

ISC ASSIGNMENT -08_part2

ROLL NO: U21CS052

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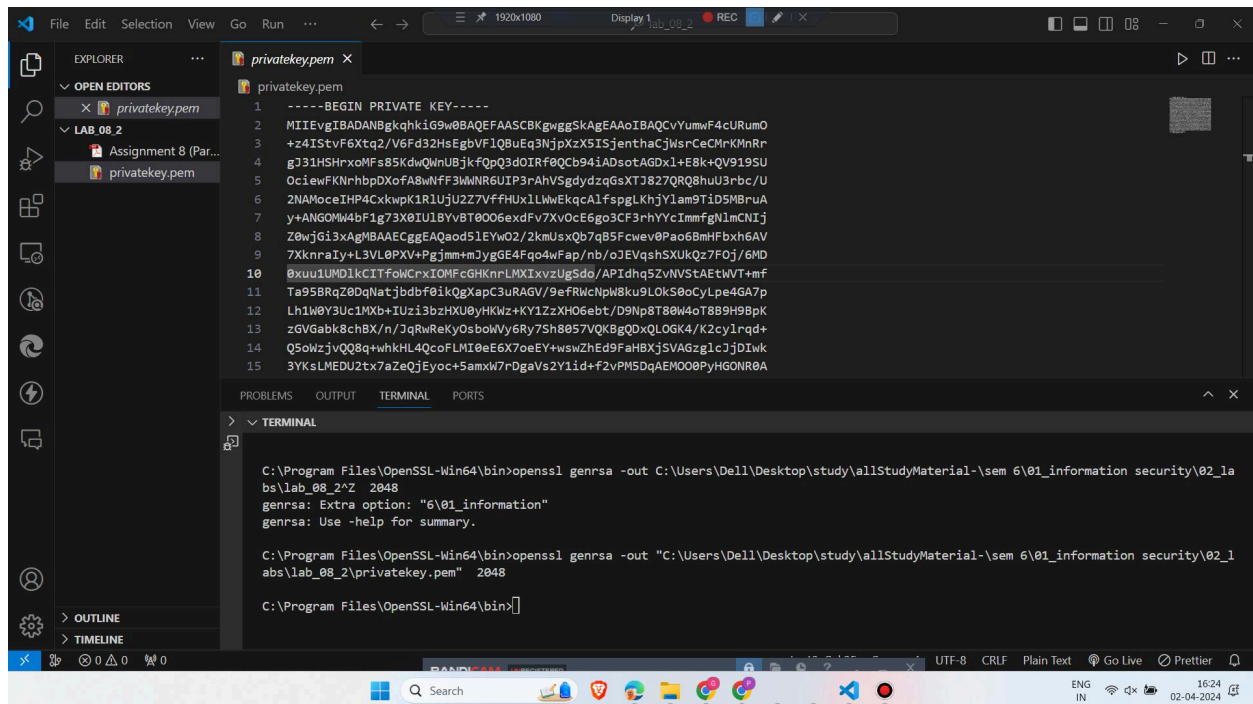
OpenSSL Library commands.

Task 3: Perform the following instructions to digitally sign a document and verify it.

a) Generate a private key using RSA asymmetric cryptography technique.

Private Key Generation:

openssl genrsa -out privatekey.pem 2048



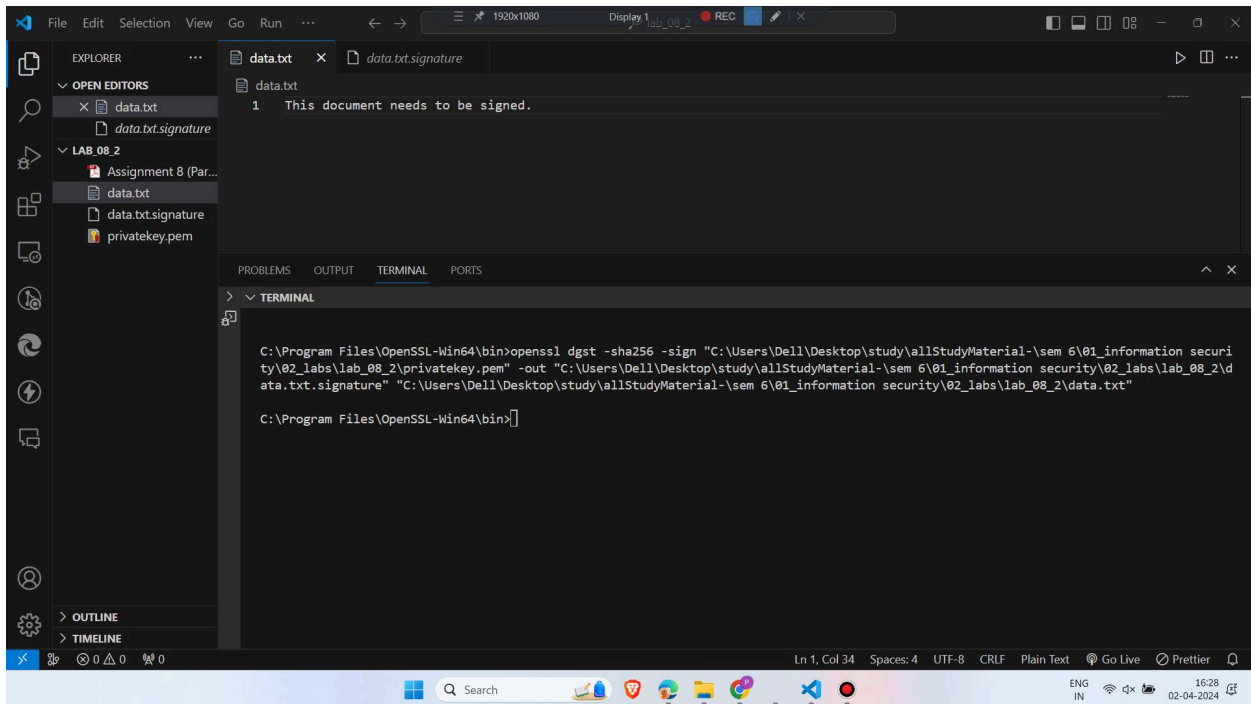
The screenshot shows a Windows IDE with a dark theme. The Explorer pane on the left shows a project structure with 'LAB 08 2' containing 'Assignment 8 (Par...' and 'privatekey.pem'. The main editor window displays the content of 'privatekey.pem', which is a 2048-bit RSA private key in PEM format, starting with '-----BEGIN PRIVATE KEY-----' and ending with '-----END PRIVATE KEY-----'. The bottom pane shows the terminal output of the command 'C:\Program Files\OpenSSL-Win64\bin>openssl genrsa -out C:\Users\Dell\Desktop\study\allStudyMaterial-\sem 6\01_information security\02_lab\lab_08_2\2048 genrsa: Extra option: "6\01_information security\02_lab\lab_08_2\privatekey.pem" 2048 C:\Program Files\OpenSSL-Win64\bin>'. The status bar at the bottom indicates the file is encoded in UTF-8 with CRLF line endings.

```
1 -----BEGIN PRIVATE KEY-----
2 MIIEvgIBADANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEFAASCBAgEAAoIBAQCvYumwF4cURumO
3 +z4IStvF6Xtq2/V6Fd32HsEgbVF1QBUEq3NjpXzX5ISjentaCjWsrCeCMrKMNr
4 g31HSHr-xoMFs85KdwQWnUBjkfQpQ3d0IRf0QCb94iAdSotAGDx1+E8k+QV919SU
5 OciewFKNr-hbpDXoFABwNFF3WwNR6UIP3rAhVSgdydzG6sXTJ827QRQ8huU3rbc/U
6 2NAMoceIHP4Ckwpk1R1UjU2Z7VffHux1LWwEkqcAlfsgLKhjY1am9TiD5M8ruA
7 y+ANGOMW4bF1g73X0IU1BYvBT006exdFv7XvOce6go3CF3rhyYcImmfGnImCNIj
8 Z0wj6i3xAgMBAAECCgEAQoad51EYwO2/2kmUsxQb7qB5Ffcwv0Pao6BmHFbxb6AV
9 7XknraIy+L3VL0PXV+Pgjmm+mJyGGE4Fqo4wFap/nb/ojEVqshSXUkQz7F0j/6MD
10 0xuu1UMD1kCITfowCrxIOMFcGhKnrLMXiXvzUgSdo/APIdhq5ZvNVStAetWWT+mf
11 Ta95BRqZ0DqNatjdbdf0ikQgXapC3uRAGV/9efRwCnpW8ku9L0k50oCylPe4GA7p
12 Lh1W8Y3Uc1MXb+IUzi3bzHXU0yHKWz+KY1ZzXHO6ebt/D9Np8T88W4oT889H9BpK
13 zGVGabb8chBX/n/3qRwReKyOsboWvy6Ry7Sh8057VQK8gQDxQL0GK4/K2cy1rqd+
14 Q5oWzjvQQ8q+whkHL4QcoFLMI0eE6X7oeEY+wsWZhEd9FaHBXjSVAGzglcJjDIwK
15 3YksLMEDU2tx7aZeQjEyoc+5amxW7rDgaVs2Y1id+f2vPM5DqAE000PyHGONR8A
```

```
C:\Program Files\OpenSSL-Win64\bin>openssl genrsa -out C:\Users\Dell\Desktop\study\allStudyMaterial-\sem 6\01_information security\02_lab\lab_08_2\2048
genrsa: Extra option: "6\01_information security\02_lab\lab_08_2\privatekey.pem" 2048
C:\Program Files\OpenSSL-Win64\bin>
```

b) Digitally Sign a document data.txt.

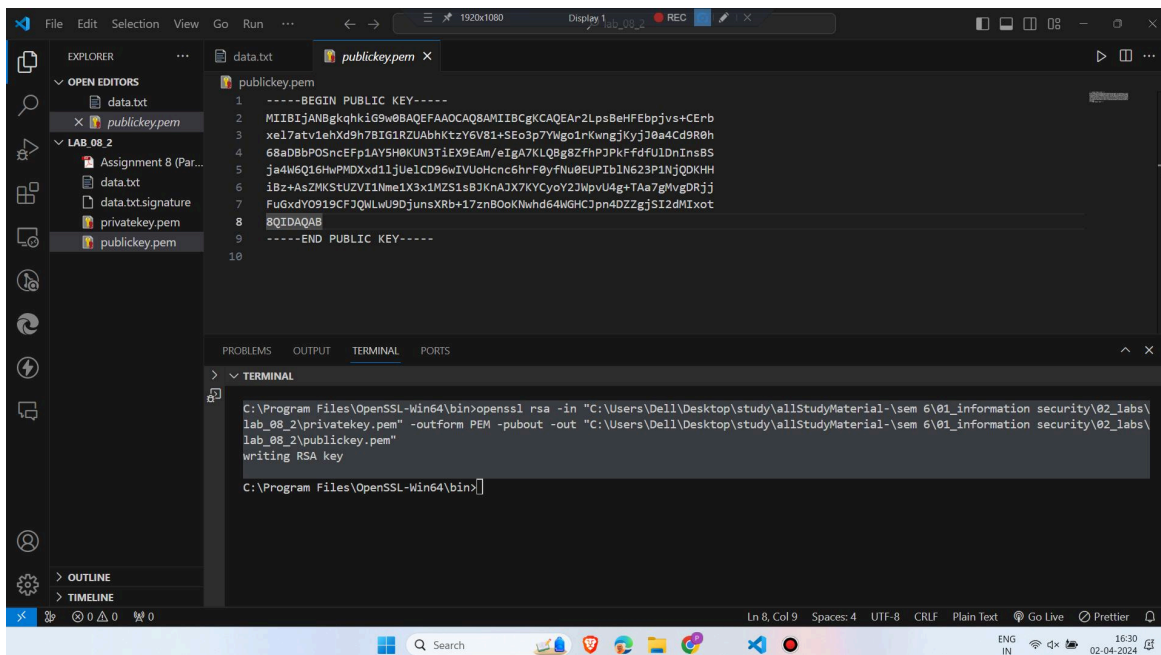
```
openssl dgst -sha256 -sign privatekey.pem -out data.txt.signature data.txt
```



c) Generate a public key using RSA asymmetric cryptography technique to verify the document data.txt.signature.

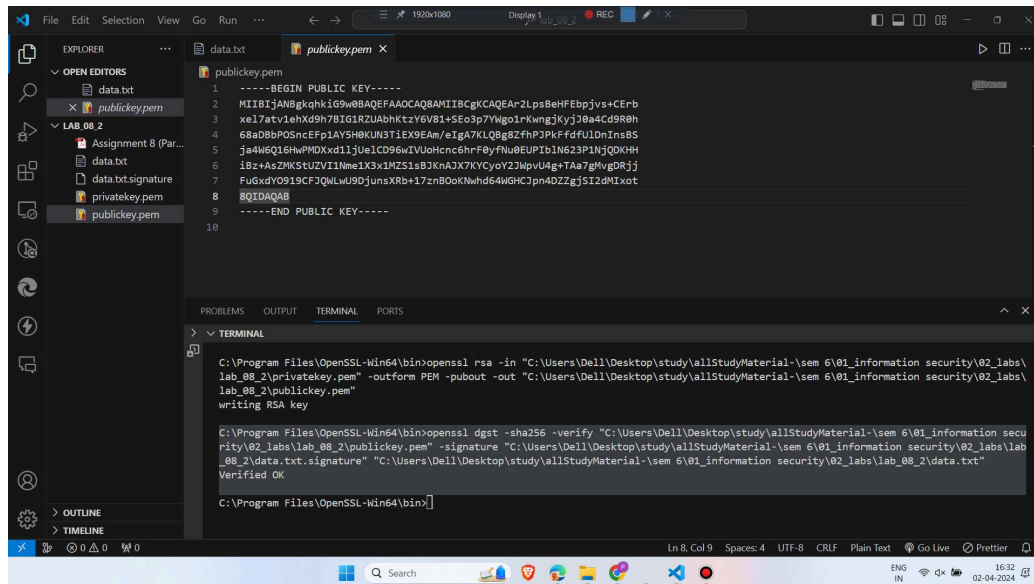
Public Key Generation:

```
openssl rsa -in privatekey.pem -outform PEM -pubout -out publickey.pem
```



Verification:

```
openssl dgst -sha256 -verify publickey.pem -signature data.txt.signature data.txt
```



The screenshot shows a Visual Studio Code editor with a file explorer on the left. The file explorer shows a project structure with a folder named 'LAB 08 2' containing files: 'data.txt', 'data.txt.signature', 'privatekey.pem', and 'publickey.pem'. The main editor window displays the content of 'publickey.pem', which is a PEM-formatted public key. Below the editor, the 'TERMINAL' panel shows the execution of two commands. The first command generates a public key from a private key. The second command verifies the digital signature of 'data.txt' using the generated public key, resulting in 'Verified OK'.

```
C:\Program Files\OpenSSL-Win64\bin>openssl rsa -in "C:\Users\De11\Desktop\study\allStudyMaterial-\sem 6\01_information security\02_labs\lab_08_2\privatekey.pem" -outform PEM -pubout -out "C:\Users\De11\Desktop\study\allStudyMaterial-\sem 6\01_information security\02_labs\lab_08_2\publickey.pem"
writing RSA key

C:\Program Files\OpenSSL-Win64\bin>openssl dgst -sha256 -verify "C:\Users\De11\Desktop\study\allStudyMaterial-\sem 6\01_information security\02_labs\lab_08_2\publickey.pem" -signature "C:\Users\De11\Desktop\study\allStudyMaterial-\sem 6\01_information security\02_labs\lab_08_2\data.txt.signature" "C:\Users\De11\Desktop\study\allStudyMaterial-\sem 6\01_information security\02_labs\lab_08_2\data.txt"
Verified OK

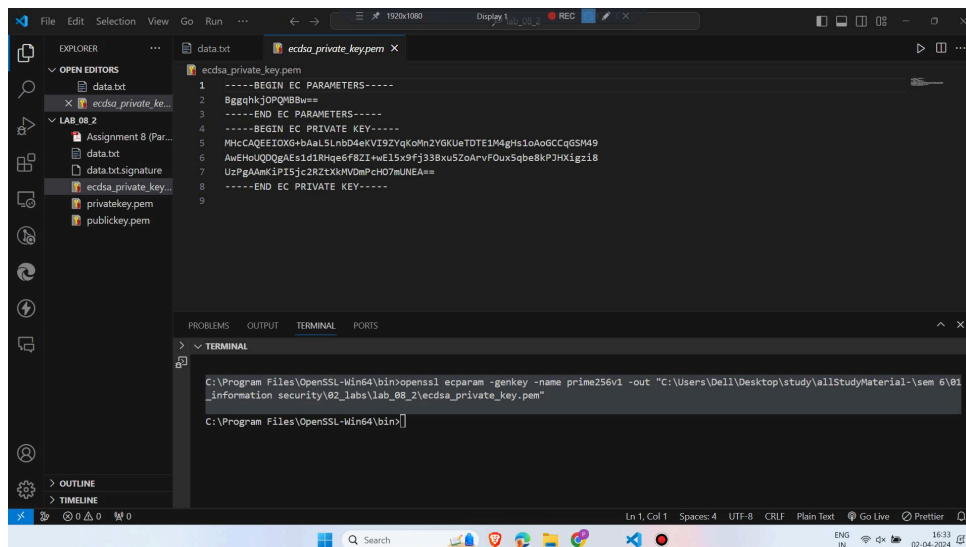
C:\Program Files\OpenSSL-Win64\bin>
```

Task 4:

To perform ECDSA (Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm) digital signature generation and verification follow these steps. ECDSA is based on elliptic curve cryptography and is commonly used for digital signatures.

a) Generate ECDSA Private Key

```
openssl ecparam -genkey -name prime256v1 -out ecdsa_private_key.pem
```



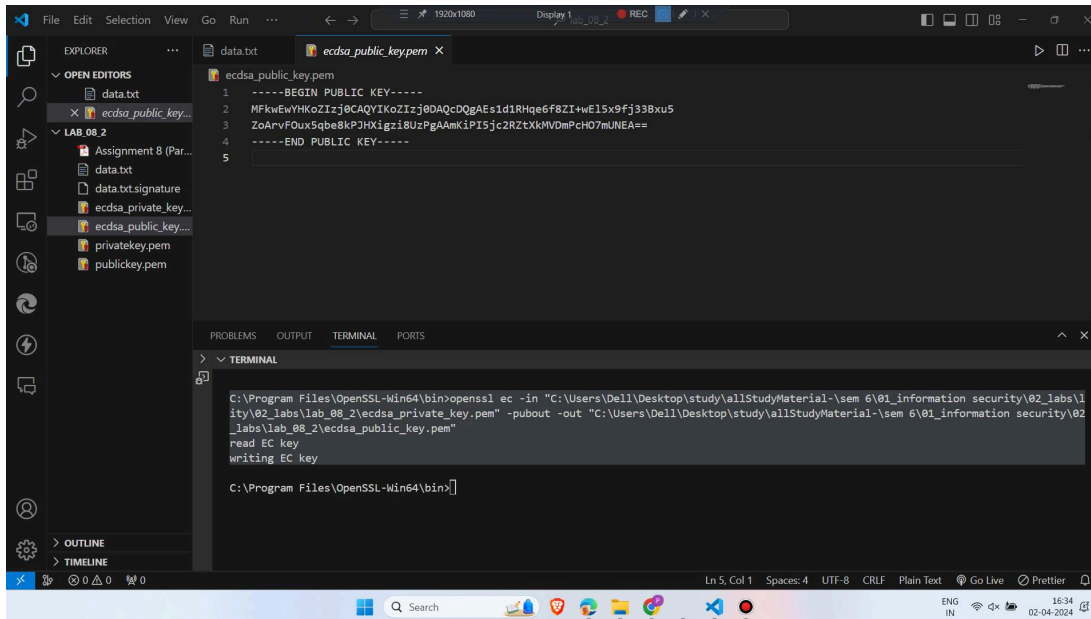
The screenshot shows a Visual Studio Code editor with a file explorer on the left. The file explorer shows a project structure with a folder named 'LAB 08 2' containing files: 'data.txt', 'data.txt.signature', 'privatekey.pem', 'publickey.pem', and 'ecdsa_private_key.pem'. The main editor window displays the content of 'ecdsa_private_key.pem', which is a PEM-formatted ECDSA private key. Below the editor, the 'TERMINAL' panel shows the execution of the command to generate the private key using OpenSSL.

```
C:\Program Files\OpenSSL-Win64\bin>openssl ecparam -genkey -name prime256v1 -out "C:\Users\De11\Desktop\study\allStudyMaterial-\sem 6\01_information security\02_labs\lab_08_2\ecdsa_private_key.pem"

C:\Program Files\OpenSSL-Win64\bin>
```

b) Extract ECDSA Public Key

`openssl ec -in ecdsa_private_key.pem -pubout -out ecdsa_public_key.pem`



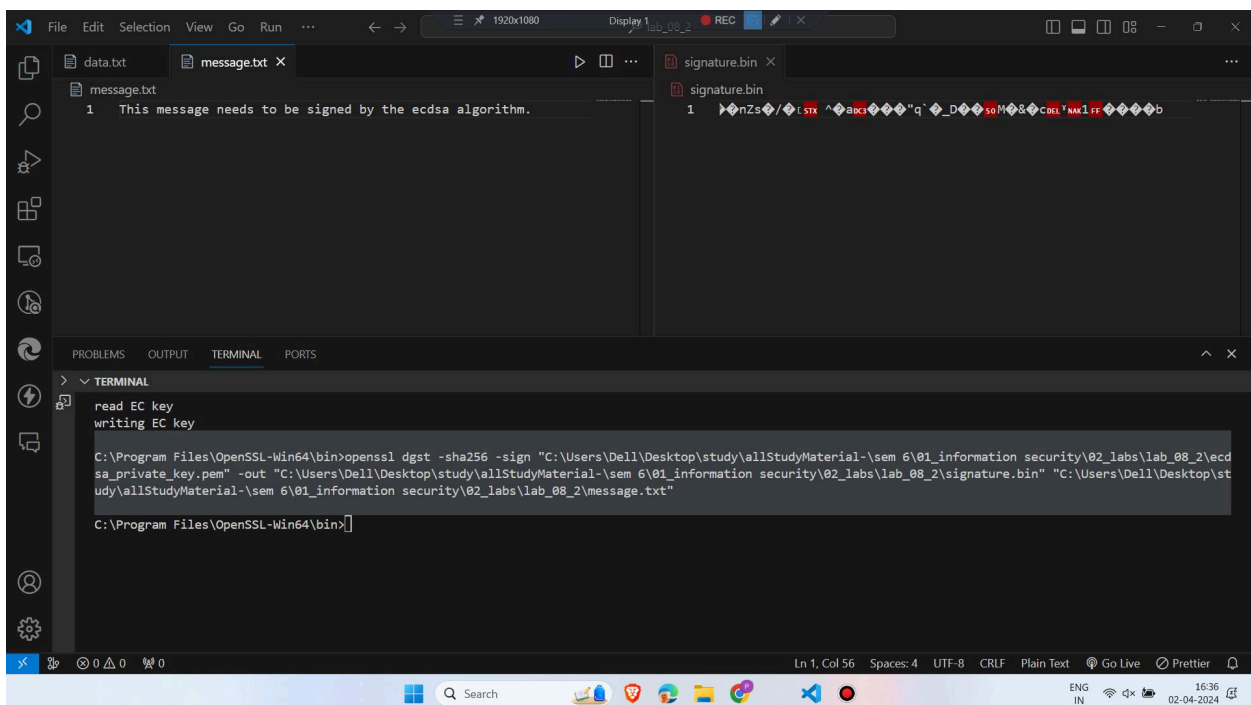
```
1 -----BEGIN PUBLIC KEY-----
2 MFkwEwYHKoZIzj0CAQYIKoZIzj0DAQcDQgAEs1d1RHqe6f8ZI+wE15x9fj33Bxu5
3 ZoArvFOux5qbe8kP3HXigzi8UzPgAamKiP15jc2RztXkMVDmPcH07mJNEA==
4 -----END PUBLIC KEY-----
5
```

```
C:\Program Files\OpenSSL-Win64\bin>openssl ec -in "C:\Users\Dell\Desktop\study\allStudyMaterial\sem 6\01_information security\02_labs\lab_08_2\ecdsa_private_key.pem" -pubout -out "C:\Users\Dell\Desktop\study\allStudyMaterial\sem 6\01_information security\02_labs\lab_08_2\ecdsa_public_key.pem"
read EC key
writing EC key

C:\Program Files\OpenSSL-Win64\bin>
```

c) Sign Data data.txt with ECDSA Private Key

`openssl dgst -sha256 -sign ecdsa_private_key.pem -out signature.bin message.txt`



```
1 This message needs to be signed by the ecdsa algorithm.
```

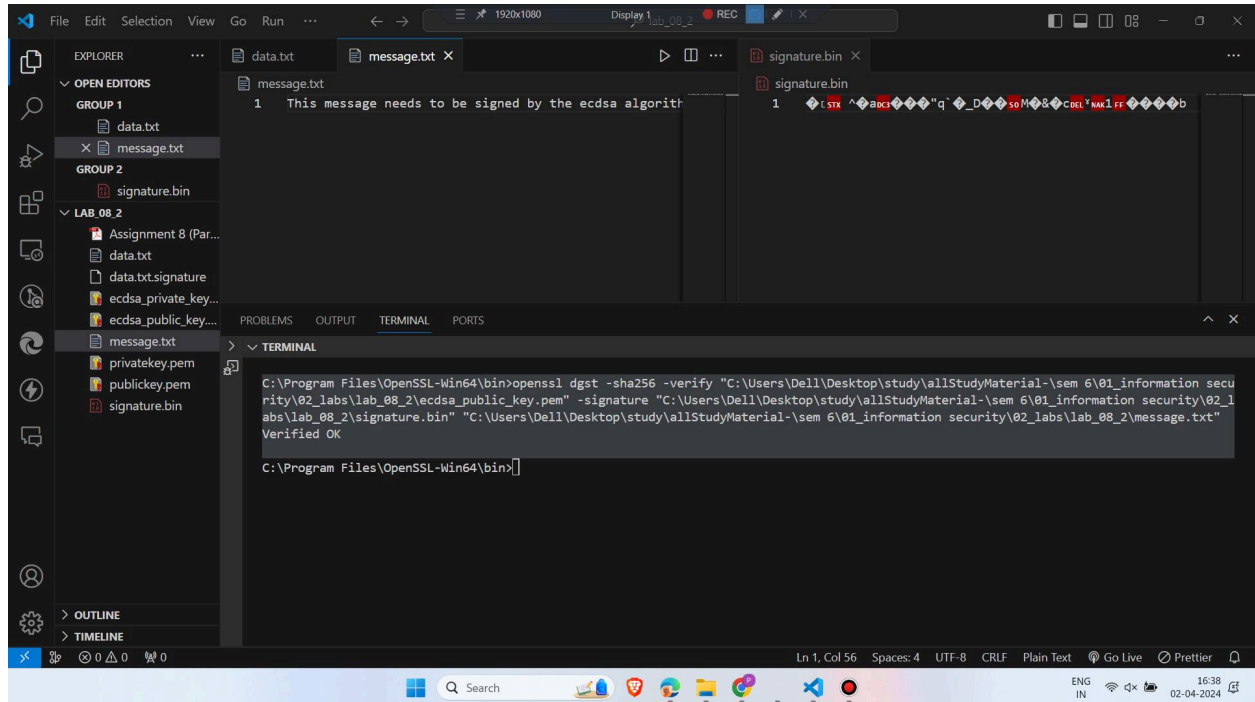
```
1 >nZs/STX^BCKq'D_8M8C8l'N1ff&b
```

```
C:\Program Files\OpenSSL-Win64\bin>openssl dgst -sha256 -sign "C:\Users\Dell\Desktop\study\allStudyMaterial\sem 6\01_information security\02_labs\lab_08_2\ecdsa_private_key.pem" -out "C:\Users\Dell\Desktop\study\allStudyMaterial\sem 6\01_information security\02_labs\lab_08_2\signature.bin" "C:\Users\Dell\Desktop\study\allStudyMaterial\sem 6\01_information security\02_labs\lab_08_2\message.txt"

C:\Program Files\OpenSSL-Win64\bin>
```

d) Verify Signature with ECDSA Public Key

**openssl dgst -sha256 -verify ecdsa_public_key.pem -signature signature.bin
message.txt**



The screenshot shows a Visual Studio Code editor window with three files open: `data.txt`, `message.txt`, and `signature.bin`. The `message.txt` file contains the text "1 This message needs to be signed by the ecdsa algorithm". The `signature.bin` file contains a single line of hexadecimal data. The terminal at the bottom shows the command `C:\Program Files\OpenSSL-Win64\bin>openssl dgst -sha256 -verify "C:\Users\Dell\Desktop\study\allStudyMaterial\sem 6\01_information security\02_labs\lab_08_2\ecdsa_public_key.pem" -signature "C:\Users\Dell\Desktop\study\allStudyMaterial\sem 6\01_information security\02_labs\lab_08_2\signature.bin" "C:\Users\Dell\Desktop\study\allStudyMaterial\sem 6\01_information security\02_labs\lab_08_2\message.txt"` and the output `Verified OK`. The terminal prompt is `C:\Program Files\OpenSSL-Win64\bin>`.