SIS Project Report: Data Collection & Preparation

Internet Access and Higher Education in Central Asia

"Влияние доступа к интернету на развитие высшего образования в странах Центральной Азии"

The goal of the project is to analyze how the development of Internet infrastructure affects the level of higher education in Central Asian countries (Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Uzbekistan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan). The main task is to combine data from two sources (API and Web Scraping), clean them up, analyze and visualize the relationship between the indicators.

Description of approaches

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1.	API: The work with the REST API (parameters, query structure, JSON format) has been studied. Used by the World Bank Open Data API (https://www.worldbank.org/ext/en/home) sources: IT.NET.USER.ZS - Internet users (% of the population); SE.TER.ENRR - higher education coverage (%);				
2.	GET requests are implemented through the requests library, and data is processed using pandas. Web Scraping: Using requests and BeautifulSoup, the Wikipedia page was parsed Central Asia (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Central_Asia#). A list of Central Asian countries (Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Uzbekistan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan) has been obtained.				
3.	Pandas: Creating a DataFrame table for each data source. Data cleaning: omissions and duplicates are removed; converted types (to_numeric, astype); renamed columns (internet_users_pct, tertiary_enrollment) Merging: Data is combined by keys ["country", "year"].	ent_pct);			
4.	average, and descriptive statistics computations have been put transformation for analysis by nation and year, the groupby functions were also employed.	into prac), merge(etice. For aggre (), pivot(), and	gation and	
5.	Data visualization. Three types of graphs are constructed using ☐ Internet access growth lines by country; ☐ Higher education coverage lines; ☐ Scatter plot - the connection between the Internet and e Axis signatures, legends, and headings are configured for graph	ducation;			
Results	s from the analysis				
Genera	The average share of Internet users is 28% of the population. The average level of higher education is 31%. The period of active growth is after 2010.	count mean std min 25% 50% 75%	internet_users_pct 113.00000 27.60153 29.92464 0.04860 2.99927 15.70000 50.600000	tertiary_enrollment_pct 97.000000 31.250732 16.579262 7.000936 15.972096 31.701936 45.759177	

Correlation Analysis (Pearson). The average correlation is 0.8, which shows a strong positive relationship between the development of the Internet and the coverage of higher education.

	country		
	Kazakhstan	internet_users_pct	0.635009
	Kyrgyzstan	internet_users_pct	0.662095
	Tajikistan	internet_users_pct	0.944175
	Turkmenistan	internet_users_pct	NaN
	Uzbekistan	internet_users_pct	0.600116

Key observations:

- 1. Kazakhstan and Uzbekistan are leaders in terms of digitalization and education growth rates.
- 2. Tajikistan and Turkmenistan are lagging behind, but they are showing gradual growth.
- 3. Rapid digitalization increases the involvement of the population in education and improves access to educational resources.

Conclusion

This project helped us understand the entire process of working with real data, from collecting it using API and web analysis to cleaning, analyzing, and visualizing the results. We have learned how to get information from different open sources, find meaningful relationships and visually show them using diagrams. The analysis confirmed that in Central Asia, improved access to the Internet goes hand in hand with an increase in the level of education. In general, we have acquired practical skills in working with data, statistical analysis and visualization, turning open data into real information about the development of digital technologies and education in the region.