


Unit 4 - Lesson 5 - Built-in List Functions

About this unit

Built-in List Functions

Built-in List Functions

Unit • 100% completed



Built-in List Functions - Python

Assessment

1.1. Understanding List functions

There is a list of built-in functions that can be applied on a list:

all(): Returns True if all the items in the list have a true value.

```
print(all([' ', ' ', '1', '2']))  
True
```

any(): Returns True if at least one item in the list has a true value.

```
print(any([' ', ' ', '1', '2']))  
True
```

enumerate(): Returns an enumerate object consisting of the index and the values of all items of the list as a tuple pair.

```
print(list(enumerate(['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e'])))  
[(0, 'a'), (1, 'b'), (2, 'c'), (3, 'd'), (4, 'e')]
```

len(): It calculates the length of the list i.e., the number of elements in the list.

```
print(len(['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e']))  
5
```

max(): Returns the item with the highest value from the list

```
print(max([1, 2, 3, 4, 5]))  
5
```

Sample Test Cases

Explorer

Listfuncs...

```
1 data = input("data: ")  
2 list1 = data.split(",")  
3 #find the length  
4 size = len(list1)  
5 #convert the elements into integer type  
6 for i in range(size):  
7     list1[i] = int(list1[i])  
8 print("length:", size) #print the length of list1  
9 print("list enumerate:", list(enumerate(list1))) #print the  
    enumerate of list1  
10 print("max:", max(list1)) #print the maximum value of list1  
11 print("min:", min(list1)) #print the minimum value of list1  
12 print("list:", sorted(list1)) #print the sorted list  
13
```

Average time

0.007 s

7.25 ms

Maximum time

0.010 s

10.00 ms

✓ 2 out of 2 shown test case(s) passed

✓ 2 out of 2 hidden test case(s) passed

✓ Test case 1 8 ms

Expected output

data: 10,55,69,78,456

length: 5

list enumerate: [(0, 10), (1, 55), (2, 69), (3, 78), (4, 456)]

max: 456

min: 10

sorted list: [10, 55, 69, 78, 456]

Actual output

data: 10,55,69,78,456

length: 5

list enumerate: [(0, 10), (1, 55), (2, 69), (3, 78), (4, 456)]

max: 456

min: 10

sorted list: [10, 55, 69, 78, 456]

Terminal

Test cases

34.1.1. Understanding List functions

5. **max()**: Returns the item with the highest value from the list

```
print(max([1, 2, 3, 4, 5]))
5
```

6. **min()**: Returns the item with the lowest value from the list.

```
print(min([1, 2, 3, 4, 5]))
1
```

7. **sorted()**: Returns a sorted version of the given list, leaving the original list unchanged.

```
origlist = [1, 5, 3, 4, 7, 9, 1, 27]
print(sorted(origlist))
[1, 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 27]
```

8. **sum()**: Returns the sum of all the elements of a list. It works only on an integer list.

```
print(sum([1, 5, 3, 4, 7, 9, 1, 27]))
57
```

Create a list with integer values by taking the inputs from the user. For each function **length**, **enumerate**, **minimum**, **maximum** and **sorted**. Print the result of applying these functions to the given input list, following the example format.

Sample Test Cases

Explorer	Listfunc
1	da
2	li
3	#f
4	siz
5	#co
6	for
7	
8	prin
9	prin
	enum
10	prin
11	print
12	print
13	

Average time

0.007 s

7.25 ms

✓ Test case 1

Expected output

data: 10,55,69,7

length: 5

list-enumerate: [(78), (4, 456)]

max: 456

min: 10

Terminal

Test

Write the code

Your task is to:

- Take comma (",") separated list of integers as input from the user.
- In the first line of output print the sum of all integers values in the list.
- In the second line of output print the cube value of the sum computed above.
- In the last line of output print the sum of 4th power of the integer values in the list .

Note:

- Refer to the Displayed test cases for a better understanding.
- The inputs numbers can be randomly distributed, and can be +ve or -ve.

Constraints:

- $1 \leq \text{number of elements} \leq 100$
- Make use of built-in functions on lists to make your solution efficient.

Sample Test case:

list: 1,3,2,5,4 -----> Input elements of the list separated by comma(,).

15 -----> Sum of all values.

3375 -----> cube value of the sum computed.

979-----> Sum of 4th power of values is $1^4 + 3^4 + 2^4 + 5^4 + 4^4 = 1 + 81 + 16 + 625 + 256 = 979$

Instructions:

- Your input and output must follow the input and output layout mentioned in the visible sample test case.
- Hidden test cases will only pass when the user's input and output match the expected input and output.

Sample Test Cases

Test Case 1:

listoperations.py

```
1 #write your code here
```

24°C
Sunny



Search



ENG
IN



Write the code

Your task is to:

- Take comma (',') separated list of integers as input from the user, every input represents total count of project assignments completed by your team mates in ongoing year.
- During verification of the list if you found that in terms of progress 0 assignments are completed by everyone in your team, in this case print "Invalid". Otherwise print the count of assignments completed by your team members those are odd ordered in the list.

Note:

- Refer to the Displayed test cases for a better understanding.
- The input assignment count is a positive integer ≥ 0 .

Constraints:

- $1 \leq \text{number of elements} \leq 100$
- Make use of built-in functions on lists to make your solution efficient.

Sample Test case 1:

list: 11,13,12,14,15 ----> Input elements of the list separated by comma(,).

13 14 ----> As all assignment counts are ok as per constraint we, print odd ordered i.e. at index 1, 3, and 5.

Sample Test case 2:

11,13,12,0,14

13 0 ----> As all assignment counts are ok as per constraint, we print odd ordered i.e. at index 1, 3, and 5

Sample test case 3:

0,0,0,0

Invalid ----> All your team members are good for nothing, not tolerated.

Instructions:

listoperations.py

```
1 #write your code here
2 list1 = list(map(int,input("list: ").split(",")))
3
```

Execution Results

0 out of 3 shown cases successful

0 out of 5 hidden cases successful

Show on

✖ Test Case - 1 (Execution Time: 10 ms)

Expected Output

User Output

list: 11,13,12,14,15

list: 11,13,12,14,15

13 14

Empty

⚠ indicates the mismatch in the expected output

✖ Test Case - 2 (Execution Time: 6 ms)

Expected Output

User Output

list: 11,13,12,0,14

list: 11,13,12,0,14

13 0

Empty

⚠ indicates the mismatch in the expected output

Finish

Clear

Submit

Prev

Next



Write the code

Your task is to:

- Take comma (',') separated list of integers as input from the user.
- In the first line on output print the square value of max element out of the list.
- In the second line of output print the square value of min element out of the list.
- In the last line of output print the absolute difference of above computed values as $(\text{min value})^3 - (\text{max value})^3$.

Note:

- Refer to the Displayed test cases for a better understanding.
- The inputs numbers can be randomly distributed, and can be +ve or -ve.

Constraints:

- $1 \leq \text{number of elements} \leq 100$
- Make use of built-in functions on lists to make your solution efficient.

Sample Test case:

list: 1,3,2,5,4 ----> Input elements of the list separated by comma(,).

25 ----> Max value square.

1 ----> Min value square.

124 ----> Absolute difference as mentioned in the problem statement.

Instructions:

- Your input and output must follow the input and output layout mentioned in the visible sample test case.
- Hidden test cases will only pass when the user's input and output match the expected input and output.

Sample Test Cases

listoperations.py

```
1 #write your code here
```

Execution Results

0 out of 3 shown cases successfully

0 out of 4 hidden cases successfully

✖ Test Case - 1 (Execution Time: 3 ms)

Expected Output

```
list: 1,3,2,5,4
25
1
124
```

User Output

```
1,3,2,5,
Empty
Empty
Empty
```

⚠ indicates the mismatch in the expected output.

✖ Test Case - 2 (Execution Time: 4 ms)

Expected Output

```
list: -1,-3,-2,-4,-5
1
```

User Output

```
-1,-3,-2,-
Empty
```

Finish

Clear

Submit

Prev

Next

Write the code

Your task is to:

- Take comma (',') separated list of integers as input from the user, every input represents the encrypted code's.
- During verification of the list if you found **atleast one** encryption as 0, then print "Invalid". Otherwise print the even ordered encrypted code values

Note:

- Refer to the Displayed test cases for a better understanding.
- The input encrypted code value's are positive integers ≥ 0 .

Constraints:

- $1 \leq \text{number of elements} \leq 100$
- Make use of built-in functions on lists to make your solution efficient.

Sample Test case 1:

list: 11,13,12,15,14 ----> Input elements of the list separated by comma(,).

11 12 14 ----> As all encrypted code's are ok as per constraint we print even ordered code's i.e. at index 0, 2, and 4.

Sample Test case 2:

11,13,12,0,14

Invalid ----> Because we found out atleast one invalid encrypted code i.e. 0.

Instructions:

- Your input and output must follow the input and output layout mentioned in the visible sample test case.
- Hidden test cases will only pass when the user's input and output match the expected input and output.

listoperations.py

```
1 #write your code here
```

Execution Results

0 out of 3 shown cases successful

0 out of 8 hidden cases successful

✖ Test Case - 1 (Execution Time: 2 ms)

Expected Output

list: 1,3,2,0,4
Invalid

User Output

1,3,2,0,4
Empty

⚠ indicates the mismatch in the expected output.

✖ Test Case - 2 (Execution Time: 4 ms)

Expected Output

list: 1,3,2,5,4
1 2 4

User Output

1,3,2,5,4
Empty

⚠ indicates the mismatch in the expected output.

Finish

Clear

Submit

Prev

Next