## Developments in AnalysisCMS framework:

- 1) Run on minitrees -> Several functions
- 2) Run Combine Higgs Tool -> A new module "Combine module"

#### Introduction

- 1) AnalysisCMS is modified (indeed that has been done just for AnalysysStop) in order to be able to run on minitrees, with the option to drop the filling of the general histograms (the ones defined in AnalysisCMS.C) and take only the analysis specific one, saving a considerable amount of CPU time and disk space. This step is originally thought to avoid duplicating codes to run on latino trees and minitrees, and be able to use the tools for submitting jobs (submit-jobs) and making plots (runPlotter) available in the framework also when running on minitrees. Apart from that, a new function to fill the systematics histograms ( needed as input to compute the right systematic uncertainty in Combine Higgs Tool) has been included in the script.
- 2) The Combine module follows the Latino Datacard Factory structure but with few more new scripts very useful for our analysis in AnalysisCMS framework. For example, mkShapesFromHistos.py script which reads the output file from AnalysisCMS and \*\*\*\*write the input file to mkDatacards.py or createPointDatacards.sh which makes the datacard for each point of mass given on the shell. These two scripts use the same configuration.py as in the LatinoAnalysis/ShapeAnalysis package[1].
- [1] https://github.com/latinos/LatinoAnalysis/tree/master/ShapeAnalysis

#### Technical details:

# 1) Run on minitrees

At this moment, AnalysisStop has two builders, one designed to be use when you read a latino tree, the other designed to be used when you read a minitree. Each of one set the useful functions for the analysis in case. In both of them a new parameter has been included: *Int SaveHistrograms* which values set which histograms will be filled:

```
If

saveHistogram == 0 -> Fill all histograms { general, particular}

saveHistogram == 1 -> Fill only analysis histograms { particular}

saveHistogram == 2 -> Fill only analysis histograms && up-down histograms { particular}
```

Finally, the Loop function accept, now, two more parameters: *float StopRefMass, float NeutralinoRefMass*. These parameters set the mass point of the signal you want for analyzing. They are usually initialized to -1 in AnalysisStop.h which sets some values by default.

To run AnalysisStop on minitrees the script **runAnalysisMiniTrees.C** is needed. This is compiled just by "./make" but the second line of the script must be uncommented (the usual issue than one has to uncomment its analysis code after installing the package). The samples must have the word "minitrees" in their name, otherwise, the code will not consider them as minitrees samples.

Ex:

To run with runAnalysis.C

blablabla\_latino\_T2tt\_mStop-250to350.root

To run with runAnalysisMiniTrees.C

blablabla/minitrees/nominal/Stop/T2tt\_mStop-250to350.root

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blablabla\_minitrees\_T2tt\_mStop-250to350.root

### Run interactively:

```
./runAnalysisMiniTrees minitree_name.root systematic
./runAnalysisMiniTrees minitree_name.root systematic SaveHistograms
./runAnalysisMiniTrees minitree_name.root systematic SaveHistograms mstop
./runAnalysisMiniTrees minitree name.root systematic SaveHistograms mStop mLSP
```

It is convenient to have a file listing all minitrees samples followed by the value of numeric parameters:

```
Ex: my_list_of_minitree.txt

minitrees_T2tt_mStop-250to350.root 2 300 125
minitrees_T2tt_mStop-250to350.root 2 300 175
minitrees_T2tt_mStop-250to350.root 2 300 150
```

Where systematic parameter can be passed when sourcing the file:

```
source my_list_of_minitree.txt nominal
```

If the minitree is not so small, one can submit a job using the usual script submit-jobs.py, with two differences:

- the string "minitree" must be present both in the name of the file listing the samples (so that the script knows whether it should use runAnalysis or runAnalyisMiniTrees) and again in the "long name" of the minitree (typically it will be in the name of the directory containing the minitree itself).
- The line containing the minitree name can be followed by the appropriate parameters: minitree\_name.root SaveHistograms mStop mLSP the "systematic" parameter will be given as usual when running submit-jobs.py

It is known that many studies require the "systematic up-down histograms". This histograms are built using a scale factor + uncertainty up (down) instead of using the nominal value of the scale factor, in the event weigth. So, there is as many histograms as systematic uncertainties you have per two for each variable you want considering.

In AnalysisStop.C we are taking account only one variable, but there is a function to define and book any number of histograms **BookSystematicHistograms()**, a function to fill them **FillSystematicHistograms (int ichannel, int icut)** and a function to save them **SaveSystematicHistograms()** 

The function *FillSystematicHistograms* (*int ichannel, int icut*) does a loop over all systematic event weigths producing one histogram scale factro + uncertainty up, one down, for each variable, so you need to have stored or available the rigth systematic event weigths. All these functions work with latino trees and minitrees.

Everything in: https://github.com/piedraj/AnalysisCMS

# 2) Combine module

Combine module uses the latino structure [1] for datacard production. One can produce the datacards input histograms by using AnalysisCMS, LatinoAnalysis (mkShapes.py) or another framework if it is keeping the specific way of histograms storage.

The code is composed by several scripts [2]. A brief description is now provided:

#### MassPointList.txt:

This text file lists all the mass suffixes used to distinguish between the different points of mass used in this analysis. Each of one suffixes correspond to a separate .root file where the histograms of that point of mass are stored. This can be optimized for individual needs.

\* From now, a massPoint of MassPointList.txt will be denoted by \$1

### configuration.py:

The main script where you set the variables (variables.py), the samples (sample.py), the cuts (cuts.py), the kind of sample (structure.py), and the uncertainties (nuisances.py) you are going to include in your datacard. Also set the *lumi*, and *output/input directions*.

mkPseudoData.py: ./mkPseudoData.py --pycfg=configurations.py

Input: configuration.py

Output: 01 PseudoDataSmeared.root

(in the same folder of all your .root Ex: minifiles/rootfiles/nominal/Stop/)

The Higgs Combine Tool needs a data yield. If there is not any, or you are blinded, this script can produce a pseudodata histograms for all the variables in *variables.py* in all cuts of *cuts.py* and store them under the usual directory of samples. These histograms are filled with the yields of all samples listed in *samples.py* and marked as background in *structure.py*. Also the statistic error of each bin is stored by doing *SetBinError(iBin, math.sqrt(abs(yValue)))*. Apart from the numeric value of yields, it may be interesting imitate the shape of the data distributions. A kind of smearing of the yields in each bin has been included for that purpose. This procedure must be revaluated by each analyzer.

**mkShapesFromHistos.py:** ./mkShapesFromHistos.py --pycfg=configuration.py --signalPoint=\$1

Input: configuration.py && \$1
Output: Shapes/Shapes\_\$1.root

This script produce the input file *Shapes\_\$1.root* for make the datacard with *mkDatacards.py*. This file contains for each cut, each variable and for each channel all

the histograms that Combine Higgs Tool needs. The script basically create a 1 folder per cut and channel where store 1 folder per variable where keep one histo per sample and one histo per uncertainty ( *nuisance*) to be considered. An example below. Each nuisance-histogram is created only for the selected sample in **nuisances.py** 

The script also sets the lumi and checks the bad bins ie. bin with content < 0. Setting this content to 0.001. we are safe of Combine complaints

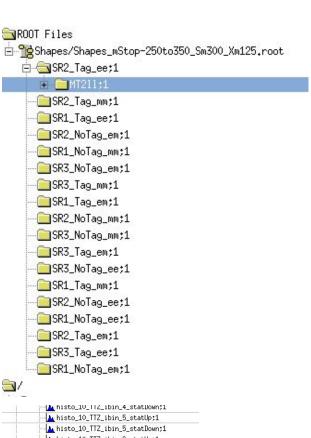
It creates two kind of histograms in function of the statistic uncertainty:

histo\_SampleName\_statUp (Down) -> histo per sample (global statistic uncertainty) histo\_SampleName\_iBin\_#bin\_statUp (Down) -> histo per sample and bin (shape statistic uncertainty)

And rename conveniently the other histograms as follow:

histo\_SampleName -> histos per sample histo\_SampleName\_SystematicUp (Down) -> histos per sample and systematic uncertainty

Ex: Shapes/Shapes\_mStop-250to350\_Sm300\_Xm125.root



histo\_10\_TTZ\_ibin\_6\_statUp;1 ▲ histo\_10\_TTZ\_ibin\_6\_statDown;1 histo\_10\_TTZ\_ibin\_7\_statUp;1 histo\_10\_TTZ\_ibin\_7\_statDown;1 histo\_10\_TTZ\_statUp;1 histo\_10\_TTZ\_statDown;1 histo\_04\_TTTo2L2Nu\_ibin\_1\_statUp;1 histo\_04\_TTTo2L2Nu\_ibin\_1\_statDown;1 histo\_04\_TTTo2L2Nu\_ibin\_2\_statUp;1 histo\_04\_TTTo2L2Nu\_ibin\_2\_statDown;1 histo\_04\_TTTo2L2Nu\_ibin\_3\_statUp;1 histo\_04\_TTTo2L2Nu\_ibin\_3\_statDown;1 histo\_04\_TTTo2L2Nu\_ibin\_4\_statUp;1 histo\_04\_TTTo2L2Nu\_ibin\_4\_statDown;1 histo\_04\_TTTo2L2Nu\_ibin\_5\_statUp;1 histo\_04\_TTTo2L2Nu\_ibin\_5\_statDown;1 histo\_04\_TTTo2L2Nu\_ibin\_6\_statUp;1 histo\_04\_TTTo2L2Nu\_ibin\_6\_statDown;1 histo\_04\_TTTo2L2Nu\_ibin\_7\_statUp;1 histo\_04\_TTTo2L2Nu\_ibin\_7\_statDown;1 histo\_04\_TTTo2L2Nu\_statUp;1 histo\_04\_TTTo2L2Nu\_statDown;1 histo\_T2tt\_BtagUp;1 ▲ histo\_T2tt\_BtagDown;1

R00T Files ☐ MShapes/Shapes\_mStop-250to350\_Sm300\_Xm125,root ⊞ ∰MT211:1 histo\_T2tt;1 histo\_06\_WW;1 histo\_09\_TTW;1 histo\_07\_ZJets;1 histo\_03\_VZ;1 histo\_05\_ST;1 histo\_02\_WZTo3LNu;1 histo\_10\_TTZ;1 histo\_04\_TTTo2L2Nu;1 histo\_01\_PseudoDataSmeared;1 histo\_T2tt\_IdisoUp;1 histo\_T2tt\_IdisoDown;1 histo\_06\_WW\_IdisoUp;1 histo\_06\_WW\_IdisoDown;1 histo\_09\_TTW\_IdisoUp;1 histo\_09\_TTW\_IdisoDown;1 histo\_07\_ZJets\_IdisoUp;1 histo\_07\_ZJets\_IdisoDown;1 histo\_03\_VZ\_IdisoUp;1 histo\_03\_VZ\_IdisoDown;1 histo\_05\_ST\_IdisoUp;1 histo\_05\_ST\_IdisoDown;1 histo\_02\_WZTo3LNu\_IdisoUp;1 histo\_02\_WZTo3LNu\_IdisoDown;1 histo\_10\_TTZ\_IdisoUp;1 histo\_10\_TTZ\_IdisoDown;1 histo\_04\_TTTo2L2Nu\_IdisoUp;1 📐 histo\_04\_TTTo2L2Nu\_IdisoDown;1

For now, it requires rootfile having levels called as the cuts in cuts.py (to be more precise, as "cutname" in the "cutname\_channel") and the samples in samples.py to be called as the rootfiles name (one for each process). This can be made more flexible if the tools will be used in the future.

**mkDatacards.py:** ./mkDatacards.py --pycfg=configuration.py --inputFile=./Shapes/Shapes\$1.root

Input: configuration.py && ./Shapes/Shapes\$1.root

Output: outputDirDatacard / cutName / variableName / datacard.txt

outputDirDatacard / cutName / variableName / shapes / histos\_cut\_channel

.root

This script produce the datacard (txt file) and store them together with the histos under a folder. This folder will be the input of Combine Higgs Tool.

For now the outputDirDatacard is a folder called tempDatacards/. Also, at this moment there is a duplicated work storing the histograms\*\*\* ver dudas datacards latinos. This will be soon checked in detail.

createPointDatacards.sh: ./createPointDatacards.sh \$1

This script run ./mkShapesFromHistos.py and ./mkDatacards.py for one point of mass (\$1) of MassPointList.txt. Also move tempDatacards/\* to /Datacards/MassPoint\$1/

createDatacards.sh: ./createDatacards.sh

The code uses recursively ./createPointDatacards.sh \$1 for all points of mass (\$1) of MassPointList.txt.

At this moment we have the folder Datacard/, here we have a subfolder per point of mass, inside of each one, we find one folder per cut. Inside these "cut folders" we have one folder per variable and finally inside this "variable folders" we get the real inputs of Higgs Combine Tool:

```
[bchazinq@lxplus0034 T2tt]$ ls Datacards/MassPoint_mStop-400to1200_Sm450_Xm363/
SRI_NOTag_ee SR1_Tag_ee SR2_NOTag_ee SR2_Tag_ee SR3_NOTag_ee SR3_Tag_ee datacardFinal.root datacardSR1T.txt datacardSR2V.txt datacardSR1.txt
SRI_NOTag_m SR1_Tag_em SR2_NOTag_m SR2_Tag_em SR3_NOTag_m SR3_Tag_em datacardFinal.txt datacardSR31V.txt datacardSR3T.txt

[bchazinq@lxplus0034 T2tt]$ ls Datacards/MassPoint_mStop-400to1200_Sm450_Xm363/SR1_NOTag_ee/
### T2ttl

[bchazinq@lxplus0034 T2tt]$ ls Datacards/MassPoint_mStop-400to1200_Sm450_Xm363/SR1_NOTag_ee/MT2ll/

[badazinq@lxplus0034 T2tt]$ ls Datacards/MassPoint_mStop-400to1200_Sm450_Xm363/SR1_NOTag_ee/MT2ll/

[bchazinq@lxplus0034 T2tt]$ ls Datacards/MassPoint_mStop-400to1200_Sm450_Xm363/SR1_NOTag_ee/MT2ll/shapes/

[bchazinq@lxplus0034 T2tt]$ ls Datacards/MassPoint_mStop-400to1200_Sm450_Xm363/SR1_NOTag_ee/MT2ll/shapes/

[bchazinq@lxplus0034 T2tt]$ ls Datacards/MassPoint_mStop-400to1200_Sm450_Xm363/SR1_NOTag_ee/MT2ll/shapes/
```

Next step is to combine all these datacards following the analysis criteria. In this case, stop analysis requires a complex combination of regions.

For each point of mass, we want to combine the three channels of each cut. Then, combine again the resulting datacards in two ones, Tag vs NoTag. At last, combine once again this two datacards to have the Final datacard.

\*\*\*VR is pending of understanding

For that purpose, two scripts were written:

combinePointDatacards.sh: ./combinePointDatacards.sh \$1

This script executes the code in "combineCards.py" (code of Higgs Combine Tool) in the sequence described above for each point of mass. The resulting data card, datacardFinal.txt, is stored in Datacards/MassPoin\$1/

combineDatacards.sh: ./combineDatacards.sh

The code uses recursively ./combinePointDatacards.sh \$1 for all points of mass (\$1) of MassPointList.txt.

The last step will be compute an estimation of the observed and expected limit for each point of mass. The **asymptotic CL\_s method** is the option used here. More information about this method or another one in [4].

Three files to use:

runPointLimit.sh: ./runPointLimit.sh \$1

This script run Combine Higgs Tool with the asymptotic method using the last datacard of the combination, *Datacards/MassPoint\$1/datacardFinal.txt* and print out only the expected limit on the signal strength r.

The output is just the rootfile, higgsCombine\$1.Asymptotic.mH120.root, automatically created when run the Tool. The script just change the name and the location of the file into <code>Datacard/MassPoint\_\$1/datacardFinal.root</code>.

This rootfile is a root tree limit that contains the limit values and other bookeeping information. This tree is used to make the exclusions plots. In our case, we will use a homemade script *MassScan.C* 

runLimits.sh: ./runLimits.sh

The code uses recursively ./runPointLimit.sh \$1 for all points of mass (\$1) of MassPointList.txt.

runLimitsLxbatch.sh: bsub -q 8nh runLimitsLxbatch.sh MassPointList.txt

This script is very usefull if you have many points of mass and big datacards. It simply execute *runPointLimit.sh* \$line in the lxplus queues where \$line is one point of mass of *MassPointList.txt*. Since you can divide your MassPointList.txt in several txt files, you can send several jobs at the same time improving the computing limits.

There is an special script:

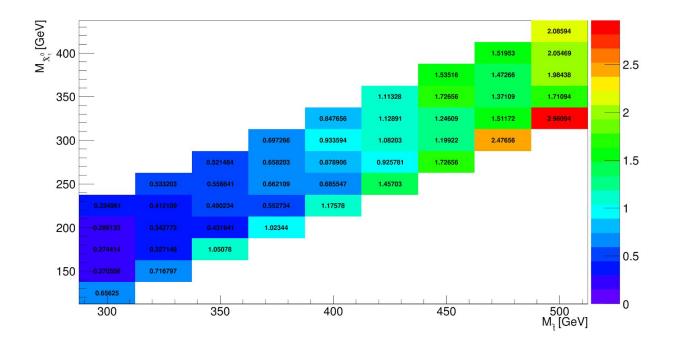
### hwwtools.py

It is designed as a tool to use other codes and help with the execution in Latino Analysis framework. It has at least one important function needed to execute the basis codes: *mkPseudoData.py*, *mkShapesFromHlstos.py*, *mkDatacards.py*. At this moments it is mandatory to keep this code in the repository.

Finally,

## MassScan.C: compile and run with root (root -l; .L MassScan.C++; MassScan())

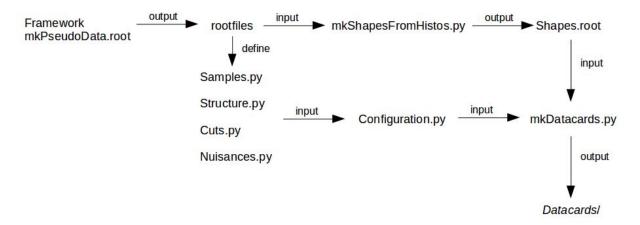
Input: Datacard/MassPoint\_\$1/datacardFinal.root
Output: A kind of exclusion plot where the quantity represented is the median expected limit ( 50% )



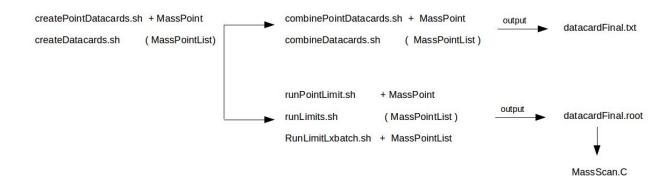
\*\*\*\*No se guardan los plots

The general work flow producing datacards and computing limits:

#### Basic:



## Specific Point / List of mass:



### Note:

- \*\*\*\* bien como se ejectan los scripts?
- \*\*\* Poner el tiempo que te lleva

The whole module is optimized for one kind of analysis, but all the script inside it can be easily modified for the analyzer needs.

[3]https://dl.dropboxusercontent.com/u/8772690/HWW/2015/Oct/24/Oct-28\_Latino\_Framework\_Massironi.pdf

[4]

https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/viewauth/CMS/SWGuideHiggsAnalysisCombinedLimit#Computing\_limits\_with\_the\_asympt