Write and Run Unit Tests Using Python's unittest Framework

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Introduction

This guide introduces Python's unittest framework for writing and running unit tests. Unit testing helps ensure that individual parts (or units) of your code work as expected. The unittest framework is built into Python and allows for testing with simple syntax and built-in methods.

Problem Statement

Write and execute unit tests in Python using the unittest framework to verify that code functions correctly, handle errors, and ensure reliability.

Prerequisites

Software Requirement

• Python 3.13.0

Download Python

Code Editor

A text editor or IDE like **Visual Studio Code (VS Code)** is recommended. Download VS Code

Command Line/Terminal: For running Python scripts and tests.

Hardware Requirement

- **Processor**: Minimum dual-core processor.
- RAM: 4GB or more.
- Storage: At least 1GB free space for Python and your project files.

Implementation Steps

Example 1: Testing add and subtract functions

1. Create the Python Main File

Create a new Python file named main.py in your project directory. This file will contain the function(s) that you want to test.

```
def add(a, b):
    """Function to add two numbers."""
    return a + b

def subtract(a, b):
    """Function to subtract two numbers."""
    return a - b
```

This simple file contains functions that can be tested using the unittest framework.

2. Write Unit Tests Using unittest Framework

Now, create a file named test_main.py to write unit tests for the functions in main.py. Follow the steps below:

- Import the unittest module.
- Create a test class that inherits from unittest.TestCase.
- Write individual test methods within the class, starting their names with test_ to be recognized as test cases.
 - o code in test main.py:

```
import unittest
from main import add, subtract

class TestMainFunctions(unittest.TestCase):
    """Unit test class for testing functions in main.py."""

def test_add(self):
    """Test case for the add function."""
    self.assertEqual(add(2, 3), 5) # Test if 2 + 3 equals 5
    self.assertEqual(add(-1, 1), 0) # Test if -1 + 1 equals 0

def test_subtract(self):
    """Test case for the subtract function."""
    self.assertEqual(subtract(5, 3), 2) # Test if 5 - 3 equals 2
```

```
self.assertEqual(subtract(0, 5), -5) # Test if 0 - 5 equals -5

if __name__ == '__main__':
    unittest.main()
```

- The unittest.TestCase provides assertion methods like assertEqual(), which checks whether the expected result matches the actual result.
- The test cases use assertEqual() to test the add() and subtract() functions.

3. Run the Unit Tests

Once your tests are written, you can run them using the Python command. Here's how to run the tests:

- Open the terminal or command prompt.
- Navigate to the directory where test_main.py is located.
- Run the tests using the following command:

```
python -m unittest test_main.py
```

Output:

This will execute the test cases in test_main.py, and the results will be displayed in the terminal. If all tests pass, you'll see an output like this:

```
PS C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\python> python -m unittest test_main.py
..
Ran 2 tests in 0.001s
OK
```

Note: If a test fails, Python will show an error message along with the reason for failure.

Example 2: Testing a String Function

Let's add a simple example of testing a function that manipulates strings. Add this function to main.py:

```
def capitalize_word(word):
    """Function to capitalize a word."""
    return word.capitalize()
```

Next, write the unit test for this function in test_main.py:

```
import unittest
from main import capitalize_word
```

```
class TestStringFunctions(unittest.TestCase):
    """Unit test class for testing string functions."""

    def test_capitalize_word(self):
        """Test case for capitalize_word function."""
        self.assertEqual(capitalize_word('hello'), 'Hello') # Test if 'hello'
        becomes 'Hello'
        self.assertEqual(capitalize_word('python'), 'Python') # Test if 'python'
        becomes 'Python'
```

Run the tests:

```
python -m unittest test_main.py
```

```
PS C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\python> python -m unittest test_main.py
.
.Ran 1 test in 0.001s
OK
```

This tests the capitalize_word function to check if it correctly capitalizes a given string.

Example 3: Testing a List Function

Here's another example, this time for a function that works with lists. Add this function to main.py:

```
def get_first_element(lst):
    """Function to get the first element of a list."""
    if lst:
        return lst[0]
    return None
```

Then write a unit test for this function:

```
import unittest
from main import get_first_element
class TestListFunctions(unittest.TestCase):
    """Unit test class for testing list functions."""

    def test_get_first_element(self):
        """Test case for get_first_element function."""
        self.assertEqual(get_first_element([1, 2, 3]), 1) # Test if the first
element is 1
        self.assertEqual(get_first_element([]), None) # Test if an empty list
returns None
```

Run the tests:

```
python -m unittest test_main.py
```

This test checks if the get_first_element function returns the correct value from a list or None for an empty list.

References

- Python unittest Documentation
- unittest Python Testing Framework