

```
In [8]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, mean_absolute_error, mean_squared_error, r2_score, confusion_matrix, classification_report
```

```
In [10]: df = pd.read_csv("restaurant.csv")
df.head()
```

Out[10]:

	Restaurant ID	Restaurant Name	Country Code	City	Address	Locality	Locality Verbose	Longitude	Latitude	Cuisines	...	Currency	Has Table booking	Has Online delivery	Is delivering now	Switch to order menu	Price range
0	6317637	Le Petit Souffle	162	Makati City	Third Floor, Century City Mall, Kalayaan Avenu...	Century City Mall, Poblacion, Makati City	Century City Mall, Poblacion, Makati City, Mak...	121.027535	14.565443	French, Japanese, Desserts	...	Botswana Pula(P)	Yes	No	No	No	3
1	6304287	Izakaya Kikufuji	162	Makati City	Little Tokyo, 2277 Chino Roces Avenue, Legaspi...	Little Tokyo, Legaspi Village, Makati City	Little Tokyo, Legaspi Village, Makati City, Ma...	121.014101	14.553708	Japanese	...	Botswana Pula(P)	Yes	No	No	No	3
2	6300002	Heat - Edsa Shangri-La	162	Mandaluyong City	Edsa Shangri-La, 1 Garden Way, Ortigas, Mandal...	Edsa Shangri-La, Ortigas, Mandaluyong City	Edsa Shangri-La, Ortigas, Mandaluyong City, Ma...	121.056831	14.581404	Seafood, Asian, Filipino, Indian	...	Botswana Pula(P)	Yes	No	No	No	4
3	6318506	Ooma	162	Mandaluyong City	Third Floor, Mega Fashion Hall, SM Megamall, O...	SM Megamall, Ortigas, Mandaluyong City	SM Megamall, Ortigas, Mandaluyong City, Mandal...	121.056475	14.585318	Japanese, Sushi	...	Botswana Pula(P)	No	No	No	No	4
4	6314302	Sambo Kojin	162	Mandaluyong City	Third Floor, Mega Atrium, SM Megamall, Ortigas...	SM Megamall, Ortigas, Mandaluyong City	SM Megamall, Ortigas, Mandaluyong City, Mandal...	121.057508	14.584450	Japanese, Korean	...	Botswana Pula(P)	Yes	No	No	No	4

5 rows × 21 columns

```
In [12]: df.columns
```

```
Out[12]: Index(['Restaurant ID', 'Restaurant Name', 'Country Code', 'City', 'Address',
              'Locality', 'Locality Verbose', 'Longitude', 'Latitude', 'Cuisines',
              'Average Cost for two', 'Currency', 'Has Table booking',
              'Has Online delivery', 'Is delivering now', 'Switch to order menu',
              'Price range', 'Aggregate rating', 'Rating color', 'Rating text',
              'Votes'],
              dtype='object')
```

```
In [14]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 9551 entries, 0 to 9550
Data columns (total 21 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Restaurant ID          9551 non-null   int64
1   Restaurant Name        9551 non-null   object
2   Country Code           9551 non-null   int64
3   City                   9551 non-null   object
4   Address                9551 non-null   object
5   Locality               9551 non-null   object
6   Locality Verbose       9551 non-null   object
7   Longitude              9551 non-null   float64
8   Latitude               9551 non-null   float64
9   Cuisines                9542 non-null   object
10  Average Cost for two    9551 non-null   int64
11  Currency                9551 non-null   object
12  Has Table booking       9551 non-null   object
13  Has Online delivery     9551 non-null   object
14  Is delivering now       9551 non-null   object
15  Switch to order menu   9551 non-null   object
16  Price range            9551 non-null   int64
17  Aggregate rating        9551 non-null   float64
18  Rating color           9551 non-null   object
19  Rating text            9551 non-null   object
20  Votes                  9551 non-null   int64
dtypes: float64(3), int64(5), object(13)
memory usage: 1.5+ MB
```

```
In [16]: df.dtypes
```

```
Out[16]: Restaurant ID      int64
Restaurant Name      object
Country Code        int64
City                object
Address             object
Locality            object
Locality Verbose    object
Longitude           float64
Latitude            float64
Cuisines            object
Average Cost for two  int64
Currency            object
Has Table booking   object
Has Online delivery object
Is delivering now    object
Switch to order menu object
Price range         int64
Aggregate rating     float64
Rating color        object
Rating text         object
Votes              int64
dtype: object
```

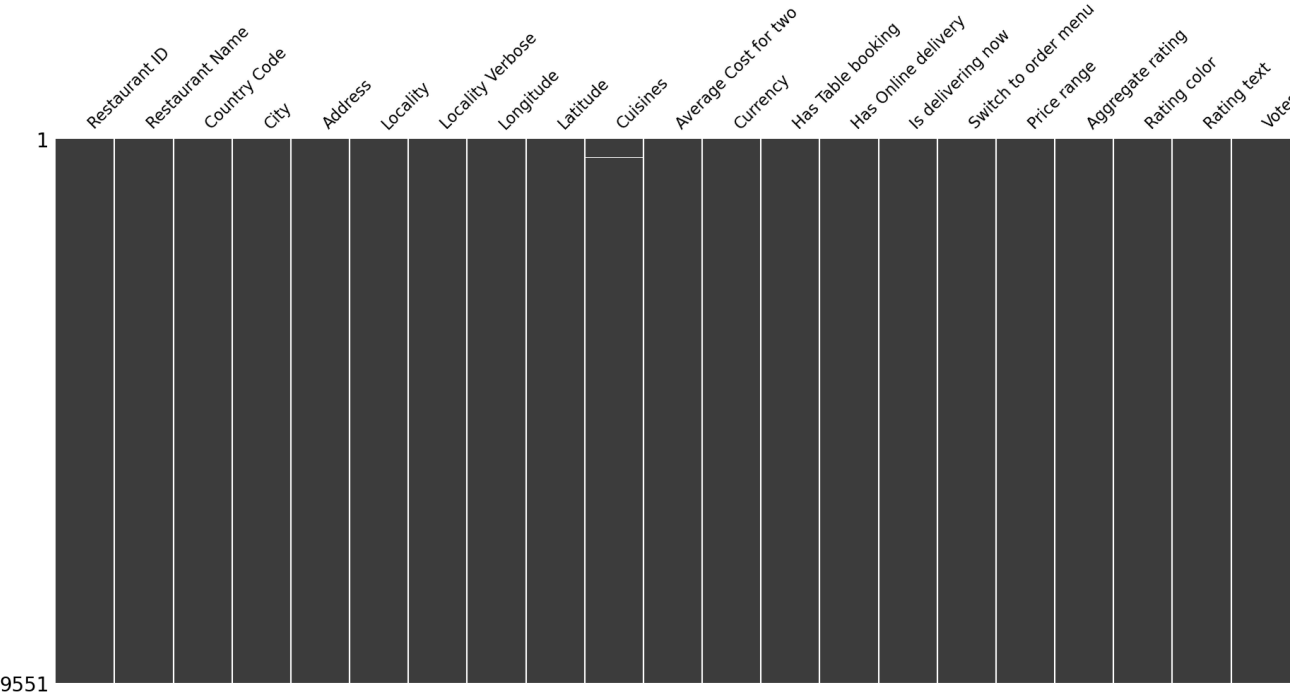
```
In [18]: df.describe()
```

	Restaurant ID	Country Code	Longitude	Latitude	Average Cost for two	Price range	Aggregate rating	Votes
count	9.551000e+03	9551.000000	9551.000000	9551.000000	9551.000000	9551.000000	9551.000000	9551.000000
mean	9.051128e+06	18.365616	64.126574	25.854381	1199.210763	1.804837	2.666370	156.909748
std	8.791521e+06	56.750546	41.467058	11.007935	16121.183073	0.905609	1.516378	430.169145
min	5.300000e+01	1.000000	-157.948486	-41.330428	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	3.019625e+05	1.000000	77.081343	28.478713	250.000000	1.000000	2.500000	5.000000
50%	6.004089e+06	1.000000	77.191964	28.570469	400.000000	2.000000	3.200000	31.000000
75%	1.835229e+07	1.000000	77.282006	28.642758	700.000000	2.000000	3.700000	131.000000
max	1.850065e+07	216.000000	174.832089	55.976980	800000.000000	4.000000	4.900000	10934.000000

```
In [23]: !pip install missingno
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: missingno in c:\users\sguha\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (0.5.2)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy in c:\users\sguha\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from missingno) (1.26.4)
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib in c:\users\sguha\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from missingno) (3.9.2)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy in c:\users\sguha\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from missingno) (1.13.1)
Requirement already satisfied: seaborn in c:\users\sguha\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from missingno) (0.13.2)
Requirement already satisfied: contourpy>=1.0.1 in c:\users\sguha\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib->missingno) (1.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in c:\users\sguha\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib->missingno) (0.11.0)
Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in c:\users\sguha\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib->missingno) (4.51.0)
Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.3.1 in c:\users\sguha\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib->missingno) (1.4.4)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in c:\users\sguha\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib->missingno) (24.1)
Requirement already satisfied: pillow>=8 in c:\users\sguha\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib->missingno) (10.4.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.3.1 in c:\users\sguha\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib->missingno) (3.1.2)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7 in c:\users\sguha\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib->missingno) (2.9.0.post0)
Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=1.2 in c:\users\sguha\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from seaborn->missingno) (2.2.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in c:\users\sguha\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandas->=1.2->seaborn->missingno) (2024.1)
Requirement already satisfied: tzdata>=2022.7 in c:\users\sguha\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pandas->=1.2->seaborn->missingno) (2023.3)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in c:\users\sguha\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from python-dateutil->=2.7->matplotlib->missingno) (1.16.0)
```

```
In [25]: import missingno as msno
msno.matrix(df)
plt.show()
```



```
In [27]: df.shape
```

```
Out[27]: (9551, 21)
```

```
In [29]: df.isnull().sum()
```

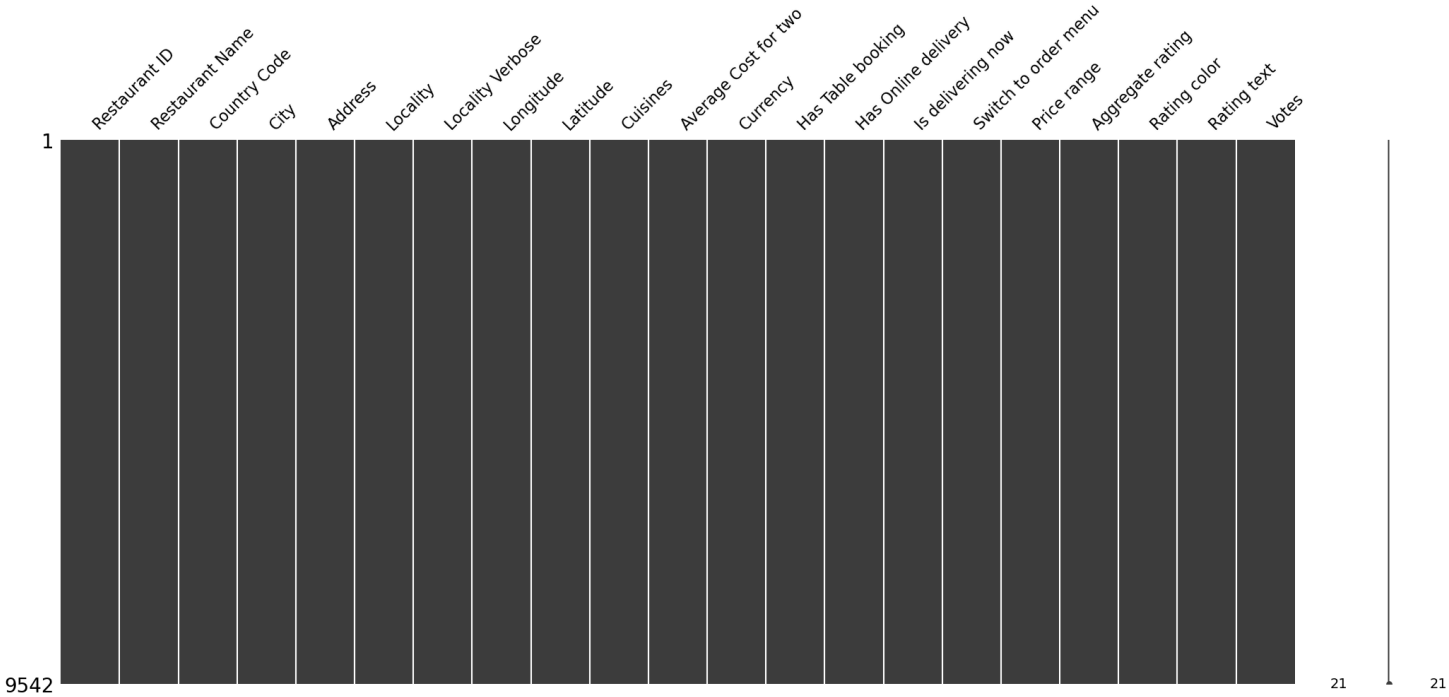
```
Out[29]: Restaurant ID      0
Restaurant Name      0
Country Code        0
City                0
Address             0
Locality            0
Locality Verbose    0
Longitude           0
Latitude            0
Cuisines            9
Average Cost for two 0
Currency            0
Has Table booking    0
Has Online delivery  0
Is delivering now    0
Switch to order menu 0
Price range          0
Aggregate rating     0
Rating color         0
Rating text          0
Votes                0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [31]: df = df.dropna()
```

```
In [33]: df.shape
```

```
Out[33]: (9542, 21)
```

```
In [37]: msno.matrix(df)
plt.show()
```



```
In [39]: df['Aggregate rating'].describe()
```

```
Out[39]: count      9542.000000
mean          2.665238
std           1.516588
min           0.000000
25%           2.500000
50%           3.200000
75%           3.700000
max           4.900000
Name: Aggregate rating, dtype: float64
```

```
In [41]: df['Aggregate rating'].value_counts()
```

```

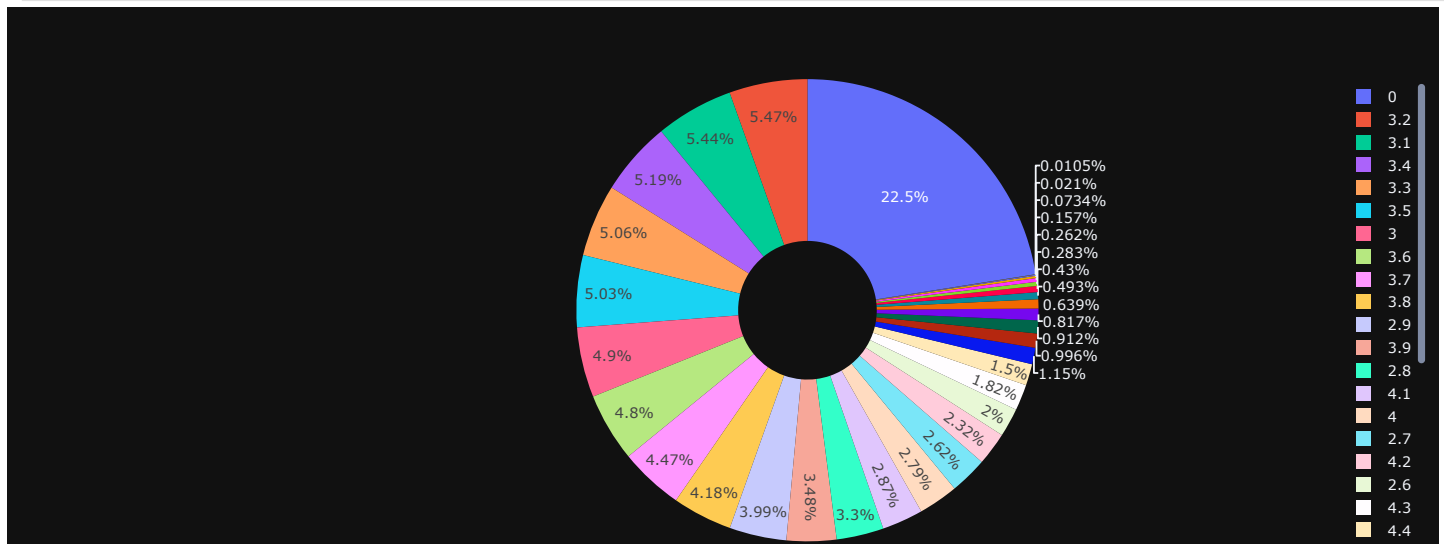
Out[41]: Aggregate rating
0.0      2148
3.2       522
3.1       519
3.4       495
3.3       483
3.5       480
3.0       468
3.6       458
3.7       427
3.8       399
2.9       381
3.9       332
2.8       315
4.1       274
4.0       266
2.7       250
4.2       221
2.6       191
4.3       174
4.4       143
2.5       110
4.5        95
2.4        87
4.6        78
4.9        61
2.3        47
4.7        41
2.2        27
4.8        25
2.1        15
2.0         7
1.9         2
1.8         1
Name: count, dtype: int64

```

```

In [43]: import plotly.express as px
fig = px.pie(df,names ="Aggregate rating",hole = 0.3,template ="plotly_dark")
fig.show()

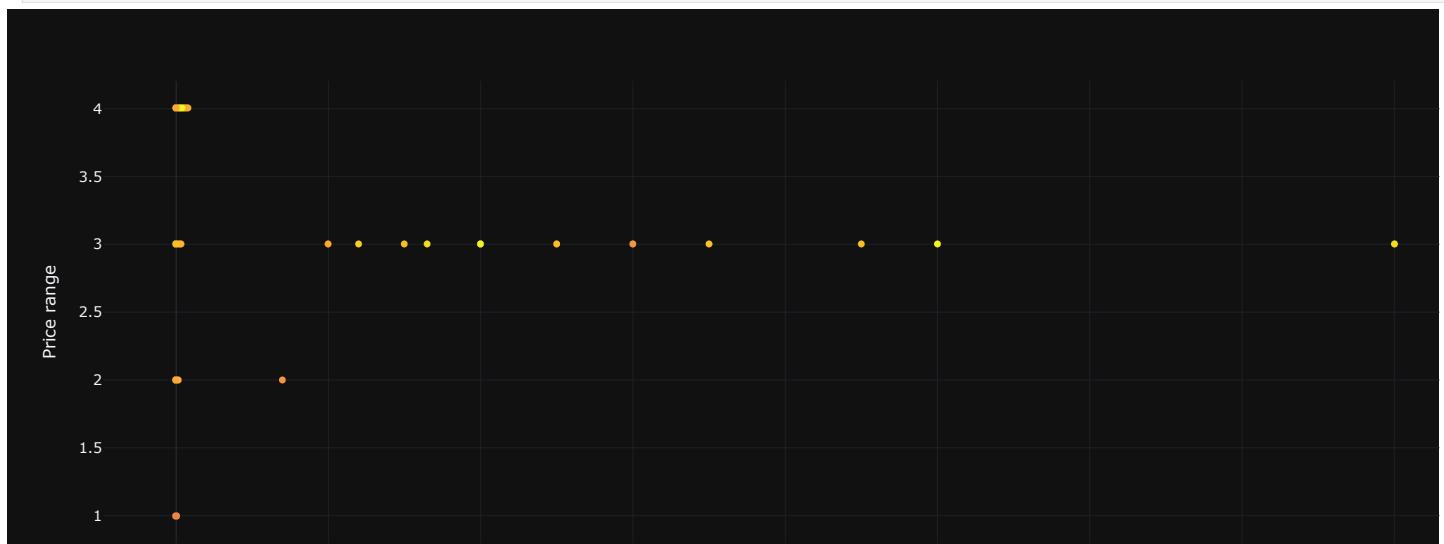
```



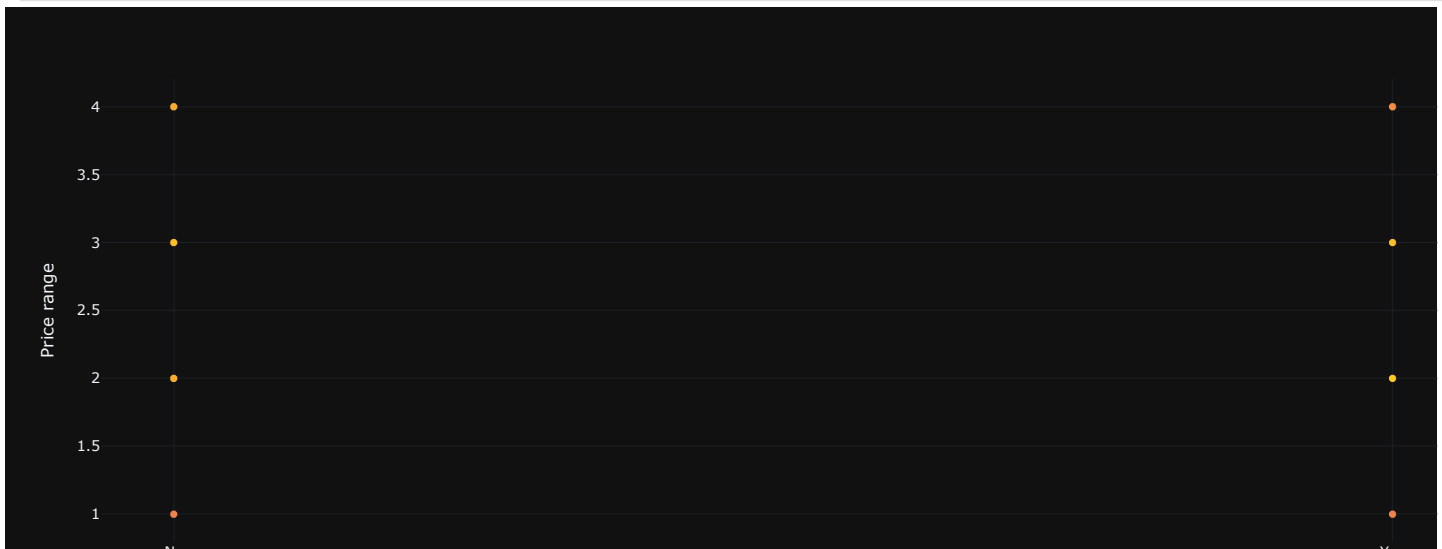
```

In [45]: fig = px.scatter(df,x ="Average Cost for two",y="Price range",color= "Aggregate rating",template="plotly_dark")
fig.show()

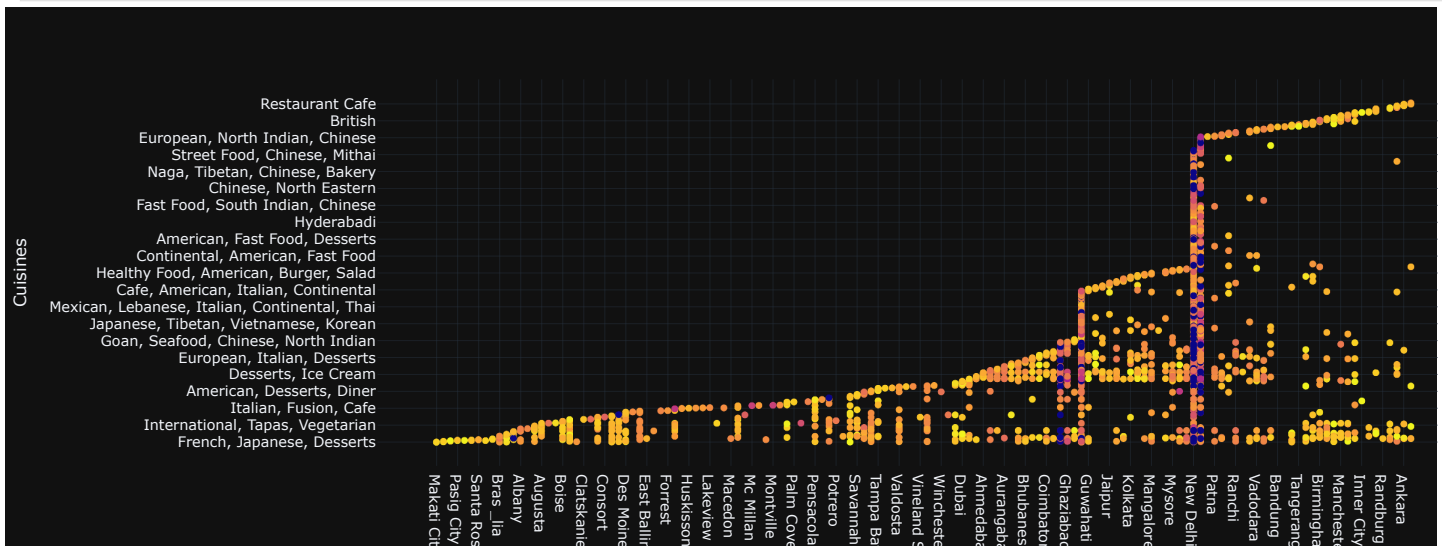
```



```
In [47]: fig = px.scatter(df,x="Has Online delivery",y="Price range",color="Aggregate rating",template="plotly_dark")
fig.show()
```



```
In [49]: fig = px.scatter(df,x="City",y="Cuisines",color="Aggregate rating",template="plotly_dark")
fig.show()
```



```
In [51]: from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder

#encoded_df = df.copy()

label_encoder = LabelEncoder()

columns_to_encode = ['Restaurant Name', 'City', 'Address', 'Locality', 'Locality Verbose', 'Cuisines', 'Currency', 'Rating color', 'Rating text']

# Encode categorical columns
for column in columns_to_encode:
    df[column] = label_encoder.fit_transform(df[column])

# Map 'Yes' and 'No' to numerical values for binary categorical columns
binary_columns = ['Has Table booking', 'Has Online delivery', 'Is delivering now', 'Switch to order menu']
binary_mapping = {'No': 0, 'Yes': 1}

# Encode binary categorical columns
for column in binary_columns:
    df[column] = df[column].map(binary_mapping)

# Print first few rows of encoded DataFrame
print(df.head())
```

	Restaurant ID	Restaurant Name	Country Code	City	Address	Locality \
0	6317637	3743	162	74	8680	175
1	6304287	3168	162	74	6049	596
2	6300002	2894	162	76	4678	312
3	6318506	4701	162	76	8685	864
4	6314302	5516	162	76	8684	864

	Locality Verbose	Longitude	Latitude	Cuisines	...	Currency \
0	176	121.027535	14.565443	920	...	0
1	604	121.014101	14.553708	1111	...	0
2	318	121.056831	14.581404	1671	...	0
3	877	121.056475	14.585318	1126	...	0
4	877	121.057508	14.584450	1122	...	0

	Has Table booking	Has Online delivery	Is delivering now \
0	1	0	0
1	1	0	0
2	1	0	0
3	0	0	0
4	1	0	0

	Switch to order menu	Price range	Aggregate rating	Rating color \
0	0	3	4.8	0
1	0	3	4.5	0
2	0	4	4.4	1
3	0	4	4.9	0
4	0	4	4.8	0

	Rating text	Votes
0	1	314
1	1	591
2	5	270
3	1	365
4	1	229

[5 rows x 21 columns]

```
In [53]: # drop features that inhibit model building
df = df.drop('Restaurant ID', axis=1)
df = df.drop('Restaurant Name', axis=1)
df = df.drop('Country Code', axis=1)
df = df.drop('City', axis=1)
df = df.drop('Address', axis=1)
df = df.drop('Locality', axis=1)
df = df.drop('Locality Verbose', axis=1)
df = df.drop('Longitude', axis=1)
df = df.drop('Latitude', axis=1)
df = df.drop('Cuisines', axis=1)
df = df.drop('Currency', axis=1)
```

```
In [55]: print(df.describe())
```

	Average Cost for two	Has Table booking	Has Online delivery \
count	9542.000000	9542.000000	9542.000000
mean	1200.326137	0.121358	0.256864
std	16128.743876	0.326560	0.436927
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	250.000000	0.000000	0.000000
50%	400.000000	0.000000	0.000000
75%	700.000000	0.000000	1.000000
max	800000.000000	1.000000	1.000000

	Is delivering now	Switch to order menu	Price range	Aggregate rating \
count	9542.000000	9542.0	9542.000000	9542.000000
mean	0.003563	0.0	1.804968	2.665238
std	0.059589	0.0	0.905563	1.516588
min	0.000000	0.0	1.000000	0.000000
25%	0.000000	0.0	1.000000	2.500000
50%	0.000000	0.0	2.000000	3.200000
75%	0.000000	0.0	2.000000	3.700000
max	1.000000	0.0	4.000000	4.900000

	Rating color	Rating text	Votes
count	9542.000000	9542.000000	9542.000000
mean	2.952840	1.788933	156.772060
std	1.492629	1.694795	430.203324
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	2.000000	0.000000	5.000000
50%	2.000000	2.000000	31.000000
75%	4.000000	3.000000	130.000000
max	5.000000	5.000000	10934.000000

```
In [57]: df
```

	Average Cost for two	Has Table booking	Has Online delivery	Is delivering now	Switch to order menu	Price range	Aggregate rating	Rating color	Rating text	Votes
0	1100	1	0	0	0	3	4.8	0	1	314
1	1200	1	0	0	0	3	4.5	0	1	591
2	4000	1	0	0	0	4	4.4	1	5	270
3	1500	0	0	0	0	4	4.9	0	1	365
4	1500	1	0	0	0	4	4.8	0	1	229
...
9546	80	0	0	0	0	3	4.1	1	5	788
9547	105	0	0	0	0	3	4.2	1	5	1034
9548	170	0	0	0	0	4	3.7	5	2	661
9549	120	0	0	0	0	4	4.0	1	5	901
9550	55	0	0	0	0	2	4.0	1	5	591

9542 rows x 10 columns

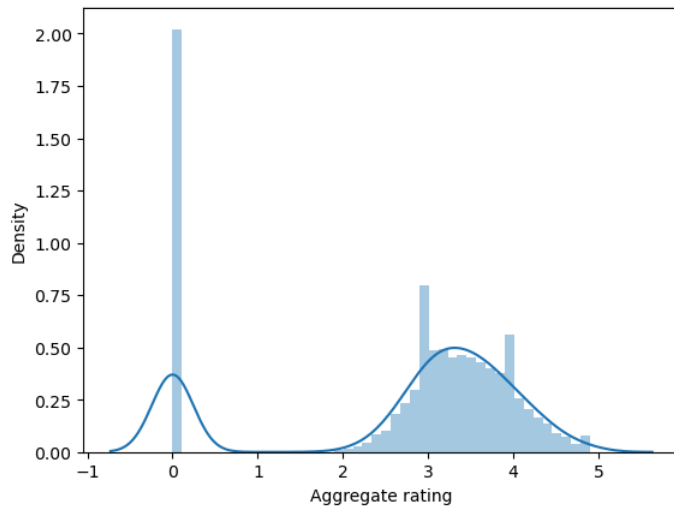
```
In [59]: sns.distplot(df['Aggregate rating'])
```

`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

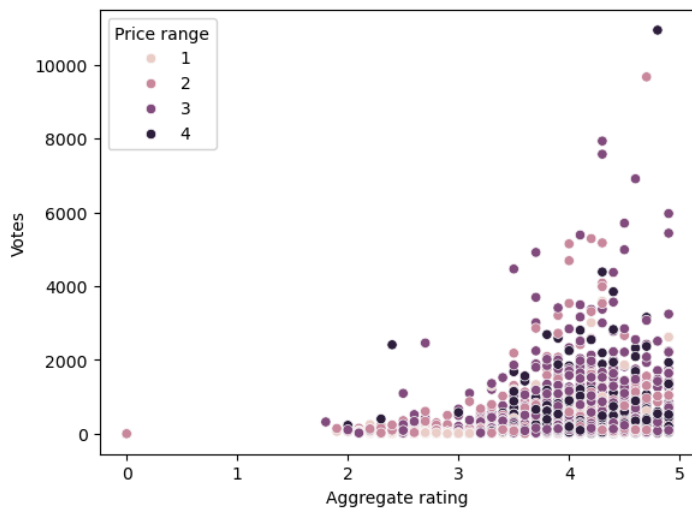
For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see <https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751>

Out[59]: <Axes: xlabel='Aggregate rating', ylabel='Density'>



In [61]: `sns.scatterplot(x=df["Aggregate rating"],y=df["Votes"],hue=df["Price range"])`

Out[61]: <Axes: xlabel='Aggregate rating', ylabel='Votes'>



In [63]: `plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
sns.heatmap(df.corr(),annot=True)
plt.title("Correlation between the attributes")
plt.show()`

Correlation between the attributes



```
In [65]: x = df.drop('Aggregate rating', axis=1)
y = df['Aggregate rating']
```

```
In [67]: #Data Splitting
```

```
In [69]: x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.1,random_state=250)
x_train.head()
y_train.head()
```

```
Out[69]: 9453    3.8
3230    3.9
6529    4.2
2576    2.8
1907    3.0
Name: Aggregate rating, dtype: float64
```

```
In [71]: print("x_train: ", x_train.shape)
print("x_test: ", x_test.shape)
print("y_train: ", y_train.shape)
print("y_test: ", y_test.shape)
```

```
x_train: (8587, 9)
x_test: (955, 9)
y_train: (8587,)
y_test: (955,)
```

```
In [73]: #training by linear regression algorithm
linreg = LinearRegression()
linreg.fit(x_train,y_train)
linreg_pred=linreg.predict(x_test)
```

```
In [75]: #evaluating performance metrics of linear regression
linreg_mae = mean_absolute_error(y_test, linreg_pred)
linreg_mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, linreg_pred)
linreg_r2 = r2_score(y_test, linreg_pred)
print(f"Mean Absolute Error of the linear regression model is: {linreg_mae:.2f}")
print(f"Mean Squared Error of the linear regression model is: {linreg_mse:.2f}")
print(f"R2 score of the linear regression model is: {linreg_r2:.2f}")
```

```
Mean Absolute Error of the linear regression model is: 0.99
Mean Squared Error of the linear regression model is: 1.43
R2 score of the linear regression model is: 0.38
```

```
In [77]: # training by decision tree regressor algorithm
dtree = DecisionTreeRegressor()
dtree.fit(x_train, y_train)
dtree_pred = dtree.predict(x_test)
```

```
In [79]: #evaluating performance metrics of decision tree
dtree_mae = mean_absolute_error(y_test, dtree_pred)
dtree_mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, dtree_pred)
dtree_r2 = r2_score(y_test, dtree_pred)
print(f"Mean Absolute Error of the decision tree model is: {dtree_mae:.2f}")
print(f"Mean Squared Error of the decision tree model is: {dtree_mse:.2f}")
print(f"R2 score of the decision tree model is: {dtree_r2:.2f}")
```

```
Mean Absolute Error of the decision tree model is: 0.14
Mean Squared Error of the decision tree model is: 0.05
R2 score of the decision tree model is: 0.98
```