

Fast likelihood-free inference in the LSS Stage-IV era

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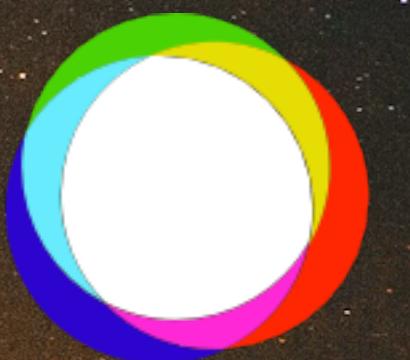
Based on [arXiv:2403.14750](https://arxiv.org/abs/2403.14750)

with Guadalupe Cañas-Herrera,
Matteo Martinelli,
Oleg Savchenko,
Davide Sciotti,
& Christoph Weniger

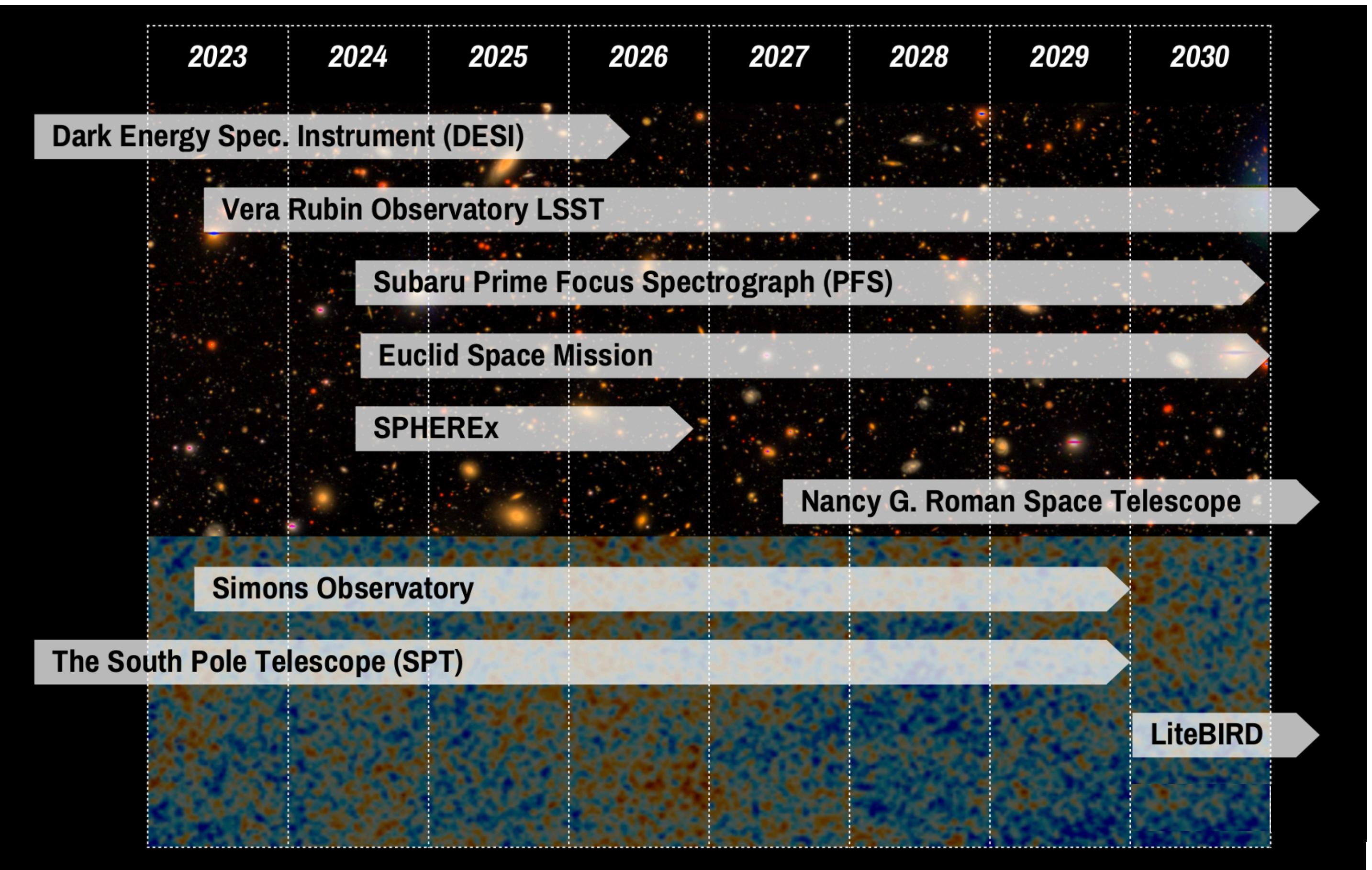
24th October 2024
COSMO'24 Kyoto

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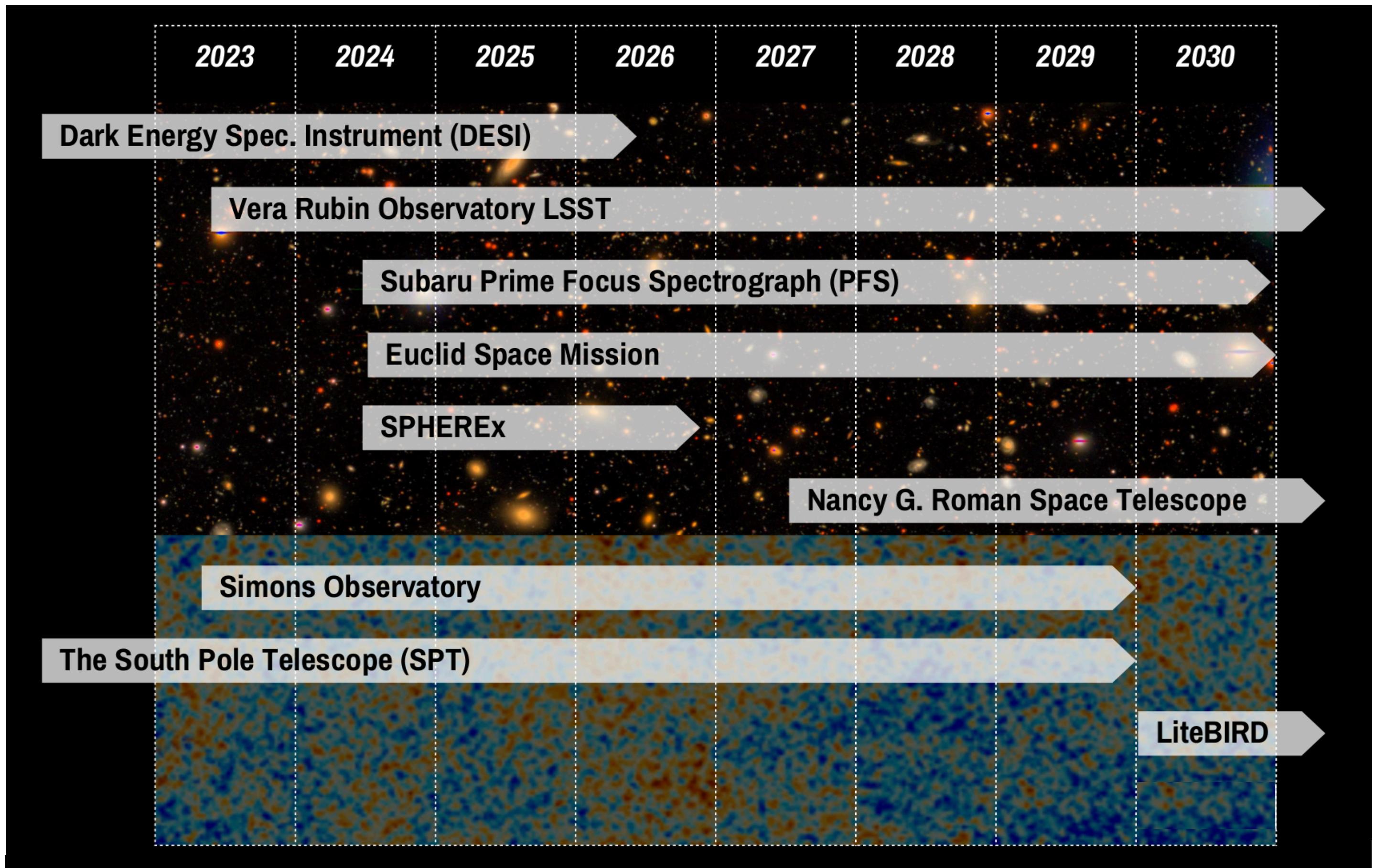
Next-generation cosmological
data is becoming available...



Credit: A. Bayer

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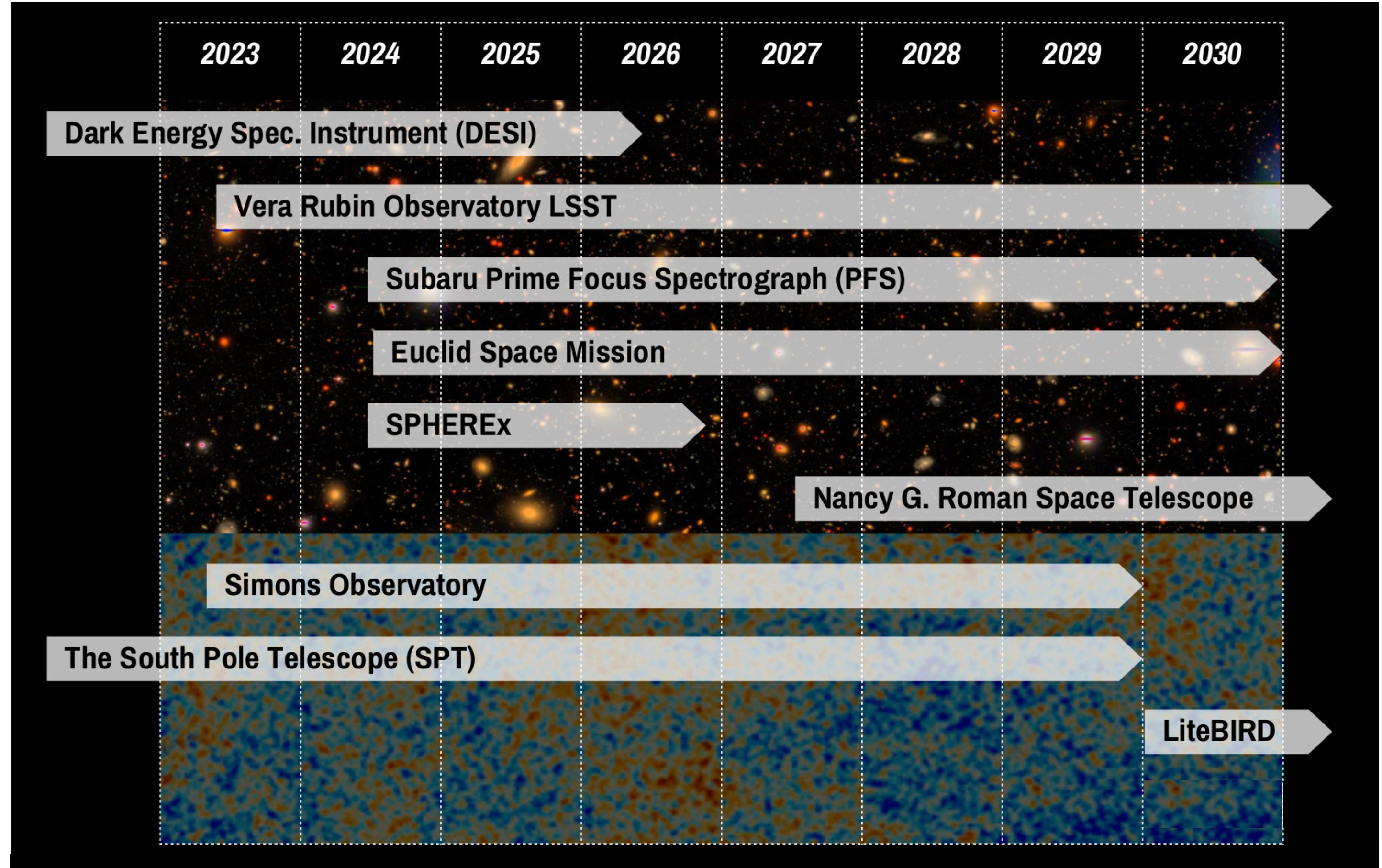
...but analysing these data will be **unfeasible** with traditional methods



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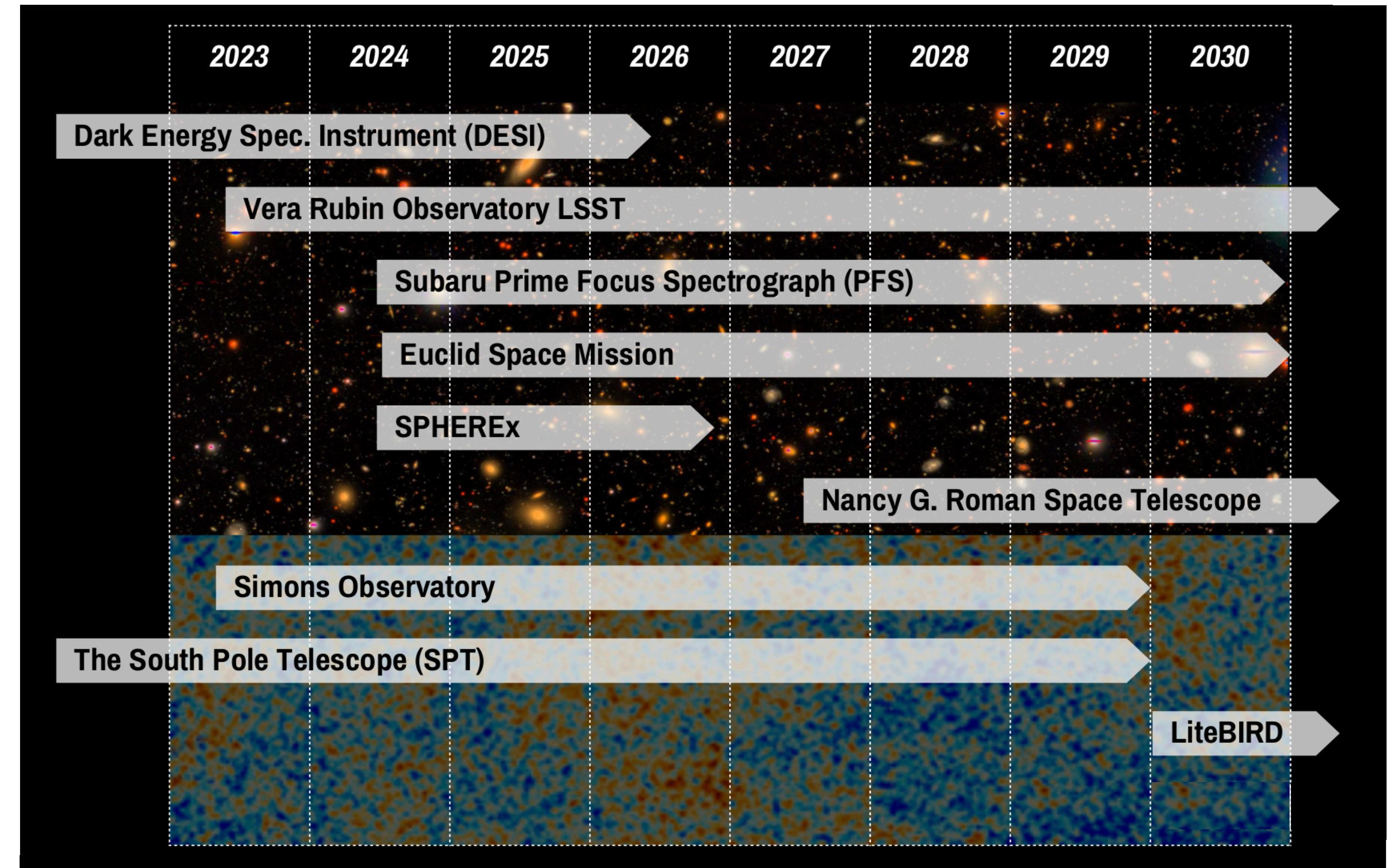


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Classical methods **scale poorly** with the dimensionality of the parameter space

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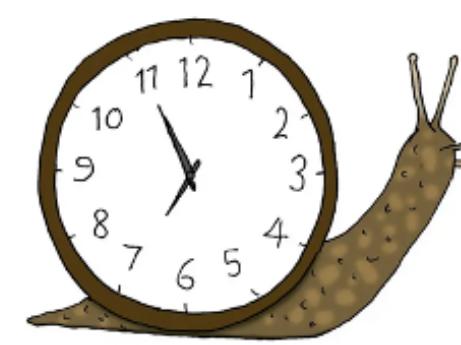


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Classical methods **scale poorly** with the dimensionality of the parameter space

Ex: recent **Euclid** forecast included **64 nuisance parameters**

[Euclid. I. Overview 24](#)



Our **GOAL**

Accelerate parameter inference
from Stage-IV photometric surveys
using a new **SBI** method called **MNRE**

MNRE = Marginal Neural Ratio Estimation

Implemented in [Swyft*](#) [[Miller+ 20](#)]

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Advantages over other SBI methods:

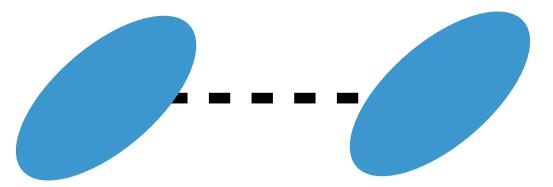
- More **flexibility** in network architecture
- It can directly **target marginals of interest** (more efficient & flexible)

NOTE: We use a simplified simulator/likelihood (10 tomographic bins, 12 nuisance params)

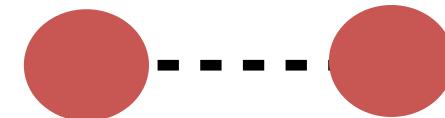
Swyft 3x2pt analysis

3x2pt statistics

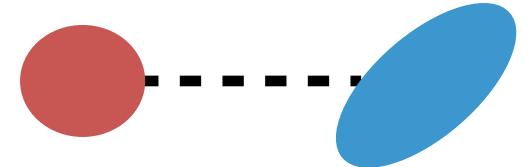
Cosmic Shear



Galaxy clustering



Galaxy-Galaxy lensing



Swyft 3x2pt analysis

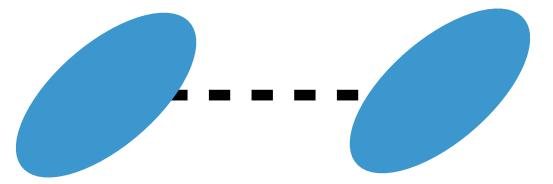
We generate **50k simulations** of power spectra with gaussian noise

$$\hat{C}_{ij}^{AB}(\ell) = C_{ij}^{AB}(\ell) + n_{ij}^{AB}(\ell)$$

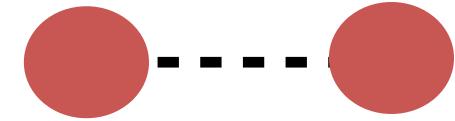
$\mathcal{N}(0, \mathbf{C})$

3x2pt statistics

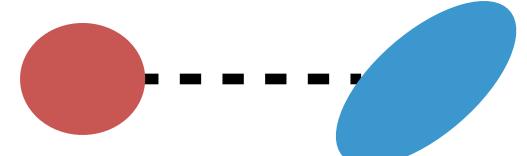
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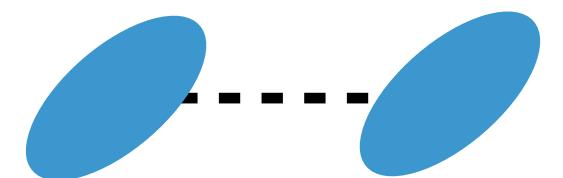
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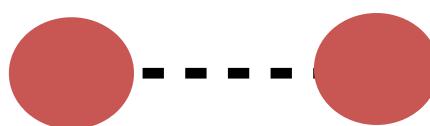
$$\hat{C}_{ij}^{AB}(\ell) = C_{ij}^{AB}(\ell) + n_{ij}^{AB}(\ell) \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \mathbf{C})$$

3x2pt statistics

Cosmic Shear



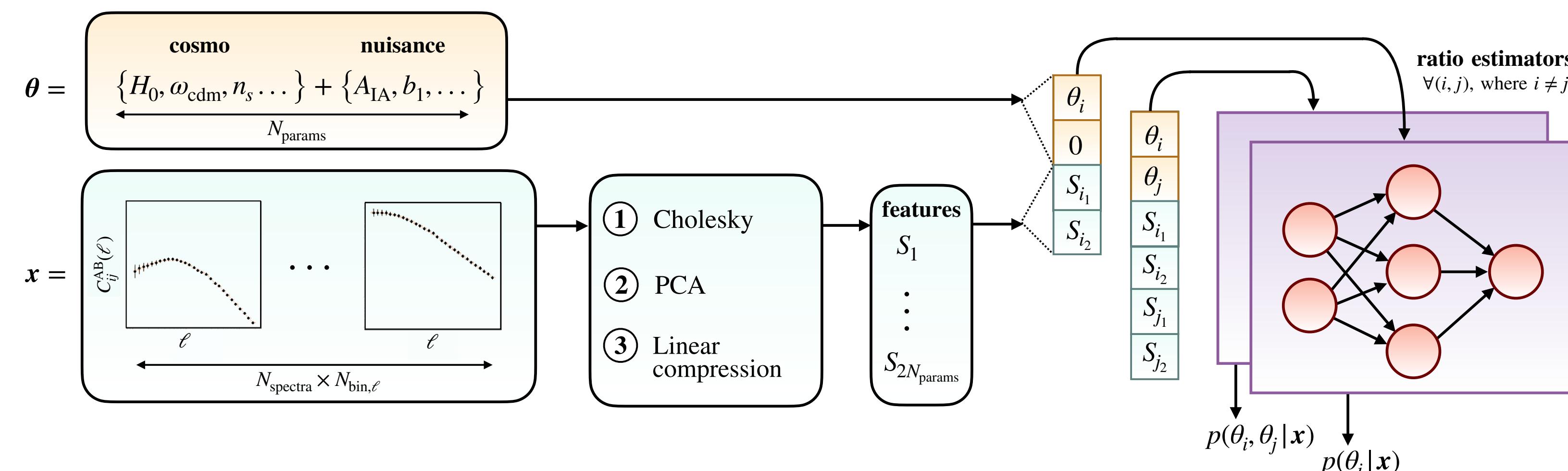
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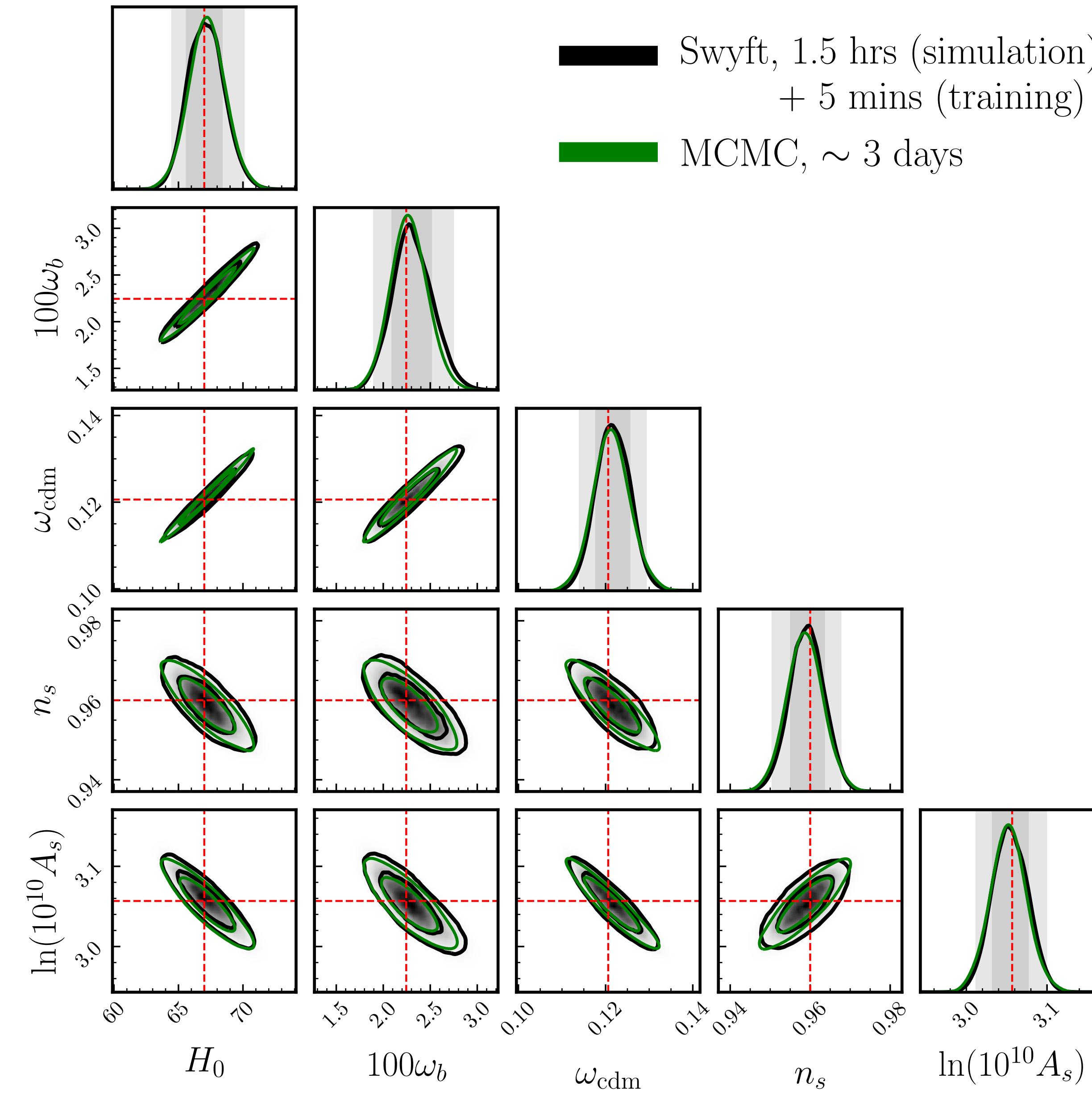
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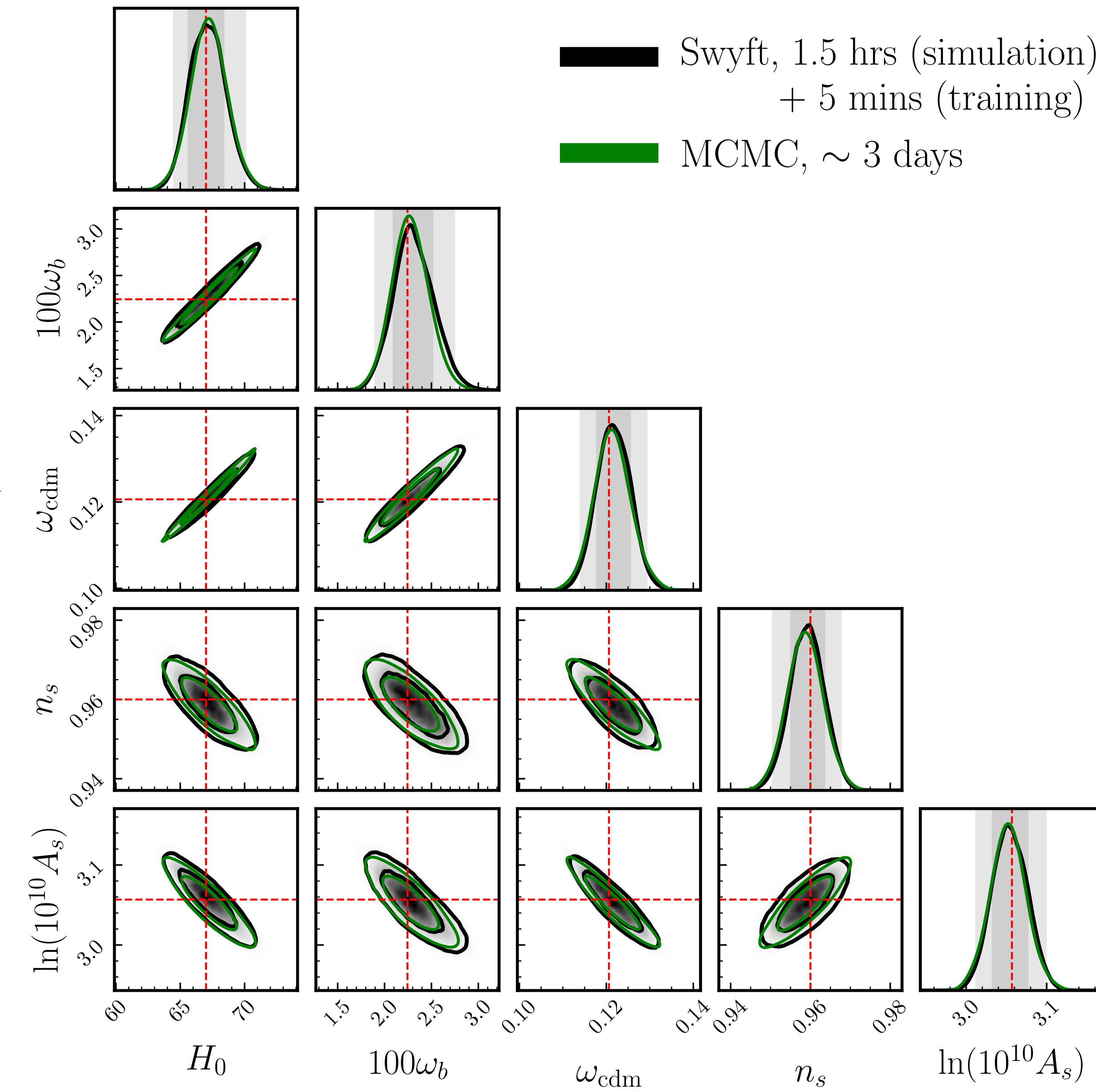
We **pre-compress spectra into features** before passing this to the posterior networks



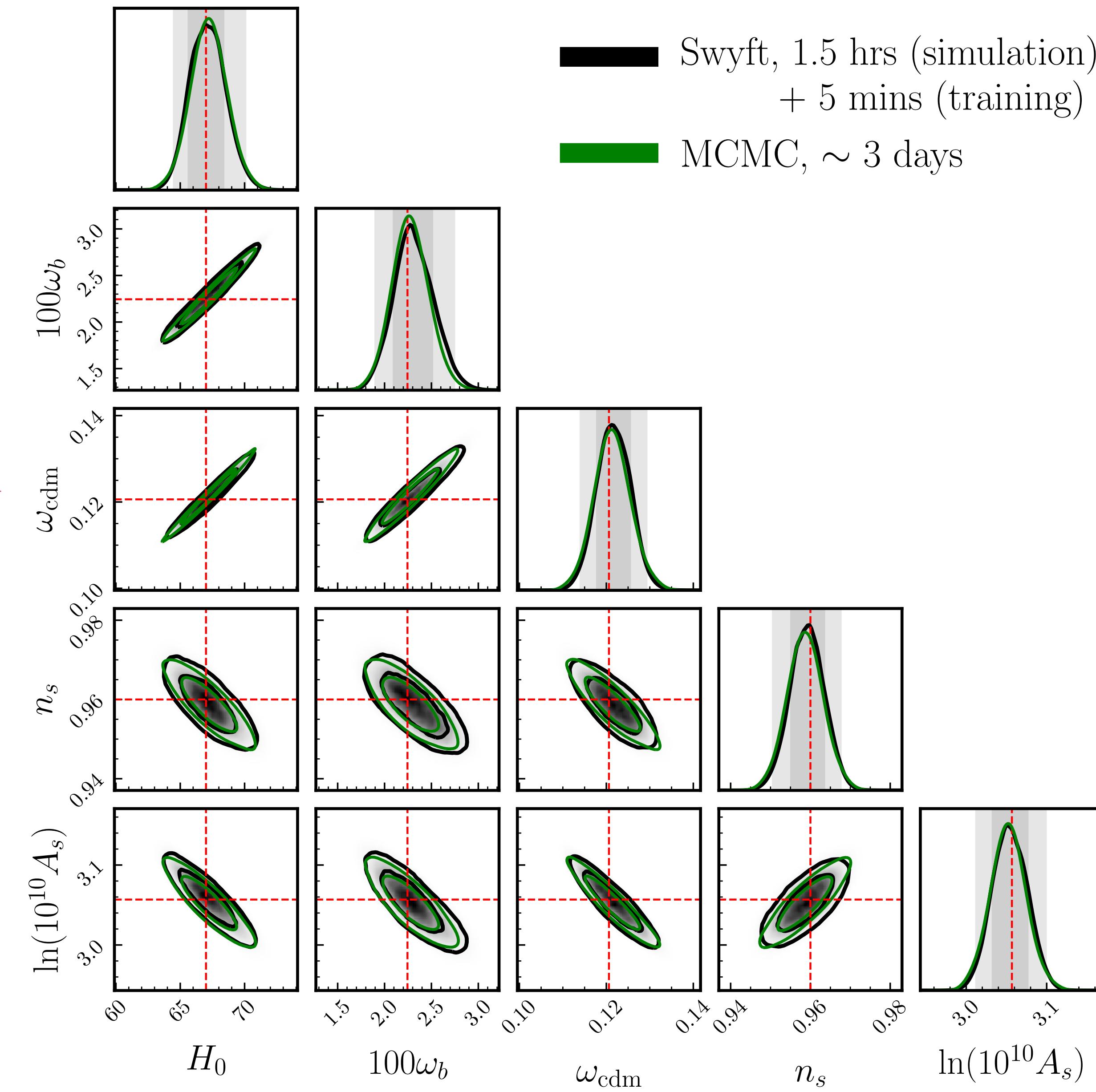
Forecast Λ CDM posteriors



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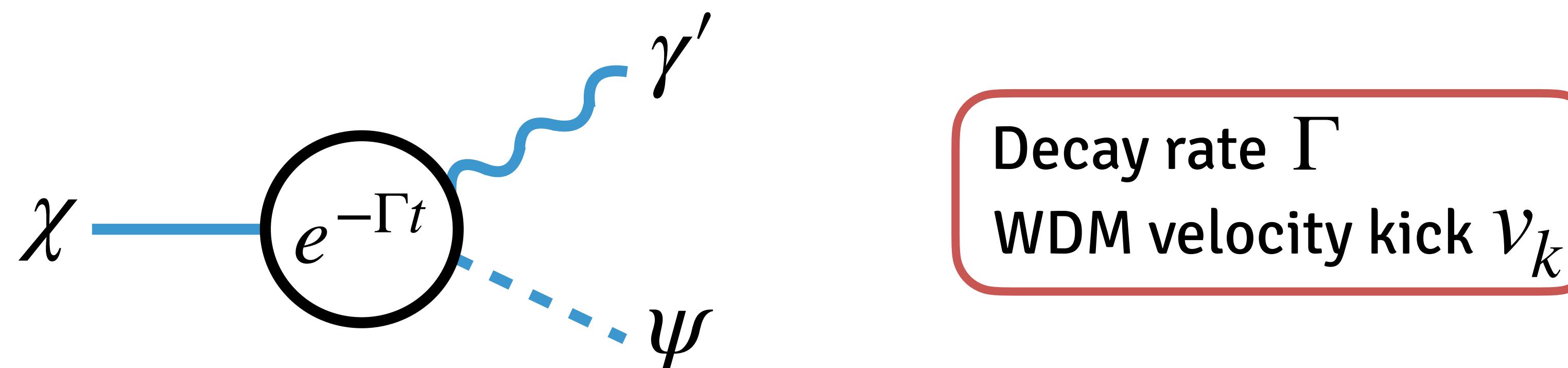
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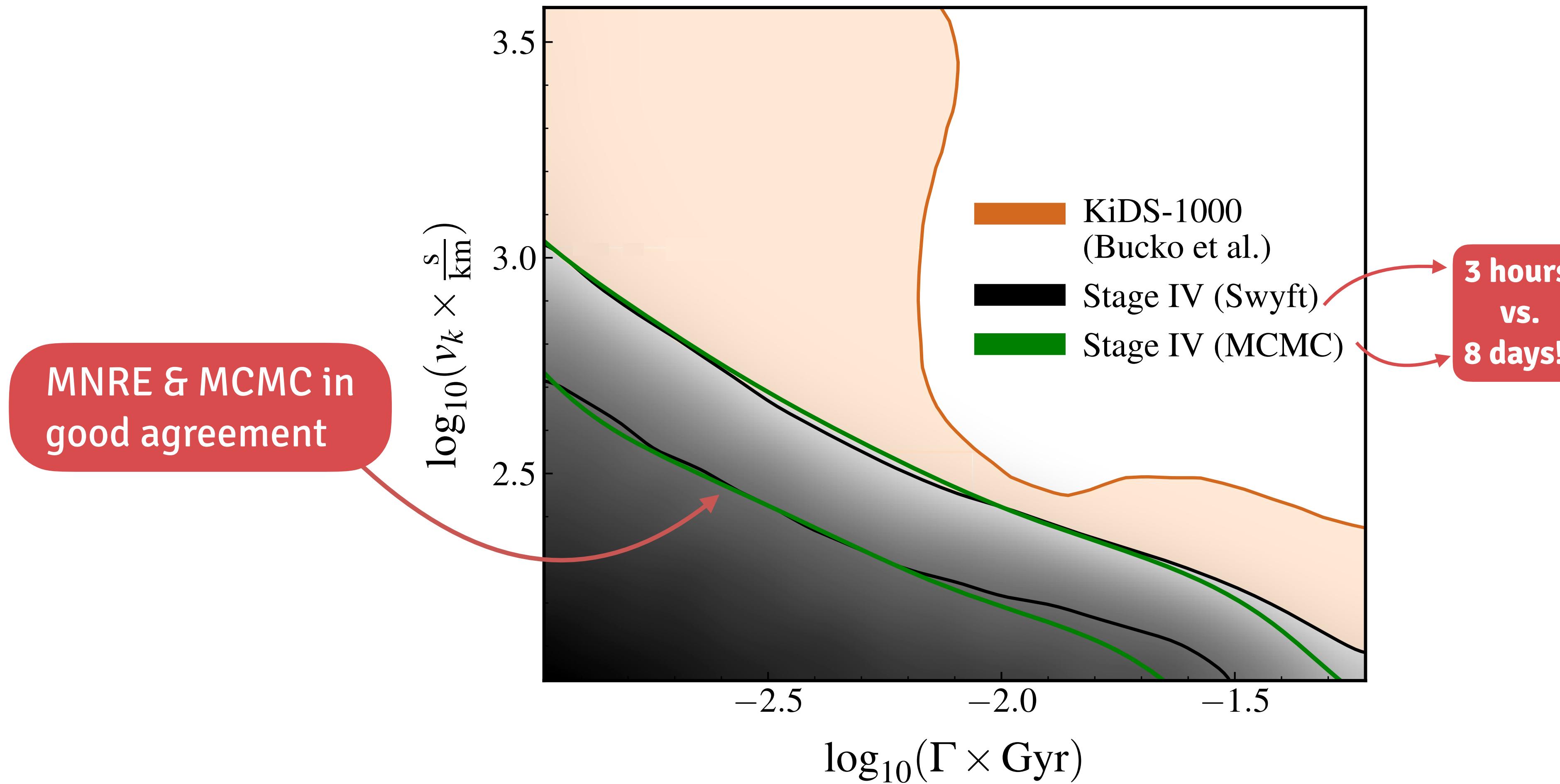
As an example, we test a model of **CDM decaying to DR + WDM**
(proposed to explain the S_8 tension)

[\[Abellan+ 21\]](#)

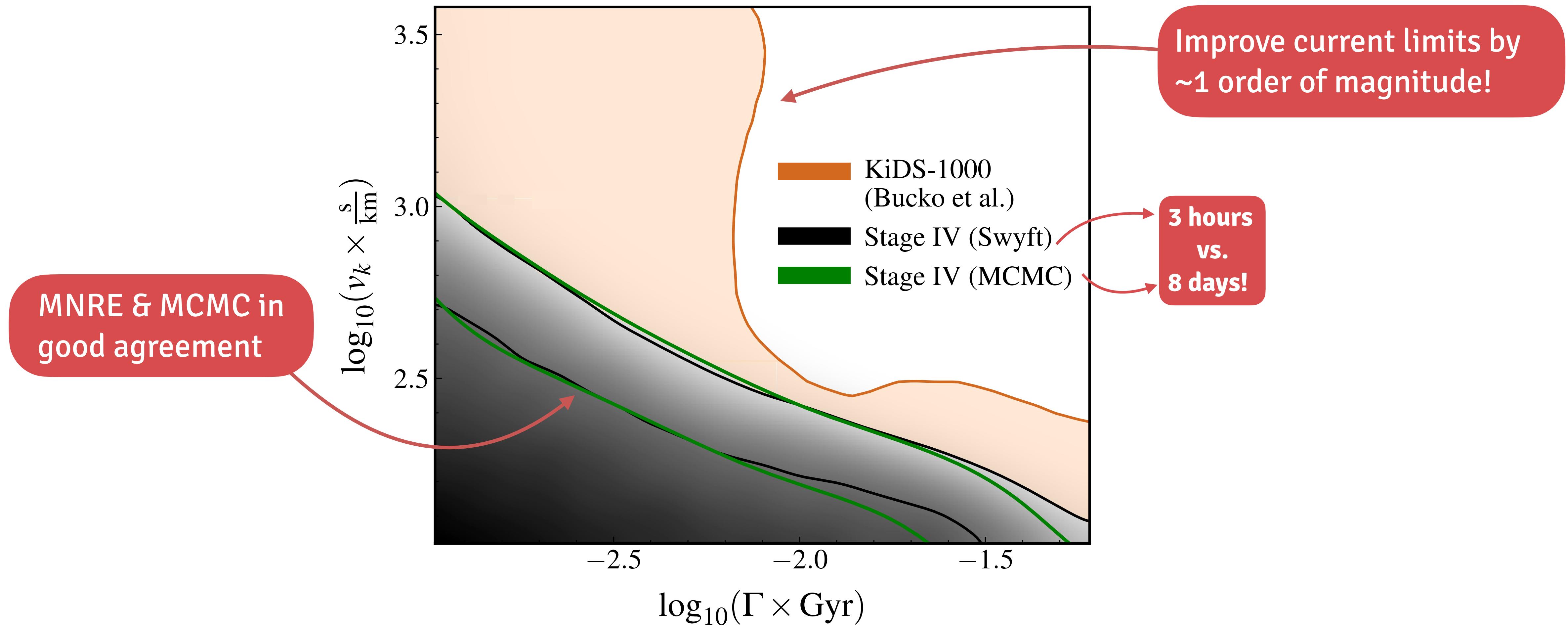
[\[Bucko+ 23\]](#)



Forecast constraints on decaying DM



Forecast constraints on decaying DM



Conclusions & prospects

ありがとう!

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- Using a SBI method called **MNRE**, we performed parameter inference from 3x2pt Stage-IV probes with a **speed-up factor of ~50 compared to MCMC**
- We tested a model of decaying DM to check that **MNRE performs well with very non-gaussian posteriors**
- As a next step, build a **Swyft simulator based on CLOE**, the official Euclid likelihood (more nuisance parameters, add spectroscopic galaxy clustering)

BACK-UP

Swyft in a nutshell

Simulation-based inference

Use simulator to sample
implicit likelihood

$$\mathbf{x} \sim p(\mathbf{x} | \theta)$$

Neural Ratio Estimation

Get posteriors by training
NNs to solve a **binary
classification** problem

$$(\mathbf{x}, \theta) \sim p(\mathbf{x}, \theta)$$



zebra

$$(\mathbf{x}, \theta) \sim p(\mathbf{x})p(\theta)$$



ostrich



octopus



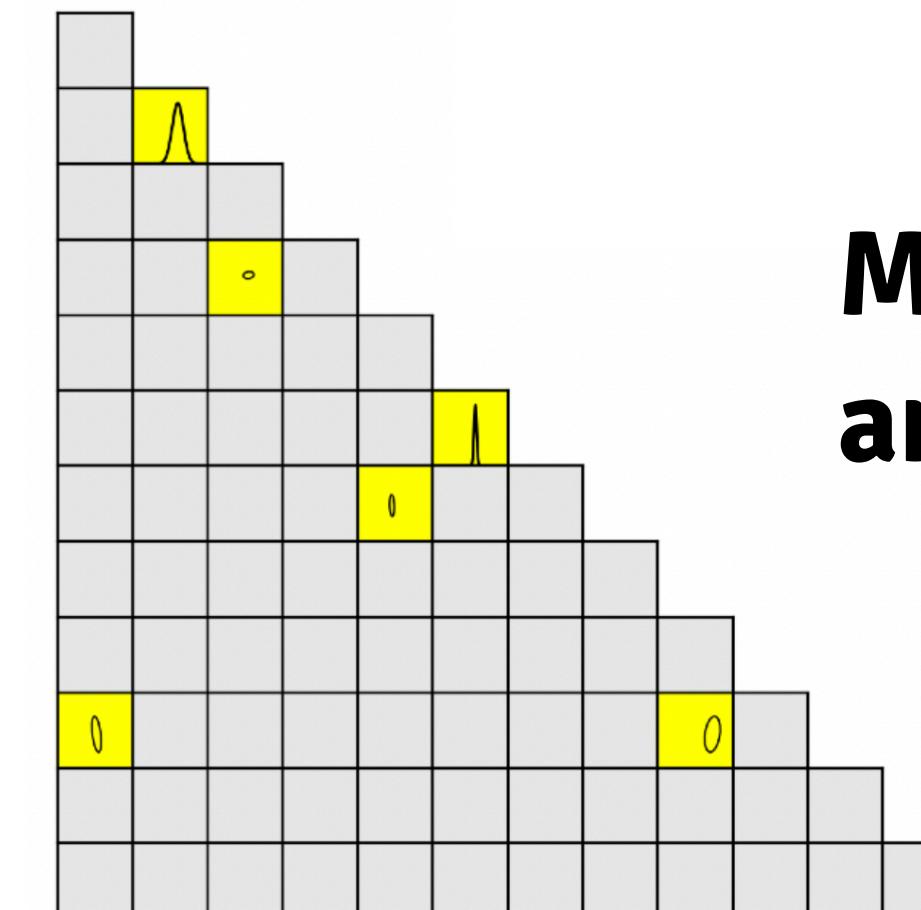
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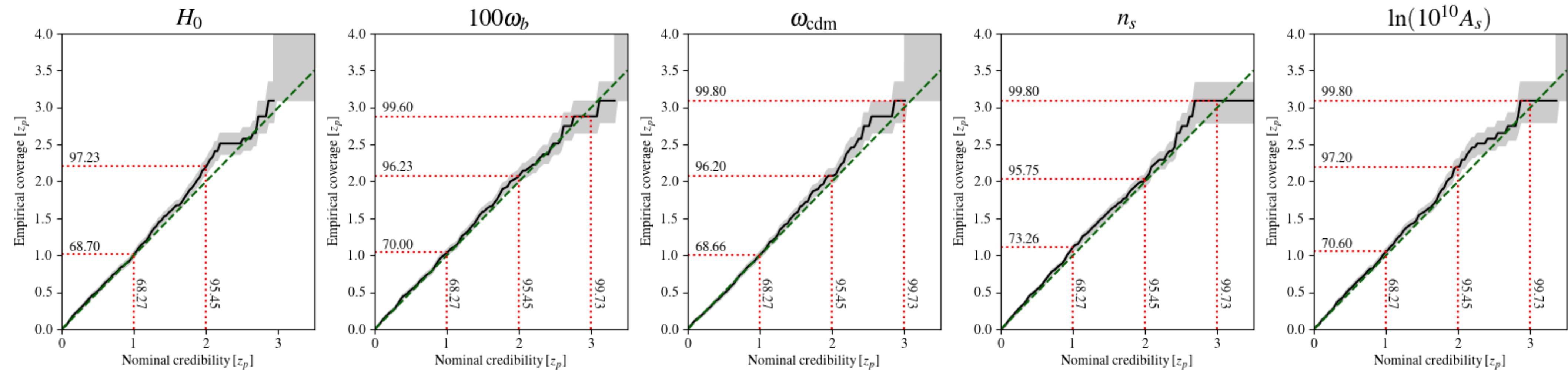
Focus on marginals

Instead of estimating all
parameters, **cherry-pick** the
ones we care about



**More flexible
and efficient!**

Coverage test for Stage-IV 3x2pt



Empirical coverage and confidence level
match to excellent precision!