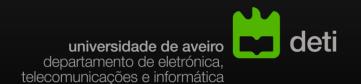
45426: Teste e Qualidade de Software

# Integration testing and Spring Boot test support

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### Learning objectives

Relate the test of API with the right level of testing in the "pyramid of tests"

Justify the need for "slicing" test scopes.

Discuss diferente strategies to test layered applications in Spring Boot.

Read SpringBoot tests with mocking of dependencies.

# Popular testing tools for the Java developer

Basics (unit)

JUnit, TestNG

Spock

Hamcrest, AssertJ, Truth

Multi-layer apps/backend

Arquillian

SpringBoot testing

Mocking objects behavior

Mockito

EasyMock

Web/functional testing

Selenium IDE

**API Testing** 

**REST-Assured** 

Story-driven (BDD)

Cucumber

See also: https://dzone.com/articles/10-essential-testing-tools-for-java-developers

### Hamcrest

"Matchers" that can be combined to create flexible expressions of intent (in unit testing)

Matchers as used for "asserts" but also to define expectations in mocks.

guide/reference

```
assertThat(5, Matchers.equalTo(5));
assertThat(5, Matchers.greaterThanOrEqualTo(5));
assertThat(str1, equalToIgnoringWhiteSpace(str2));
// collections
assertThat(emptyList, empty());
String[] hamcrestMatchers = { "collections", "beans", "text",
<u>"nu</u>mber" };
assertThat("text", isOneOf(hamcrestMatchers));
// object level inspection
assertThat(person, hasProperty("address", equalTo("New
York")));
assertThat(person1, samePropertyValuesAs(person2));
```

### AssertJ (similar to Google Truth)

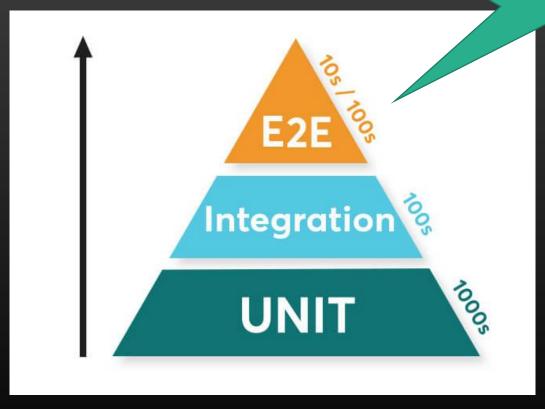
Integrated in Spring Boot

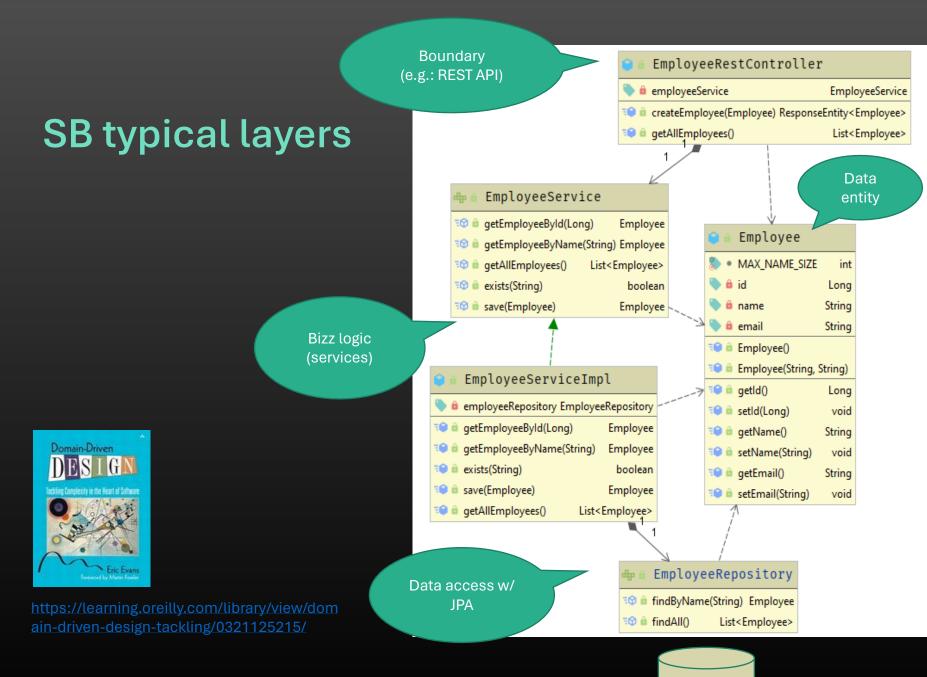
Fluent assertions, with method chaining syntax:

```
// basic assertions
assertThat(frodo.getName()).isEqualTo("Frodo");
assertThat(frodo).isNotEqualTo(sauron);
// chaining string specific assertions
assertThat(frodo.getName()).startsWith("Fro")
                           .endsWith("do")
                           .isEqualToIgnoringCase("frodo");
// collection specific assertions (there are plenty more)
// in the examples below fellowshipOfTheRing is a List<TolkienCharacter>
assertThat(fellowshipOfTheRing).hasSize(9)
                               .contains(frodo, sam)
                               .doesNotContain(sauron);
// as() is used to describe the test and will be shown before the error message
assertThat(frodo.getAge()).as("check %s's age", frodo.getName()).isEqualTo(33);
```

## Recall UAT scope

What can we conclude about the root case of an error, when an acceptance test fails?





BD

Domain logic

```
Note that the use of @Autowire is deprecated; DI should be moved to constructor level.
```

# **Spring Boot components**

#### Components registration

In each layer, we have various components.

Simply put, to detect them automatically, Spring uses classpath scanning annotations.

Then, it registers each component in the ApplicationContext.

#### A few of these annotations:

@Component: generic stereotype for any Spring-managed component

@Service: "components" meant to be used at the service layer

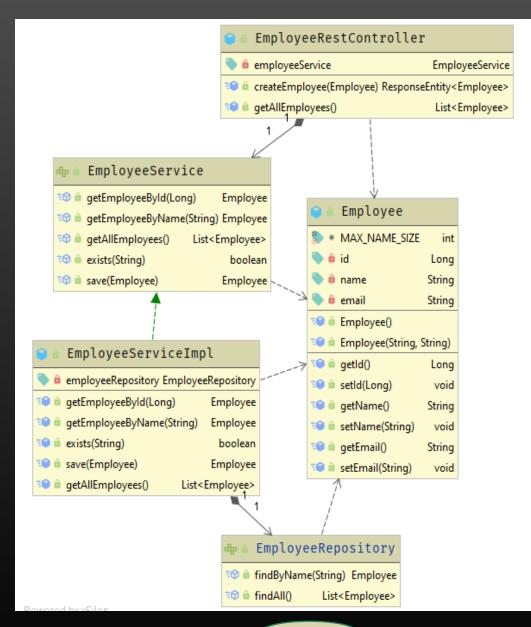
@Repository: classes at the persistence layer, which will act as a database repository

@Service and @Repository are special cases of @Component.

## Test scope #1

#### Scenario:

- call the REST-endpoint and verify behavior
- full-scope integration test



# **Spring Boot testing**

A helper framework used to simplify the creation of Spring Framework apps

#### **Provides:**

- Curated dependencies
- "Starter" configurations (data, web, testing,...)
- "Opinionated" autoconfiguration of many components
- Can run most tests without starting an external web container

# Extending SB philosophy to testing

#### Test features enabled with

spring-boot-starter-test

#### Starter provides:

- Helpful testing dependencies
- Testing auto-config

#### ✓ Dependencies

- iii org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-starter-data-jpa:2.4.4
- iii org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-starter-validation:2.4.4
- iii org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-starter-web:2.4.4
- iii org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-devtools:2.4.4 (runtime)
  - com.h2database:h2:1.4.200 (runtime)
- lorg.springframework.boot:spring-boot-starter-test:2.4.4 (test)
  - org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-starter:2.4.4 (test omitted for decomposition)
  - org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-test:2.4.4 (test)
  - iii org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-test-autoconfigure:2.4.4 (test)
  - > @ com.jayway.jsonpath:json-path:2.4.0 (test)
  - jakarta.xml.bind:jakarta.xml.bind-api:2.3.3
    - org.assertj:assertj-core:3.18.1 (test)
    - org.hamcrest:hamcrest:2.2 (test)
  - > 📗 org.junit.jupiter:junit-jupiter:5.7.1 (test)
  - iii org.mockito:mockito-core:3.6.28 (test)
  - > | org.mockito:mockito-junit-jupiter:3.6.28 (test)
  - iii org.skyscreamer:jsonassert:1.5.0 (test)
  - iii org.springframework:spring-core:5.3.5
  - org.springframework:spring-test:5.3.5 (test)
    - org.xmlunit:xmlunit-core:2.7.0 (test)
  - org.projectlombok:lombok:1.18.18

# Testing the REST controller (full stack, web server

```
@SpringBootTest(webEnvironment = WebEnvironment.RANDOM_PORT)
                              //prepare automatic in-memory db for tests
@AutoConfigureTestDatabase
public class EmployeeRestControllerTemplateIT {
    // prepare an special HTTP client for tests
    ลAutowired
    private TestRestTemplate restTemplate;
    private EmployeeRepository repository;
    aAfterEach
    public void resetDb() { repository.deleteAll(); }
    aTest
    public void whenValidInput thenCreateEmployee() {
        Employee bob = new Employee( name: "bob", email: "bob@deti.com");
        ResponseEntity<Employee> entity = restTemplate.postForEntity( url: "/api/employees", bob, Employee.class);
        // was the POST able to save one new entity?
        List<Employee> found = repository.findAll();
        assertThat(found).extracting(Employee::getName).containsOnly("bob");
    aTest €
    public void givenEmployees whenGetEmployees thenStatus200() {
        insertTestEmployeeToRepo( name: "bob", email: "bob@deti.com");
        insertTestEmployeeToRepo( name: "alex", email: "alex@deti.com");
        ResponseEntity<List<Employee>> response =
                restTemplate.exchange( url: "/api/employees", HttpMethod.GET, requestEntity: null, new ParameterizedType
        // did the GET retrieved exactly two instances?
        assertThat(response.getStatusCode()).isEqualTo(HttpStatus.OK);
        assertThat(response.getBody()).extracting(Employee::getName).containsExactly("bob", "alex");
```

```
//prepare automatic in-memory db for tests
@AutoConfigureTestDatabase
public class EEmployeeRestControllerTemplateIT {
                                                           Interact w/
    // prepare an special HTTP client for tests
                                                        controller using a
    ลAutowired
    private TestRestTemplate restTemplate;
                                                           REST client
    ลAutowired
    private EmployeeRepository repository;
    aAfterEach
    public void resetDb() { repository.deleteAll(); }
    aTest
                                                                                                      Optionally use a
    public void whenValidInput_thenCreateEmployee() {
                                                                                                       mocked servlet
        Employee bob = new Employee( name: "bob", email: "bob@deti.com");
                                                                                                        environment
        ResponseEntity<Employee> entity = restTemplate.postForEntity( url: "/api/employees",
        // was the POST able to save one new entity?
        List<Employee> found = repository.find411():
        assertThat(found).extracting(Employee aSpringBootTest(webEnvironment = WebEnvironment.Mock)
                                               @AutoConfigureMockMvc
                                               @AutoConfigureTestDatabase
                                               public class DEmployeeRestControllerIL
                                                                                      Interact w/ controller
                                                                                       using the MockMvc
                                                   ลAutowired
     Another useful approach is to not
                                                   private MockMvc mvc;
                                                                                            interface
     start the server at all but to test only
                                                   aAutowired
     the layer below that, where Spring
                                                   private EmployeeRepository repository;
     handles the incoming HTTP request
     and hands it off to your controller.
                                                   aAfterEach
                                                   public void resetDb() { repository.deleteAll(); }
     (Most of the stack is used; your
     code will be called in the same way;
                                                   aTest
                                                   public void whenValidInput thenCreateEmployee() throws IOException, Exception {
     removes the cost of starting the
                                                       Employee bob = new Employee( name: "bob", email: "bob@deti.com");
     server.)
                                                       mvc.perform(post( urlTemplate: "/api/employees")
```

.contentType(MediaType.APPLICATION\_JSON)

assertThat(found) extracting(Fmnlovee: getName) containsOnly("hoh").

.content(JsonUtil.toJson(bob)));

List<Employee> found = repository.findAll();

aSpringBootTest(webEnvironment = WebEnvironment.RANDOM\_PORT)

# @SpringBootTest

#### @SpringBootTest annotation

Enable FULL context, using all available auto configurations

#### Heavy!

better to limit Application Context to a set of spring components that participate in test scenario, by listing them (with annotations)

#### Slicing the test context

Only load slices of functionality when testing spring boot

- @xxxxxTest at class level, e.g.:
- @DataJpaTest, @DataMongoTest,
- @JsonTest, @WebMvcTest,...

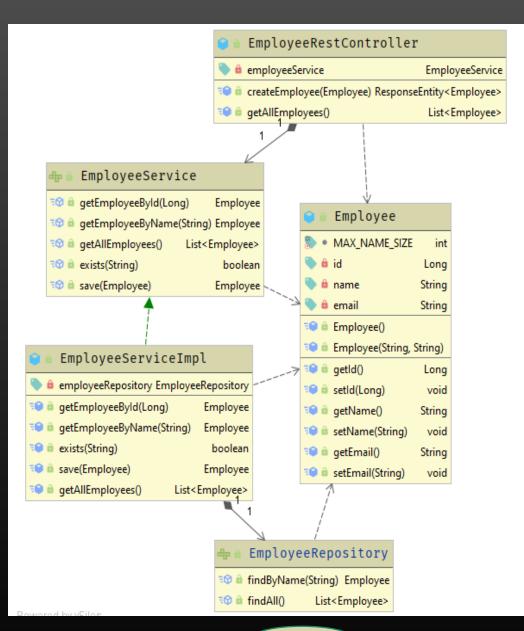
# Test scope #2: controller

#### Scenario:

- Test the boundary (Controller)
- Focus on REST contract: path expressions, parameters, JSON,...

#### Strategy:

- Enable web MVC
- Mock Service behavior [note: we are mocking a SB component, not a regular class...]



#### @WebMvcTest(EmployeeRestController.class) public class EmployeeController\_WithMockServiceIT { Only loading the EmployeeRestControll @Autowired er component private MockMvc mvcForTests; aMockBean Instead of loading private EmployeeService service; dependencies (EmployeeService), **a**Test we may mock them public void whenPostEmployee thenCreateEmployee( ) throws Exception Employee alex = new Employee( name: "alex", email: "alex@deti.com"); given(service.save(Mockito.any())).willReturn(alex); // when( service.save(Mockito.any()) ).thenReturn( alex); mvcForTests.perform(post( urlTemplate: "/api/employees") .contentType(MediaType.APPLICATION JSON) .content(JsonUtil.toJson(alex))) .andExpect(status().isCreated()) .andExpect(jsonPath(expression: "\$.name", is(value: "alex"))); verify(service, times( wantedNumberOfInvocations: 1)).save(Mockito.any()); aTest public void givenEmployees\_whenGetEmployees\_thenReturnJsonArray() throws Exception { Employee alex = new Employee( name: "alex", email: "alex@deti.com"); Employee john = new Employee( name: "john", email: "john@deti.com"); Employee bob = new Employee( name: "bob", email: "bob@deti.com"); List<Employee> allEmployees = Arrays.asList(alex, john, bob); given(service.getAllEmployees()).willReturn(allEmployees); mvcForTests.perform(get(urlTemplate: "/api/employees").contentType(MediaType.APPLICATION\_JSON)) .andExpect(status().is0k()) .andExpect(jsonPath(expression: "\$", hasSize(3))) .andExpect(jsonPath(expression: "\$[0].name", is(alex.getName()))) .andExpect(jsonPath( expression: "\$[1].name", is(john.getName()))) .andExpect(jsonPath( expression: "\$[2].name", is(bob.getName()))); verify(service, VerificationModeFactory.times( wantedNumberOfInvocations: 1)).getAllEmployees();

MockMvc

I Oliveira

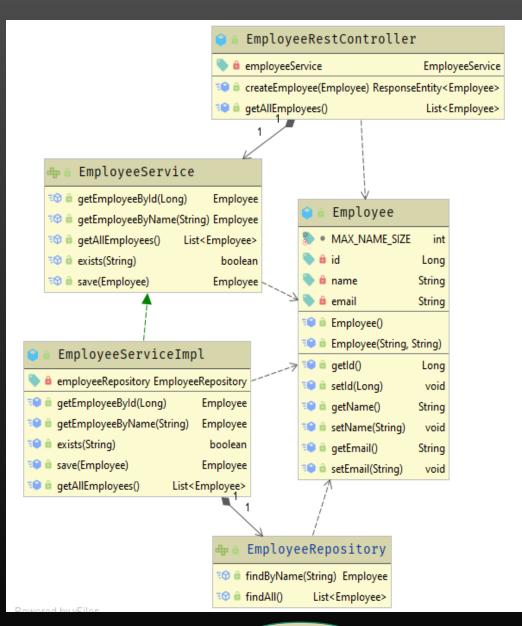
# Test scope #3: service/domain logic

#### Scenario:

- Test the Service
- Focus on bizz logic and "high level" data use

#### Strategy:

- Make the test a standard JUnit test
- Mock dependencies on the data source provider (Repository)





# Mock repository access

```
@ExtendWith(MockitoExtension.class)
public class EmployeeService UnitTest {
   // lenient is required because we load some expectations in the setup
   // that are not used in all the tests. As an alternative, the expectations
   // could move into each test method and be trimmed
    aMock( lenient = true)
    private EmployeeRepository employeeRepository;
    @InjectMocks
    private EmployeeServiceImpl employeeService;
    // useful instances
    private Employee john, bob, alex;
    aBeforeEach
    public void setUp() {
        john = new Employee( name: "john", email: "john@deti.com"); john.setId(111L);
        bob = new Employee( name: "bob", email: "bob@deti.com");
        alex = new Employee( name: "alex", email: "alex@deti.com");
        List<Employee> allEmployees = Arrays.asList(john, bob, alex);
        Mockito.when(employeeRepository.findByName(john.getName())).thenReturn(john);
        Mockito.when(employeeRepository.findByName(alex.getName())).thenReturn(alex);
        Mockito.when(employeeRepository.findByName("wrong_name")).thenReturn(null);
        Mockito.when(employeeRepository.findById(john.getId())).thenReturn(Optional.of(john));
        Mockito.when(employeeRepository.findAll()).thenReturn(allEmployees);
        Mockito.when(employeeRepository.findById(-99L)).thenReturn(Optional.empty());
    aTest
    public void whenValidName thenEmployeeShouldBeFound() {
        Employee found = employeeService.getEmployeeByName( alex.getName() );
        assertThat(found.getName()).isEqualTo( alex.getName() );
        verify(employeeRepository, times( wantedNumberOfinvocations: 1)).findByName( alex.getName() );
    aTest
    public void whenInValidName_thenEmployeeShouldNotBeFound() {
        Employee fromDb = employeeService.getEmployeeByName("wrong_name");
```

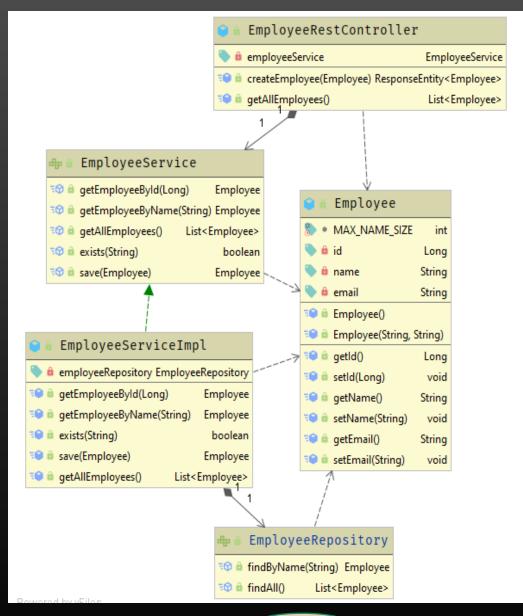
# Test scope #4: data layer (JPA)

#### Scenario:

- Test the data access interface
- Focus on complex queries

#### Strategy:

- Load only JPA-related instrumentation
- Use TestEntityManager





# Focus on JPA data access methods

```
@DataJpaTest
class EmployeeRepositoryTest {
   ിAutowired
   private TestEntityManager entityManager;
   ลAutowired
   private EmployeeRepository employeeRepository;
   aTest
   public void whenFindAlexByName_thenReturnAlexEmployee() {
        Employee alex = new Employee( name: "alex", email: "alex@deti.com");
       entityManager.persistAndFlush(alex); //ensure data is persisted at thi
        Employee found = employeeRepository.findByName(alex.getName());
        assertThat( found ).isEqualTo(alex);
   aTest
   public void whenInvalidEmployeeName thenReturnNull() {
        Employee fromDb = employeeRepository.findByName("Does Not Exist");
        assertThat(fromDb).isNull();
   aTest
   public void whenFindEmployedByExistingId thenReturnEmployee() {
        Employee emp = new Employee( name: "test", email: "test@deti.com");
       entityManager.persistAndFlush(emp);
        Employee fromDb = employeeRepository.findById(emp.getId()).orElse( other
        assertThat(fromDb).isNotNull();
        assertThat(fromDb.getEmail()).isEqualTo( emp.getEmail());
```

### References

Spring.io docs

Testing the web layer

**Eugen Paraschiv's tutorials** 

Testing in Spring Boot