

CS223 : Computer Architecture & Organization

Lecture 24 [04.04.2022]

Introduction to RISC instruction pipeline



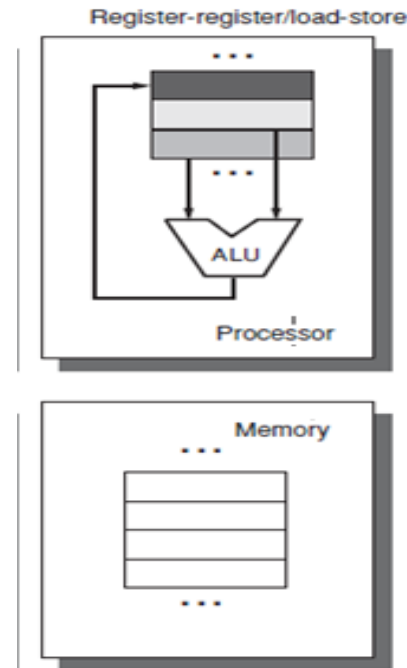
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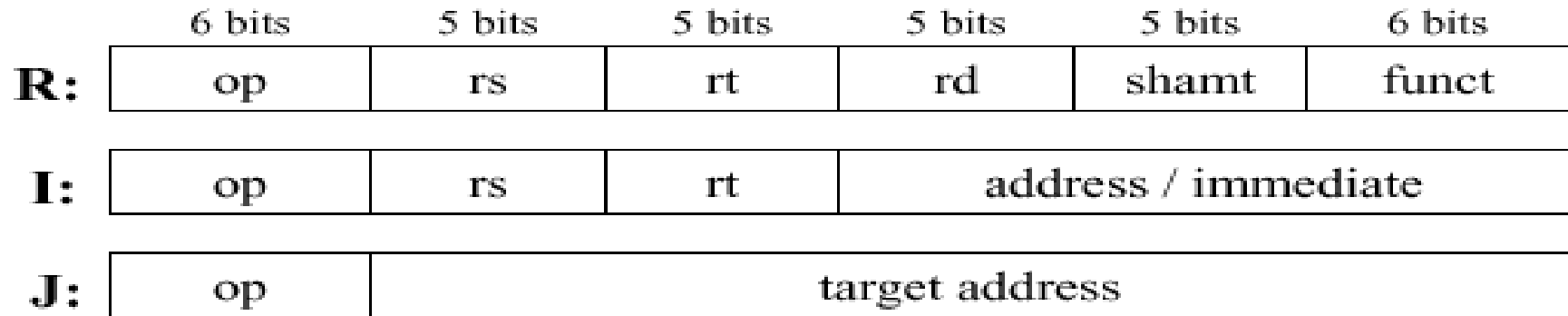
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Introduction to MIPS

- ❖ Microprocessor without Interlocked Pipelined Stages
- ❖ 32 registers (32 bit each)
- ❖ Uniform length instructions
- ❖ RISC- Load store architecture



Introduction to MIPS



op: basic operation of the instruction (opcode)

rs: first source operand register

rt: second source operand register

rd: destination operand register

shamt: shift amount

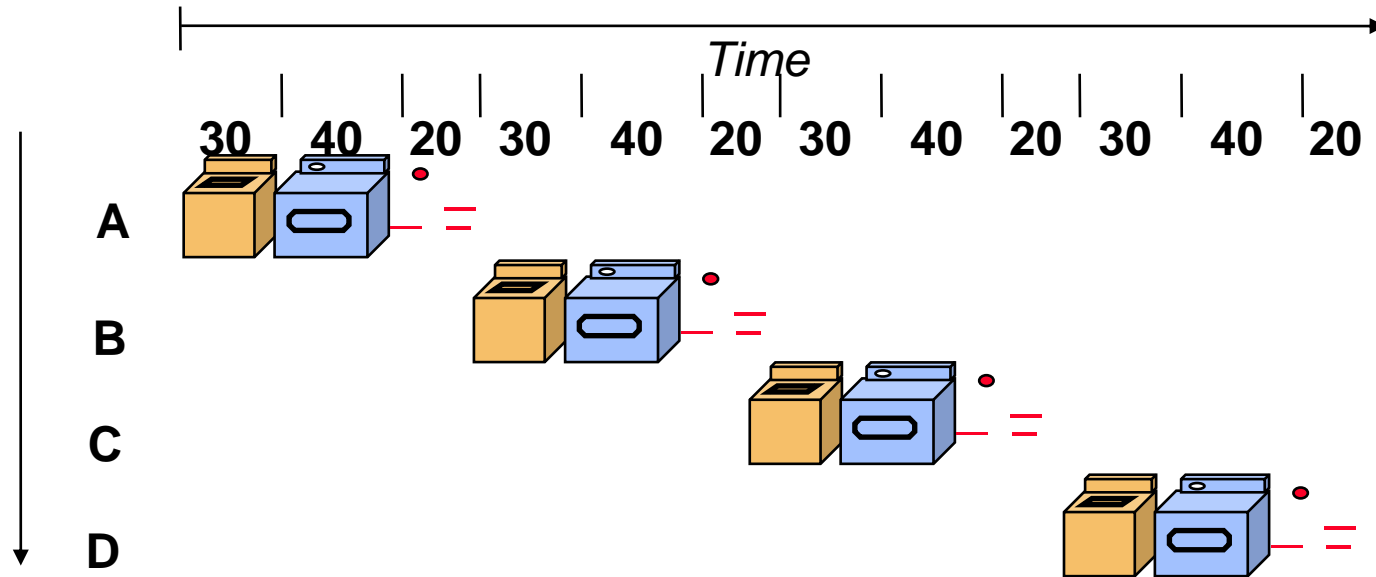
funct: selects the specific variant of the opcode (function code)

address: offset for load/store instructions ($\pm 2^{15}$)

immediate: constants for immediate instructions

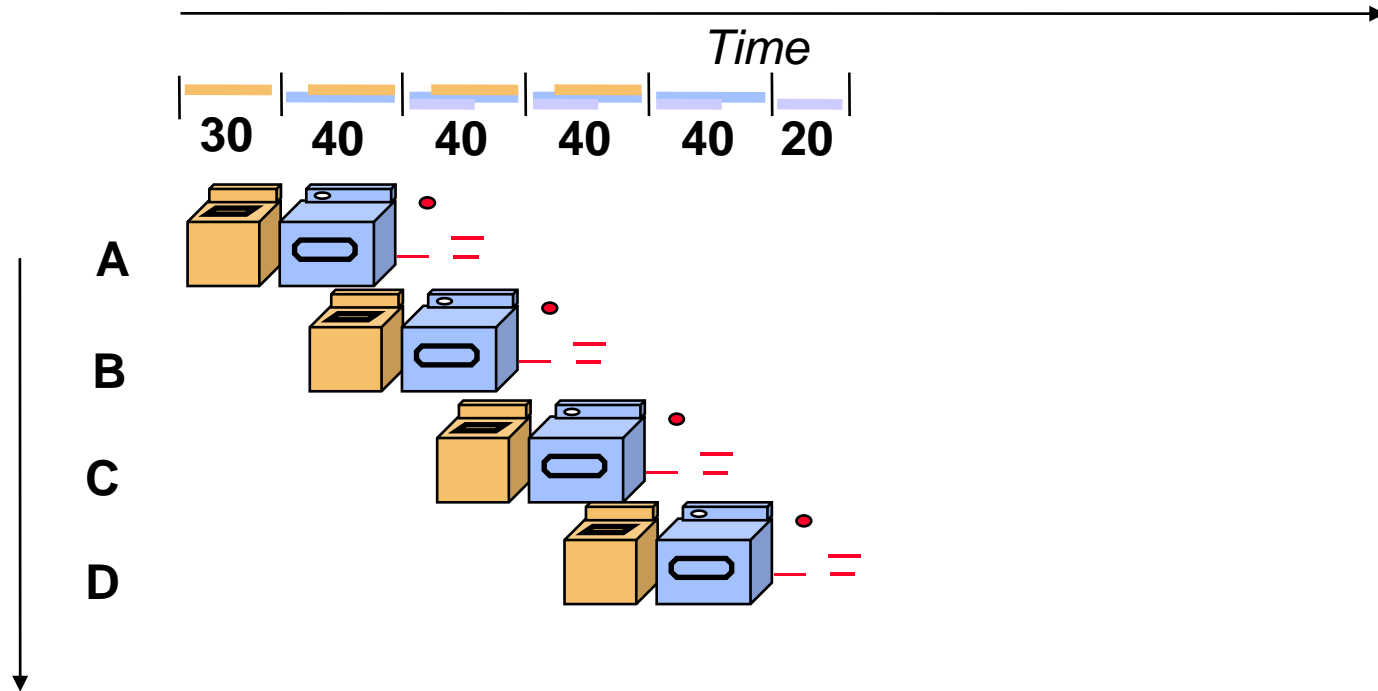
Unpipelined Work flow

- ❖ Start work when previous one is fully over
- ❖ Sequential laundry takes 6 hours for 4 loads



Pipelined Work flow

- ❖ Start work as soon as possible
- ❖ Pipelined laundry takes 3.5 hours for 4 loads

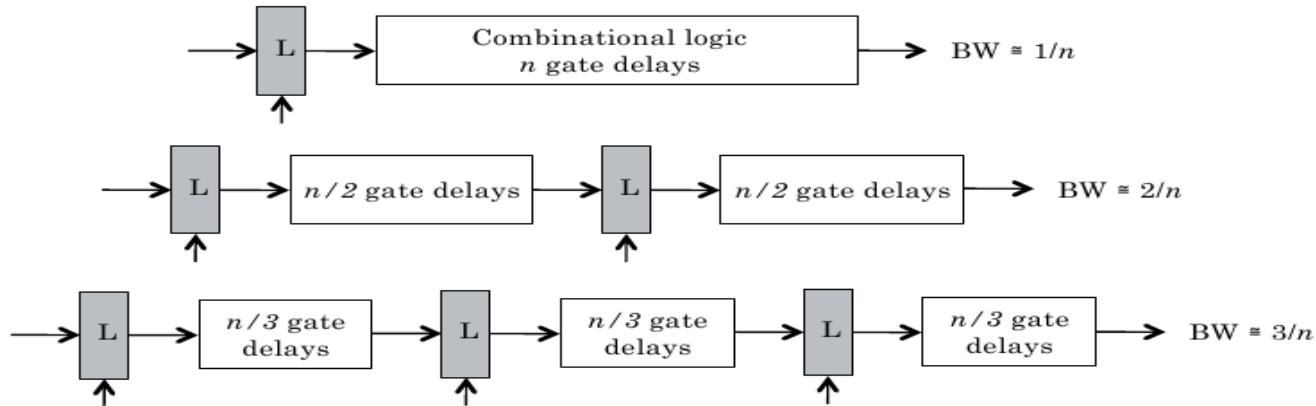


Pipelining Characteristics

- ❖ Pipelining doesn't reduce latency of single task, it improves throughput of entire workload
- ❖ Pipeline rate limited by slowest pipeline stage
- ❖ Potential speedup = Number of pipe stages
- ❖ Unbalanced lengths of pipe stages reduces speedup
- ❖ Time to fill pipeline and time to drain it reduces speedup

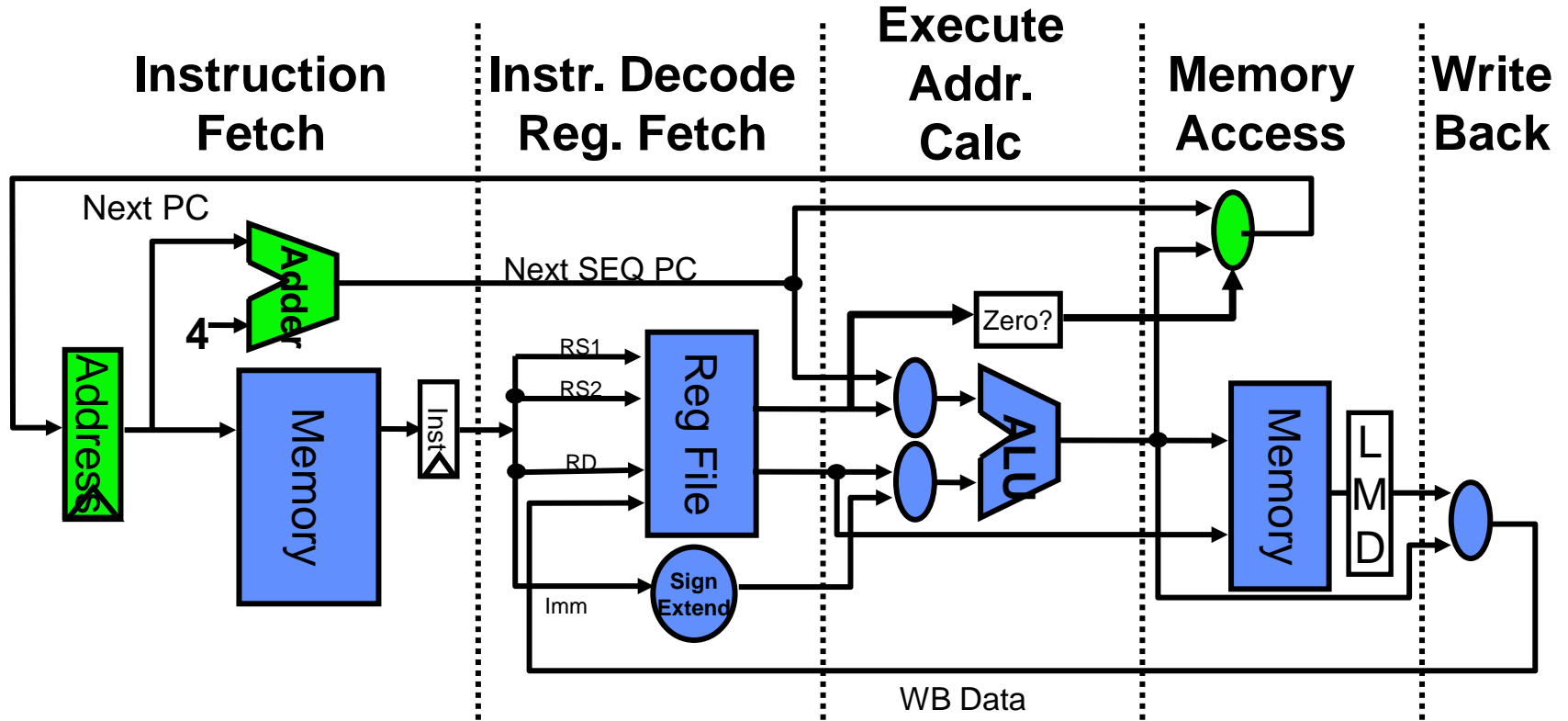
Pipelining in Circuits

- ❖ Pipelining partitions the system into multiple independent stages with added buffers between the stages.
- ❖ Pipelining can increase the throughput of a system.



Potential k -fold increase of throughput in a k -stage pipelined system

Unpipelined RISC Data path



Reference

- ❖ **Computer Architecture-A Quantitative Approach** (5th edition),
John L. Hennessy, David A. Patterson, Morgan Kaufman.
- ❖ Appendix C: **Pipelining: Basic and Intermediate Concepts**
 - ❖ Section C1: **Introduction**
- ❖ NPTEL Video Link: <https://tinyurl.com/ybcx9sae>



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