

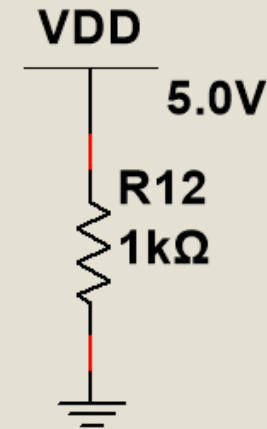
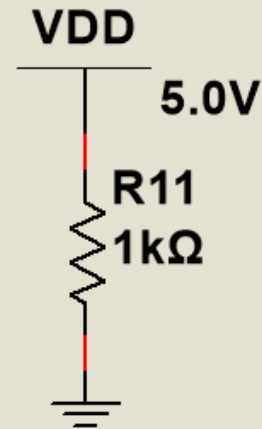
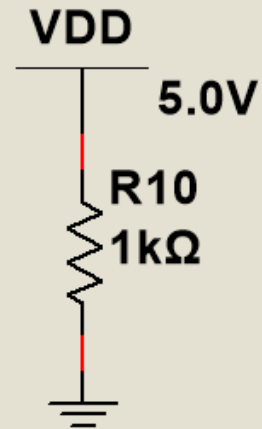
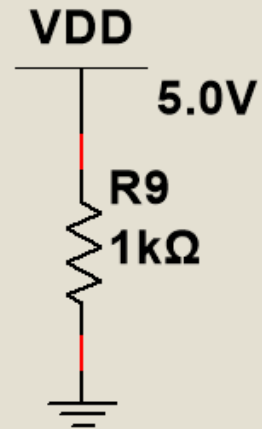
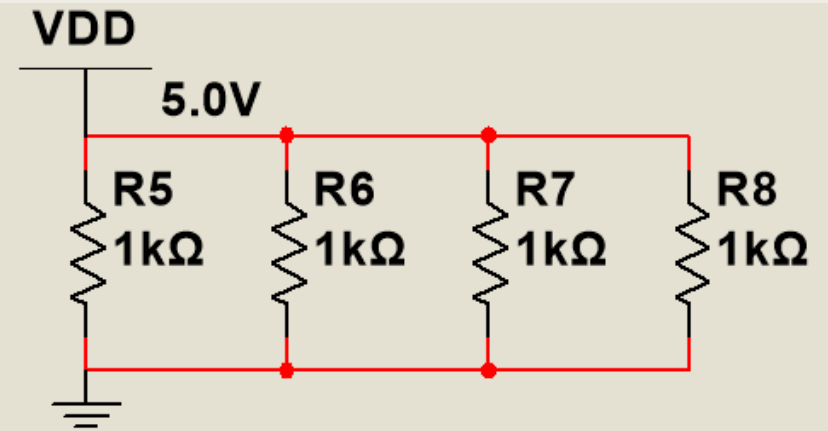
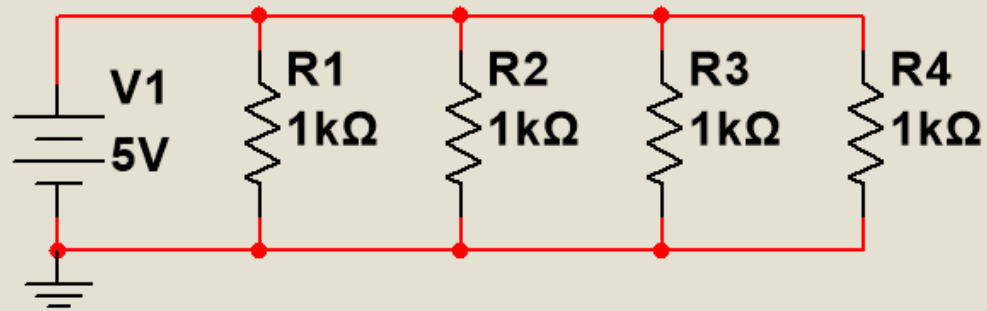
A thick black L-shaped frame is positioned on the left and right sides of the slide, framing the central text.

SI100B TUTORIAL-2

Semiconductor, Devices, and Transistor-level Logic Gates

Li Teng, Jiangting Xia, Haochuan Wan

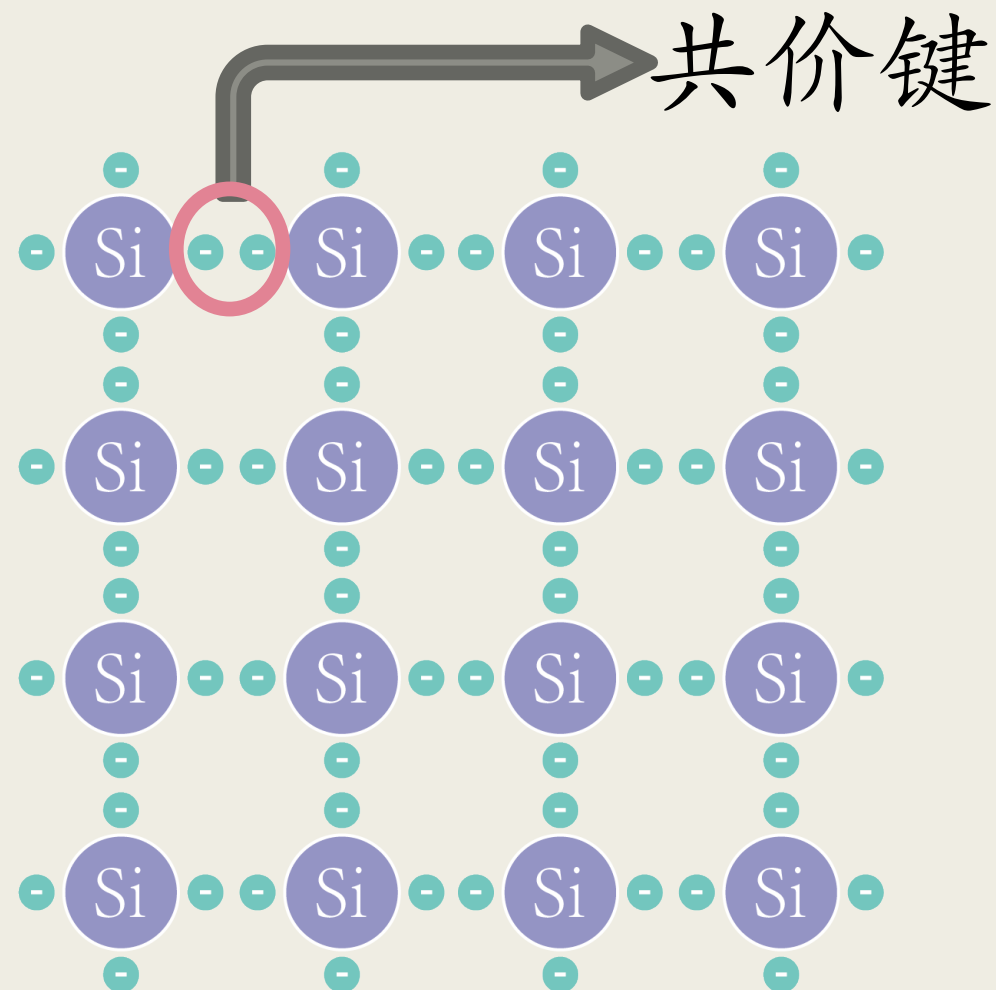
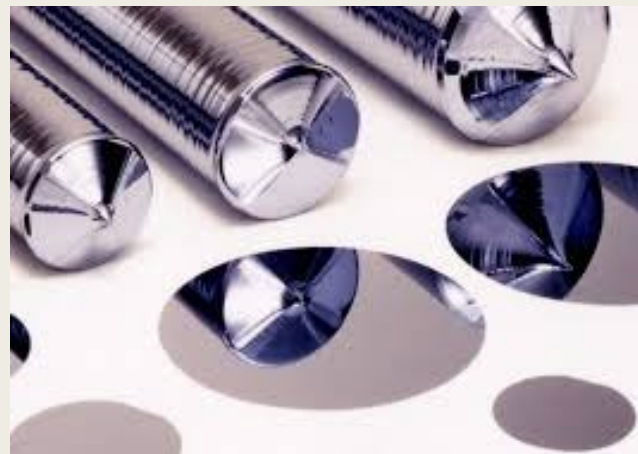
Voltage Rail



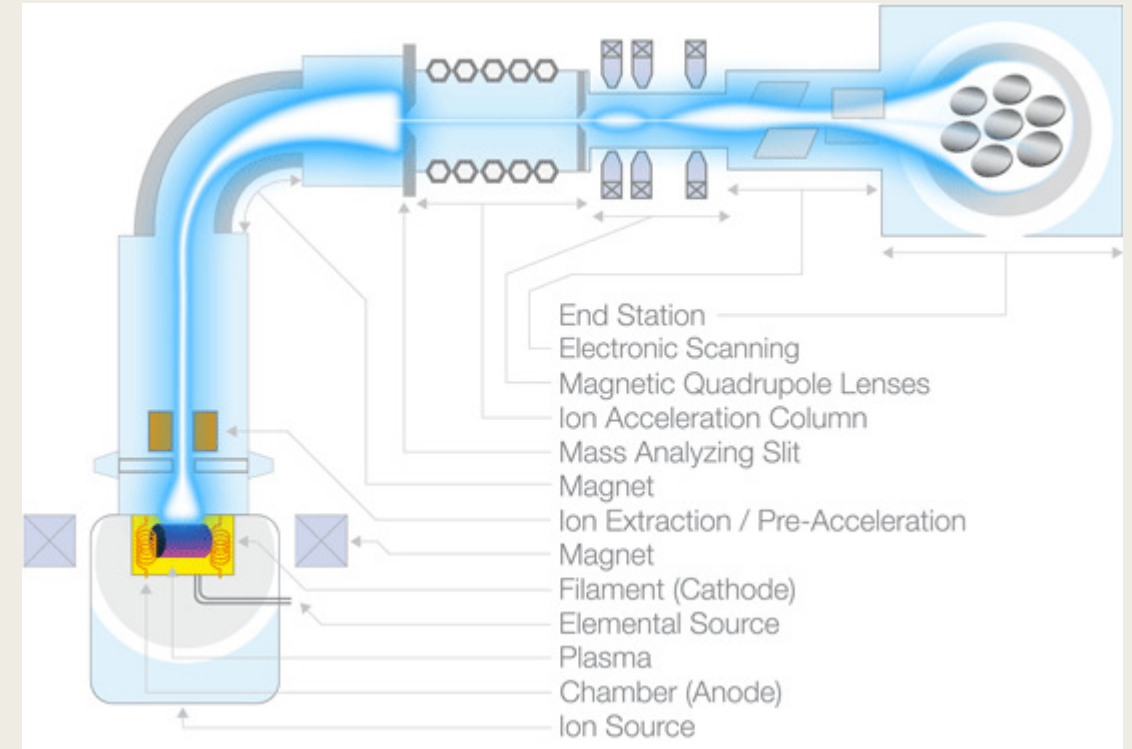
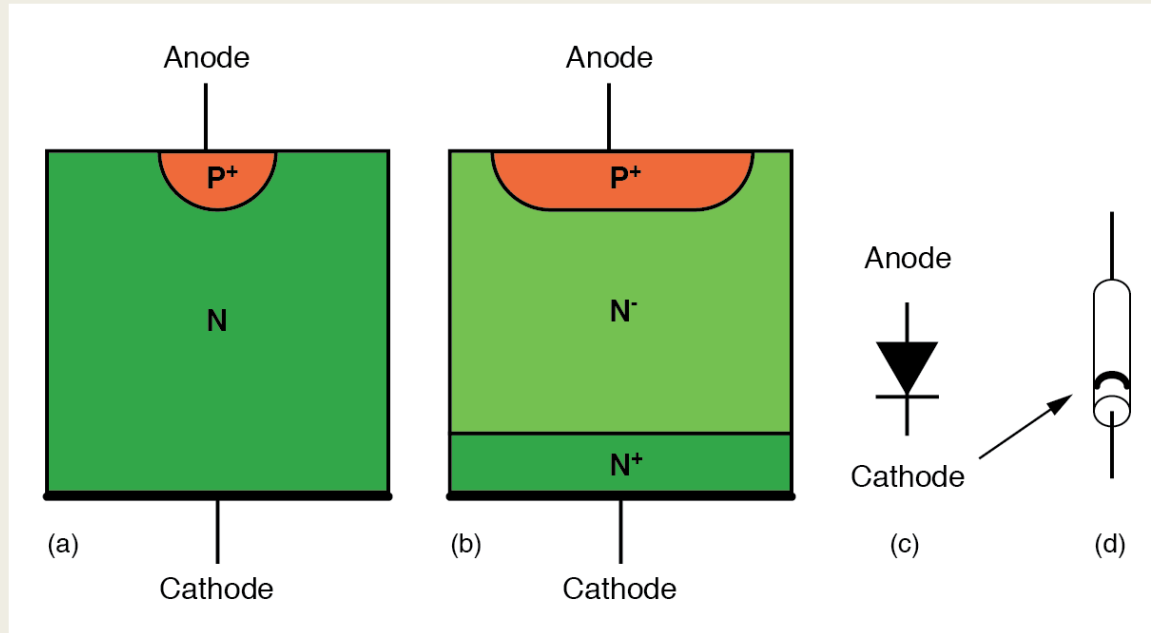
Silicon (硅)



5 B 硼	6 C 碳	7 N 氮
13 Al 铝	14 Si 硅	15 P 磷

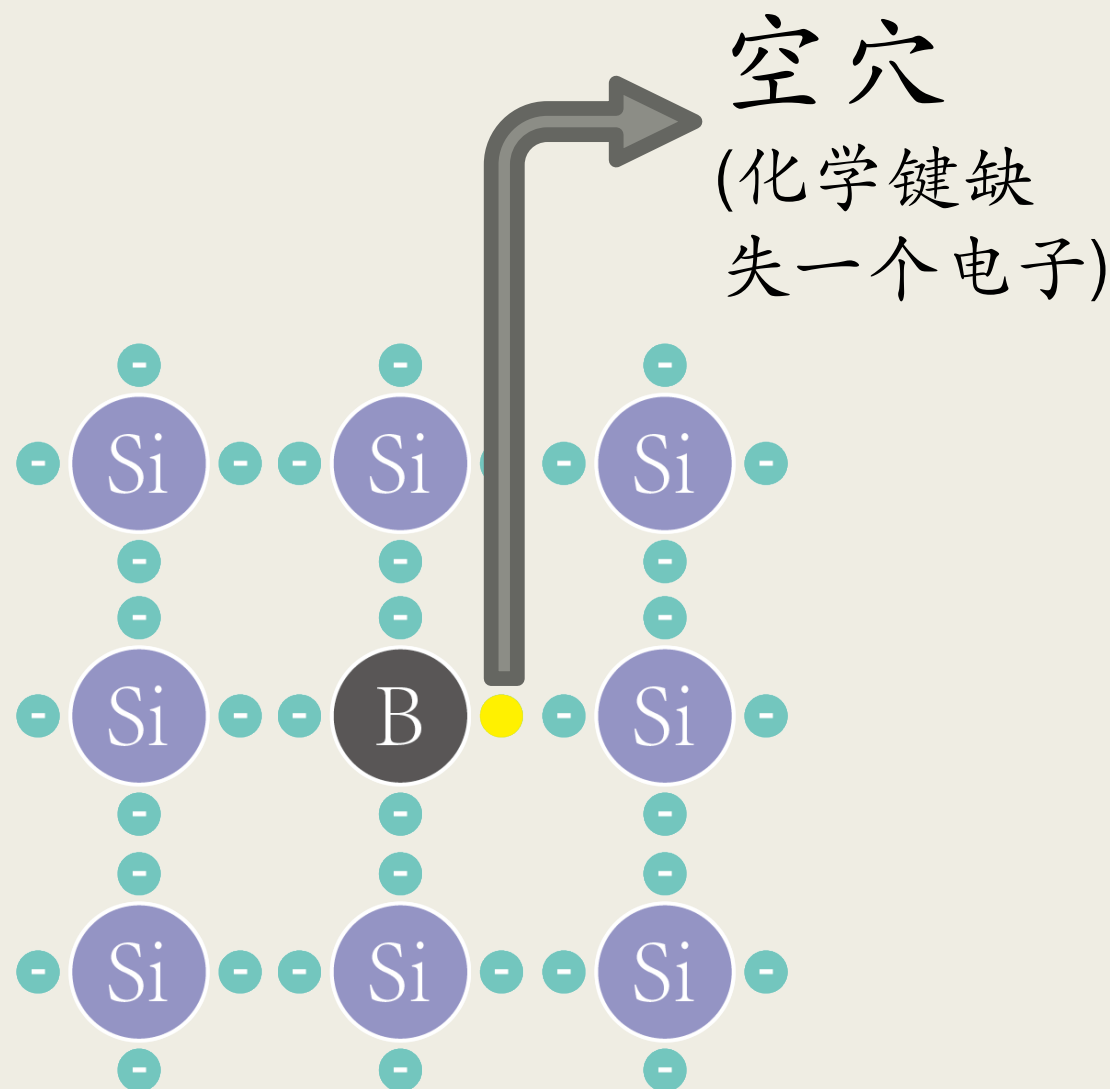


PN Junction and Semiconductor Doping (PN结与半导体掺杂)



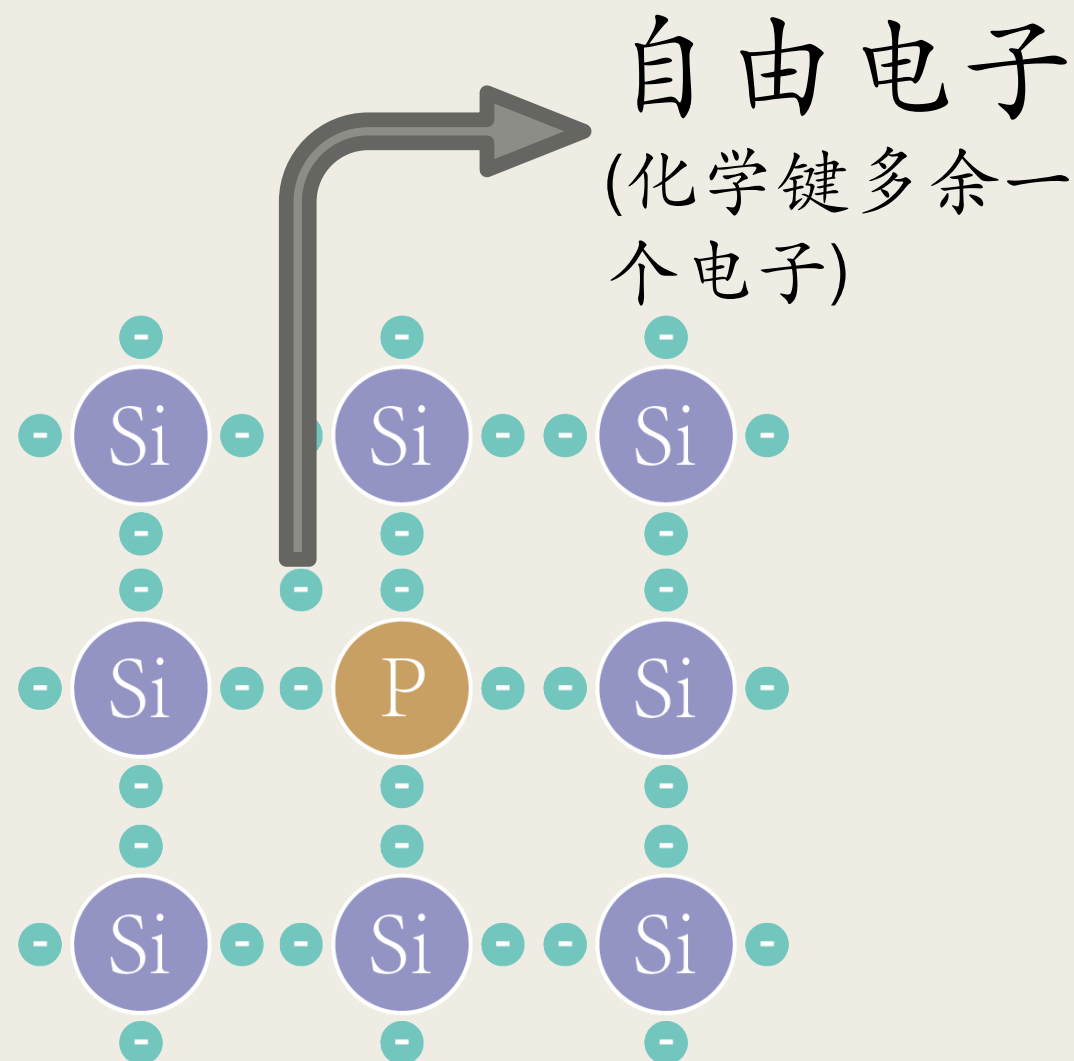
P-type Semiconductor (P型半导体)

5 B 硼	6 C 碳	7 N 氮
13 Al 铝	14 Si 硅	15 P 磷

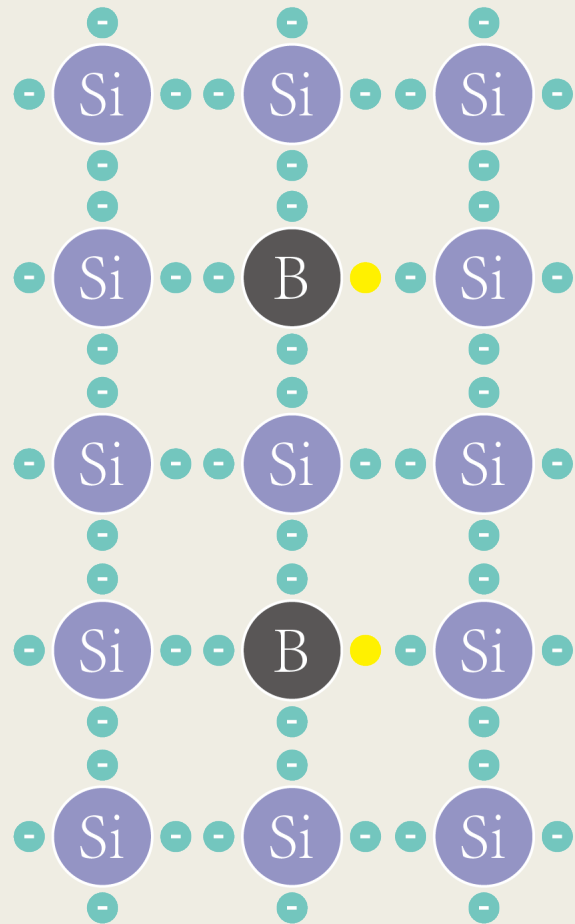


N-type Semiconductor (N型半导体)

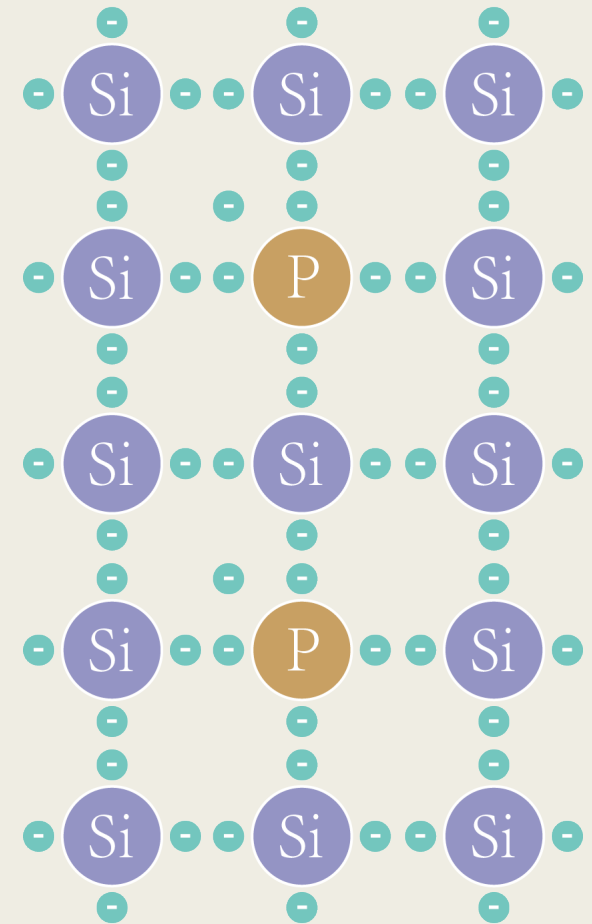
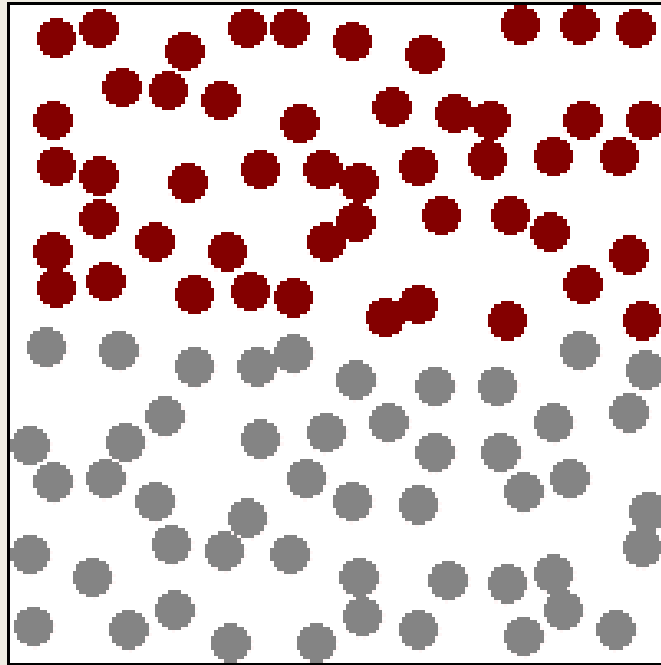
5 B 硼	6 C 碳	7 N 氮
13 Al 铝	14 Si 硅	15 P 磷



PN Junction



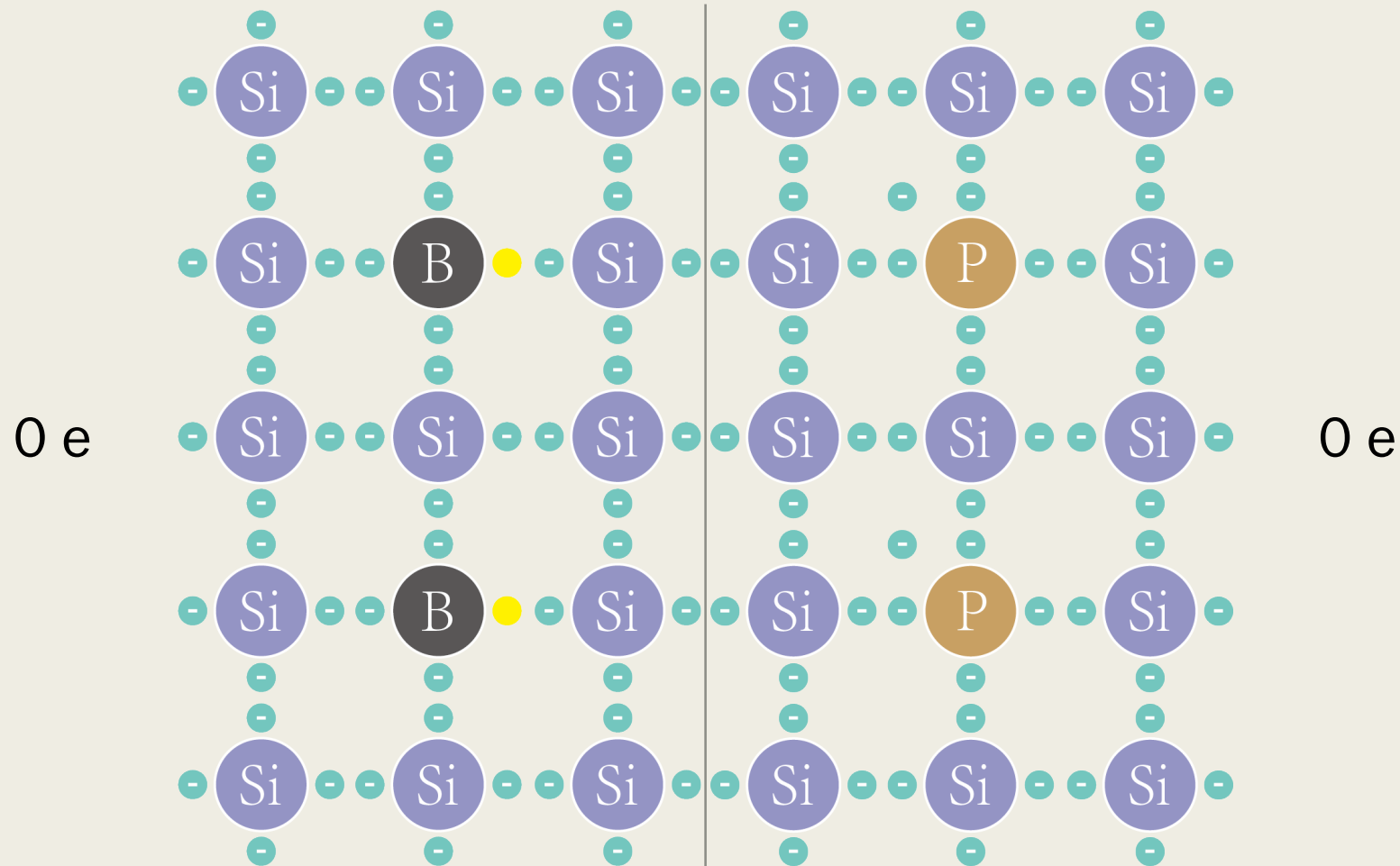
P-type



N-type

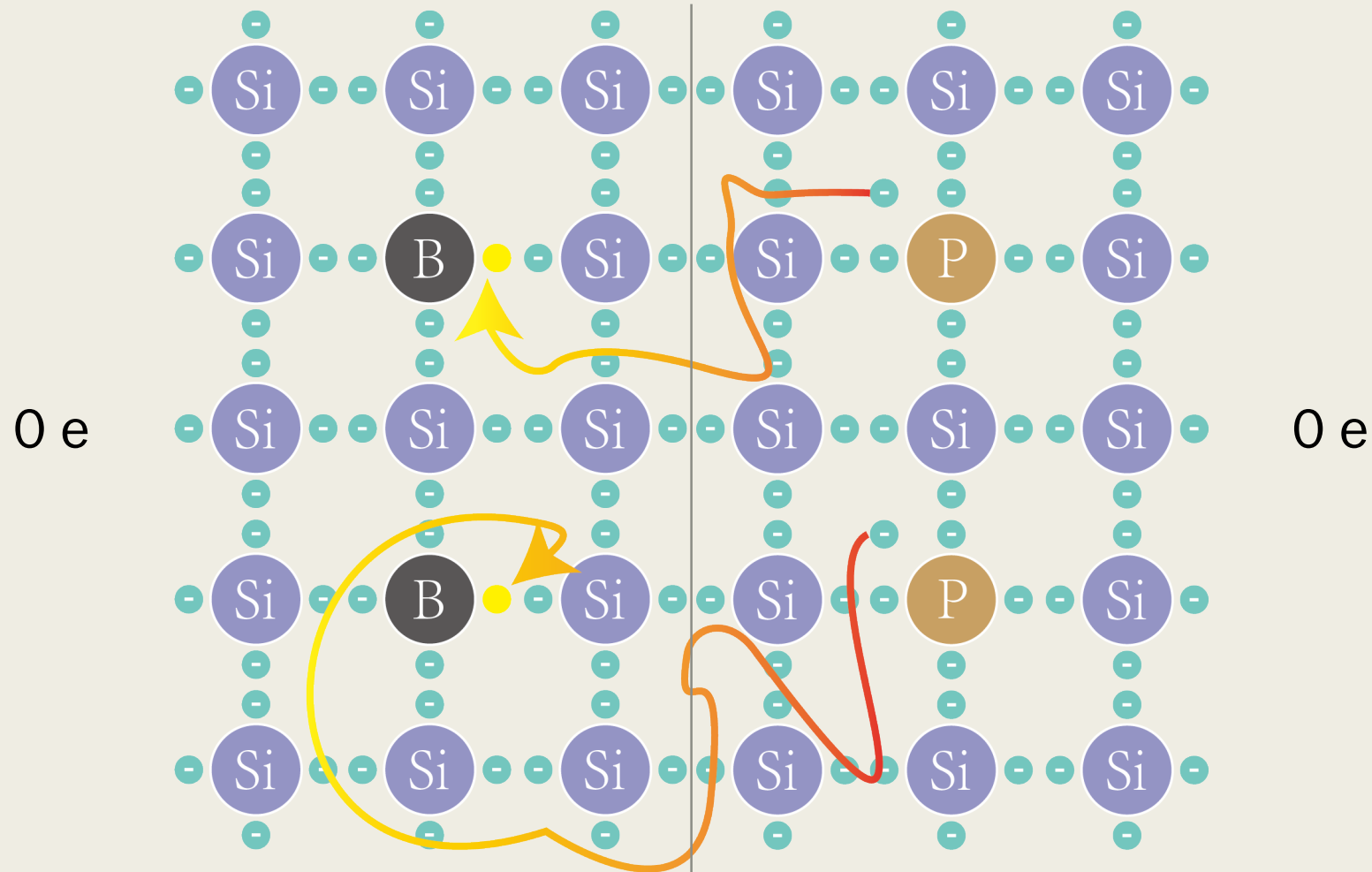
Diffusion & Combination in PN Junction

PN结中的载流子扩散与复合



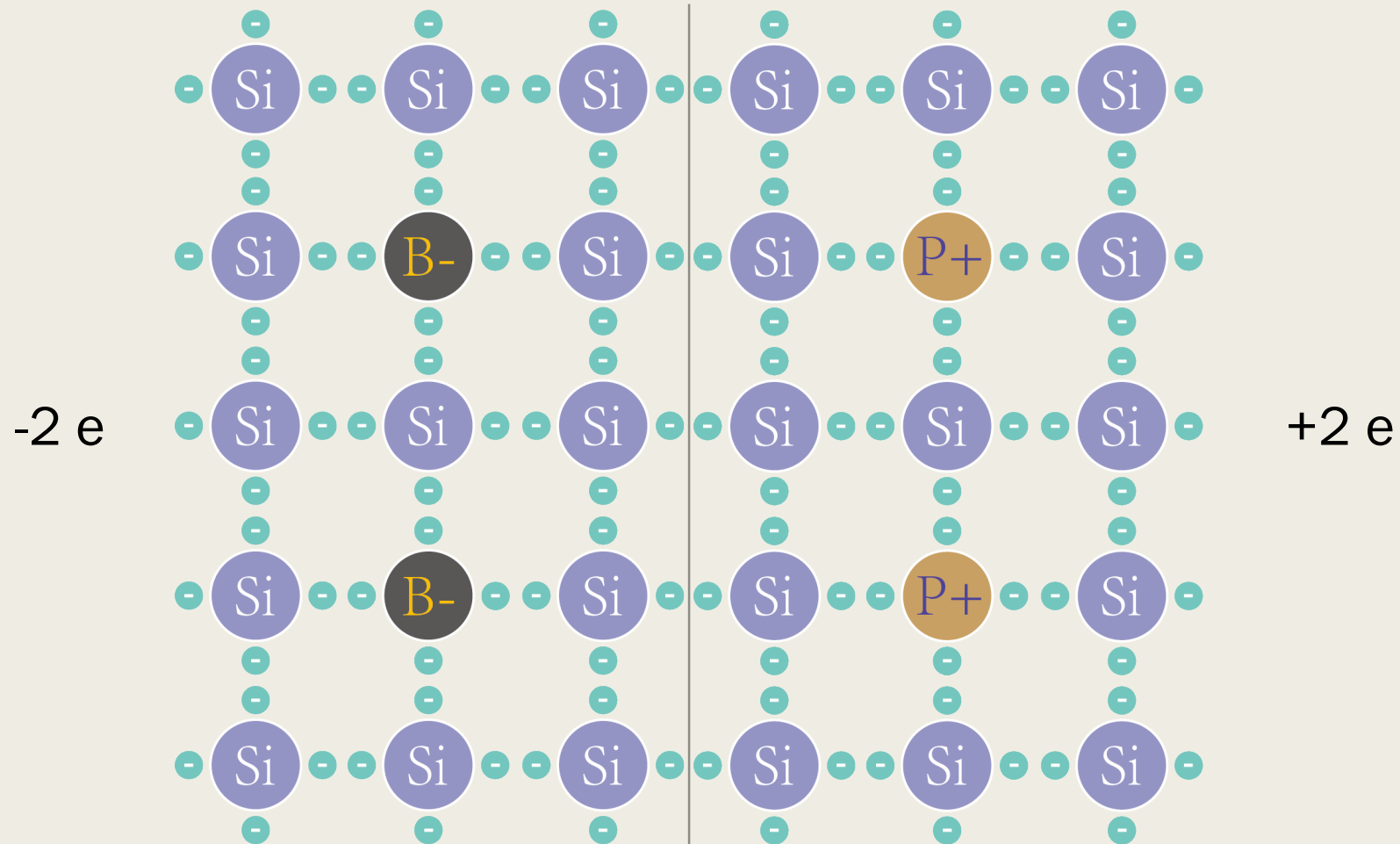
Diffusion & Combination in PN Junction

PN结中的载流子扩散与复合



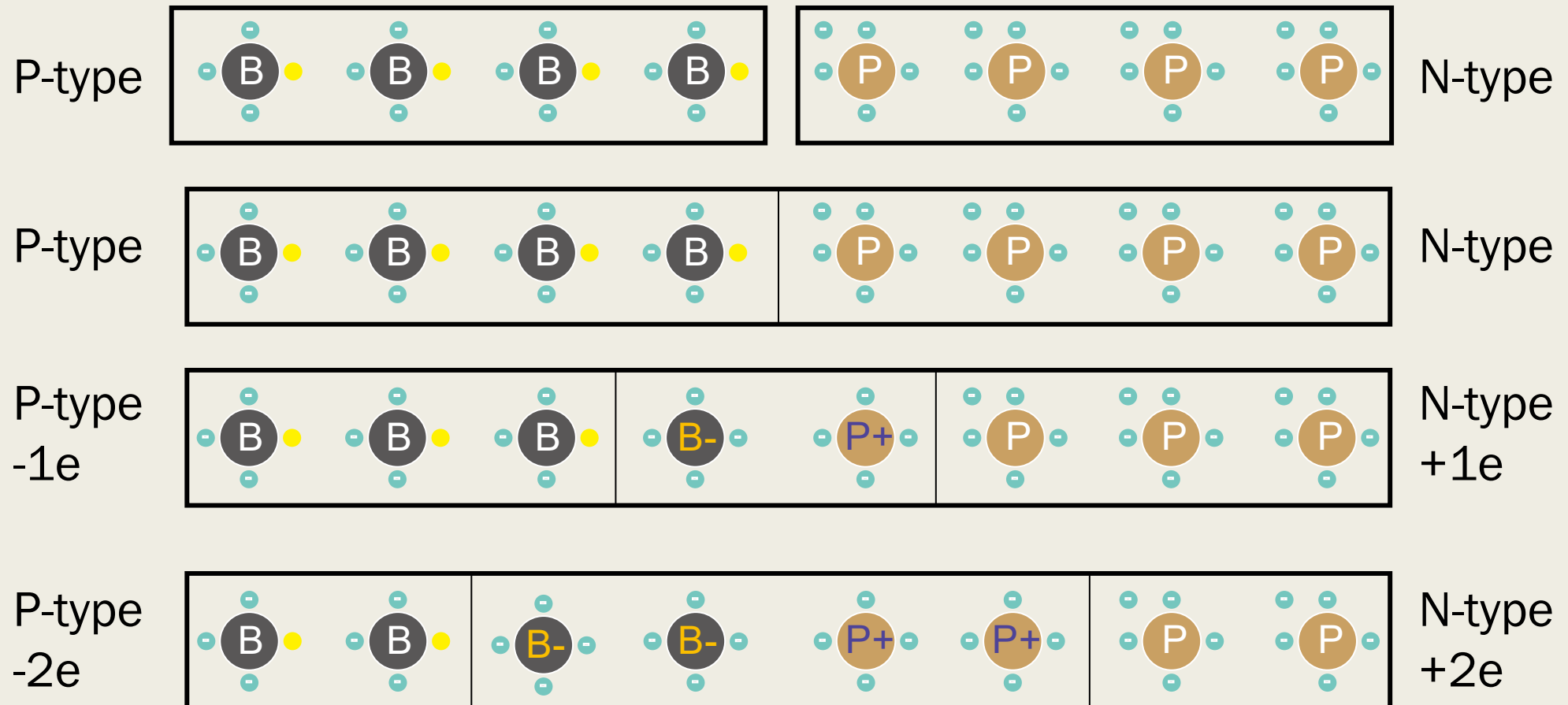
Diffusion & Combination in PN Junction

PN结中的载流子扩散与复合



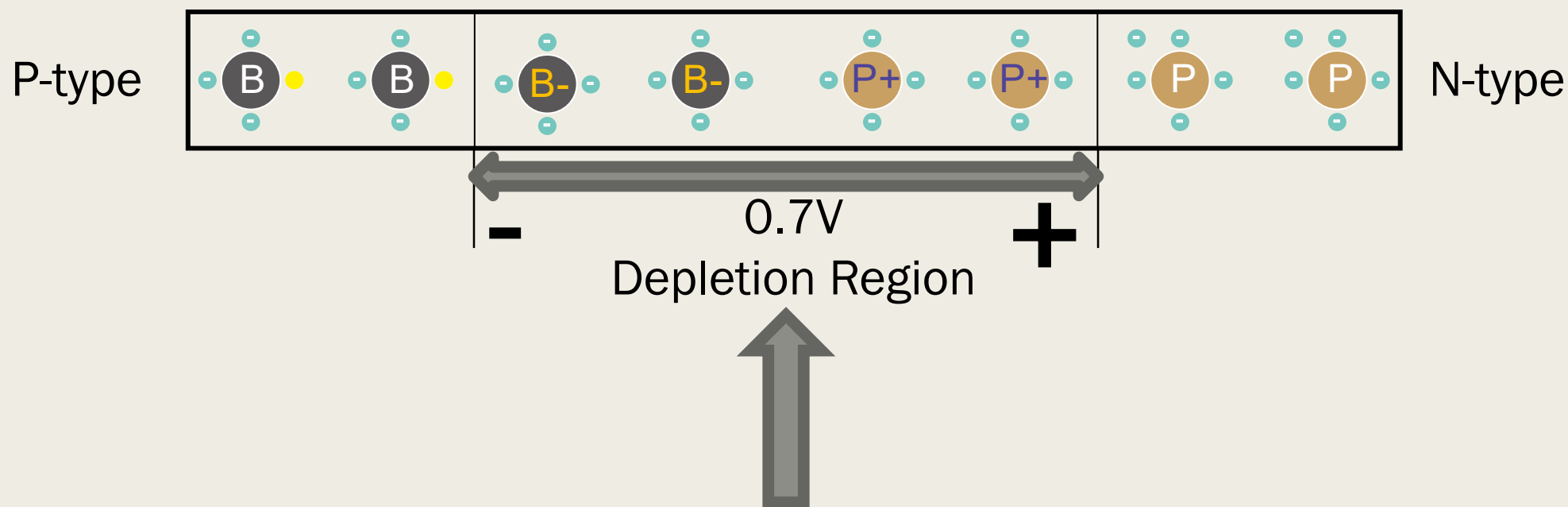
Diffusion & Combination in PN Junction

PN结中的载流子扩散与复合



Electric Field inside PN Junction

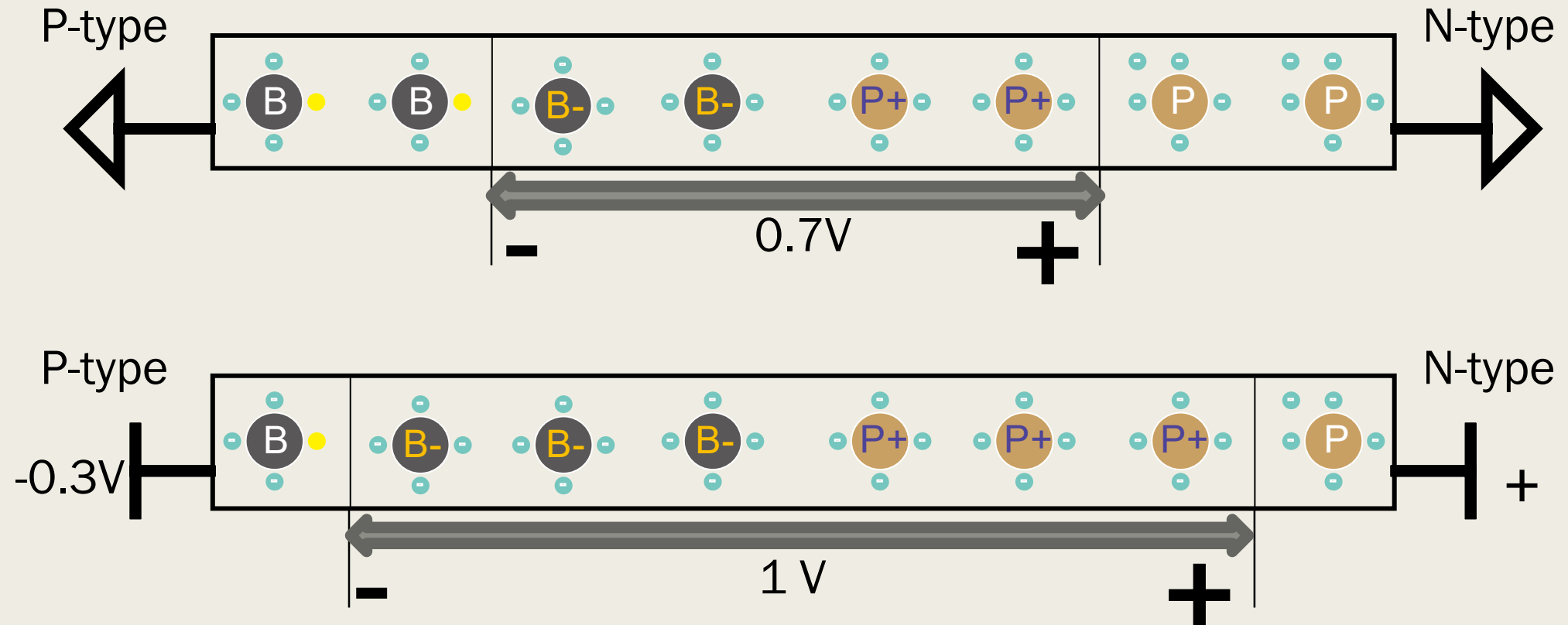
PN结中的内建电场



- 由于电子的扩散和与空穴的耗尽，PN结中间形成约0.7V电势的内建电场，称为耗尽层。
- 耗尽层中没有自由电子和空穴，因此为绝缘体，电阻值很大。

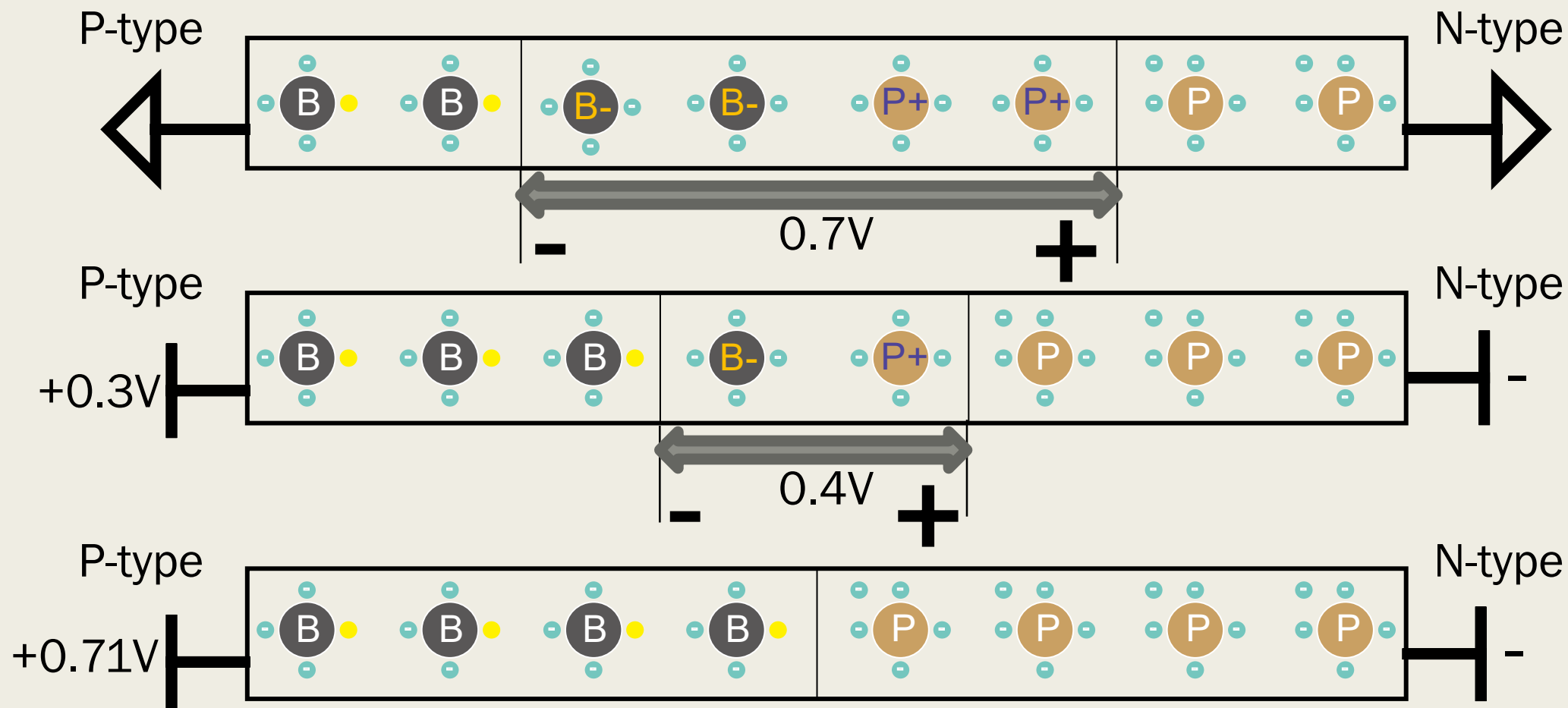
PN Junction under Reverse Voltage Bias

反向电压偏置的PN结



PN Junction under Reverse Voltage Bias

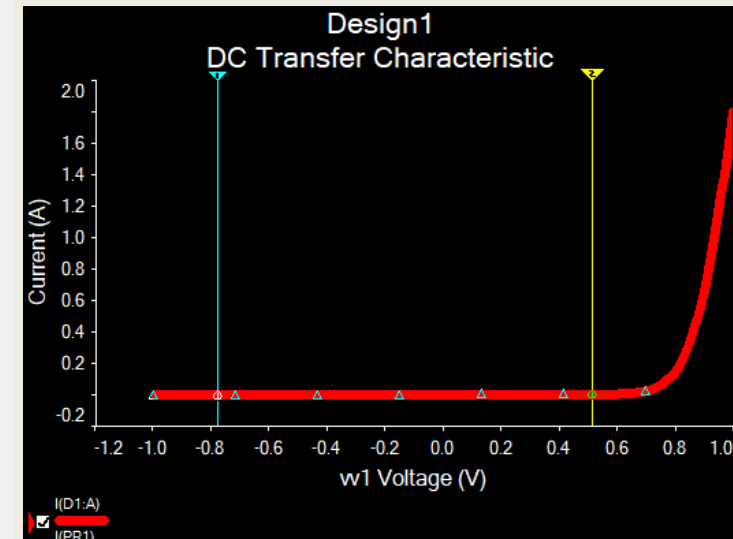
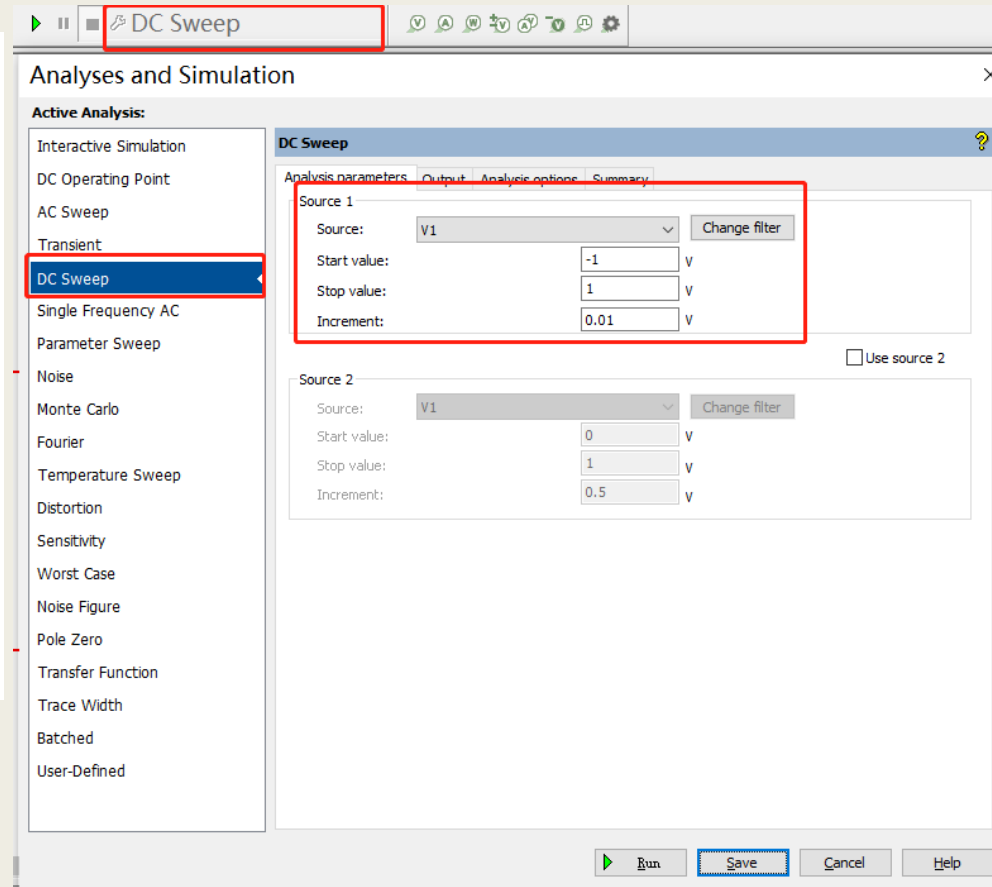
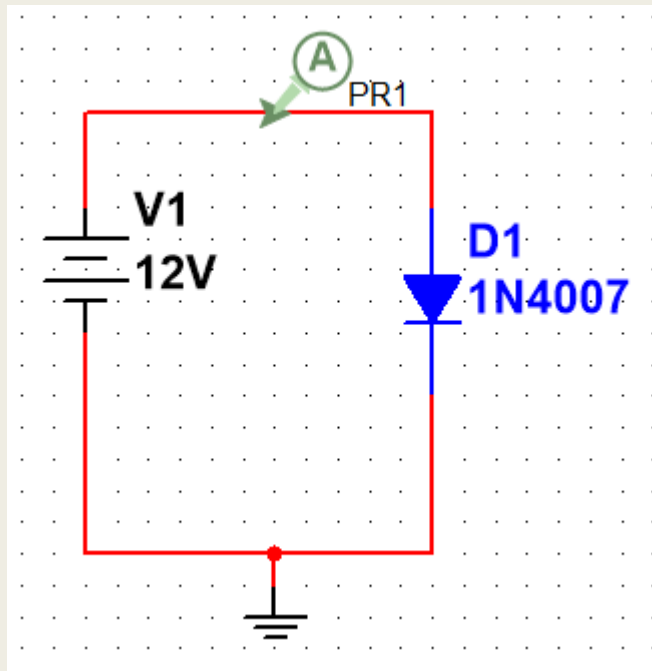
反向电压偏置的PN结



耗尽层电场被完全抵消，高电阻区域消失

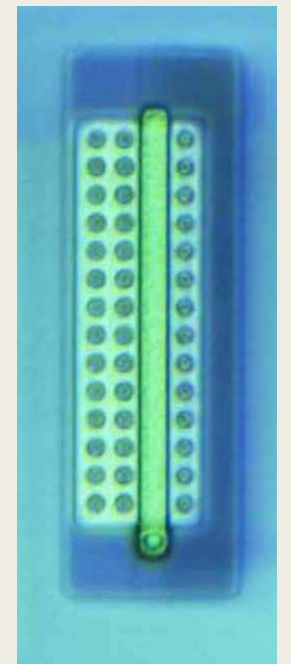
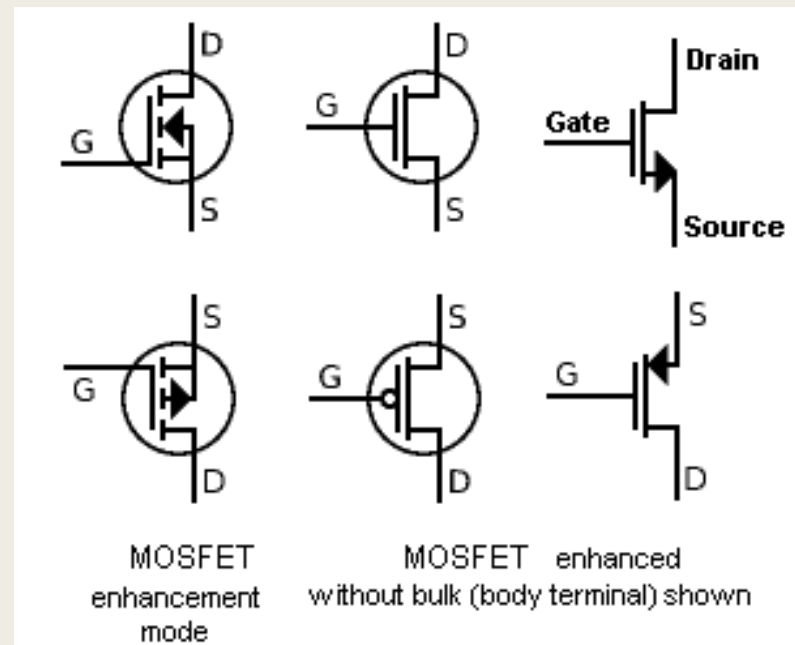
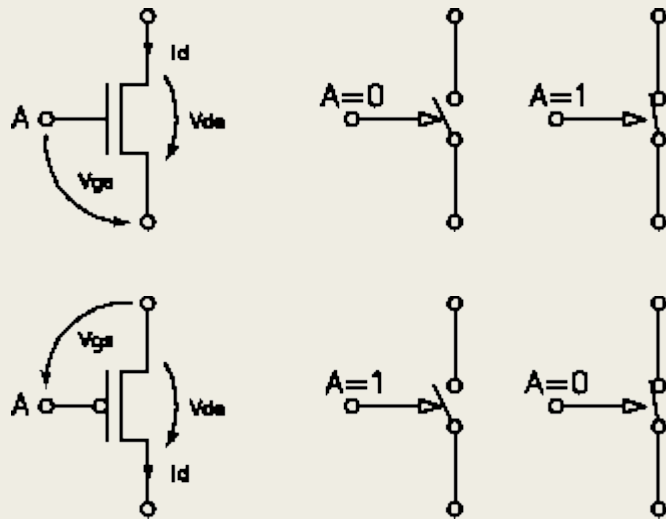
I/V Curve of Diode (PN Junction)

二极管的伏安特性曲线



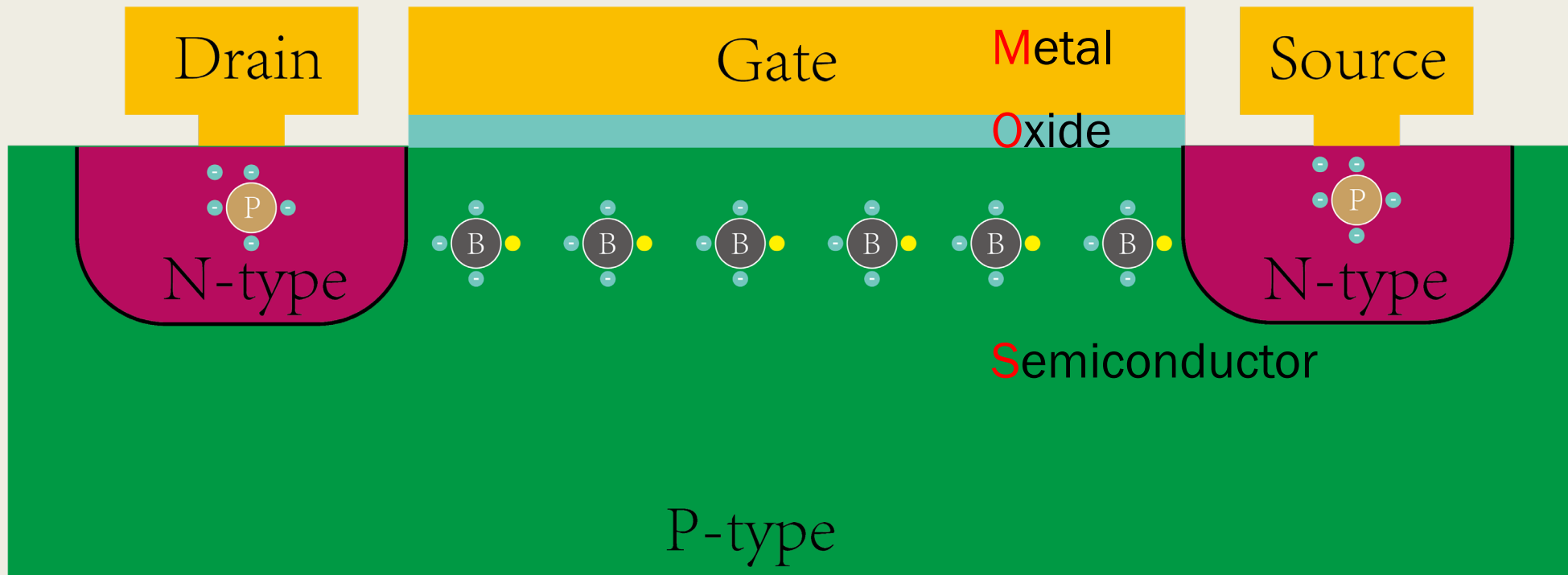
MOSFET

Metal-Oxide-Semiconductor Field Effect Transistor
(金属-氧化物-半导体 场效应晶体管)

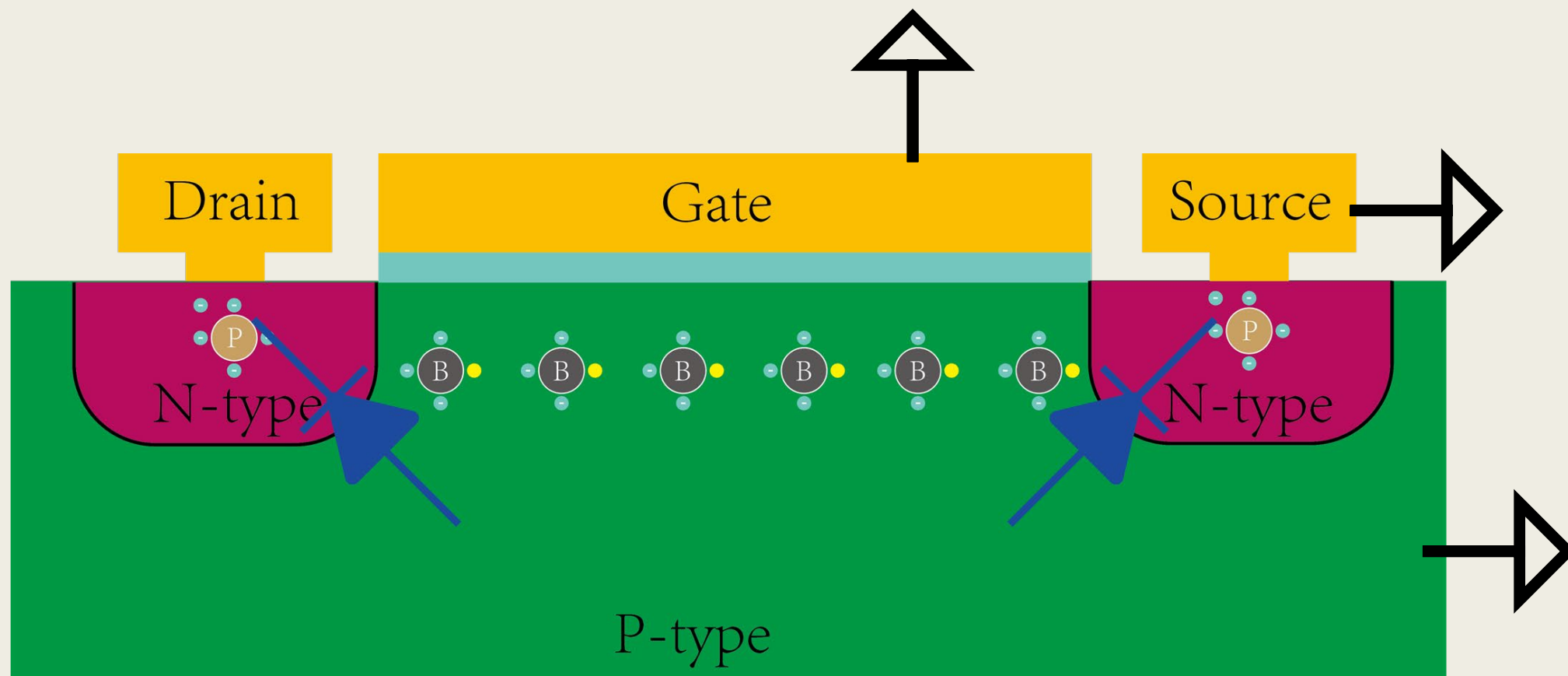


Simple Working Principle of MOSFET

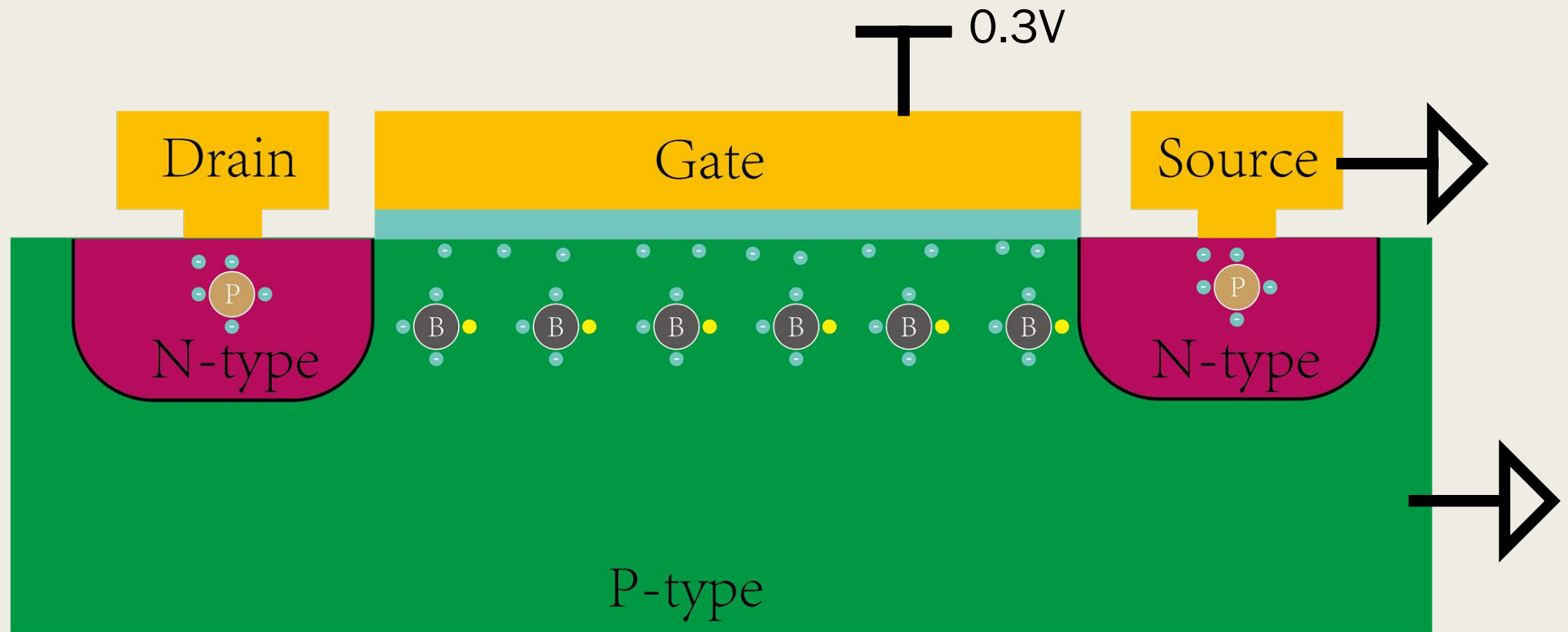
(金属-氧化物-半导体场效应晶体管)



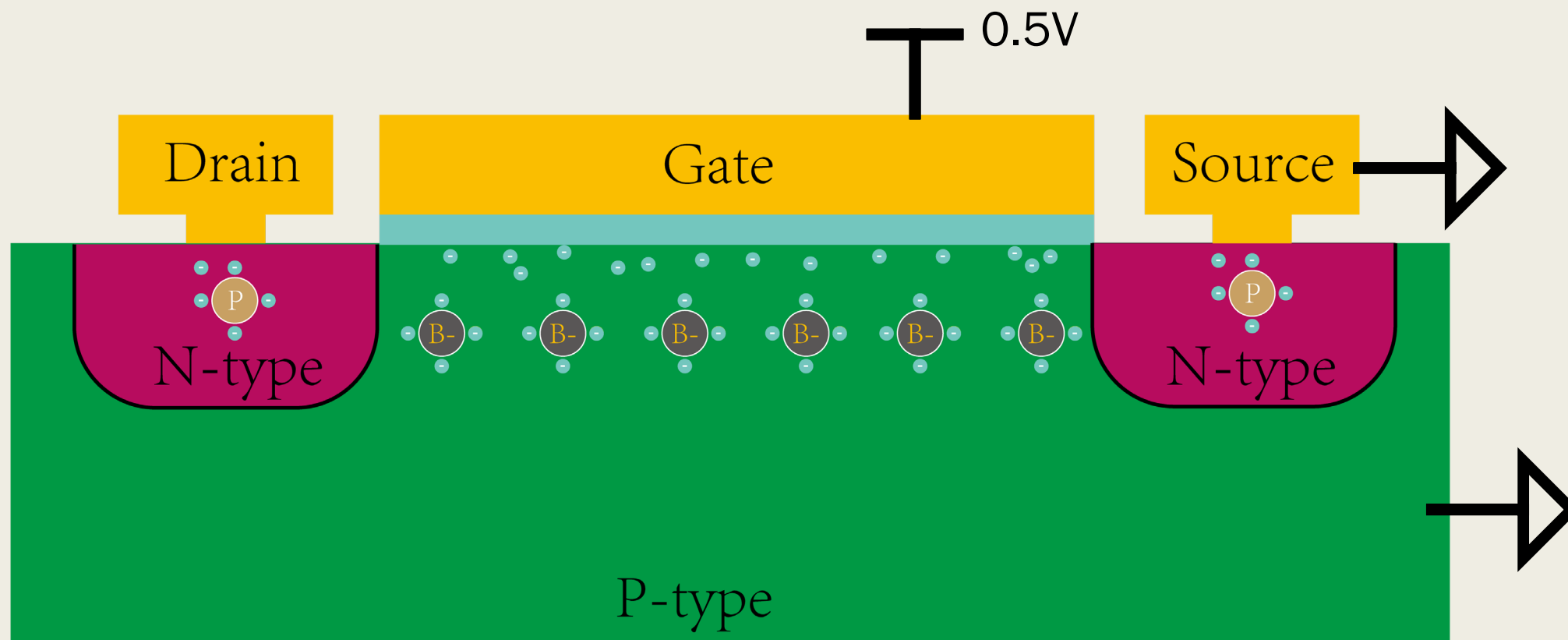
MOSFET的关断状态



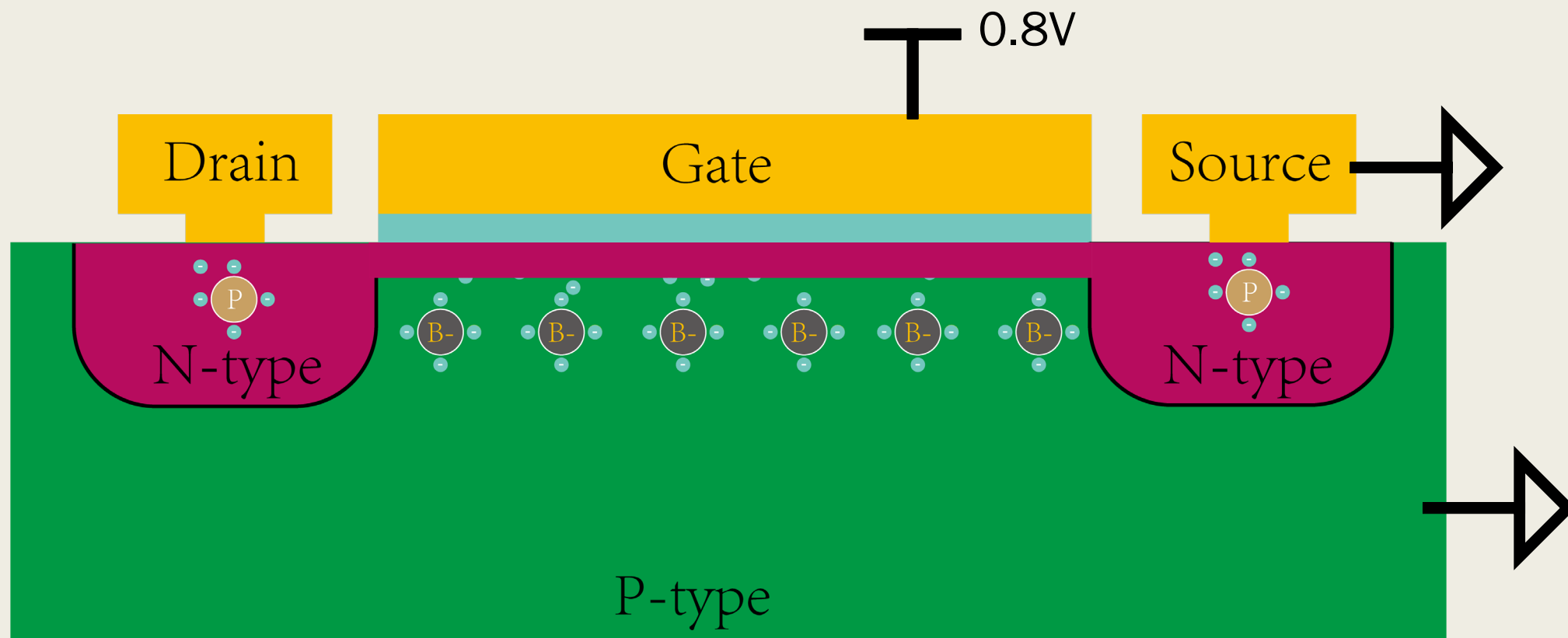
MOSFET的电荷累积过程



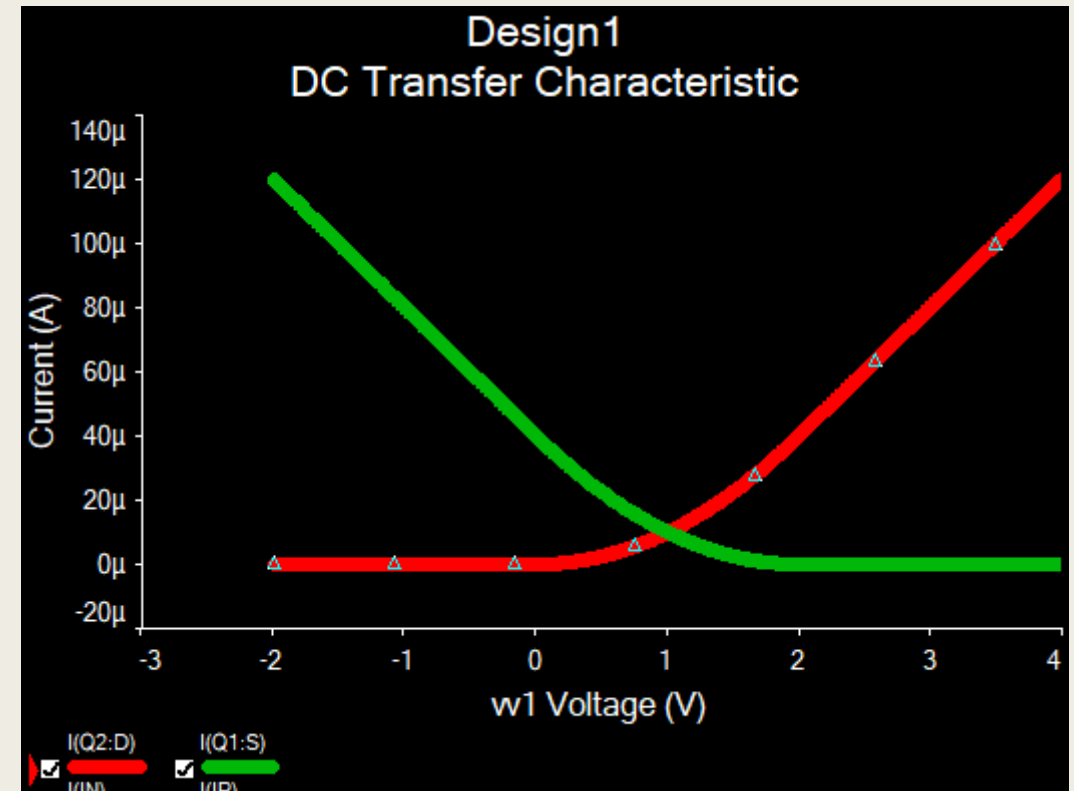
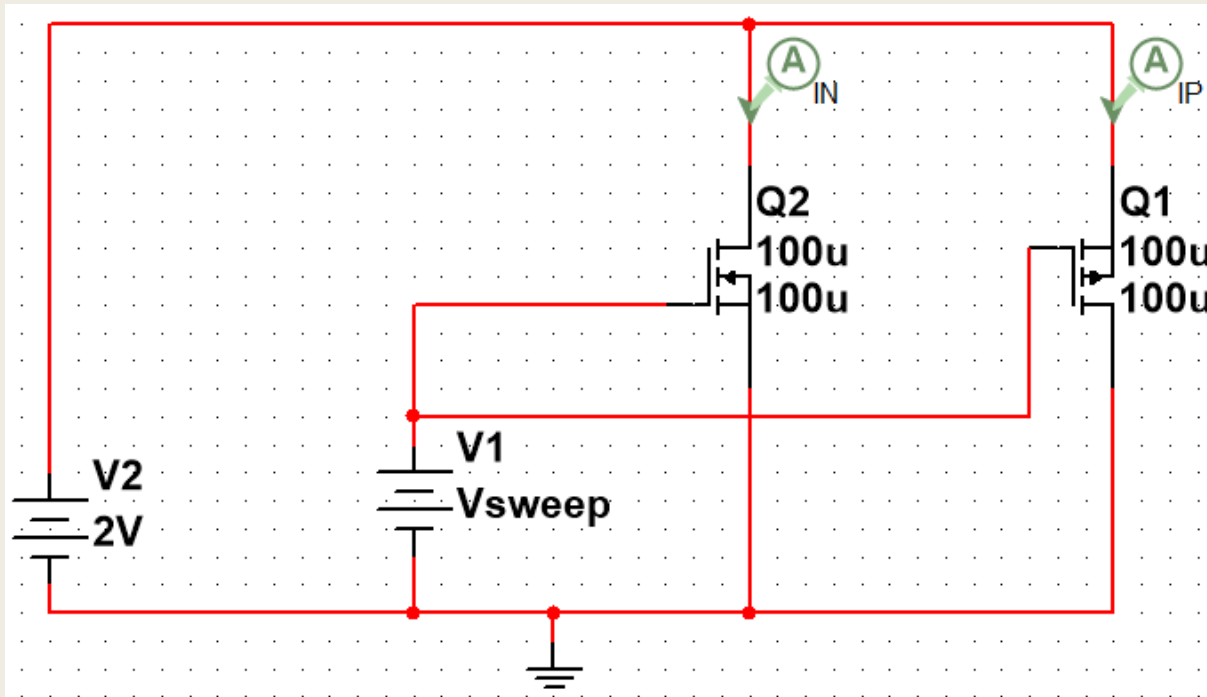
MOSFET耗尽过程



MOSFET 的导通态 (反型)



I - V_{GS} Curve of NMOS and PMOS

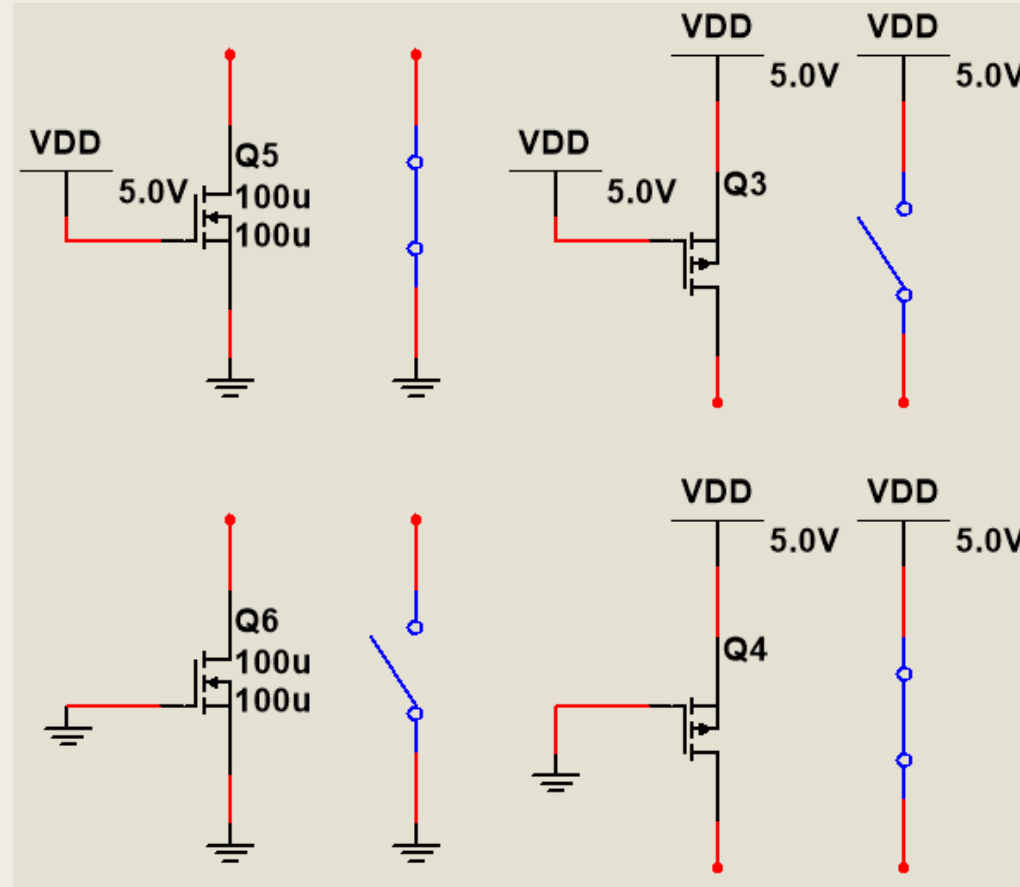


From MOSFETs to Logic Gate

NMOS:

if(input=1)
output=0

if(input=0)
output=?



PMOS:

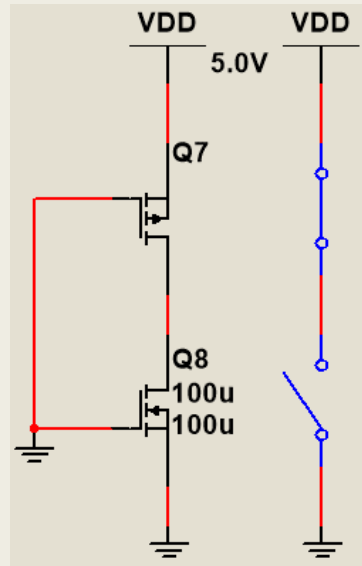
if(input=1)
output=?

if(input=0)
output=1

From MOSFETs to Logic Gate

PMOS:

if(input=0)
output=1

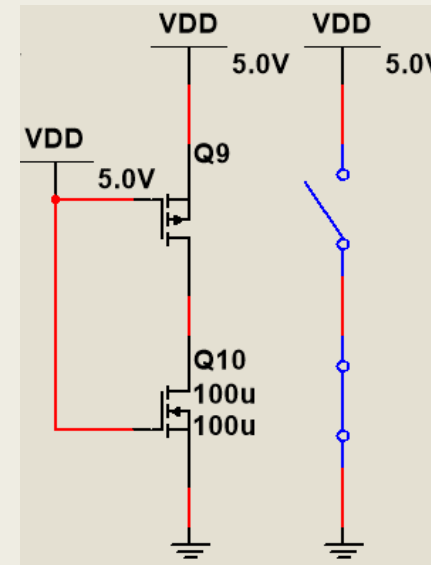


NMOS:

if(input=0)
output=?

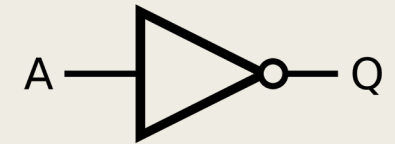
PMOS:

if(input=1)
output=?



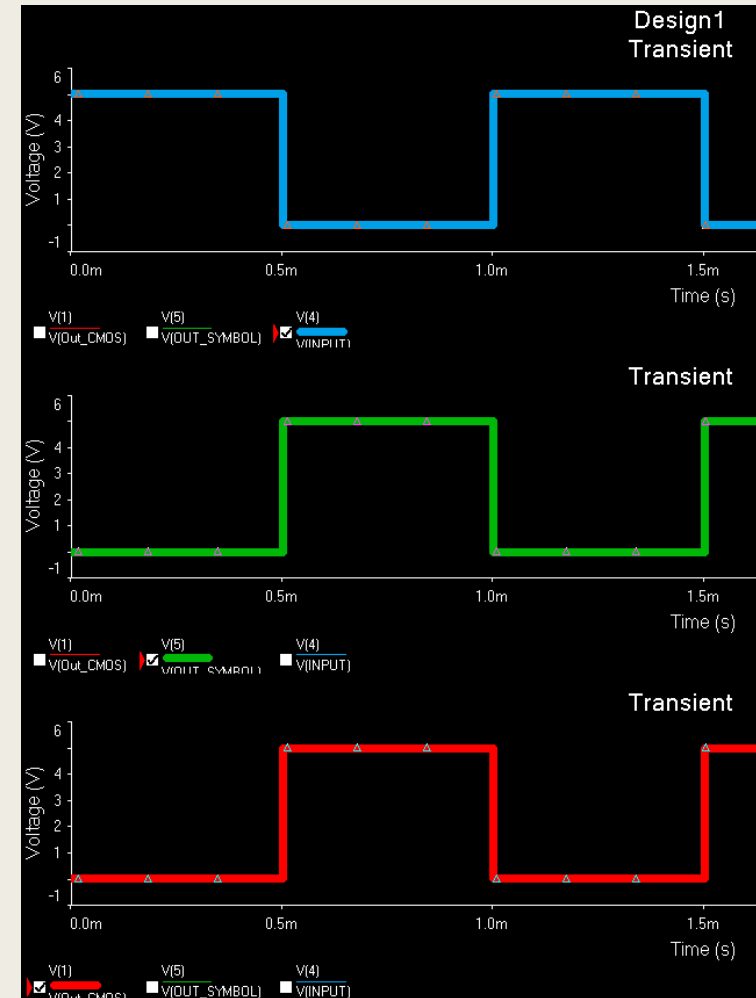
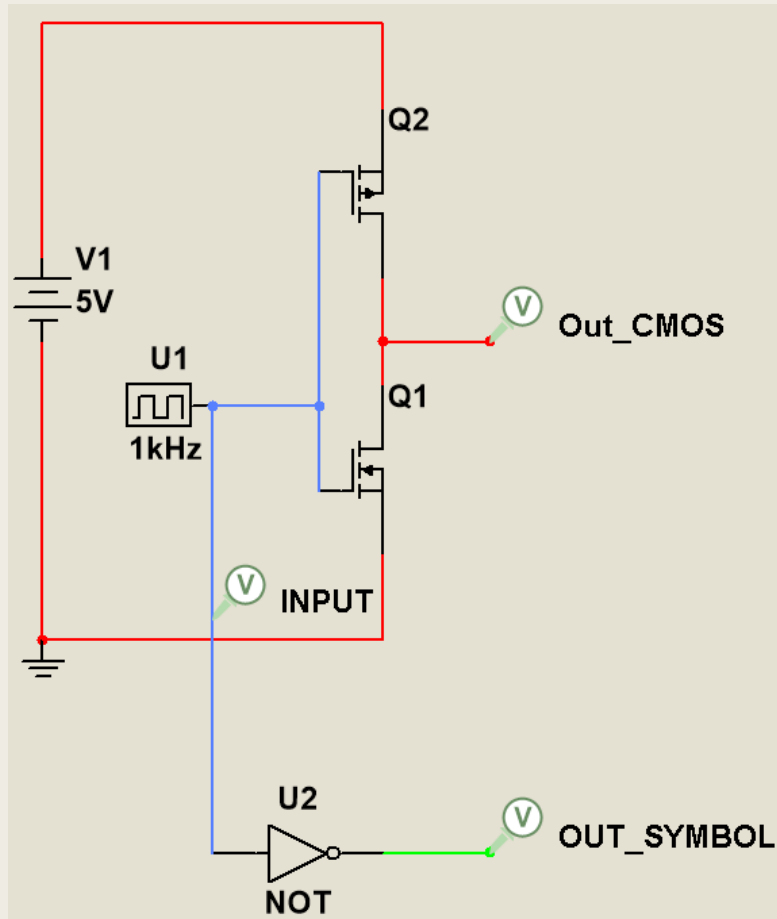
NMOS:

if(input=1)
output=0



IN	OUT
A	Q
0	1
1	0

From MOSFETs to Logic Gate

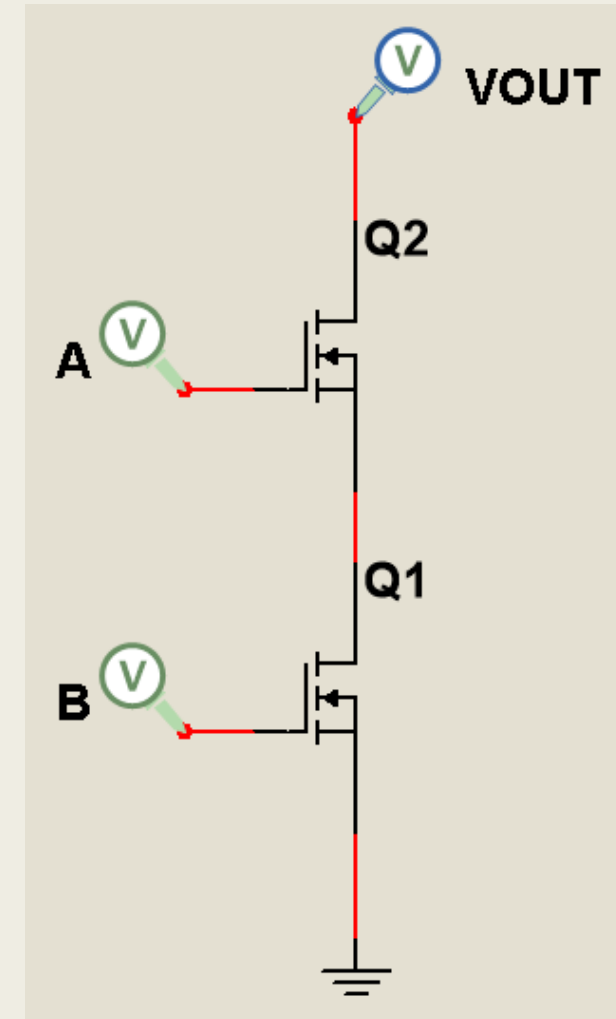
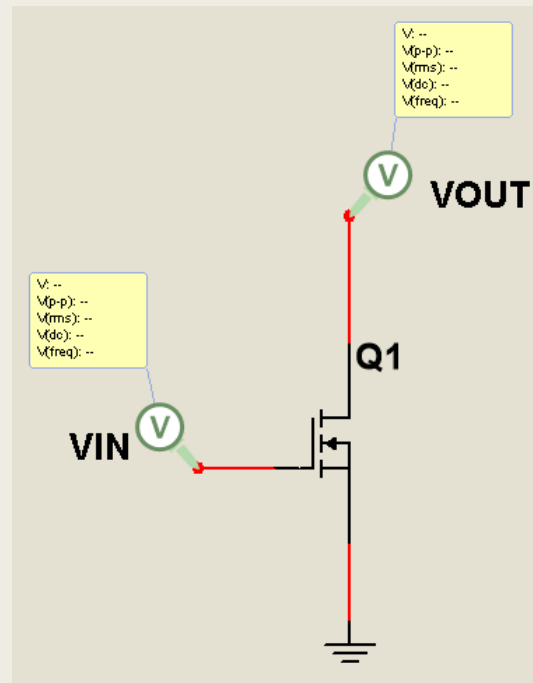


Pull-down NMOS in Logic Gates

Single NMOS,
if $V_{IN}=1$, $V_{OUT}=0$.

In series:

- When $A=1$ and $B=1$,
 $V_{OUT}=0$.
- $V_{OUT}=(AB)'$
- NAND??

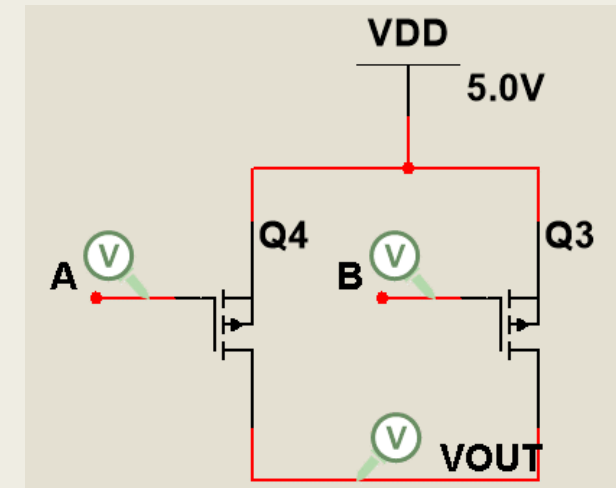
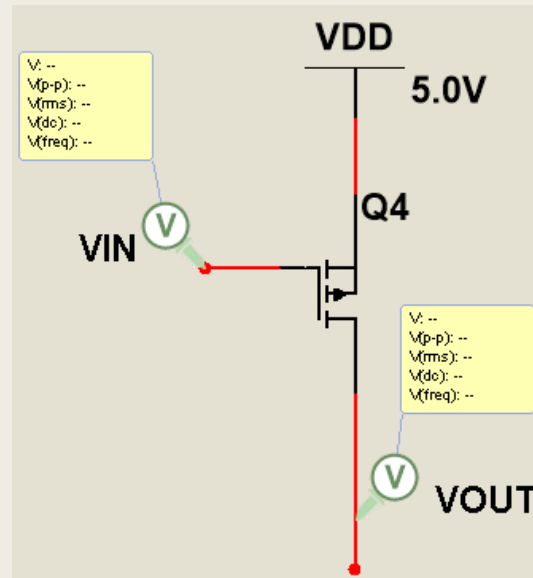


Pull-up PMOS in Logic Gates

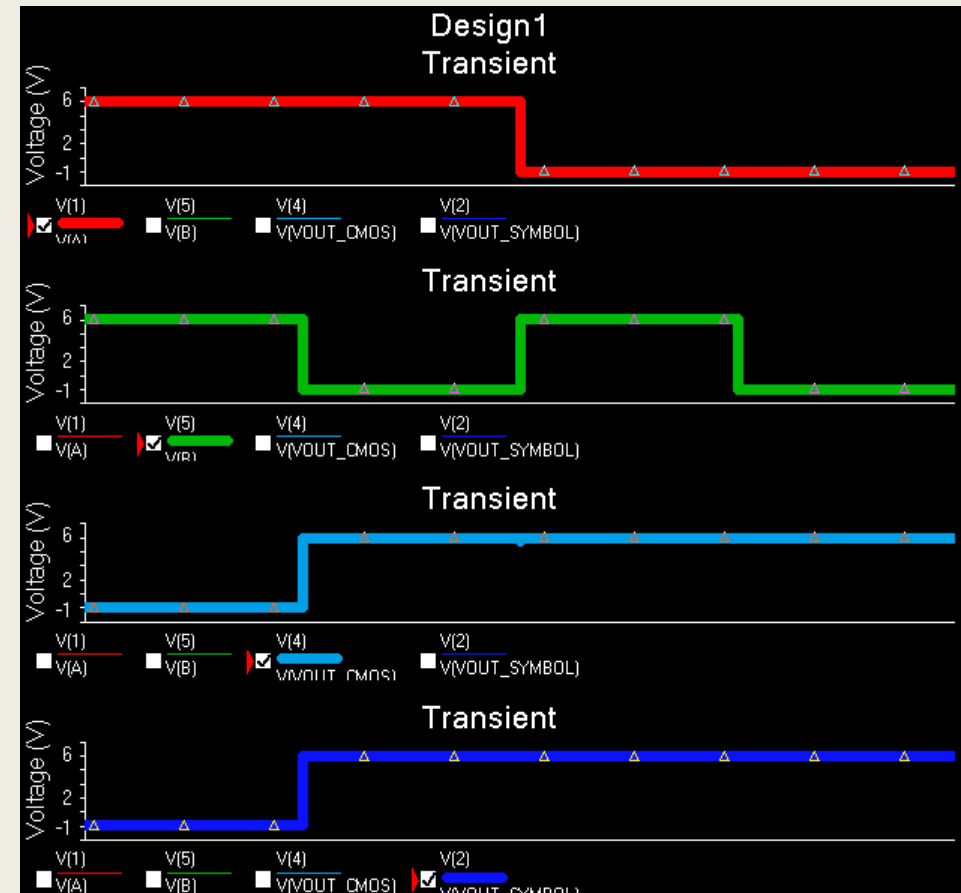
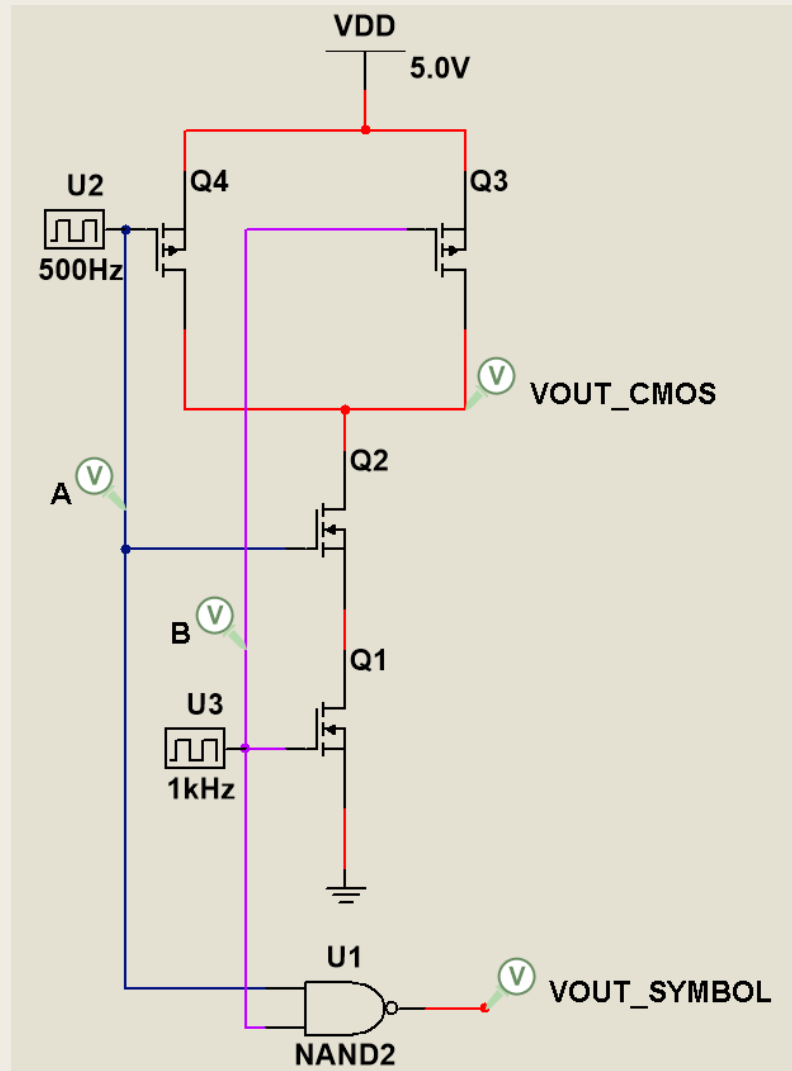
Single PMOS
if $V_{IN}=0$, $V_{OUT}=1$.

In parallel:



- When $A=0$ or $B=0$, $V_{OUT}=1$.
- $V_{OUT}=A'+B'$
- $A'+B'=(AB)'$
- Also NAND!

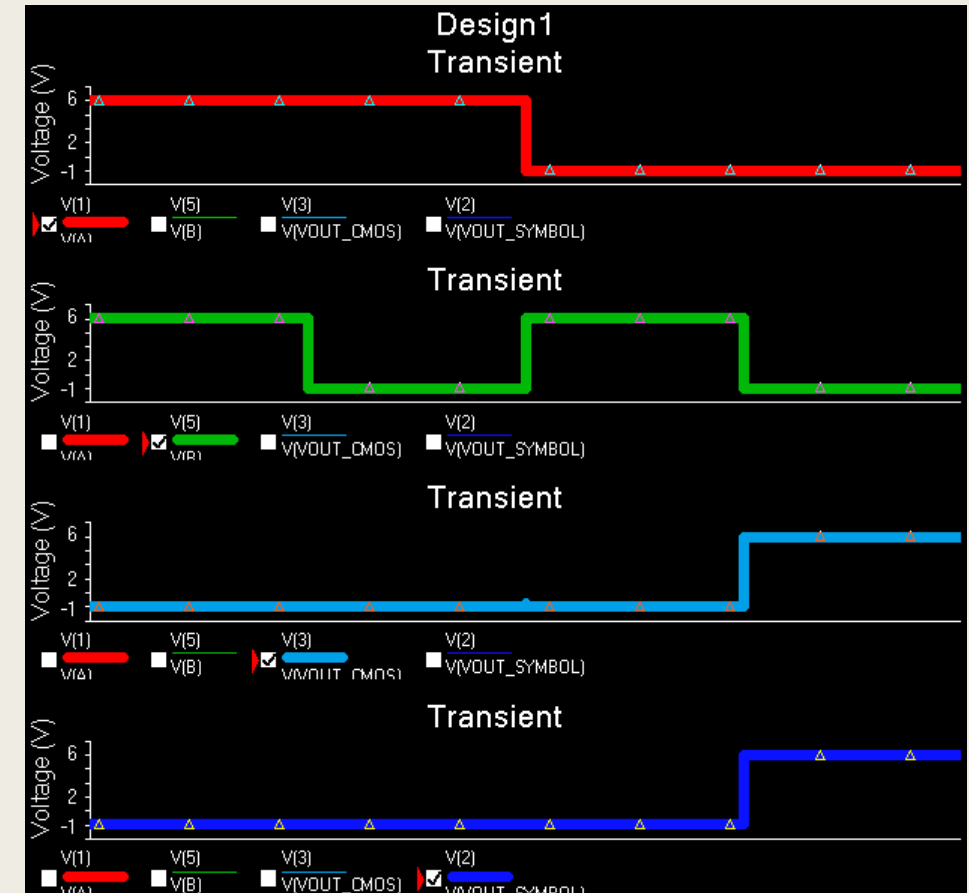
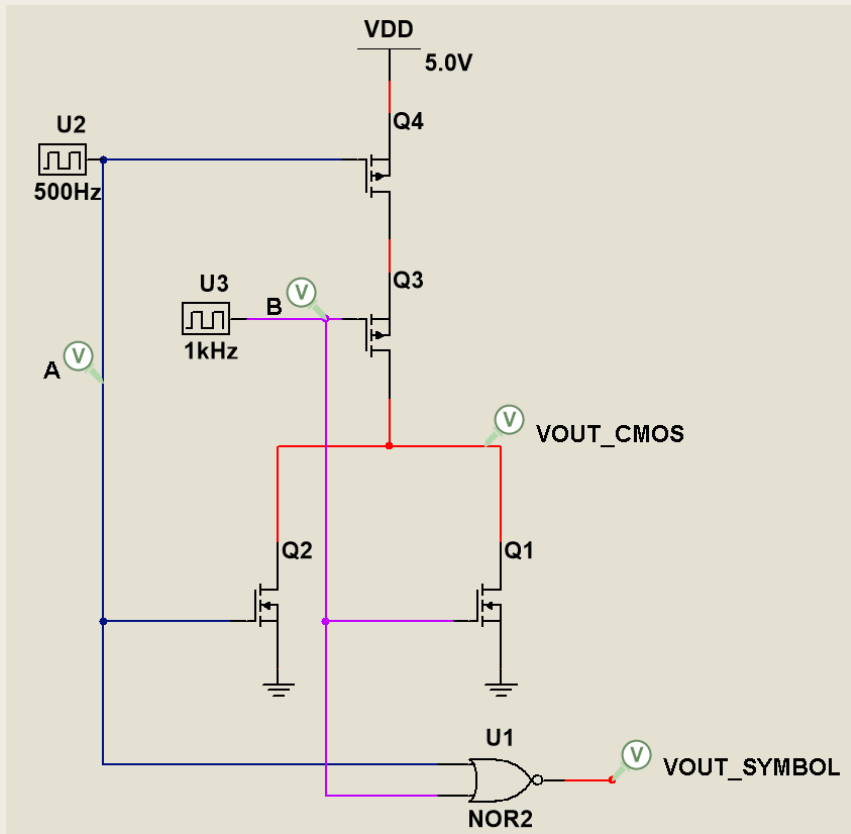


Full CMOS NAND Gate

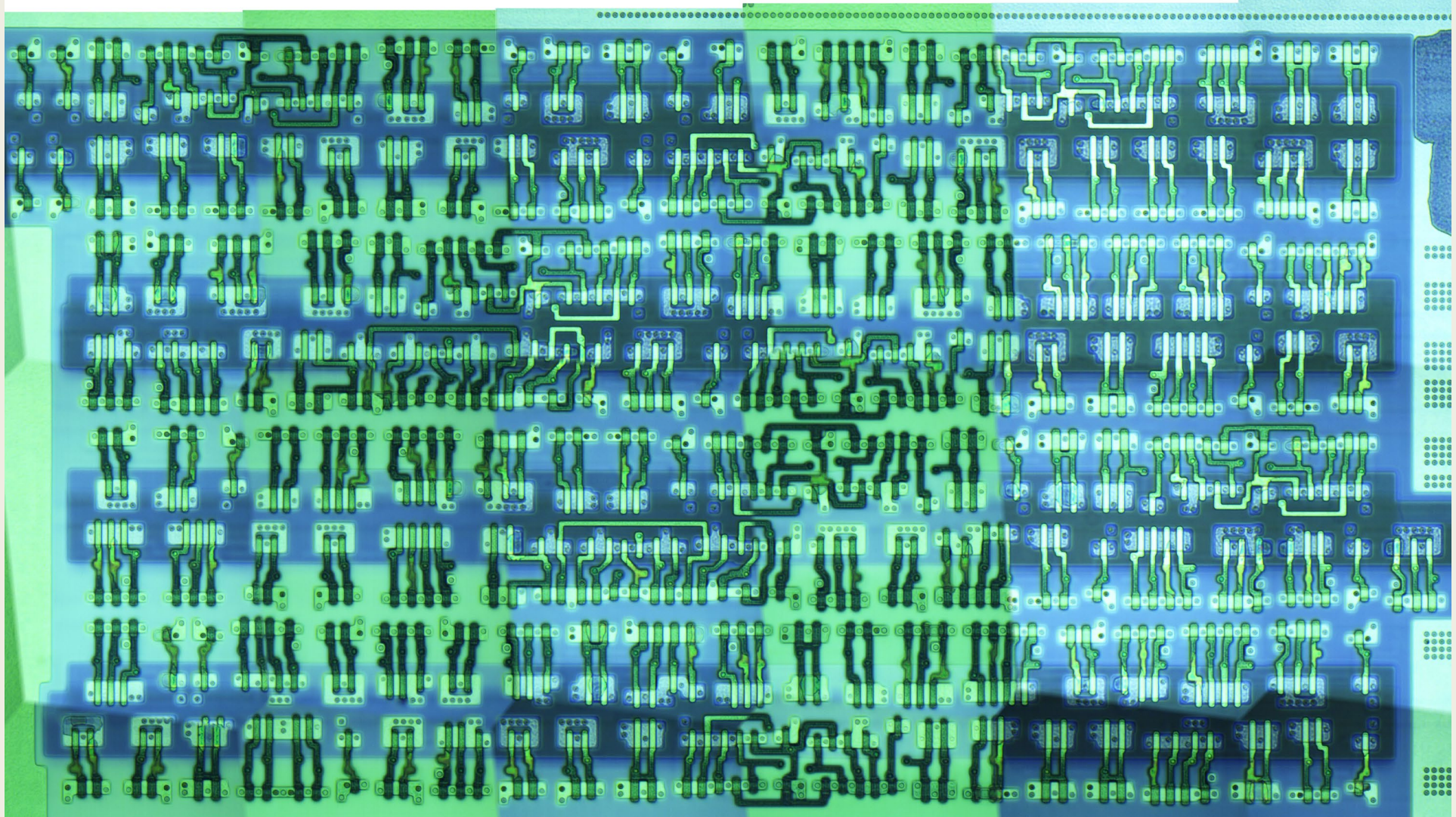


Full CMOS NOR Gate

- For NMOS, $V_{OUT} = (A+B)'$  Parallel NMOS
- For PMOS, $V_{OUT} = (A+B)' = A'B'$  Series PMOS



MOSFETs in Digital IC (0.18um)



Thanks!

Q&A