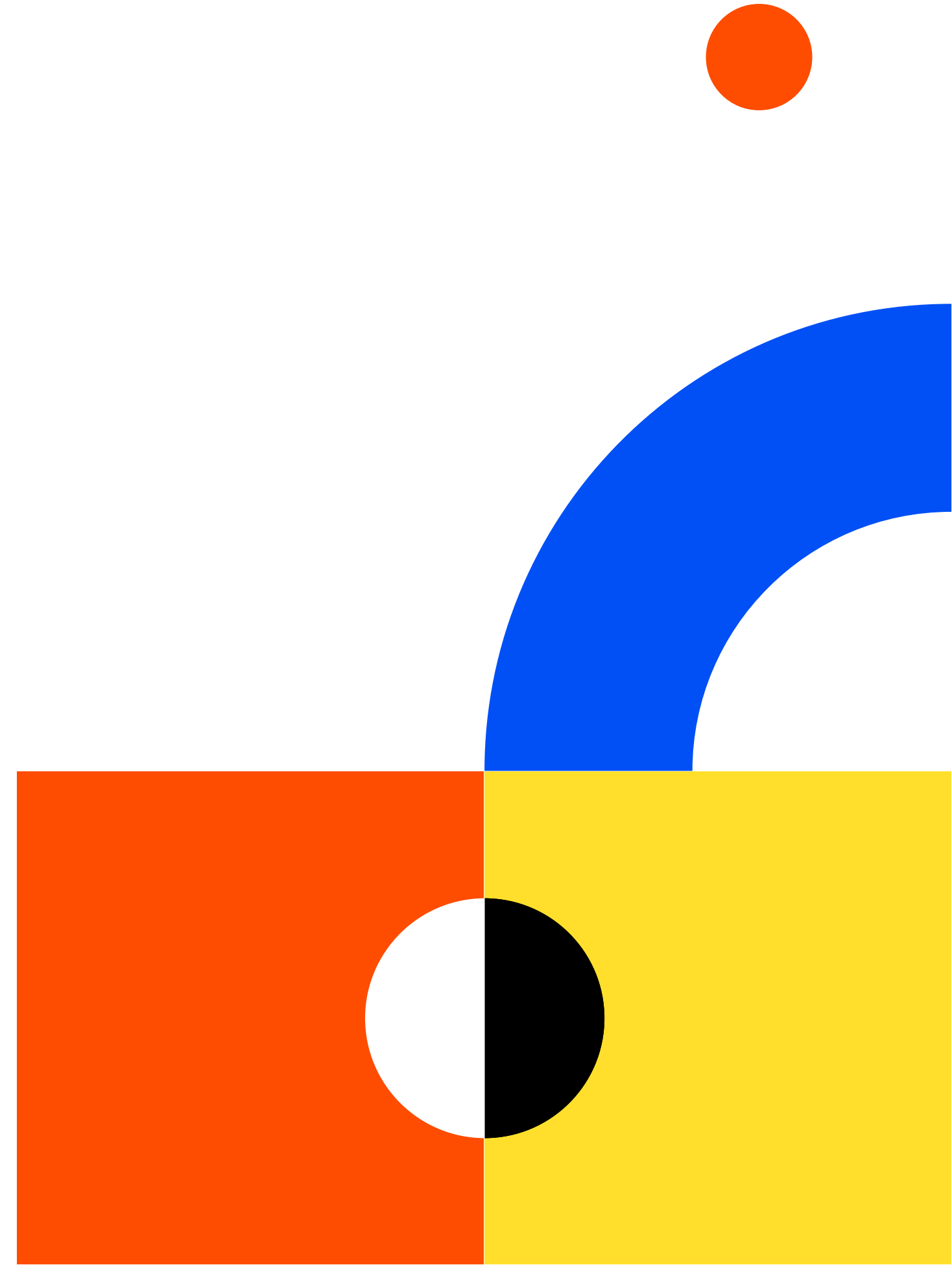


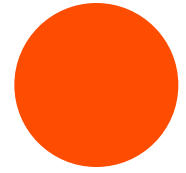
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- **Data**
- **Model**
- **Conclusion**

# Introduction

- The time series data we analyse is the USD/INR Exchange rate from Jan 01, 2010 to Dec 31, 2019
- The data source is: [www.investing.com](http://www.investing.com)
- In this project, we expect to fit a forecasting model for the daily USD/INR exchange rate.





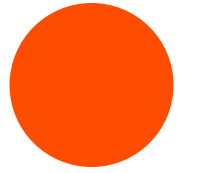
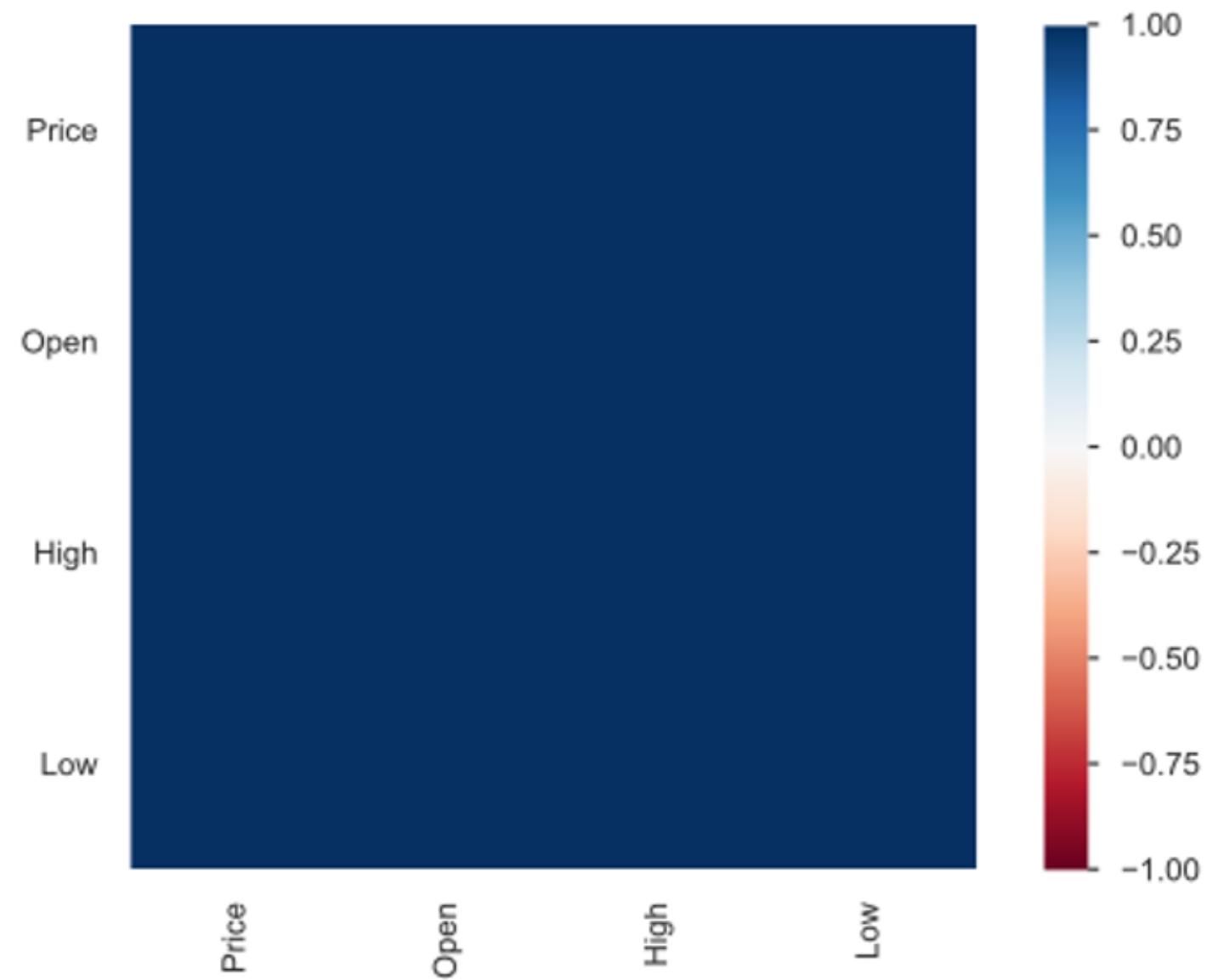
# Data

- **Variables of the dataset**
  - Date
  - Price
  - Open
  - High
  - Low
- **Number of Observations: 2608**

	Date	Price	Open	High	Low	Change %
0	Dec 31, 2019	71.35	71.295	71.385	71.225	0.06%
1	Dec 30, 2019	71.31	71.340	71.427	71.290	-0.18%
2	Dec 27, 2019	71.44	71.315	71.505	71.175	0.21%
3	Dec 26, 2019	71.29	71.270	71.348	71.225	0.01%
4	Dec 25, 2019	71.28	71.280	71.280	71.280	0.01%

# Data

- High correlation between all variables
  - Univariate analysis
- No missing values

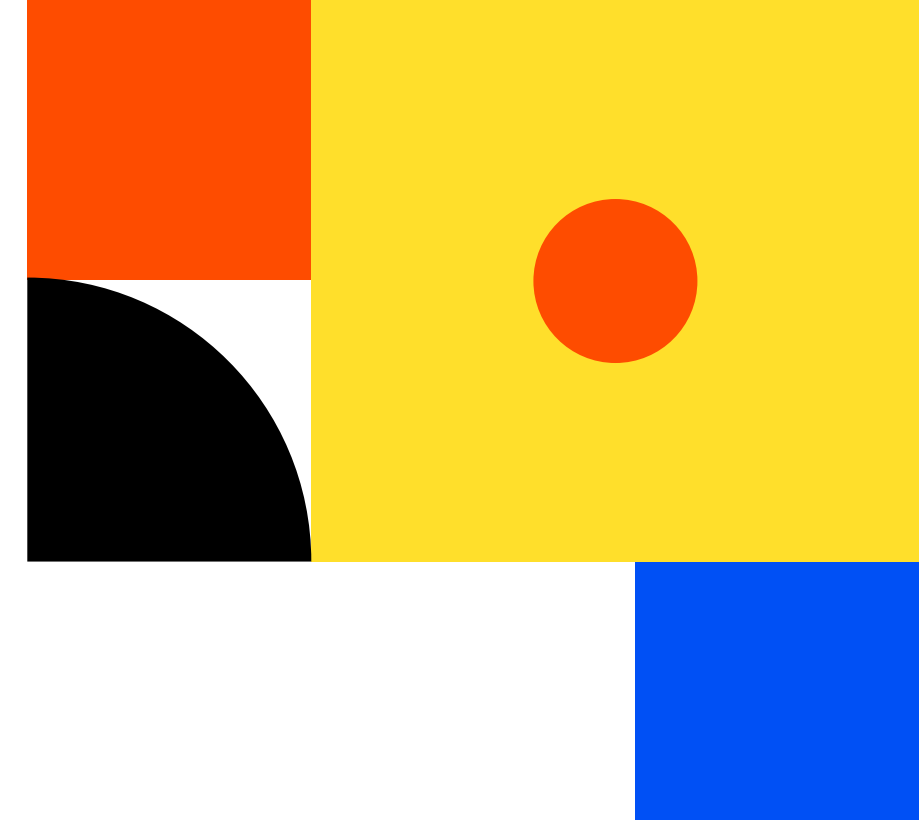


# Models

- Linear Regression
- Time Series Forecasting
  - ARMA
  - ARIMA



# Linear Regression



- Built a simple linear Regression model to predict exchange rate with lagged exchange rate
- Added new variable 'Lag\_1' which has the exchange rates of previous day
- Split the dataset into train (Jan 2010 - Dec 2017) and test (Jan 2018 - Dec 2019) data
- Input Variable -> Lagged Price
- Output Variable -> Price

## Final Model

**Price = 0.062 + 0.999 Lagged Price**

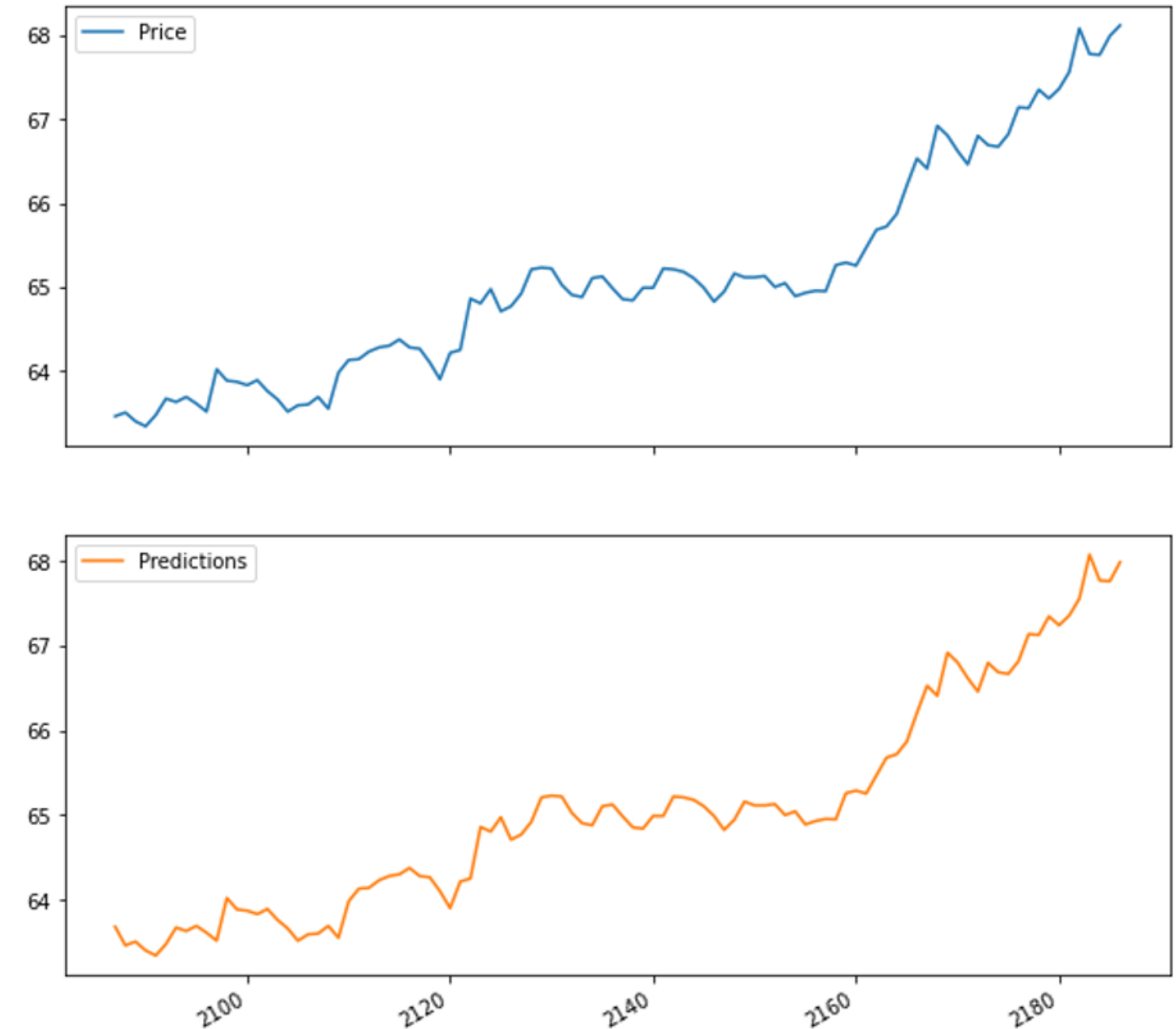
	Date	Price	Open	High	Low	Change %	Lag_1
2	Jan 05, 2010	46.205	46.305	46.305	46.045	-0.19	46.295
3	Jan 06, 2010	45.695	46.165	46.205	45.695	-1.10	46.205
4	Jan 07, 2010	45.650	45.610	45.890	45.570	-0.10	45.695
5	Jan 08, 2010	45.470	45.680	45.900	45.470	-0.39	45.650
6	Jan 11, 2010	45.260	45.510	45.510	45.230	-0.46	45.470

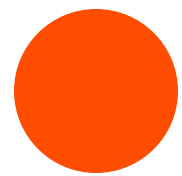


# Prediction using linear regression

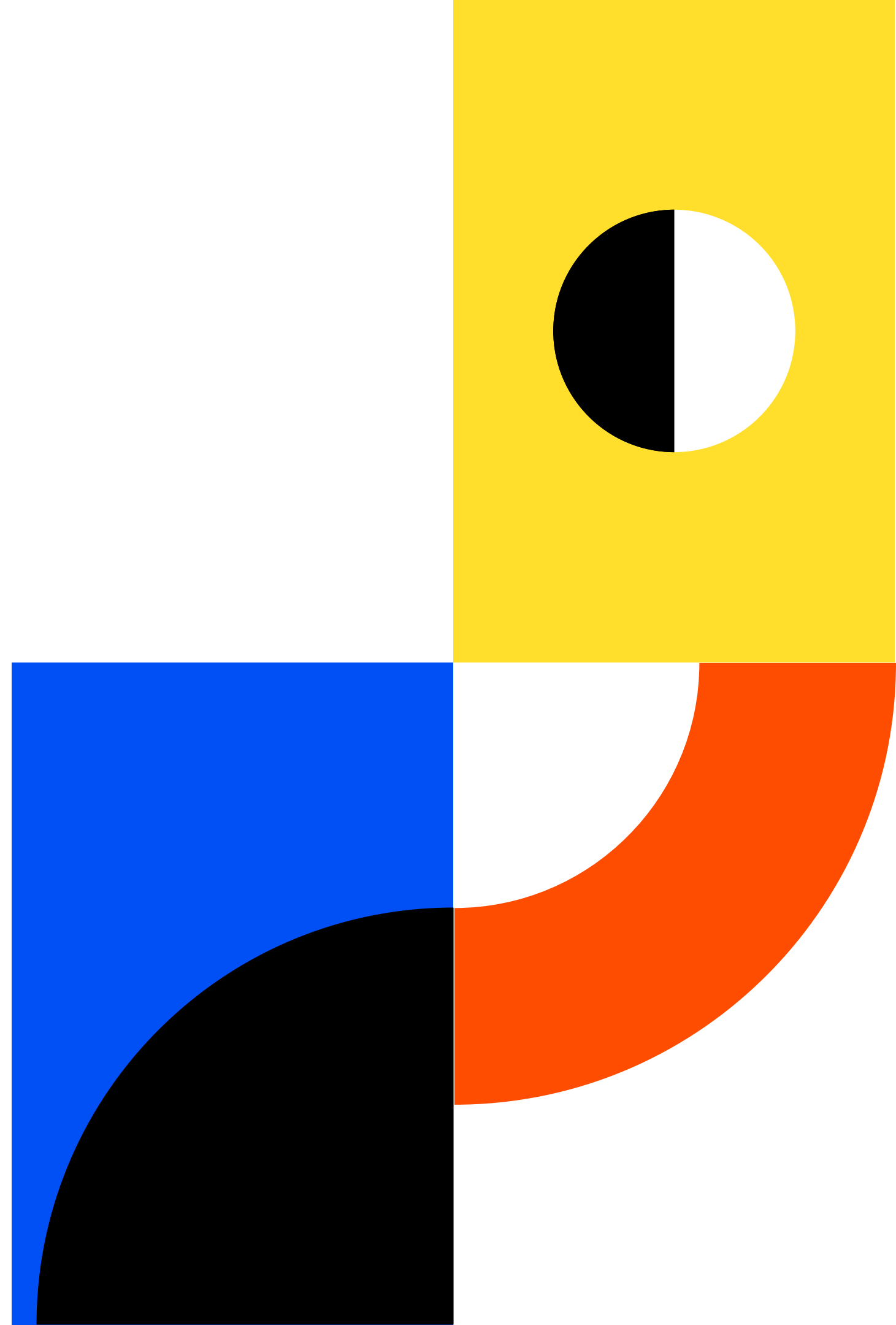
- Model was build on training data and predictions were made on the test data
- MSE for test data = 0.073
- Plot of actual test data and predicted values

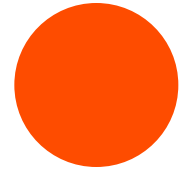
	Price	Predictions
2087	63.460	63.682779
2088	63.505	63.462984
2089	63.400	63.507942
2090	63.340	63.403040
2091	63.475	63.343096





# Time Series Analysis

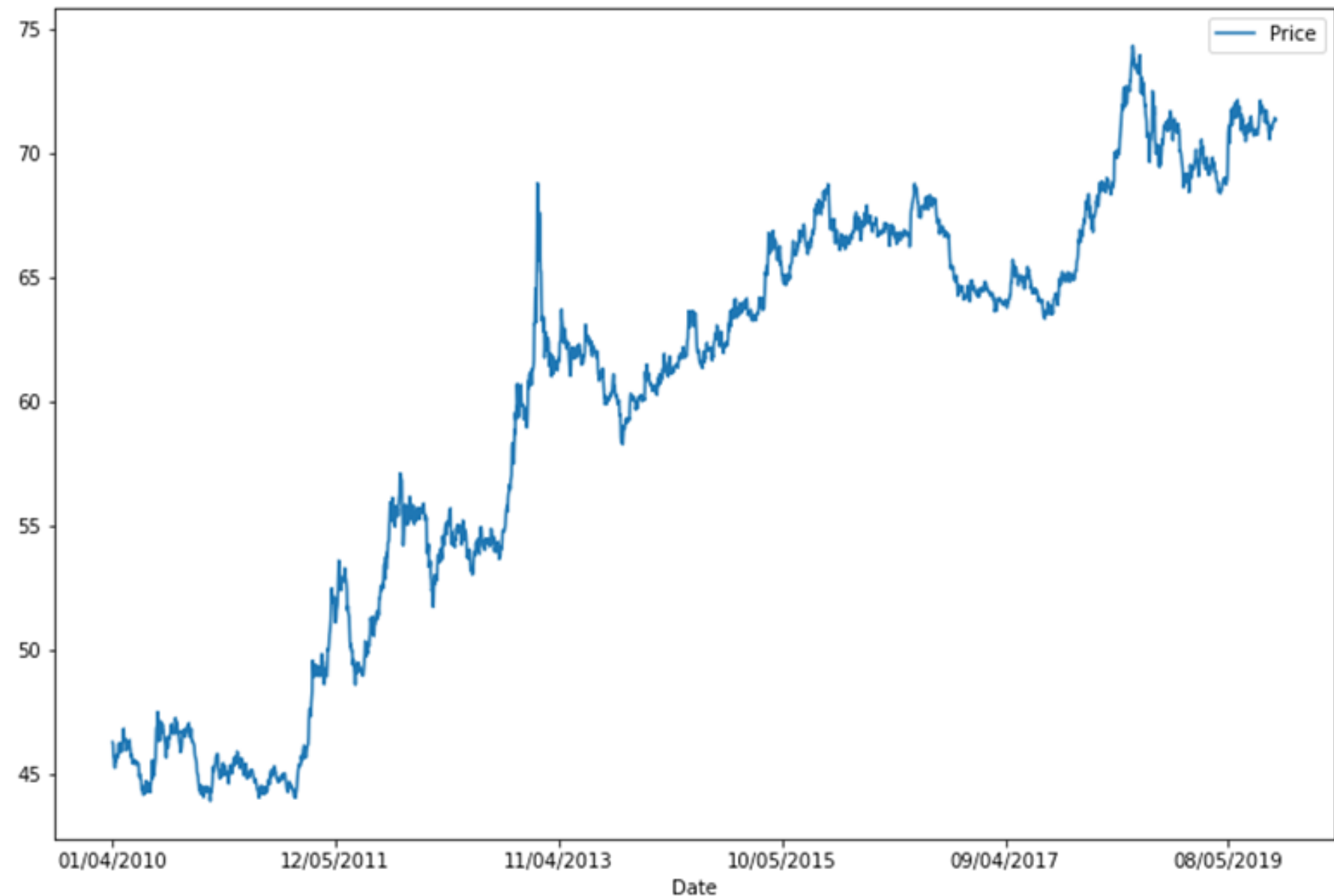




# Time Series Analysis

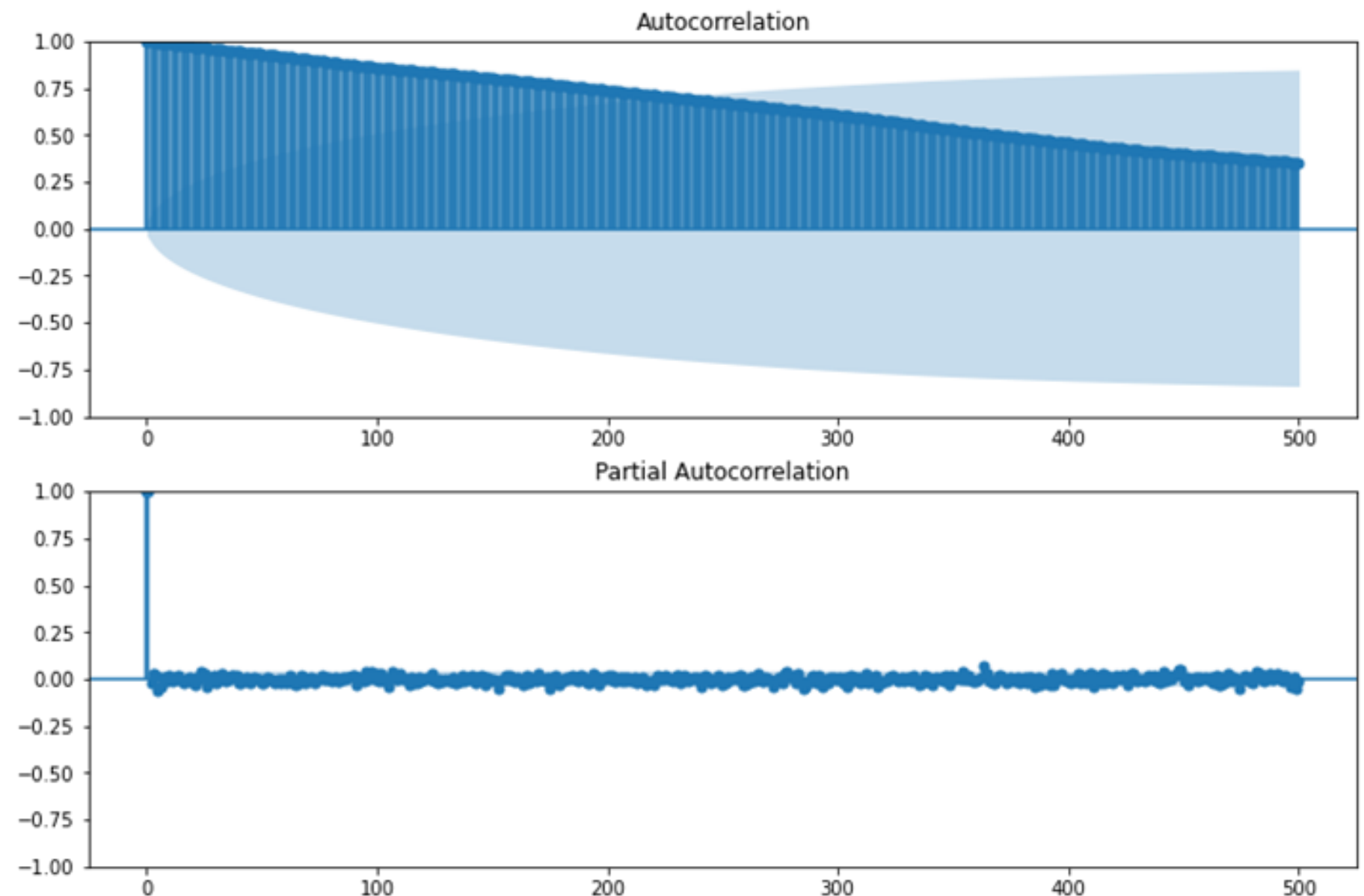
## TREND AND SEASONALITY INSPECTION

- Upward Trend
- Non-Stationary



# ACF and PACF

- Indicates the relationship of current observations with the previous observations
- Plot of ACF and PACF for 500 lags
- Helps in understanding the type of model that can be built
- ACF graph shows correlation with other lags and a decay
- PACF shows a spike at lag 1



# ARMA Model

- Auto Regressive Moving Average Model
- AR parameter  $p = 1$
- MA parameter  $q = 0$
- Built an ARMA model with  $p=1$  and  $q=0$  on the train data
- Obtain the forecast from ARMA model
- Compare with the test data
- **Final model**
  - $Y(t) = 55.997 + 0.999Y(t-1)$
  - $Y(t)$  corresponds to Price

```
## ARMA model (p=1,q=0)
```

```
model_1 = sm.tsa.ARMA(train['Price'], (1,0)).fit()  
print(model_1.params)
```

```
const          55.997039  
ar.L1.Price     0.999483  
dtype: float64
```

## ARMA Model Results

Dep. Variable:	Price	No. Observations:	2085
Model:	ARMA(1, 0)	Log Likelihood	-261.991
Method:	css-mle	S.D. of innovations	0.274
Date:	Wed, 08 Dec 2021	AIC	529.983
Time:	16:23:23	BIC	546.911
Sample:	0	HQIC	536.185

	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]
const	55.9970	6.890	8.127	0.000	42.492	69.502
ar.L1.Price	0.9995	0.001	1926.275	0.000	0.998	1.000

## Roots

	Real	Imaginary	Modulus	Frequency
AR.1	1.0005	+0.0000j	1.0005	0.0000

# ARMA Model

## ARMA Model Results

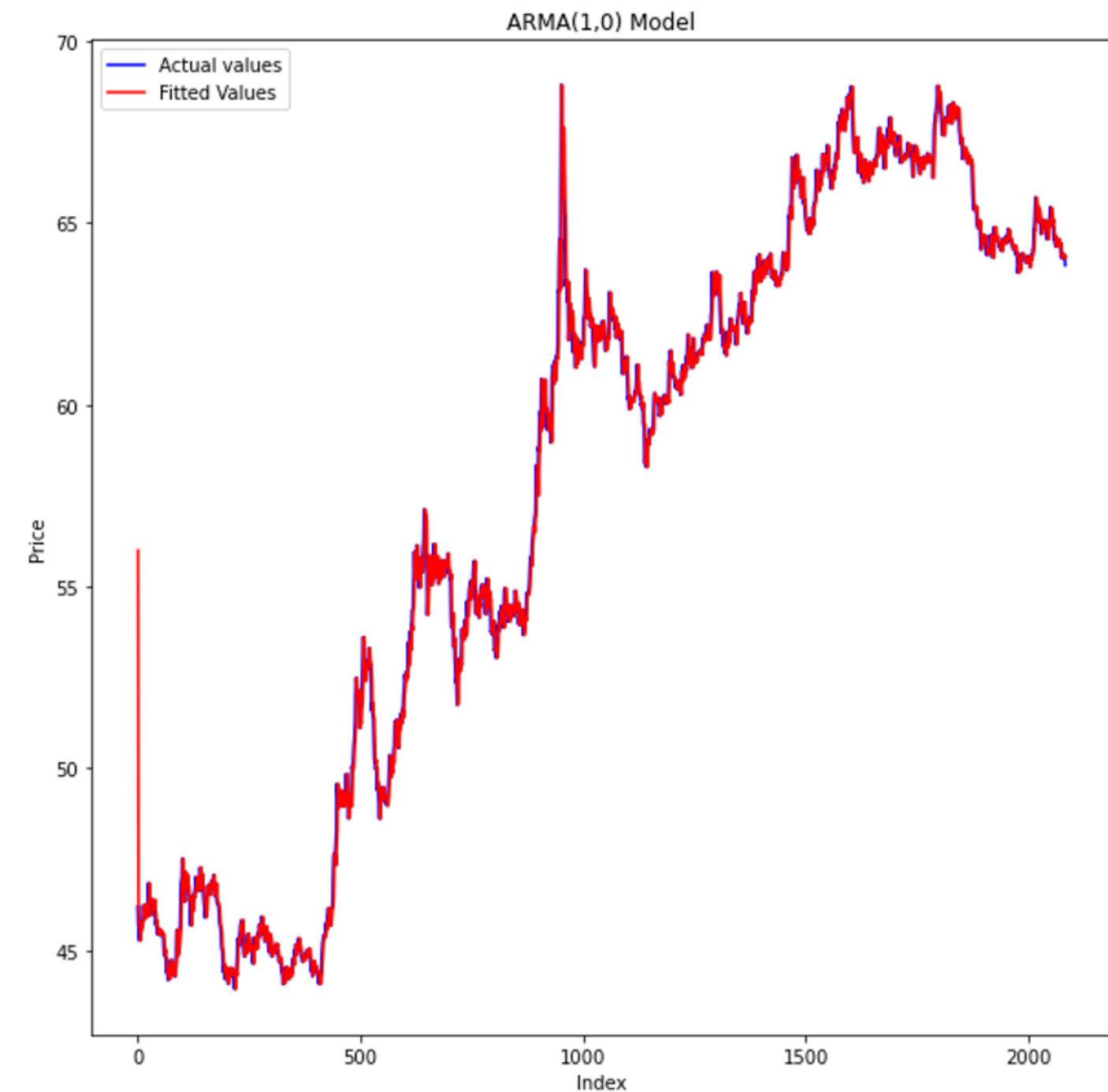
<b>Dep. Variable:</b>	Price	<b>No. Observations:</b>	2085
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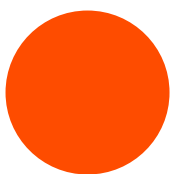
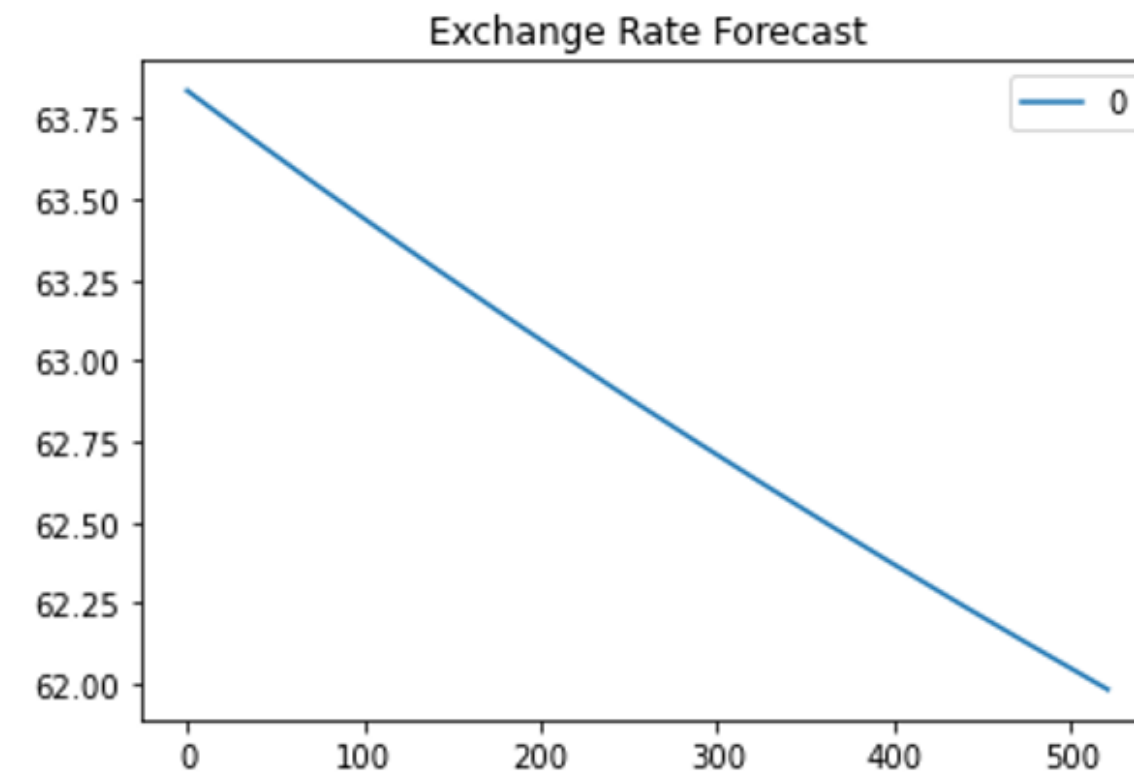
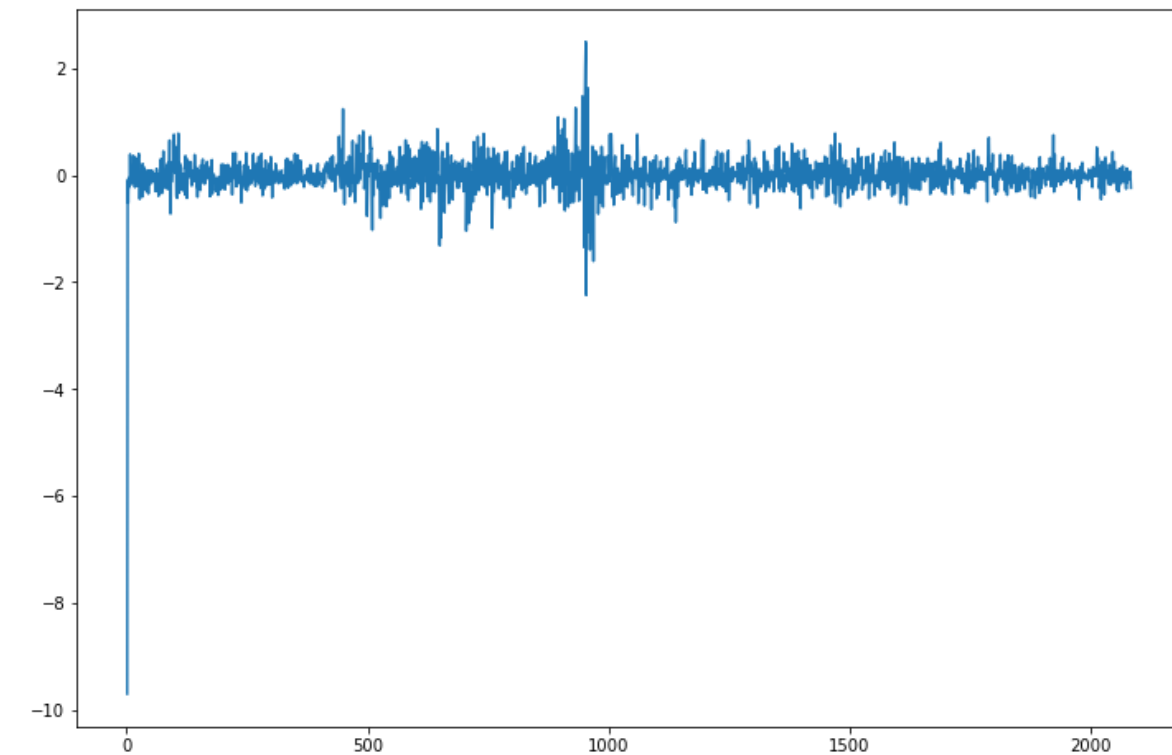
## Roots

	Real	Imaginary	Modulus	Frequency
<b>AR.1</b>	1.0005	+0.0000j	1.0005	0.0000



# ARMA Model

- Residual plot
- Plot of forecasted values for next 521 days
- MSE for train data = 0.12
- MSE for test data is very high
- p-value of AR parameter  $< 0.05$
- AIC = 530





# ARIMA Model

- Auto Regressive Integrated Moving Average model
- AR parameter  $p = 1$
- MA parameter  $q = 1$
- Differencing parameter  $d = 1$
- Built an ARIMA model with  $p=1$ ,  $d=1$  and  $q=1$  on the train data
- Obtained the forecast from ARIMA model
- Compared with the test data

```
## ARIMA MODEL
```

```
from statsmodels.tsa.arima_model import ARIMA  
arima_1= ARIMA(train['Price'],order=(1,1,1)).fit()
```

## ARIMA Model Results

Dep. Variable:	D.Price	No. Observations:	2084
Model:	ARIMA(1, 1, 1)	Log Likelihood	-253.618
Method:	css-mle	S.D. of innovations	0.273
Date:	Wed, 08 Dec 2021	AIC	515.236
Time:	16:55:42	BIC	537.804
Sample:	1	HQIC	523.505

	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]
const	0.0084	0.006	1.352	0.176	-0.004	0.021
ar.L1.D.Price	-0.4186	0.154	-2.720	0.007	-0.720	-0.117
ma.L1.D.Price	0.4755	0.148	3.208	0.001	0.185	0.766

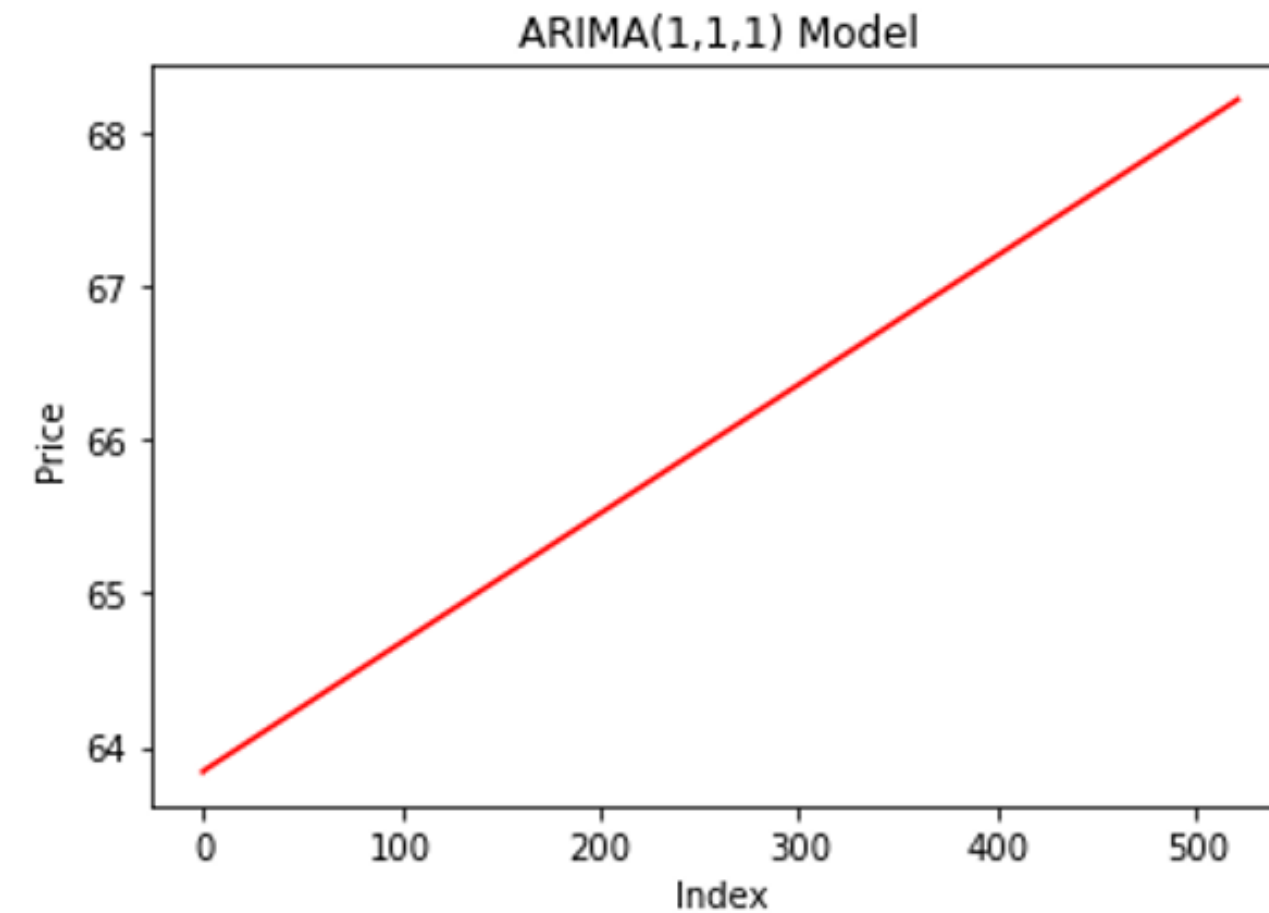
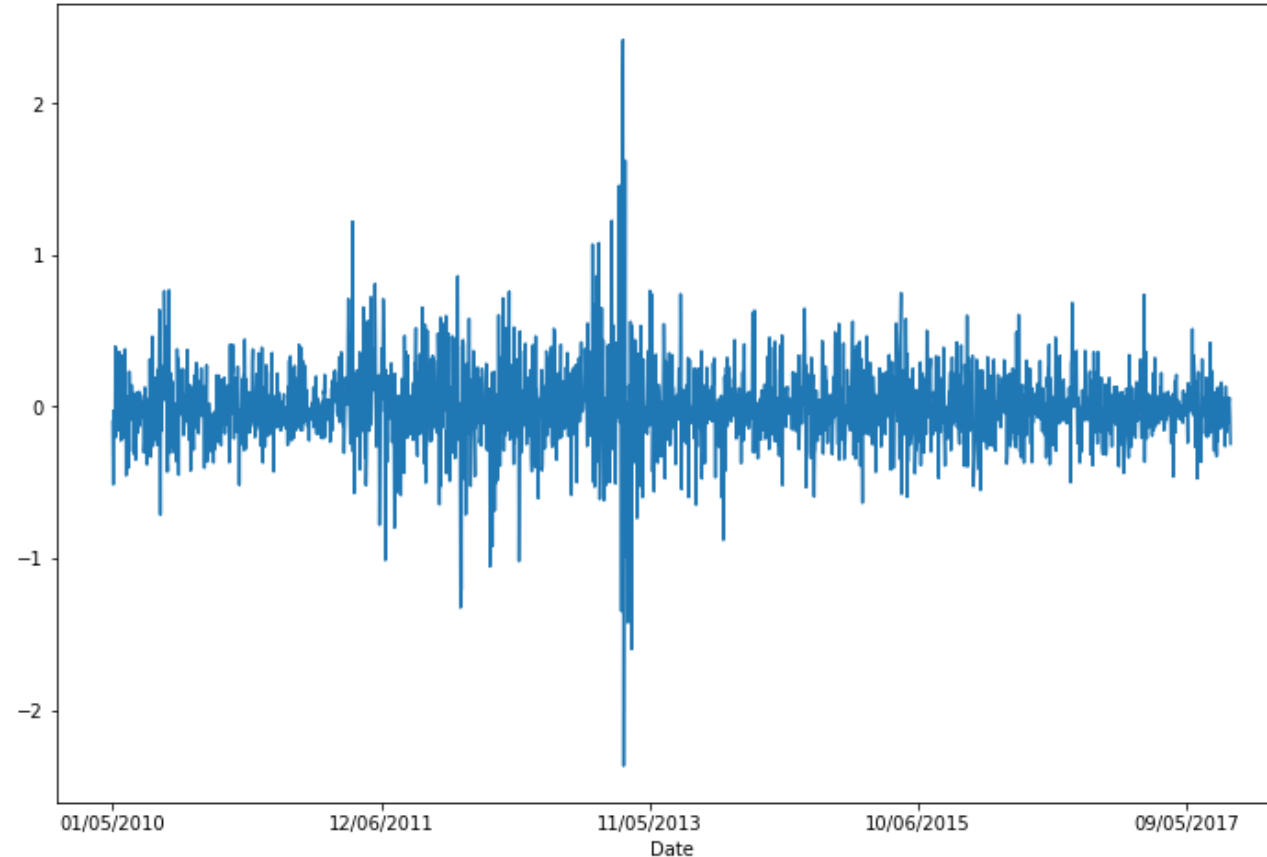
## Roots

	Real	Imaginary	Modulus	Frequency
AR.1	-2.3890	+0.0000j	2.3890	0.5000
MA.1	-2.1032	+0.0000j	2.1032	0.5000



# ARIMA Model

- Residual plot
- Forecast made for next 521 days
- MSE for test data = 15.342
- p-value of AR component and MA component  $< 0.05$
- AIC = 515.25



# ARIMA Model

- AR parameter  $p = 2$
- MA parameter  $q = 2$
- Differencing parameter  $d = 1$
- Built another ARIMA model with different set of parameters

```
## ARIMA (2,1,2)

arima_2= ARIMA(train,order=(2,1,2)).fit()
arima_2.summary()
arima_2_pred = arima_2.forecast(steps=522)[0]
```

## ARIMA Model Results

Dep. Variable:	D.Price	No. Observations:	2084
Model:	ARIMA(2, 1, 2)	Log Likelihood	-237.294
Method:	css-mle	S.D. of innovations	0.271
Date:	Tue, 07 Dec 2021	AIC	486.589
Time:	23:56:43	BIC	520.441
Sample:	01-05-2010	HQIC	498.993
	- 12-29-2017		

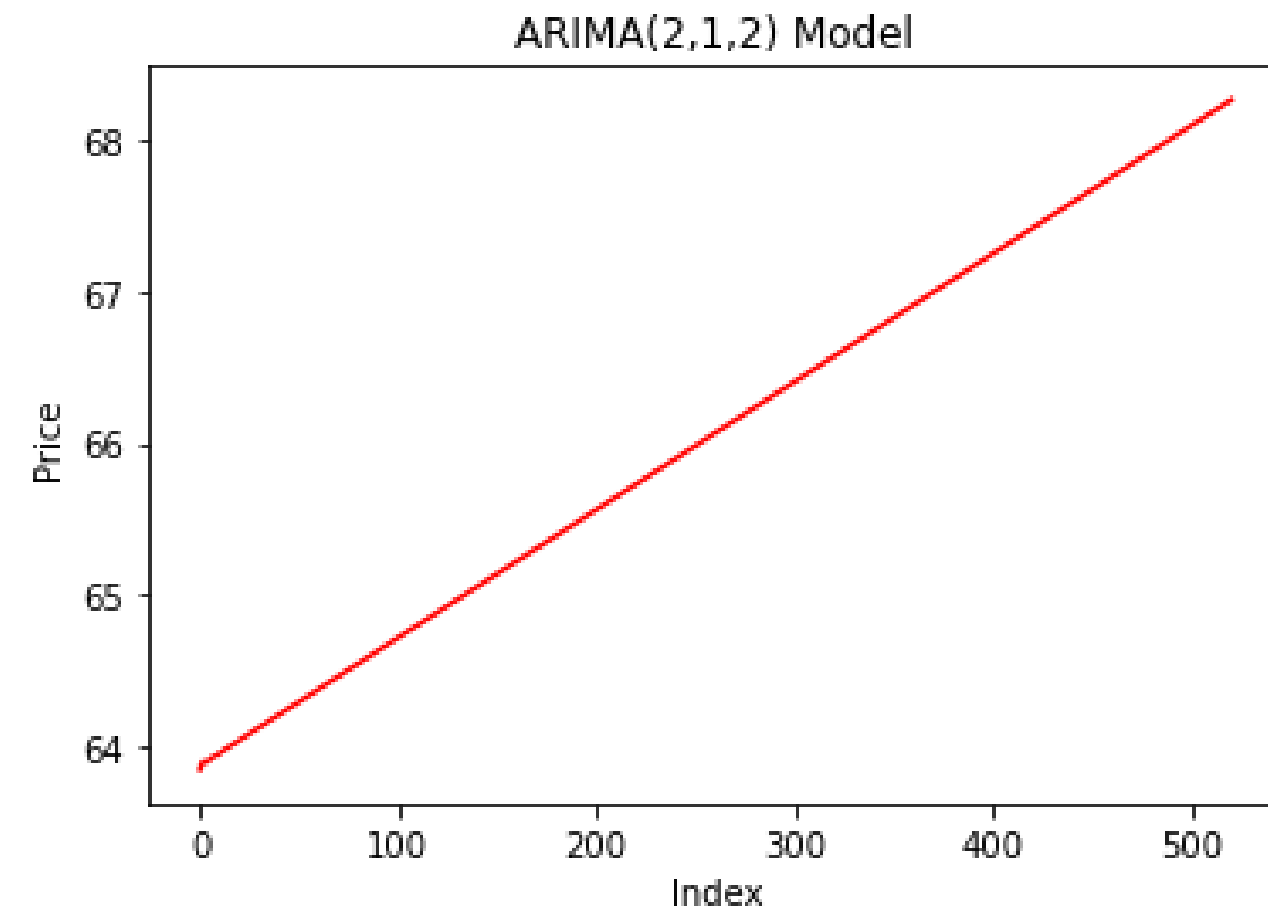
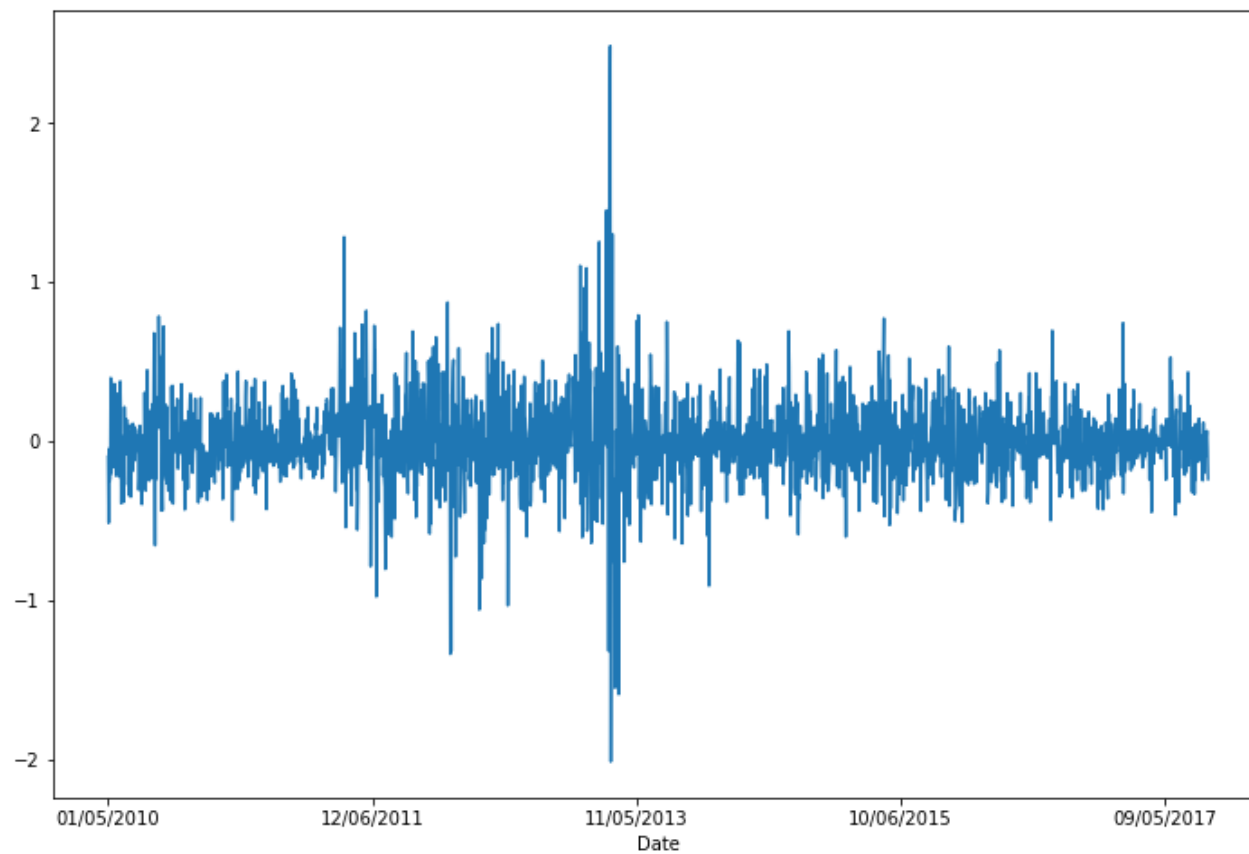
	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]
const	0.0085	0.006	1.532	0.126	-0.002	0.019
ar.L1.D.Price	0.2180	0.158	1.379	0.168	-0.092	0.528
ar.L2.D.Price	-0.5031	0.093	-5.433	0.000	-0.685	-0.322
ma.L1.D.Price	-0.1883	0.170	-1.109	0.267	-0.521	0.144
ma.L2.D.Price	0.3822	0.098	3.911	0.000	0.191	0.574

## Roots

	Real	Imaginary	Modulus	Frequency
AR.1	0.2166	-1.3930j	1.4098	-0.2254
AR.2	0.2166	+1.3930j	1.4098	0.2254
MA.1	0.2463	-1.5986i	1.6175	-0.2257

# ARIMA Model

- Forecast made for the length of test data
- MSE for test data = 15.05369
- p-value of AR and MA component at lag 1 is  $>0.05$
- AIC = 486.589

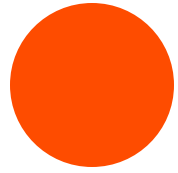




# Conclusion



- Linear Regression model gave the least mean squared error value for test data and was able to capture the trend of the time series data well.
- ARMA model parameters were significant but the mean squared error for test data was very high.
- ARIMA(1,1,1) model's all the AR and MA parameters were significant and AIC value was also not high
- ARIMA(2,1,2) model's AR and MA parameters at lag 1 were insignificant but AIC value and MSE was lower than ARIMA(1,1,1)



# Thank you!

Any questions?

