Count triplets with sum smaller than X

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Medium Accuracy: 49.96% Submissions: 25677 Points: 4

Given an array arr[] of distinct integers of size N and a value sum, the task is to find the count of triplets (i, j, k), having (i<j<k) with the sum of (arr[i] + arr[j] + arr[k]) smaller than the given value sum.

Example 1:

Input: N = 4, sum = 2 arr[] = {-2, 0, 1, 3}

Output: 2

Explanation: Below are triplets with sum less than 2 (-2, 0, 1) and (-2, 0, 3).

Example 2:

Input: N = 5, sum = 12 arr[] = {5, 1, 3, 4, 7}

Output: 4

Explanation: Below are triplets with sum less than 12 (1, 3, 4), (1, 3, 5),

(1, 3, 7) and (1, 4, 5).

Your Task:

This is a function problem. You don't need to take any input, as it is already accomplished by the driver code. You just need to complete the function countTriplets() that take array arr[], integer N and integer sum as parameters and returns the count of triplets.

From < https://practice.geeksforgeeks.org/problems/count-triplets-with-sum-smaller-than-x5549/1>

Expected Time Complexity: $O(N^2)$. **Expected Auxiliary Space:** O(1).

Constraints:

 $3 \le N \le 10^3$

 $-10^3 \le arr[i] \le 10^3$

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