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```
class Point2d {
  double x, y;
public:
  Point2d() : Point2d(0, 0) {}
  Point2d(double a, double b) : x(a), y(b) {}
};
```

Question

What member functions have been synthesized by the compiler?

```
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```
class Point2d {
  double x, y;
public:
  Point2d() : Point2d(0, 0) {}
  Point2d(double a, double b) : x(a), y(b) {}
};
```

When we have the class definition above, there are 3 ways of constructing an object:

```
Point2d p0;
Point2d p1(3.14, 6.28);
Point2d p2(p1); // same as Point2d p2 = p1;
```

```
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```
class Point2d {
  double x, y;
public:
  Point2d() : Point2d(0, 0) {}
  Point2d(double a, double b) : x(a), y(b) {}
};
```

We can also pass Point2d objects as arguments, or as return-values:

```
// BAD!! You should use reference-to-const.
Point2d less_in_x(Point2d lhs, Point2d rhs) {
  return lhs.get_x() < rhs.get_x() ? lhs : rhs;
}</pre>
```



How many copies are created?

Point2d p3 = less_in_x(p0, p1);

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auto decltype How many copies are created?

Point2d p3 = less_in_x(p0, p1);

- Copy-initialize the parameters 1hs and rhs.
 - Copy-initialize a temporary object generated by the calling expression with the return value. (?)
 - Copy-initialize p3. (not assignment!)

```
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```

How many copies are created?

Point2d p3 = less_in_x(p0, p1);

- Copy-initialize the parameters 1hs and rhs.
 - Copy-initialize a temporary object generated by the calling expression with the return value. (?)
 - Copy-initialize p3. (not assignment!)

Copying a return-value?

- Many compilers avoid such copying by Return Value Optimization (RVO).
- Since C++11, a local object will be returned by moving instead of copying, if it is move-constructible.
- C++17 guarantees that such copying won't happen, even when the object is not move-constructible.

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Type Deduction

auto decltype The copy ctor defines the behavior of copy initializing an object.

```
class Point2d {
  public:
    Point2d(const Point2d &other)
        : x(other.x), y(other.y) {}
    // other members
};
```

The Copy Constructor

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Deduction

auto decltype The copy ctor defines the behavior of copy initializing an object.

```
class Point2d {
  public:
    Point2d(const Point2d &other)
      : x(other.x), y(other.y) {}
    // other members
};
```

- Can we define the parameter type as Point2d instead of reference-to-const?
- Can we define the parameter type as Point2d &?

The Copy Constructor

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```
class Vector {
  std::size t m size, m capacity;
  int *m_data;
public:
  Vector(const Vector &other)
    : m_size(other.m_size),
      m_capacity(other.m_capacity),
      m_data(new int[m_capacity]{}) {
    for (std::size_t i = 0; i < m_size; ++i)</pre>
      m data[i] = other.m data[i];
  // other members
```

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auto decltype The behavior of assignment like

```
Point2d p1, p2;
p1 = p2;
```

is defined by the copy-assignment operator. It is defined by overloading the assignment operator.

```
class Point2d {
  public:
    Point2d & operator=(const Point2d & other) {
        x = other.x;
        y = other.y;
        return *this;
    }
};
```

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Copy-Assignment

```
class Point2d {
public:
  Point2d & operator = (const Point2d & other) {
    x = other.x;
    y = other.y;
    // return reference to the object itself
    return *this;
```

Notice

You should make the overloaded operator behave in consistence with the built-in one.

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Type Deduction

auto decltype When an assignment happens, the left-hand operand is bound to the implicit this. The right-hand operand is passed as the parameter.

```
Point2d p1, p2;
p1 = p2;
p1.operator=(p2); // equivalent way
```

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Copy-Assignment

When an assignment happens, the left-hand operand is bound to the implicit this. The right-hand operand is passed as the parameter.

```
Point2d p1, p2;
p1 = p2;
p1.operator=(p2); // equivalent way
```

Since the assignment operator returns the object on the left-hand side, we can chain assignments together:

$$p1 = p2 = p3;$$

Copy-Assignment of Vector

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Type Deduction

> auto decltype

```
class Vector {
public:
  Vector &operator=(const Vector &other) {
    delete[] m data;
    m size = other.m size;
    m capacity = other.m capacity;
    m data = new int[m capacity];
    for (std::size t i = 0; i < m size; ++i)</pre>
      m_data[i] = other.m_data[i];
    return *this;
  // other members
```

Copy-Assignment of Vector

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decltype

```
class Vector {
public:
  Vector &operator=(const Vector &other) {
    delete[] m data;
    m size = other.m size;
    m capacity = other.m capacity;
    m data = new int[m capacity];
    for (std::size t i = 0; i < m_size; ++i)</pre>
      m_data[i] = other.m_data[i];
    return *this;
  // other members
};
```

Anything wrong with this assignment operator?

Self-assignment Safety

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- Should self-assignment happen, the data is deleted at first! It becomes a disaster.
- Exception-safety issue.

Self-assignment Safety

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- Should self-assignment happen, the data is deleted at first! It becomes a disaster.
- Exception-safety issue.

Self-assignment may happen unnoticed and without a warning:

```
Vector v = some_value();
Vector &rv = some_function(v);
v = rv;
```

Notice

Assignment operator should always be self-assignment-safe.

The Correct Way

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```
class Vector {
public:
  Vector &operator=(const Vector &other) {
    int *new_data = new int[other.m_capacity];
    for (std::size_t i = 0; i < other.m_size; ++i)</pre>
      new_data[i] = other.m_data[i];
    m_size = other.m_size;
    m_capacity = other.m_capacity;
    delete[] m_data;
    m data = new data;
    return *this;
```

Still Problematic Way

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Copy-Assignment

```
Vector &Vector::operator=(const Vector &other) {
  // test self-assignment directly
  if (this != &other) {
    delete[] m data;
    m size = other.m size;
    m capacity = other.m capacity;
    m data = new int[m capacity];
    for (std::size t i = 0; i < m size; ++i)</pre>
      m data[i] = other.m data[i];
  }
  return *this;
```

 This handles self-assignment correctly, but still has exception-safety issue.

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Synthesized Copy Ctor

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The compiler will synthesize a copy ctor if

- the copy ctor is not defined, and
- every member is copy-constructible.

The synthesized copy ctor will copy-initialize the members one-by-one, and has an empty function body.

Question

Is it ok for Point2d to use the synthesized copy ctor? What about Vector?

Synthesized Copy-Assignment Operator

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auto decltype The compiler will synthesize a copy-assignment operator if

- the copy-assignment operator is not defined, and
- every member is copy-assignable.

The synthesized copy-assignment operator will copy-assign the members one-by-one, and of course return *this.

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Type Deduction The compiler will synthesize a copy-assignment operator if

- the copy-assignment operator is not defined, and
- every member is copy-assignable.

The synthesized copy-assignment operator will copy-assign the members one-by-one, and of course return *this.

Question

Is it ok for Point2d to use the synthesized copy-assignment operator? What about Vector?

Copying Array Members

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decltype

It is not allowed to copy arrays directly like

```
int a[100], b[100];
a = b;
```

But if there's an array member, the synthesized copy operations will copy the elements in the array one-by-one. Don't worry!

Use =default

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For a default ctor, a copy ctor, a copy-assignment operator or a destructor, we can explicitly require the compiler to synthesize one with defaulted behavior by =default:

```
class Point2d {
  double x, y;
public:
  Point2d() = default;
  Point2d(const Point2d &) = default;
  Point2d &operator=(const Point2d &) = default;
  ~Point2d() = default;
  // other members
};
```

The Rule of Three

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Theorem (The Rule of Three)

If a class needs one of the three copy-controlling operations (copy-ctor, copy-assignment operator and destructor), it is highly possible that all of them are needed.

- Such idea was not so widely acknowledged when C++98 came out. Therefore, the compiler will still generate the others if you only define one or two of them.
- We will see changes in C++11 when we talk about moving.

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Type Deduction

auto decltype Some class, like std::istream, should avoid copying. (Why?)

Question

Can we prevent copying by simply not defining the copy operations?

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Type Deduction Some class, like std::istream, should avoid copying. (Why?)

Question

Can we prevent copying by simply not defining the copy operations?

Before C++11, people prevent copying by **declaring the** copying operations as private, and not defining them.

- Attempts to copy such an object outside the class and out of a friend will cause an error in access-level.
- Attempts to copy inside the class or in a friend will cause a linking error.

Deleted Functions

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Type Deduction

auto decltype Since C++11, we can define a function as **deleted** by defining it to be =delete.

```
class Uncopyable {
  public:
    Uncopyable(const Uncopyable &) = delete;
    Uncopyable &operator=(const Uncopyable &) = delete;
};
```

Deleted Functions

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auto decltype Since C++11, we can define a function as **deleted** by defining it to be =delete.

```
class Uncopyable {
  public:
    Uncopyable(const Uncopyable &) = delete;
    Uncopyable &operator=(const Uncopyable &) = delete;
};
```

Use =delete to avoid copying in modern C++!

Deleted Functions

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Deduction

Since C++11, we can define a function as **deleted** by defining it to be =delete.

```
class Uncopyable {
  public:
    Uncopyable(const Uncopyable &) = delete;
    Uncopyable &operator=(const Uncopyable &) = delete;
};
```

Use =delete to avoid copying in modern C++!

Notice

If we define a special member function to be =default but the compiler cannot synthesize it, it is implicitly **deleted** and will not cause an error (but will generate a warning).

Recommended Reading Materials

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- Effective C++, Item 5: Know what functions C++ silently writes and calls.
- Effective C++, Item 6: Explicitly disallow the use of compiler-generated functions you do not want.

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Constructors and Type-casting

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A constructor also defines a type-casting:

```
void fun(std::string s) {
  // do something
}
int main() {
  fun("Hello world");
  return 0;
}
```

- std::string has a constructor that accepts a const char * parameter.
- When calling fun("Hello"), the initialization of the parameter could be seen as a conversion from const char * to std::string.

Constructors and Type-casting

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Constructors and Type-casting

Sometimes this will be confusing.

```
class Vector {
public:
 Vector(std::size_t n)
    : m_size(n), m_capacity(n),
      m_data(new int[n]()) {}
};
int main() {
  Vector v = 10; // What??
  return 0;
```

explicit Constructors

```
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auto decltype By defining a constructor as **explicit**, we disallow such conversion from happening implicitly.

```
class Vector {
  public:
    explicit Vector(std::size_t n)
        : m_size(n), m_capacity(n),
            m_data(new int[n]()) {}
};
int main() {
  Vector v1 = 10; // Error
  Vector v2(10); // ok
  return 0;
}
```

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auto decltype Code inside a **friend** of a class can access the private members of that class.

```
class Vector {
  friend bool equal to(const Vector &, const Vector &);
  friend class SomeOtherClass:
  // other members
};
inline bool equal to
    (const Vector &lhs, const Vector &rhs) {
  if (lhs.m size != rhs.m size)
    return false;
  for (std::size_t i = 0; i < lhs.m_size; ++i)</pre>
    if (lhs.m_data[i] != rhs.m_data[i])
      return false;
  return true;
```

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- A friend declaration is not a member of the class.
- Access-modifiers do not apply to **friend** declarations.
- friends are often declared together at the beginning or end of the class.

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Access Elements of Vector

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```
class Vector {
public:
  int &at(std::size_t n) {
    return m data[n];
  // other members
};
What will happen on a const object?
void print_vector(const Vector &v) {
  for (std::size_t i = 0; i < v.size(); ++i)</pre>
    std::cout << v.at(i) << " "; // Error!
}
```

Access Elements of Vector

```
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```

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Deduction

auto decltype

```
class Vector {
  public:
    int &at(std::size_t n) const {
      return m_data[n];
    }
    // other members
};
```

Access Elements of Vector

```
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```

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auto decltype

```
class Vector {
  public:
    int &at(std::size_t n) const {
      return m_data[n];
    }
    // other members
};
Still problematic:
const Vector v = some_value();
v.at(10) = 42;
```

Compilers may fail to detect such modification, but it is undefined behavior!

Correct Way

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Deduction

Const overloading.

```
class Vector {
  public:
    int &at(std::size_t n) {
      return m_data[n];
    }
    const int &at(std::size_t n) const {
      return m_data[n];
    }
    // other members
};
```

Calling a const member function is actually **adding low-level const** to the **this** pointer.

Bitwise const vs Logical const



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Deduction auto • A member function is bitwise-const if it does not modify any data member.

- A member function is logical-const if it makes the object appear unchanged to users.
 - A logical-const member function should prevent potential modification.
 - A logical-const member function may modify some data member, but the object seems unchanged to users.

The compiler can only check bitwise constness.

Bitwise const vs Logical const

```
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auto decltype Bitwise-const but not logical-const:

```
class Vector {
  public:
    int &at(std::size_t n) const {
      return m_data[n];
    }
};
```

Directly returning a non-const reference to a data member is not allowed, but compilers may fail to detect this one.

mutable Member

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Functions Revisited

What if we want to count how many times the function is called?

```
class Vector {
  int access cnt;
public:
  int &at(std::size t n) {
    ++access_cnt;
    return m_data[n];
  }
  const int &at(std::size_t n) const {
    ++access_cnt; // Oops! It is not bitwise-const!
    return m_data[n];
```

mutable Member

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Functions Revisited

Define a member to be mutable, so that it is modifiable even in a const member function.

```
class Vector {
 mutable int access cnt;
public:
  int &at(std::size t n) {
    ++access_cnt;
    return m_data[n];
  }
  const int &at(std::size_t n) const {
    ++access_cnt;
    return m_data[n];
```

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Before C++11...

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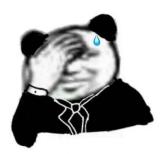
Type Deducti

decltype

In C and before C++11, the auto specifier is used like this:

auto int x = 42;

It indicates 'automatic storage duration': the variable x should be destroyed at the end of its scope...



Since C++11

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Type Deduction

auto decltype Since C++11, the auto specifier is used to let the compiler deduct the type:

```
auto x = 42; // x is int
auto y = 3.14; // y is double
```

The variable declared by auto must be explicitly initialized, so that the compiler can know the type.

```
auto z; // ???
```

If more than one variables are declared in one statement, all of them should be explicitly initialized, and the initializers should have a same type.

```
auto a = 1, b; // Error.
auto c = 42, d = 3.14; // Error.
```

The auto Type Specifier

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auto decltype

Compound types are allowed:

```
std::string s = "Hello";
const auto &sr = s; // const std::string &
auto *p = &s; // std::string *
```

The auto Type Specifier

```
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auto decltype

Compound types are allowed:

```
std::string s = "Hello";
const auto &sr = s; // const std::string &
auto *p = &s; // std::string *
```

Low-level const will be preserved, but reference and top-level const will be ignored (Why?):

Why we Need auto?

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Type Deduction

auto decltype The C++ type system is much more complex than C.

Sometimes the name of the type is too long, e.g.

```
std::shared_ptr<std::map<std::string, std::vector<std
::string>::size_type>>
```

Sometimes we have no idea what type it is:

```
// a lambda expression
auto f = [](int a, int b) -> int { return a + b; };
```

The compiler knows everything! (C++ is statically-typed!)

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Type Deduction

auto decltype Sometimes we want to use the **type** of an expression to declare an object, but we don't want to evaluate that expression.

```
int fun() {
   // do something
}
decltype(f()) x;   // x is int, but f is not called!
```

The compiler can know the type of the expression without evaluating it. (statically-typed!)

decltype is Honest

```
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```

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auto decltype decltype does not ignore top-level const or reference. It just says the exact type of the expression.

```
const int i = 0;  // decltype(i) is const int
int f(const Widget &w);
// decltype(w) is const Widget &
// decltype(f) is int(const Widget &)
const std::string s = "Hello";
// decltype(s) is const std::string
// decltype(s[0]) is const char &
```

decltype is Honest

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decltype

When decltype is used on an expression that yields an Ivalue, the result is a reference (Why?).

```
int i = 42, *p = &i;
int j = 50;
decltype(*p) r = j;  // r is int & bound to j.
```

An object itself can be used as an expression (which yields an lvalue!), but you should place it in a pair of parentheses to show this explicitly.

```
decltype(i) k = 65;  // k is int
decltype((i)) l = k;  // l is int & bound to k.
```

Reading Materials

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Type Deduction

auto decltype C++ has a very complex type system and type deduction rules. These rules are explained thoroughly in *Effective Modern C++* ltem 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. But it is too early to understand them for you now.