ZESTAW: B

GRUPA: piątek 17.00 2 listopada 2022

Zadanie 1

czyźnie zespolonej

$$2 \times 4 \times 4 = 2 \times (2 \times 3) = 2 \times (2 \times 4) = 2 \times (2 \times$$

$$2 + 2i = \sqrt{3} + i$$
 $3 = -\sqrt{3} + i$

a) Znaleźć część rzeczywistą i urojoną liczby zespolon $\mathfrak{F}=\frac{-2+2i}{\sqrt{12-2i}}$. $\mathfrak{F}=\frac{-2+2i}{\sqrt{12-2i}}$. $\mathfrak{F}=\frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{42+2i}}$ $\mathfrak{F}=\frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{12-2i}}$. $\mathfrak{F}=\frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{12-2i}}$. $\mathfrak{F}=\frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{12-2i}}$. $\mathfrak{F}=\frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{12-2i}}$. $\mathfrak{F}=\frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{12-2i}}$. $\mathfrak{F}=\frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{12-2i}}$.

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b) Obliczyć
$$\left| \frac{-2+2i}{\sqrt{12}-2i} \right|$$
 Re $z = -\frac{1+13}{4}$ $\frac{4}{1}$ $\frac{4}{1}$ $\frac{2}{1}$ $\frac{2}{1}$

$$\left| \frac{1-2+2i}{2} \right| = \frac{1}{4} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{4} = \frac{1}{4} =$$

b) Obliczyć
$$\left| \frac{-2+2i}{\sqrt{12-2i}} \right|$$
. $\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{12-2i}}$. $\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$ (1.5 pkt)
c) Obliczyć Arg $\left(\frac{12+2i}{\sqrt{12-2i}} \right)$. $= \text{Aug}\left(-2+2i \right) - \text{Avg}\left(\sqrt{12}-2i \right) + 2k\bar{u} = \frac{13}{2}$ (2.5 pkt). $\frac{3\bar{u}}{\sqrt{12-2i}} = \frac{13}{2}$ $\sqrt{2}$ $\sqrt{2}$

$$\cos \varphi = \frac{112}{4} = \frac{13}{2}$$
 $\varphi = 2\pi - \frac{11}{6} = \frac{13}{6}$

Zadanie 3 =
$$3\pi/4 - 1/11 + 2\pi = \frac{9\pi}{12} - \frac{22\pi}{12} + 2\pi = \frac{-(31)}{12} + \frac{2\pi}{12} = \frac{3\pi}{12} + \frac{3\pi}{12} = \frac{3\pi}{12} =$$

Zadanie 3 = $3\sqrt{4} - 14\sqrt{1} + 2\sqrt{4} = \frac{9\sqrt{4}}{12} - 22\sqrt{4} + 2\sqrt{4} = \frac{-(3)\sqrt{4}}{12} + \frac{24\sqrt{4}}{12} = \frac{10\sqrt{4}}{12}$ Przedstawić na płaszczyźnie zespolonej zbiory spełniające poniższe = $\frac{10\sqrt{4}}{12}$ warunki

a)
$$|\bar{z} + 1 - 2i| \ge 2$$
.

(2.5 pkt)

b)
$$\frac{3\pi}{2} < \text{Arg}(-z) \le 2\pi$$
.

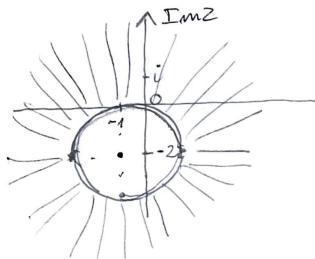
$$(2.5 \text{ pkt})$$

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$$\overline{z_1} + \overline{z_2} = \overline{z_1 + z_2}$$

$$|\overline{z_3}| = |z_3|$$

$$|\overline{x} + 1 - 2i| = |\overline{x} + 1 + 2i| = |z + 1 + 2i|$$



$$\frac{31}{2}$$
 $\angle Avg(-1) + Avg(x) + 2ku \le 2u$

$$\frac{\partial \Pi}{\partial z} \angle Arg(z) + 2k\pi \le 2\pi \quad | -\Pi - 2k\pi |$$

$$\frac{\partial \Pi}{\partial z} \angle \Pi + Arg(z) + 2k\pi \le 2\pi \quad | -\Pi - 2k\pi |$$

$$\frac{1}{2} - 2k\pi + Ayz \leq \pi - 2k\pi \leq k = 0$$

