Write a docker-compose.yml file to define a multicontainer application

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Description

This guide demonstrates how to use Docker Compose to define a multi-container application. We'll set up two containers: one for a Java-based TodoApp and another for a MySQL database. Using Docker Compose simplifies managing multiple containers and their communication.

Problem Statement

You need to run a Java-based TodoApp that requires a MySQL database. Instead of manually configuring and linking containers, you want to automate this process using a **docker-compose.yml** file.

Prerequisites

Completion of all previous lab guides (up to Lab Guide-05) is required before proceeding with Lab Guide-06.

Software Required

- **Docker Desktop**: Ensure Docker and Docker Compose are installed on your Windows machine.
- Java SDK: If you're working with Java.
- Maven/Gradle: For building your Java app.
- MySQL Database: To store todo application data.
- TodoAPP_MYSQI: To download the source folder click here

Hardware Requirement

- Minimum of 4 GB RAM
- At least 2 cores in the processor
- 5 GB of free storage space for Docker images and containers

Implementation Steps

Step-1:: Create Standard Folder Structure

1. Create a project folder:

```
todoapp-docker

— docker-compose.yml

— todoapp/

| — Dockerfile

| — src/

| — target/

— db/
```

2. **Dockerfile** for your Java-based TodoApp:

Inside the app/ directory, create a Dockerfile to build the Java TodoApp.

```
FROM openjdk:11.0.15-jre

ADD target/*.jar app.jar

ENTRYPOINT ["java","-jar","app.jar"]
```

Step-2 :: Create docker-compose.yml

In the root directory of your project, create a **docker-compose.yml** file:

```
services:
  # MySQL Database Service
  db:
    image: mysql
    container_name: mysql_db
    environment:
     MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD: P@ssw0rd
     MYSQL DATABASE: tododb
     MYSQL_PASSWORD: P@ssw0rd
    ports:
      - "3306:3306"
    networks:
      todoapp_network
    volumes:
      - db_data:/var/lib/mysql
  # Java TodoApp Service
  todoapp:
    build:
      context: ./todoapp
```

```
container_name: todoapp_container
    ports:
      - "8081:8081"
    depends_on:
      - db
    environment:
      SPRING_DATASOURCE_URL: jdbc:mysql://db:3306/tododb
      SPRING DATASOURCE USERNAME: root
      SPRING_DATASOURCE_PASSWORD: P@ssw0rd
    networks:
      - todoapp_network
    entrypoint: sh -c "sleep 30 && java -jar /app.jar"
networks:
  todoapp_network:
    driver: bridge
volumes:
  db data:
```

- **Services Section**: This section defines the different containers (services) that will be run as part of the Docker Compose setup.
- **image: mysql**: This specifies the Docker image to use. In this case, it uses the official MySQL image from Docker Hub.
- **container_name:** mysql_db: This gives the container a specific name (mysql_db).
- **depends_on**: Ensures that the **todoapp** service starts after the **db** service (MySQL) is up and running. However, this does not wait for the database to be fully initialized.
- environment: Defines the environment variables to configure MySQL:
 - MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD: Sets the root user password (P@ssw0rd).
 - MYSQL_DATABASE: Creates a database named tododb.
 - MYSQL_PASSWORD: Sets the password for the default MySQL user (root).
 - **SPRING_DATASOURCE_URL**: Defines the JDBC connection URL to the MySQL database (**db** is the hostname for the database within the Docker network).
 - **SPRING_DATASOURCE_USERNAME**: Sets the username to connect to the MySQL database (**root**).
 - **SPRING_DATASOURCE_PASSWORD**: Defines the password to connect to the MySQL database.
- ports: Exposes port 3306 (MySQL's default port) on the host system, allowing external connections to the MySQL database.
 - "3306:3306": The format is host_port:container_port.
- **entrypoint: sh -c** "**sleep 30 && java -jar /app.jar**": This introduces a delay of 30 seconds before starting the application, allowing MySQL to be ready.
- **networks**: Adds this service to the custom network **todoapp_network** so that the other services can communicate with it.

• **volumes**: Uses a Docker volume (**db_data**) to persist the database data so that it won't be lost when the container is restarted. The database files are stored in **/var/lib/mysql** inside the container.

References

- 1. Docker documentation: https://docs.docker.com/
- 2. MySQL container setup: https://hub.docker.com/_/mysql
- 3. Spring Boot with MySQL example: Spring Boot MySQL