Time-domain audio features

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Time-domain features

- Amplitude envelope (AE)
- Root-mean-square energy (RMS)
- Zero-crossing rate (ZCR)
- ...

$$AE_t = \max_{k=t \cdot K}^{(t+1) \cdot K - 1} s(k)$$

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Amplitude envelope at frame t

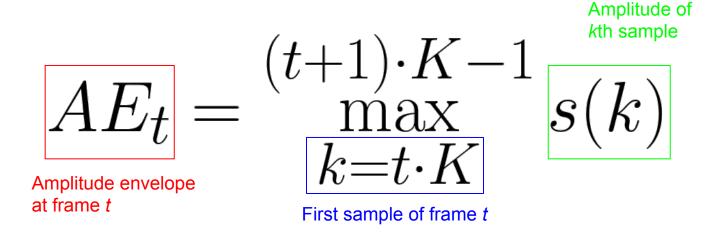
$$AE_t = \max_{\substack{k \in \mathcal{K} \\ \text{Amplitude envelope} \\ \text{at frame } t}} (t+1) \cdot K - 1 \\ \max_{k=t \cdot K} s(k)$$

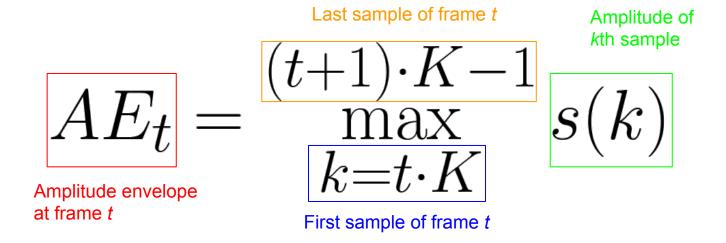
$$AE_t = \max_{t} \frac{(t+1)\cdot K-1}{s(k)}$$
Amplitude of kth sample t

$$k=t\cdot K$$
Amplitude of kth sample t

$$s(k)$$

$$s(k)$$
Frame size





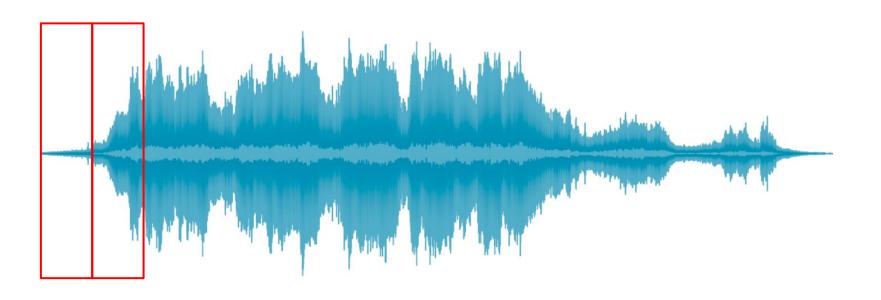
Max amplitude value of all samples in a frame

$$AE_t = \max_{k=t \cdot K}^{(t+1) \cdot K - 1} s(k)$$

Calculate AE for all the frames

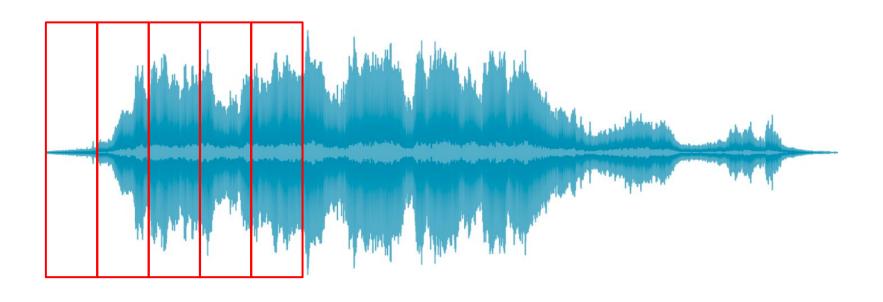


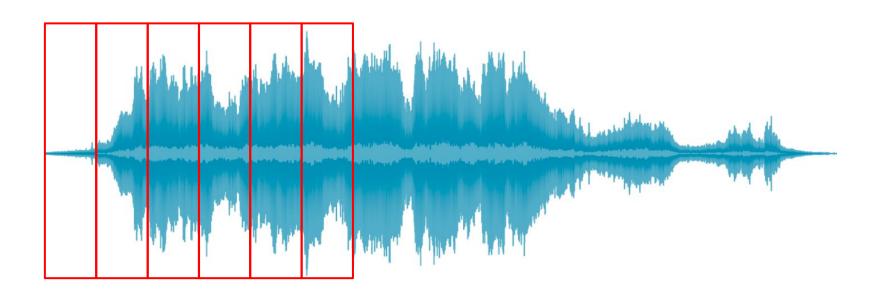


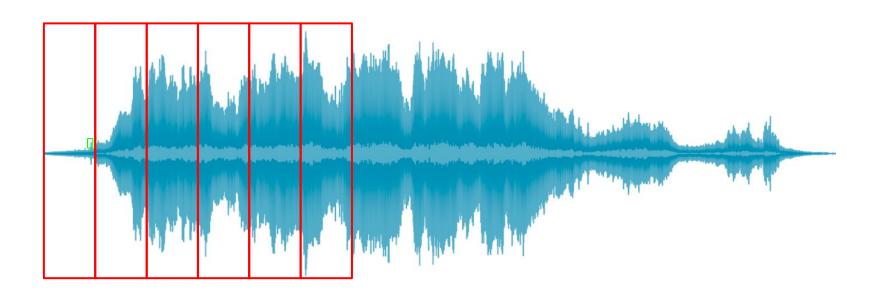


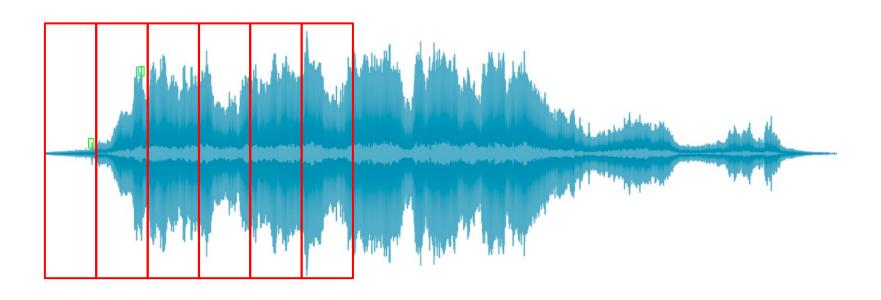


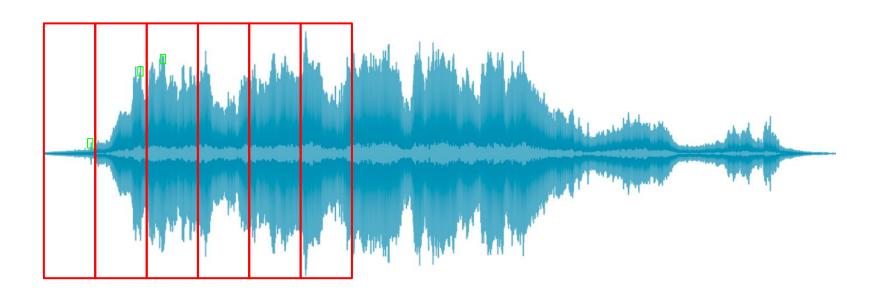


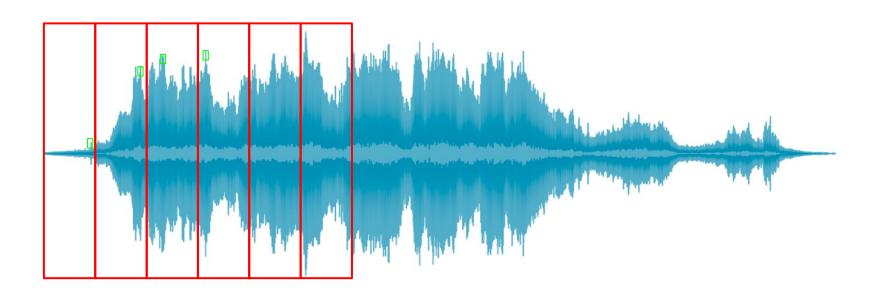


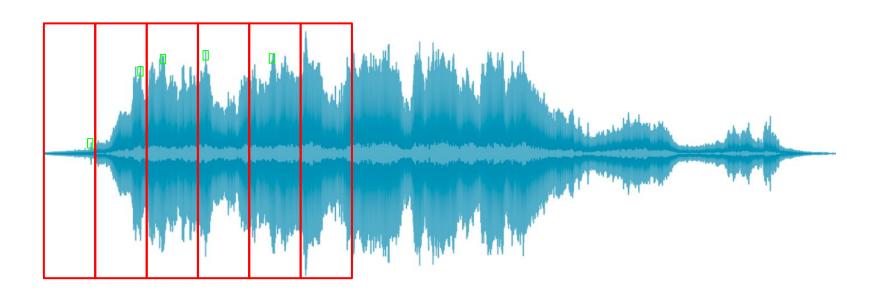


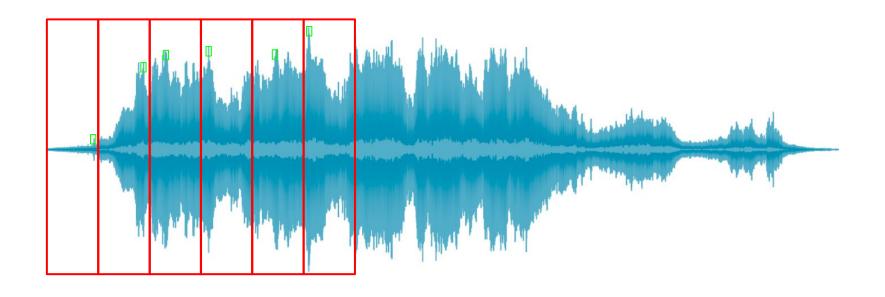












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- Gives rough idea of loudness

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- Onset detection, music genre classification

RMS of all samples in a frame

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$$RMS_t = \sqrt{\frac{1}{K} \cdot \sum_{k=t \cdot K}^{(t+1) \cdot K - 1} s(k)^2}$$

RMS of all samples in a frame

$$RMS_t = \sqrt{\frac{1}{K} \cdot \sum_{k=t \cdot K}^{(t+1) \cdot K - 1} sample} \text{Energy of } k\text{th sample}$$

RMS of all samples in a frame

$$RMS_t = \sqrt{\frac{1}{K} \cdot \sum_{k=t \cdot K}^{(t+1) \cdot K - 1} s(k)^2}$$

Sum of energy for all samples in frame *t*

RMS of all samples in a frame

$$RMS_t = \sqrt{\frac{1}{K} \cdot \sum_{k=t \cdot K}^{(t+1) \cdot K - 1} s(k)^2}$$

Mean of sum of energy

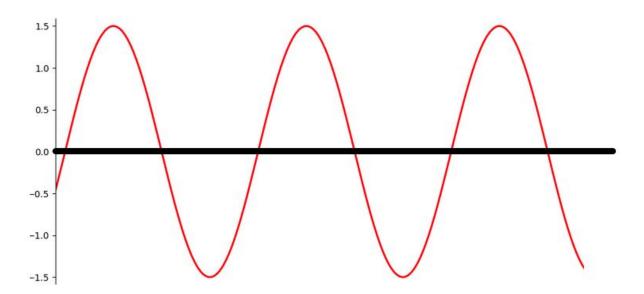
- RMS of all samples in a frame
- Indicator of loudness

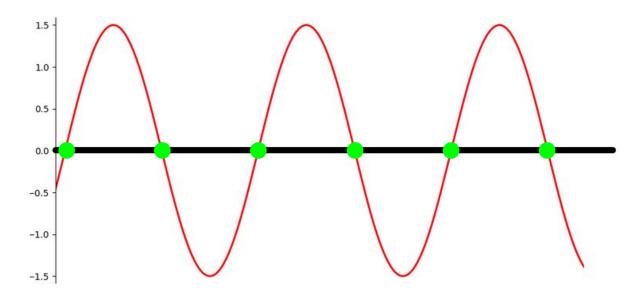
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- Less sensitive to outliers than AE

- RMS of all samples in a frame
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- Less sensitive to outliers than AE
- Audio segmentation, music genre classification

Zero crossing rate

Number of times a signal crosses the horizontal axis





$$ZCR_t = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^{(t+1)\cdot K-1} |sgn(s(k)) - sgn(s(k+1))|$$

Number of times a signal crosses the horizontal axis

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 $s(k) > 0 \to +1$

• $s(k) < 0 \rightarrow -1$ • $s(k) = 0 \rightarrow 0$

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Zero crossing rate applications

Recognition of percussive vs pitched sounds

Zero crossing rate applications

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- Monophonic pitch estimation

Zero crossing rate applications

- Recognition of percussive vs pitched sounds
- Monophonic pitch estimation
- Voice/unvoiced decision for speech signals

What's up next?

- Implement amplitude envelope
- Visualise amplitude envelope for different music genres