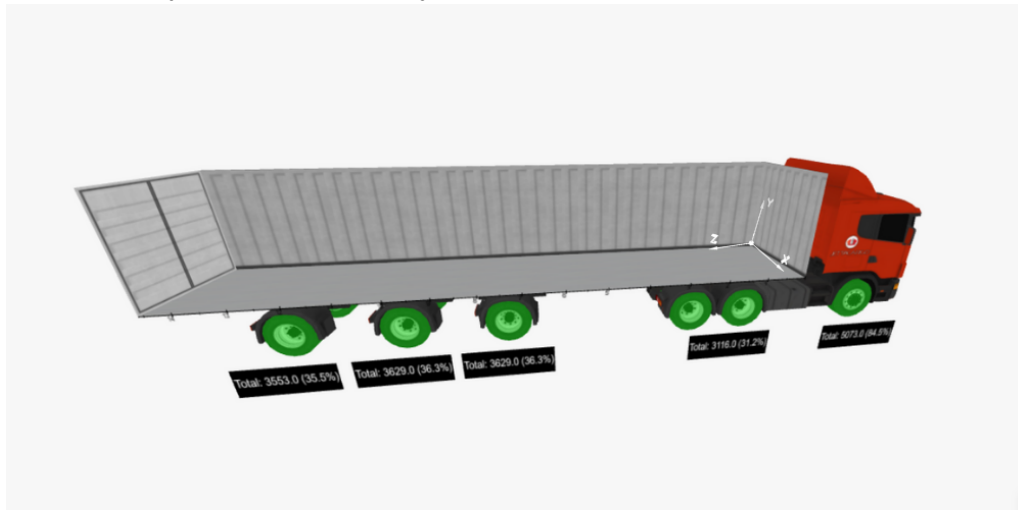


# Instructions

- The solution must be sent within 1 week starting when the email with this document is sent;
- Do your best, we will be happy to review your solutions even if it is incomplete;
- Beyond this document you'll be receiving 2 input files to use;
- Use GIT!
- Preferably use one of the following programming languages:
  - C++, Java, Python, R;
  - Justify if you use other;
- The following points will be evaluated:
  - Natural language communication skills;
  - Objectivity;
  - Modeling skills:
    - Modeling tools;
    - Modeling techniques;
    - Mathematical language;
    - Modeling standards;
  - Programming skills:
    - Code legibility;
    - Code organization;
    - Code standards;
  - Complexity:
    - Architecture complexity;
    - Asymptotic complexity;
    - Solution simplicity;
  - Attention to details;
- Execute each **task** on separated file/folder on a GIT repository;
- **We are open to help you with your questions via email.**
- Coordinate system reference (x,y,z):



# Merge Problem

Union of the allocatable spaces to find bigger allocatable spaces

## Goal

- **Maximize( Average( merged containers volume ) )**

## Subject to

1. The union of the input and the union of the output must be the same set (of  $\mathbb{R}^3$  points);
2. Container merge can only be done if all parent-containers have equal **y\_start**;
3. The containers must be rectangular parallelepipeds/cuboid:
  - They have lateral edges perpendicular to the base, that is, they have right angles ( $90^\circ$ ) between each of the faces;
4. Containers can't be inside or have equal coordinates of others containers in the output:
  - There must not exist two containers  $C_1, C_2$  such that  $C_1 \subseteq C_2$ ;
5. The output is limited to 3x of the input size:
  - When input has 200 containers, the output is limited to 600 containers;

## Contract

Allocatable space are what we call “container”, Input and output are Lists of “containers”;

Each container  $C$  can be seen as an  $\mathbb{R}^3$  set defined:

- $C = [x_{start}, x_{end}] \times [y_{start}, y_{end}] \times [z_{start}, z_{end}] \subseteq \mathbb{R}^3$ , being  $\times$  the cartesian product.
- $volume_C = |x_{start} - x_{end}| \cdot |y_{start} - y_{end}| \cdot |z_{start} - z_{end}| \subseteq \mathbb{R}$

## Input

- **JSON Array:** Allocatable 3d space, each with three coordinates from where it begins the space and three coordinates from where it ends the space and finally, each will have an identifier.

## Output

- **JSON Array:** Merged containers, each with three coordinates from where it begins the space and three coordinates from where it ends the space and finally, each will have an identifier.

## Input/Output Example

```
[
  {
    "id": 0,
    "x": {"start":0, "end":2.38},
    "y": {"start":0, "end":2.83},
    "z": {"start":0, "end":12.0},
  },
  ...
]
```

# Tasks

1. Describe clearly with natural language step by step your(s) chosen solution(s);
2. Use diagrams and/or machine states to document your modeling phase;
3. Code your solution, It will be expected the code of solution and 2 outputs each for a correspondent input:
  - a. case\_1\_input.json → case\_1\_output.json
  - b. case\_2\_input.json → case\_2\_output.json
4. Calculate the *asymptotic complexity* of your implementation;