# elasticSearch

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- 4.基本RestFul命令
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# 学习目标

- 1.elasticSearch回顾及其知识点
- 2.学习视频, 狂神说

### 1.elasticSearch创建的数据结构

- index索引----数据库创建库
- types类型----数据库创建表(弃用)
- documents文档----数据库记录
- fields----数据库的列

### 2. 倒排索引

1. 什么叫倒排索引?

列:有三个文档【high,low,mid,haha,to,forerver】,【high,text,date,low,data】,【a,b,text,date】

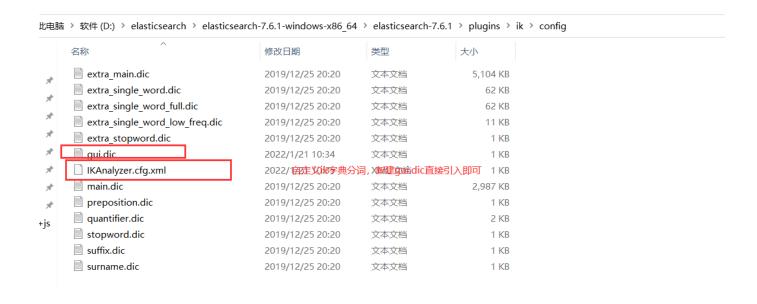
high	1,2
low	1,2
mid	1
haha	1
а	3
forerver	1
text	2,3
date	2,3

将所有的数据进行分类,过滤掉无关的数据,每个数据在不同的文档中权重比列也不相同,这就叫倒排 索引

#### 2. elasticSeach的索引

elasticSeach的底层使用了luece,实质上也就是使用了luece倒排索引,一个索引可以有多个分片, elasticSeach已启动就是一个集群,每一个索引分片可以在集群中移动,索引相当于type的集合又是多 个文档的集合,文档为最小的单位。

# 3.ik分词器自定义



# 4.基本RestFul命令



# 5.操作命令

#### 5.1.创建文档(不符合规则,应当先定义规则,在插入数据)

```
▼ JSON | ② 复制代码

1 PUT /text1/type1/1
2 ▼ {
3 "name":"归浩乐",
4 "age":18
5 }
```

#### 5.2.elasticSearch的数据类型

### 5.3.创建索引,定义规则

```
JSON ② 复制代码
     PUT /test2
 3 ▼
       "mappings": {
 4 -
         "properties": {
 5 🔻
          "name":{
 6
             "type": "text"
 7
           },
          "age":{
 8 🔻
           "type": "long"
9
10
           },
          "birthday":{
11 -
12
            "type": "date"
13
           }
14
        }
      }
15
16
     }
```

### 5.4.get方式查询信息

- GET text1 查询索引,类型,文档
- GET\_cat/health \_cat可以查看es的很多信息
- GET \_cat/indices?v

### 5.5.修改信息

1. 通过普通put的方式

2. 通过POST的方式

```
▼
1 POST /text1/type1/1/_update
2 ▼ {
3 ▼ "doc":{
4 "name": "小红书包"
5 }
6 }
```

# 5.6.操作文档

```
1
     # 练习
 2
     PUT /book
 3 ▼
 4 -
       "settings": {
 5
         "number_of_shards": 5, "number_of_replicas": 1
 6
       },
 7 -
       "mappings": {
 8 🔻
            "properties":{
             "name":{
 9 -
               "type": "text",
10
11
               "analyzer": "ik_max_word",
12
               "index": true,
13
               "store": false
14
             },
15 ▼
             "author":{
               "type": "keyword"
16
17
             },
18 ▼
             "count":{
               "type": "long"
19
20
             },
             "on-sale":{
21 -
22
               "type": "date",
23
               "format": "yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss||yyyy-MM-dd||epoch_millis"
24
             },
25 ▼
             "descr":{
26
               "type": "text",
27
               "analyzer": "ik_max_word"
28
             }
29
           }
         }
30
31
     }
32
     #添加文档
33
     POST /book/_doc/1
34 ▼ {
35
       "name":"小红书包",
       "author":"归浩乐",
36
37
       "count":100000,
38
       "on-sale": "2000-01-01",
       "descr":"归浩乐喜欢小红书包"
39
40
41
     #添加文档
42
     POST /book/_doc/2
43 ▼ {
44
       "name":"归浩乐",
45
       "author":"小红书包",
```

```
46
     "count":100000,
      "on-sale":"2000-01-01",
47
     "descr":"归浩乐喜欢小红书包,小红书包也爱归浩乐"
48
49 }
50 #修改文档
POST /book/_doc/2/_update
52 ▼ {
53 ▼ "doc":{
54
     "descr":"小红书包爱归浩乐"
55
     }
56 }
57 DELETE /test1
58 DELETE /test2
59 DELETE /text1
```

# 6.elasticSearch查询

### 6.1简单查询

```
▼

1 #PUT 添加 POST 修改 GET 查询 DELETE 删除
2 GET /book/_doc/_search?q=descr:小红书包
```

#### 6.2复杂查询

```
1
     #匹配
     GET /book/_doc/_search
       "query": {
 4 -
 5
       # 匹配
       "match": {
 7
         "descr": "小红书包"
8
        }
9
      },
     #显示属性那列
10
11
     "_source":["descr","name"]
12
    }
13 #分页 排序
14 GET /book/_doc/_search
15 ▼ {
16 ¬ "query": {
17 ▼
       "match": {
18
        "descr": "喜欢"
19
        }
20
      },
     "sort":[
21 -
22 🔻
       {
23 🔻
       "count":{
             "order":"desc"
24
25
         }
26
        }
27
      ],
28
     #分页
29
     "from":0,
30
      "size":2
31
    }
32
  #bool查询多条件查询
33
     #must(and) should(or) must_not(not)
34
     GET /book/_doc/_search
35 ▼ {
36 ▼
      "query":{
37 ▼
       "bool":{
38 ▼
          "must":[
39 ▼
            {
              "match":{
40 -
              "descr":"喜欢"
41
             }
42
43
            },
44 ▼
45 ▼
              "match":{
```

```
"count":100000
46
47
48
            }
49
          ]
50
         }
51
       }
52
53
     #过滤查询
     #gt 大于 gte大于等于 lt 小于 lte小于等于
54
55
     GET /book/_doc/_search
56 ▼ {
57 ▼
      "query": {
         "bool":{
58 ▼
59 ▼
           "must":[
60 -
            {
61 -
              "match":{
                "descr":"喜欢"
62
63
              }
64
             }
65
           ],
          "filter":{
66 -
67 🕶
                "range":{
68 🕶
                  "count":{
                    "lt":5000
69
70
71
                }
72
              }
73
         }
       }
74
75
     }
```

### 6.2.1. 多条件匹配查询

```
历史记录 设置 帮助
                                                                                                                                     颠操作猛如虎,一看工资2500",
                                                                              D 23
                                                                                              42
   2 GET kuangshen/user/_search
                                                                                                                    "tags" : [
"技术宅",
"温暖",
"直男"
                                                                                               43 +
                                                                                               44
             "match": {
    "tags": "男 技术
                                                                                               45
                                                                                               46
                                                                                               47 *
   8 *
                                                                                               49 -
                                                                                               50 +
                                                                                                               "_index": "kuangshen",
"_type": "user",
"_id": "2",
"_score": 0.36826363,
"_source": {
    "name": "张三",
    ""see",
                                                                                               51
                                                                                               52
                                                                                               53
                                                                                               54
                                                                                              55 +
                                                                                               56
                                                                                                                   "age": 3,
"desc": "法外狂徒"
                                                                                               58
                                                                                                                    "tags" : [
"交友",
"旅游",
                                                                                               60
                                                                                               61
                                                                                                                     "渣男"
                                                                                           62
                                                                                               63 *
                                                                                               64 *
                                                                                               65 *
                                                                                               66 *
                                                                                               67 *
                                                                                               68 * }
```

精确查询是直接通过倒排索引指定的词条进程精确查找的!

#### 关于分词:

- trem 直接查询精确的 语法trem替换match即可
- match, 会使用分词器解析! (先分析文档, 让后在通过分析的文档进行查询)
- text和keyword的区别要知道

#### 6.2.2.高亮查询

```
JSON D 复制代码
1
     #高亮查询
2
     GET /book/_doc/_search
 3 ▼
4 -
      "query":{
5 🔻
        "match":{
6
          "descr":"小红书包"
7
        }
8
      },
9 🔻
      "highlight":{
        "pre_tags":"",
10
        "post_tags":"",
11
12 ▼
        "fields":{
          "descr":{}
13
14
15
      }
16
     }
```

#### 6.3.小总结

#### es操作手册

- 创建索引数据结构: put /book{setting,mapping-->protities}
- 删除索引或者文档: delete /book ,/book/\_doc/id
- 修改文档 post /book/\_doc/id/\_update {doc{"",""}}
- 增加文档 put /book/\_doc/id {}
- 查询: get /book/\_doc/\_search{ "query":{ } }
- 模糊匹配 match 分页 from ,size 高亮 highlight: pre\_tags,post\_tags fields
- 多条件匹配查询: bool-->must(must\_not,should)-->match(多个) 排序 sort 过滤filter--lt,lte,gt,gte

#### 6.4.注意JSON结果

```
"took" : 18,
"timed out" : false,
" shards" : {
"total" : 5,
 "successful": 5,
 "skipped" : 0,
 "failed": 0
'hits" : {
 "total" : {
   "value" : 2,
   "relation" : "eq"
 "max score" : 0.5753642,
 "hits" : [
     " index" : "book",
     __type" : "_doc",
     "_id" : "2",
      score": 0.5753642,
       "name" : "归浩乐"
       "author": "小红书包",
       "count": 100000,
      "on-sale": "2000-01-01".
       "descr": "小红书包爱归浩乐"
      highlight" : {
      "descr" : [
        "小红书包爱归浩乐"
```

# 7.springboot集成se

官方高级api文档

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/client/java-rest/current/java-rest-high.html 狂神课程笔记

https://www.kuangstudy.com/bbs/1354069127022583809

### 8.爬虫:

数据问题?数据库获取,消息队列中获取中,都可以成为数据源,爬虫!爬取数据:

1. 导入java相关的以来

### 2. 抓取数据工具类

Java D 复制代码

```
1
     //可以根据关键字获取相关的数据
     public static List<Content> HtmlParse(String keyword) throws IOException
 3
             String url="https://search.jd.com/Search?keyword="+keyword;
 4
             Document document = Jsoup.parse(new URL(url), 3000);
 5
             Element elementById = document.getElementById("J_goodsList");
 6
             Elements elements = elementById.getElementsByTag("li");
 7
             ArrayList<Content> list = new ArrayList<>();
             for (Element element : elements) {
 8 -
 9
                  String ima =
     element.getElementsByTag("img").eq(0).attr("data-lazy-img");
                  String price = element.getElementsByClass("p-
10
     price").eq(0).text();
                  String title = element.getElementsByClass("p-
11
     name").eq(0).text();
12
                 Content content = new Content();
                  content.setPrice(price);
13
                  content.setTitle(title);
14
15
                  content.setUrl(img);
                 list.add(content);
16
17
             }
18
             return list;
19
         }
```

# 9.搜索引擎接口

```
1
     @RestController
     @RequestMapping("/content")
 2
     public class ContentController {
 4
         @Autowired
 5
         private ContentService contentService;
 6
         @GetMapping("/add/{keyword}")
 7 -
         public boolean add(@PathVariable("keyword") String keyword) throws
     IOException {
 8
              boolean b = contentService.contentAdd(keyword);
9
              return b:
10
         }
11
         @GetMapping("/search/{keyword}/{pageNo}/{pageSize}")
12
         public List<Map<String,Object>> contentSearch(
                  @PathVariable("keyword") String keyword,
13
14
                 @PathVariable("pageNo") int pageNo,
15 ▼
                 @PathVariable("pageSize") int pageSize) throws IOException{
16
             List<Map<String, Object>> maps =
     contentService.contentSearch(keyword, pageNo, pageSize);
17
              return maps;
         }
18
19
     }
20
21
22
     //service
23
     @Service
24 ▼ public class ContentService {
25
         @Autowired
26
         private RestHighLevelClient restHighLevelClient;
27
         //将数据放入搜索引擎中
28 ▼
         public boolean contentAdd(String keyword) throws IOException {
29
              BulkRequest bulkRequest = new BulkRequest();
             List<Content> contents = HtmlParseUtil.HtmlParse(keyword);
30
             for (int i = 0; i <contents.size(); i++) {</pre>
31 ▼
32
                  bulkRequest.add(
33
                          new IndexRequest("id goods")
34
                          .source(JSON.toJSONString(contents.get(i)),
     XContentType.JSON)
35
                 );
36
              }
37
             BulkResponse bulk = restHighLevelClient.bulk(bulkRequest,
     RequestOptions.DEFAULT);
              return !bulk.hasFailures();
38
39
         }
40 -
         public List<Map<String,Object>> contentSearch(String keyword,int
     pageNo,int pageSize) throws IOException {
```

```
41 -
              if(pageNo<0){</pre>
42
                  pageNo=1;
              }
43
44
              SearchRequest searchRequest = new SearchRequest("id goods");
             SearchSourceBuilder sourceBuilder = new SearchSourceBuilder();
45
              sourceBuilder.from(pageNo);
46
47
              sourceBuilder.size(pageSize);
             TermQueryBuilder termQueryBuilder =
48
     QueryBuilders.termQuery("title", keyword);
49
              sourceBuilder.query(termQueryBuilder);
              sourceBuilder.timeout(new TimeValue(60, TimeUnit.SECONDS));
50
51
              searchRequest.source(sourceBuilder);
              SearchResponse searchResponse =
52
      restHighLevelClient.search(searchRequest, RequestOptions.DEFAULT);
             ArrayList<Map<String, Object>> list = new ArrayList<>();
53
54 ▼
              for (SearchHit hit : searchResponse.getHits().getHits()) {
                  Map<String, Object> sourceAsMap = hit.getSourceAsMap();
55
                  list.add(sourceAsMap);
56
57
              }
58
              return list;
59
         }
60
61
     }
62
```

# 9.前后端交互vue渲染