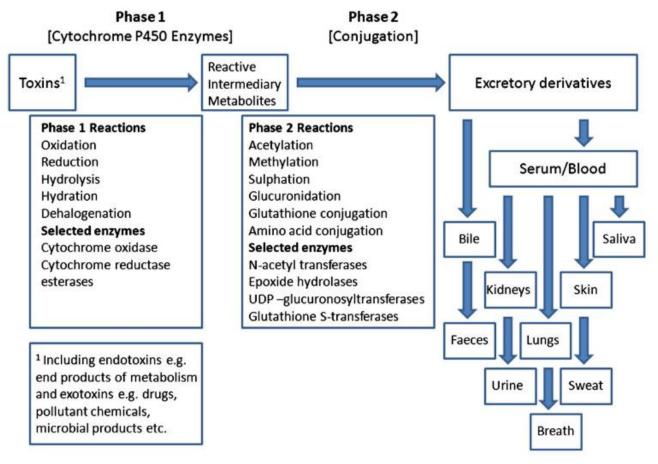


CM4 Volatile organic coumpounds

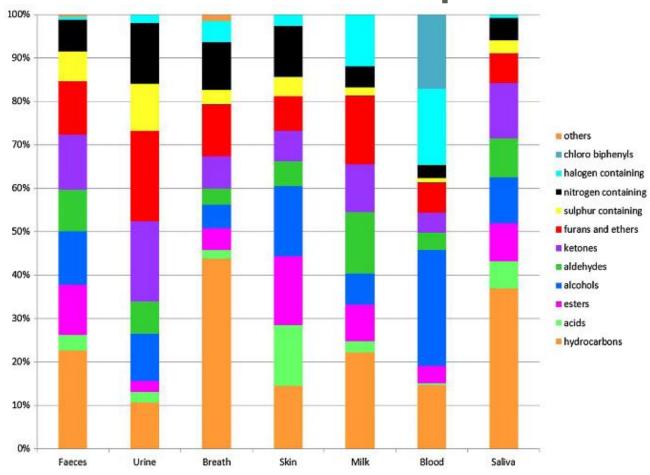
Chemical conversions undertaken by the liver



10.1088/1752-7155/8/1/014001



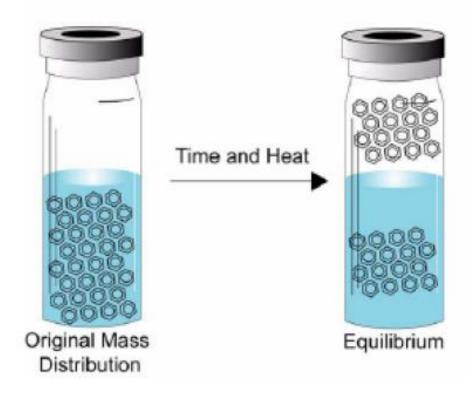
Relative numbers of detected compounds



10.1088/1752-7155/8/1/014001

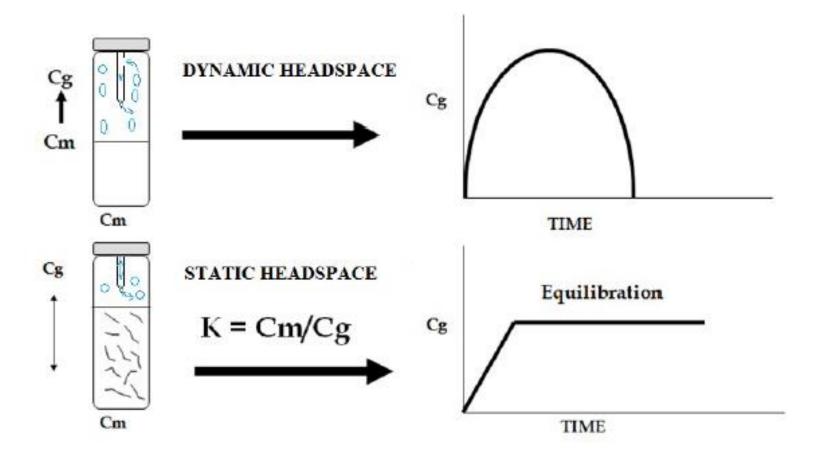


Headspace theory



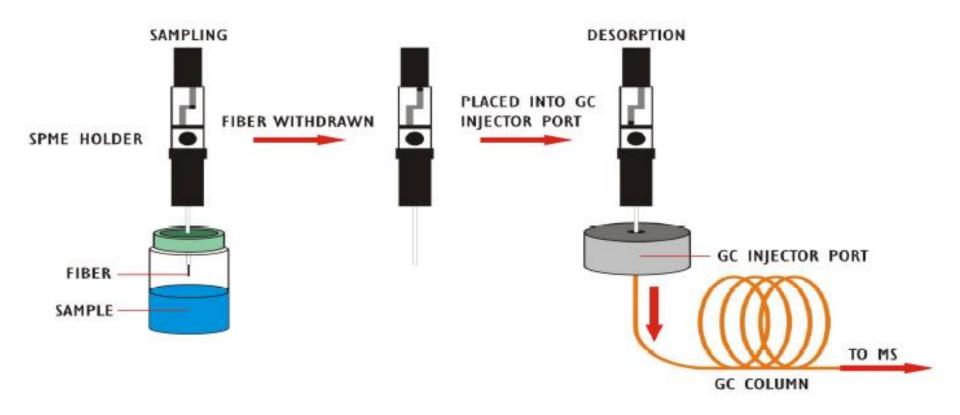


Static vs dynamic headspace





Solid phase microextraction (SPME)

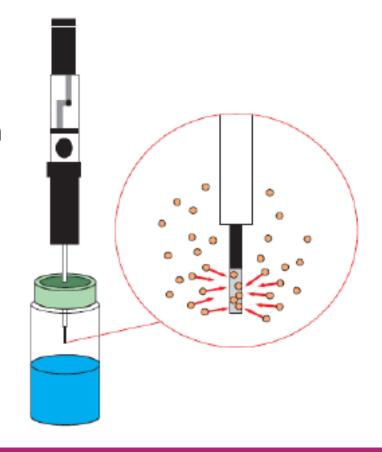




Solid phase microextraction (SPME)

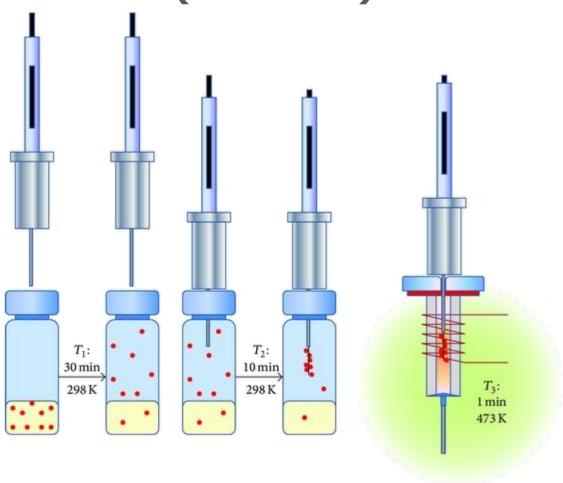
Detection of VOCs

- Thin polymeric coating on a support where analytes are adsorbed onto according to their partition coefficient
- Extraction is maximum when the equilibrium is reached





Solid phase microextraction (SPME)





(SPME) Detection of VOCs

Polymer coating and thickness	Recommended application	Mechanism	MW	Polarity
100 µm PDMS	Volatiles	Absorbent	60-275	Non-polar
30 µm PDMS	Non-polar semi-volatiles	Absorbent	80-500	Non-polar
7 μm PDMS	Non-polar high molecular weight compounds	Absorbent	125-600	Non-polar
60 µm PEG	Alcohols and polar compounds	Absorbent	40-275	Polar
85 μm PA	Polar semi-volatiles	Absorbent	80-300	Polar
75 µm/85 µm CAR/PDMS	Gases and low molecular weight compounds	Adsorbent	30-225	Bipolar
65 µm PDMS/DVB	Volatiles, amines and nitro-aromatic compounds	Adsorbent	50-300	Bipolar
60 µm PDMS/DVB	Amines, nitroaromatic and polar compounds (HPLC use only)	Adsorbent	50-300	Bipolar
50/30 μm DVB/CAR/PDMS on a StableFlex fiber	Flavour compounds: volatiles and semi-volatiles, C3-C20	Adsorbent	40-275	Bipolar
50/30 µm DVB/CAR/PDMS on a 2 cm StableFlex fiber	Trace compound analysis	Adsorbent	40-275	Bipolar

CAR: Carboxen; PDMS: Polydimethylsiloxane; DVB: Divinylbenzene; HPLC: High Performance Liquid Chromatography; PA: Polyacrylate; PEG: Carbowax-Polyethylene Glycol [19].

- Large variety of supports exist
 - √ Fiber
 - ✓ Stir-bars
 - ✓ Needles
 - ✓ Syringes to small blades for the 96 well-plate
- Excellent versatility of SPME in terms of sample volume



Analysis of volatile human urinary metabolome by solid-phase microextraction in combination with gas chromatography—mass spectrometry for biomarker discovery: Application in a pilot study to discriminate patients with renal cell carcinoma



Márcia Monteiro ^{a,*}, Márcia Carvalho ^{a,b}, Rui Henrique ^{c,d,e}, Carmen Jerónimo ^{c,e}, Nathalie Moreira ^{a,f}, Maria de Lourdes Bastos ^a, Paula Guedes de Pinho ^{a,*}

Received 29 November 2013; received in revised form 26 February 2014; accepted 10 April 2014 Available online 9 May 2014



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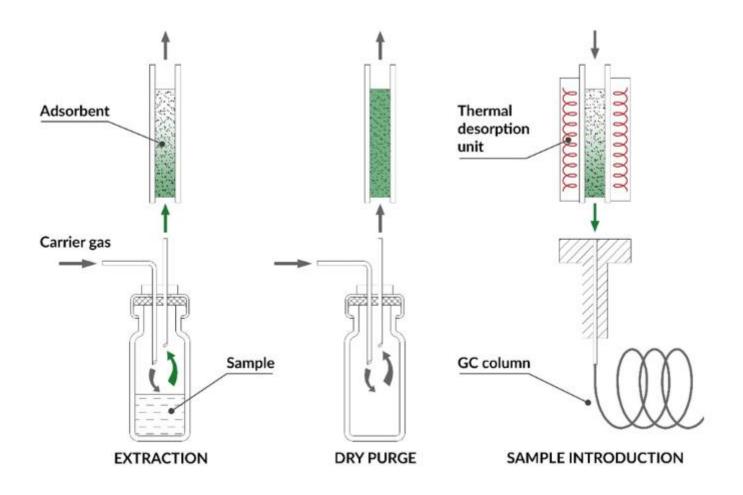
RESEARCH PAPER

Use of solid-phase microextraction coupled to gas chromatography—mass spectrometry for determination of urinary volatile organic compounds in autistic children compared with healthy controls

Rosaria Cozzolino • Laura De Magistris • Paola Saggese • Matteo Stocchero • Antonella Martignetti • Michele Di Stasio • Antonio Malorni • Rosa Marotta • Floriana Boscaino • Livia Malorni

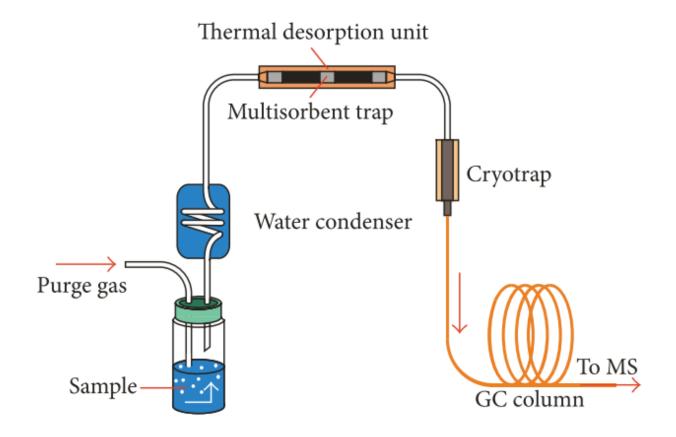


Thermal desorption tube





Thermal desorption unit



10.1155/2015/981458



www.bjcancer.com

Investigation of urinary volatile organic metabolites as potential cancer biomarkers by solid-phase microextraction in combination with gas chromatography-mass spectrometry

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DHS ou SHS???





PRIMARY RESEARCH

Open Access

Release and uptake of volatile organic compounds by human hepatocellular carcinoma cells (HepG2) in vitro

Paweł Mochalski^{1*}, Andreas Sponring^{1,2}, Julian King¹, Karl Unterkofler^{1,3}, Jakob Troppmair⁴ and Anton Amann^{1,2*}

NTD



Breath analysis

- http://dx.doi.org/10.1183/16000617.0002-2019
- 10.1007/s11306-017-1241-8
- 10.1109/mpuls.2020.2993684
- 10.3390/metabo5010003



