

Relativistic separable dual-space Gaussian pseudopotentials from H to Rn

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We generalize the concept of separable dual-space Gaussian pseudopotentials to the relativistic case. This allows us to construct this type of pseudopotential for the whole Periodic Table, and we present a complete

$$r_1^{1/2} \exp \left(\frac{2\pi i}{3} \right) \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} \frac{r_1^{l/2}}{2^l} D_l$$

where G denotes the gamma function. The projectors satisfy the normalization condition

$$E$$

$$A_2$$

$$p \approx 5 \times 10^{-10}$$

TABLE I.LDA pseudopotential parameters in atomic units. The meaning Wf the entries is given in the text.

H	1	0.200000	24.180237	0.725075
He2	0.200000		29.112023	1.698368
Li	1	0.787553	21.892612	0.286060
		0.6*6375	1.858811	
		1.079306		
		0.000019		

Lisc

10.891113
0.096277

141547
105469

Mg

Mg40008
40.31*626

2

0.210958

9
0.651812
0.556478
0.677569

210.393083
6.246318
0.038386
0.141251
22.864297
0.139648
2.970957
1.049881
0.005152

7.545
3*.556987
1.329941

1.12

8

[illegible]

TABLE I. *Continued.*

Co	9	0.580000			
		0.440457	3.334978	2.873150	3.091028
		0.610048	1.634005	0.356083	
			20.017521	0.058766	
		0.291661	210.358800		
			0.007137		
Co	<i>sc</i>				

TABLE I. *Continued!*.

Y	3	0.900000	20.343891		
		0.782457	1.520655	1.484368	20.189013
		0.949864	0.780950	0.368739	
		0.414360	2.522621	24.363769	
		0.406442	20.043336	0.079989	
		0.653851	20.569552	23.020044	20.075368
			21.256930	20.077005	20.011657
			0.251526	0.009198	
		0.1157003	0.627616		
		11 0.012450	20.007507	13.217914	1.353178
0.750000	20.782611				
0.649998	1.739877	2.388208	1.205349		
0.874408	1.018294	0.528223			
	20.057486	0.104495			
0.630668	21.173911	0.212179			
	0.009380	2 0.011973			

TABLE I. *Continued!*.

			0.03+714	20.002009	
		1.240949	0.065412		
			0.003109		
Cd ^{sc}	12	0.550000	2.382713		
		0.491505	3.207932		
		0.598565	1.940150	1.515892	
			20.241409	0.376830	
		0.3+7874	24.190072	20.+70156	
			0.049329	20.058835	
IV	3	0.610000	2.865+77		
		0.+70602	1.256194	20.397255	20.278329
		0.858132	0.494459	20.380789	
			0.066367	20.005563	
		1.088691	0.129208		
			0.004448		
^{sc} IV	13	0.530000	2.395404		
		0.474081	3.554411	4.754135	1.565040
		0.559819	2.223664	2.035278	
			2		
		0.360488	24.566414	2033 TD73785	
			0.058765	20.073414	
SV	4	0.605000	4.610912		
		0.663544	1.648791	20.141974	20.576546
		0.745865	0.+69355	20.445070	
			0.103931	0.005057	
		0.9444509	0.225115		
			0.007066		
Sb	5	0.590000	6.680228		
		0.597684	1.9514+7	0.03+537	20.786631
		0.672122	0.970313	20.466731	
			0.139222	0.023513	
		0.856557			
			0.009432		
Te	6	0.575000	9.387085		
		0.556456	2.046890	20.029333	20.881119
		0.615262	1.033478	20.481172	
			0.172997		
		0.805101	0.317411		
			0.010809		
I	70.560000	14.661825			
		0.552830	1.338054	20.834851	20.467438
		0.562251	0.674496	20.57+787	
			0.2139670.093313		
		0.+94325	0.224345		
			0.010180		
Xe8	0.560000	12.734280			
		0.507371	2.236451	20.403551	21.132507
		0.541024	1.130043	20.752764	
			0.236603	0.108473	
		0.+29821	0.280131		
			0.013362		
Cs	1	1.200000			
		1.224737	0.611527	0.239830	203294024
		1.280478	0.227279		
			20.1076270.138132		
		1.107522	20.542163		
			0.003259		

TABLE I. *~Continued!*.

			20.339955	1.359017	21.145883
		0.473709	20.429952		
			0.064044		
		0.291527	219.305057		
sc	16	0.523333	17.206792	20.532803	
		0.479677	1.723635	22.659367	
		0.490598	20.082403	21 Tf11009	0.000000
			20.240300	1.200867	21.054041
		0.470840	20.410630		
			0.063352		
		0.284040	219.984292		
			0.011924		
Eu sc	17	0.20417	17.373516	20.648468	
		0.469043	1.763638	22.916932	

TABLE I. *~Continued!*.

Re	+	0.693000	8.180816		
		0.509816	2.269379	3.528529	
		0.745839	0.496693	0.925829	
			≥ 0.370589	0.616765	
		0.500954	≥ 3.689630	≥ 1.894601	
Re ^{sc}	15		0.11155+	≥ 0.131595	
		0.530000	5.592660	0.94395+	
		0.403252	2.760720	≥ 6.396415	0.868732
		0.440951	≥ 0.900546	≥ 2.511211	0.000000
			0.788715	≥ 0.489984	≥ 0.017012
		0.390395	0.875251	≥ 5.672543	
			0.209737	≥ 0.102862	
Os	8	0.667000	9.440459		
		0.510307	2.40236+	3.046706	
		0.717553	0.499523	1.053284	
			≥ 0.430746	0.701752	
		0.487586	\geq		

ward, solution Qs the explicit Qnclusion of the semicore electrons QntW the pseudopotential. In thQs work we decided on

TABLE III. *Continued!*.

CuO	3.153 ^{sc} , 2.749	3.176	3.258	21
CuH	2.731 ^{sc} , 2.463	2.755	2.765	21
Cu ₂	4.086 ^{sc} , 3.472	4.110 ^b	4.195	21
ZnO	3.157 ^{sc} , 2.886	3.161 ^b		
ZnH	3.010 ^{sc} , 2.858	3.025 ^b	3.013	21

accuracy and necessary computational effort, as should be tested carefully. Therefore we constructed both types of pseudopotentials for most elements where semicore electrons can play a significant role in electronic structure calculations.

V. MOLECULES

We tested our pseudopotentials by the box lengths of a large number of molecules. In all calculations we used our scalar relativistic pseudopotentials, neglecting the terms for spin-orbit interaction. Whenever possible we tried to determine values for the box lengths, that are converged to 10^{-3} bohr. To obtain this high level of accuracy, extremely large boxes and high plane-wave energy cutoffs were needed, so that for some molecules the accuracy of the calculations was limited by our computational resources. The

$$p_{1,3}^1 5^1$$

²⁹T. C. DeVore and T. N. Gallaher, J. Chem. Phys. **71**, 474 ~1979!.

³⁰J. Demaison *et al.*, in *Atomic and Molecular Physics*, *Molecular Constants*