

# Assignment 1

AI1110: Probability and Random Variables  
Indian Institute of Technology Hyderabad

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## Question 13.2.12:

### Problem Statement

A die is tossed thrice. Find the probability of getting an odd number at least once.

### Solution

#### **Given:**

We are given that the die is tossed thrice.

#### **Need to find:**

Probability of getting an odd number at least once in the three trials.

#### **Solving steps:**

The sample space for the experiment is;

$$S = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\} \quad (1)$$

Required probability of at least one odd observation is equivalent to the probability of non occurrence for all observations being even.

Let

$\Pr(A) = \text{Probability of all observations being even}$

and

$\Pr(B) = \text{Probability of atleast one observation being odd}$

$$\implies \Pr(B) = 1 - \Pr(A) \quad (2)$$

Possible even observations are;

$$S_{\text{even}} = \{2, 4, 6\} \quad (3)$$

Probability of an observation being even is;

$$p = \frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Probability of all three observation being even is;

$$\Pr(A) = \frac{1}{2} * \frac{1}{2} * \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8} \quad (4)$$

Therefore, probability of at least one odd observation is;

$$\begin{aligned} \Pr(B) &= 1 - \Pr(A) = 1 - \frac{1}{8} = \frac{7}{8} \\ \therefore \Pr(B) &= \frac{7}{8} = 0.875 \end{aligned} \quad (5)$$

### Conclusion

The probability of getting an odd number at least once is 0.875 as also calculated using the python code. [1]

### REFERENCES

[1] [https://github.com/Gunethra/AI1110\\_2023/tree/master/code](https://github.com/Gunethra/AI1110_2023/tree/master/code).

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