```
In [2]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
df = pd.read_csv("deliveries.csv")
df
```

Out[2]:

	match_id	inning	batting_team	bowling_team	over	ball	batter	bowler	non_striker	batsman_runs	ext
0	335982	1	Kolkata Knight Riders	Royal Challengers Bangalore	0	1	SC Ganguly	P Kumar	BB McCullum	0	
1	335982	1	Kolkata Knight Riders	Royal Challengers Bangalore	0	2	BB McCullum	P Kumar	SC Ganguly	0	
2	335982	1	Kolkata Knight Riders	Royal Challengers Bangalore	0	3	BB McCullum	P Kumar	SC Ganguly	0	
3	335982	1	Kolkata Knight Riders	Royal Challengers Bangalore	0	4	BB McCullum	P Kumar	SC Ganguly	0	
4	335982	1	Kolkata Knight Riders	Royal Challengers Bangalore	0	5	BB McCullum	P Kumar	SC Ganguly	0	
			•••						•••	•••	
260915	1426312	2	Kolkata Knight Riders	Sunrisers Hyderabad	9	5	SS lyer	AK Markram	VR lyer	1	
260916	1426312	2	Kolkata Knight Riders	Sunrisers Hyderabad	9	6	VR lyer	AK Markram	SS lyer	1	
260917	1426312	2	Kolkata Knight Riders	Sunrisers Hyderabad	10	1	VR lyer	Shahbaz Ahmed	SS lyer	1	
260918	1426312	2	Kolkata Knight Riders	Sunrisers Hyderabad	10	2	SS lyer	Shahbaz Ahmed	VR lyer	1	
260919	1426312	2	Kolkata Knight Riders	Sunrisers Hyderabad	10	3	VR lyer	Shahbaz Ahmed	SS lyer	1	
260920 rows × 17 columns											

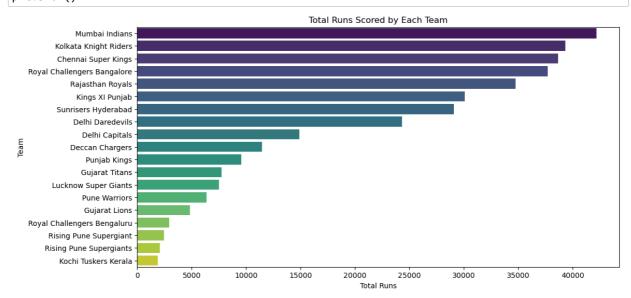
In [3]: df.info()

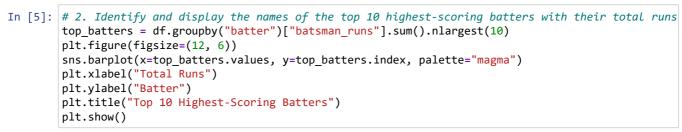
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 260920 entries, 0 to 260919
Data columns (total 17 columns):

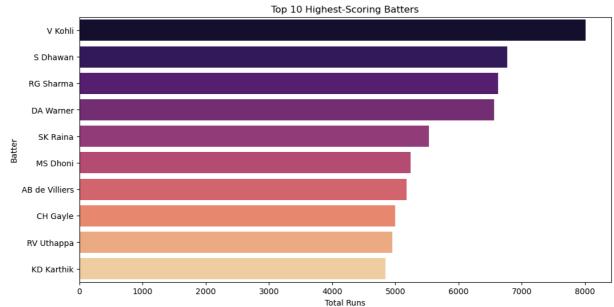
#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	match_id	260920 non-null	int64
1	inning	260920 non-null	int64
2	batting_team	260920 non-null	object
3	bowling_team	260920 non-null	object
4	over	260920 non-null	int64
5	ball	260920 non-null	int64
6	batter	260920 non-null	object
7	bowler	260920 non-null	object
8	non_striker	260920 non-null	object
9	batsman_runs	260920 non-null	int64
10	extra_runs	260920 non-null	int64
11	total_runs	260920 non-null	int64
12	extras_type	14125 non-null	object
13	is_wicket	260920 non-null	int64
14	player_dismissed	12950 non-null	object
15	dismissal_kind	12950 non-null	object
16	fielder	9354 non-null	object

dtypes: int64(8), object(9)
memory usage: 33.8+ MB

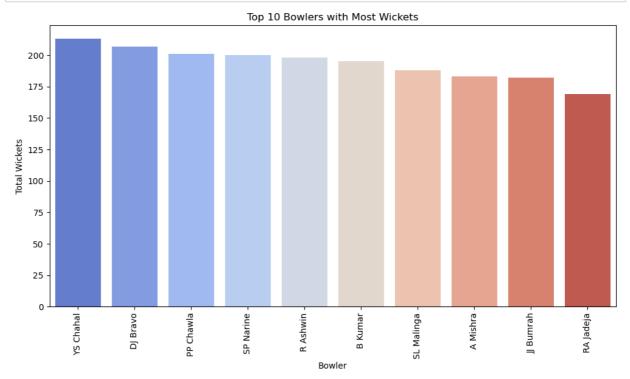
```
In [4]: # 1. Find and visualize the total runs scored by each team.
team_runs = df.groupby("batting_team")["total_runs"].sum().sort_values(ascending=False)
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.barplot(x=team_runs.values, y=team_runs.index, palette="viridis")
plt.xlabel("Total Runs")
plt.ylabel("Team")
plt.title("Total Runs Scored by Each Team")
plt.show()
```







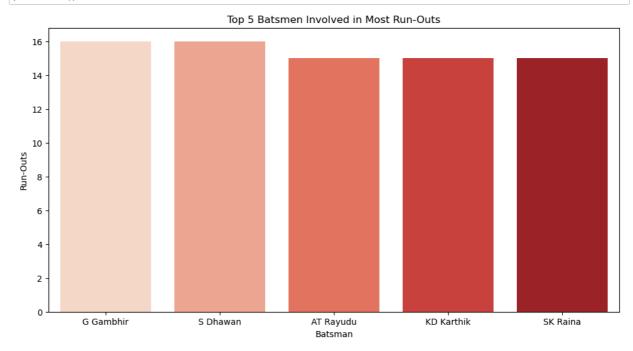
```
In [6]: # 3. Find and visualize the top 10 bowlers with the most wickets.
    top_bowlers = df[df["is_wicket"] == 1].groupby("bowler")["is_wicket"].count().nlargest(10)
    plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
    sns.barplot(x=top_bowlers.index, y=top_bowlers.values, palette="coolwarm")
    plt.xticks(rotation=90)
    plt.xlabel("Bowler")
    plt.ylabel("Total Wickets")
    plt.title("Top 10 Bowlers with Most Wickets")
    plt.show()
```



In [7]: # 4. Tabulate and visualize the total number of extras conceded by each team.
team_extras = df.groupby("bowling_team")["extra_runs"].sum().sort_values(ascending=False)
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.heatmap(team_extras.to_frame(), annot=True, cmap="Blues", fmt="d")
plt.title("Total Extras Conceded by Each Team")
plt.show()

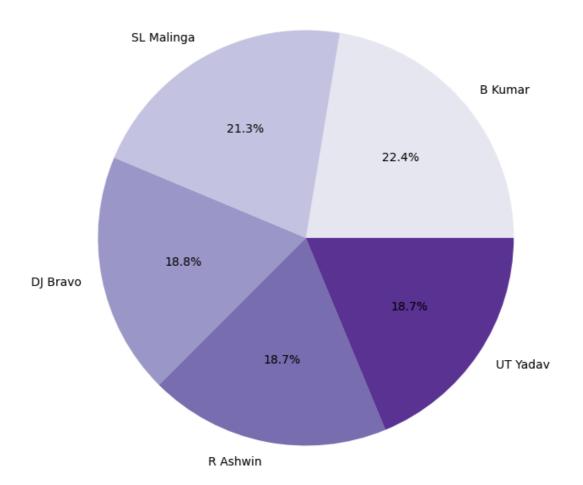


```
In [8]: # 5. Tabulate and visualize the batsmen (top 5) involved in the most run-outs.
runouts = df[df["dismissal_kind"] == "run out"].groupby("player_dismissed")["dismissal_kind"].c
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.barplot(x=runouts.index, y=runouts.values, palette="Reds")
plt.xlabel("Batsman")
plt.ylabel("Run-Outs")
plt.title("Top 5 Batsmen Involved in Most Run-Outs")
plt.show()
```

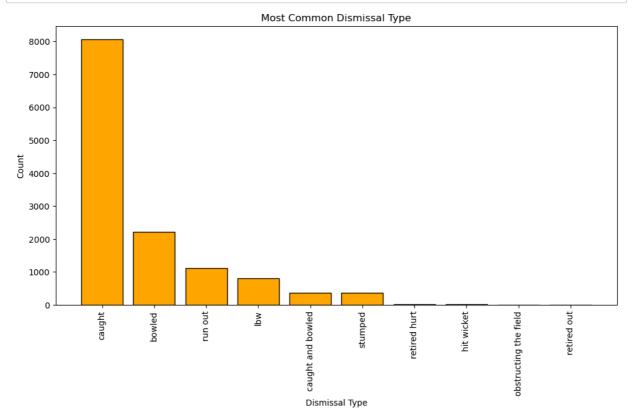


```
In [9]: # 6. Tabulate and visualize the top 5 bowlers who conceded the most extras.
top_extra_bowlers = df.groupby("bowler")["extra_runs"].sum().nlargest(5)
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8))
plt.pie(top_extra_bowlers.values, labels=top_extra_bowlers.index, autopct='%1.1f%', colors=sns
plt.title("Top 5 Bowlers Who Conceded Most Extras")
plt.show()
```

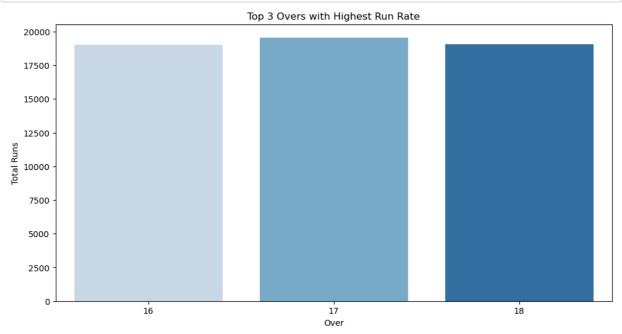
Top 5 Bowlers Who Conceded Most Extras



```
In [10]: # 7. Tabulate and visualize the most common dismissal type.
    dismissal_types = df["dismissal_kind"].value_counts()
    plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
    plt.bar(dismissal_types.index, dismissal_types.values, color="orange", edgecolor="black")
    plt.xticks(rotation=90)
    plt.xlabel("Dismissal Type")
    plt.ylabel("Count")
    plt.title("Most Common Dismissal Type")
    plt.show()
```



```
In [11]: # 8. Find and display which of the top 3 overs has the highest run rate.
    over_runrate = df.groupby("over")["total_runs"].sum().nlargest(3)
    plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
    sns.barplot(x=over_runrate.index, y=over_runrate.values, palette="Blues")
    plt.xlabel("Over")
    plt.ylabel("Total Runs")
    plt.title("Top 3 Overs with Highest Run Rate")
    plt.show()
```



```
In [14]: # 9. Analyze and visualize powerplay performance (first 6 overs).
powerplay = df[df["over"] <= 6].groupby("batting_team")["total_runs"].sum()
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.heatmap(powerplay.to_frame(), annot=True, cmap="coolwarm", fmt="d")
plt.title("Powerplay Performance (First 6 Overs)")
plt.show()</pre>
```



```
In [15]: # 10. Tabulate and visualize the top 5 batsmen with the most sixes and fours.
    fours = df[df["batsman_runs"] == 4].groupby("batter")["batsman_runs"].count().nlargest(5)
    sixes = df[df["batsman_runs"] == 6].groupby("batter")["batsman_runs"].count().nlargest(5)
    plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
    sns.barplot(x=fours.index, y=fours.values, palette="Blues", label="Fours")
    sns.barplot(x=sixes.index, y=sixes.values, palette="Reds", label="Sixes")
    plt.xlabel("Batsman")
    plt.ylabel("Count")
    plt.title("Top 5 Batsmen with Most Sixes and Fours")
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
```

