

input alphabet.

$$(Q, \Sigma, T, \delta, q_0, F)$$

tape alphabet

DTM

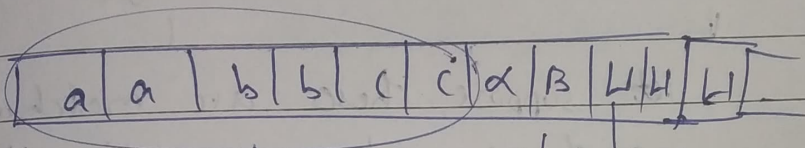
$$\delta: Q \times T \rightarrow Q \times T \times \{L, R\}$$

left or right.

NTM

$$\delta: Q \times (T \cup \{\epsilon\}) \rightarrow Q \times (T \cup \{\epsilon\}) \times \{L, R\}$$

Here input comes on tape so.
 $\Sigma \subset T$



input.

some other
tape alphabets.

blank spaces

Acceptance criteria:

- halt
 - accept → accepted even though whole input isn't read.
 - reject → reject state.
- may not halt.

eg $L = \{ w \# w \mid w \in \{0, 1\}^* \}$ or more repetitions.
 (called sharp)

00110 # 00110 ✓

011 # 01 ✗

$$\delta: Q \times T \rightarrow Q \times T \times \{L, R\}$$

α
 B
 γ

reads α from tape writes this goes to right or left

effective transitions will be of form

$$Q \xrightarrow{\alpha \rightarrow B, \gamma} Q$$

Let us notice one iteration of comparison

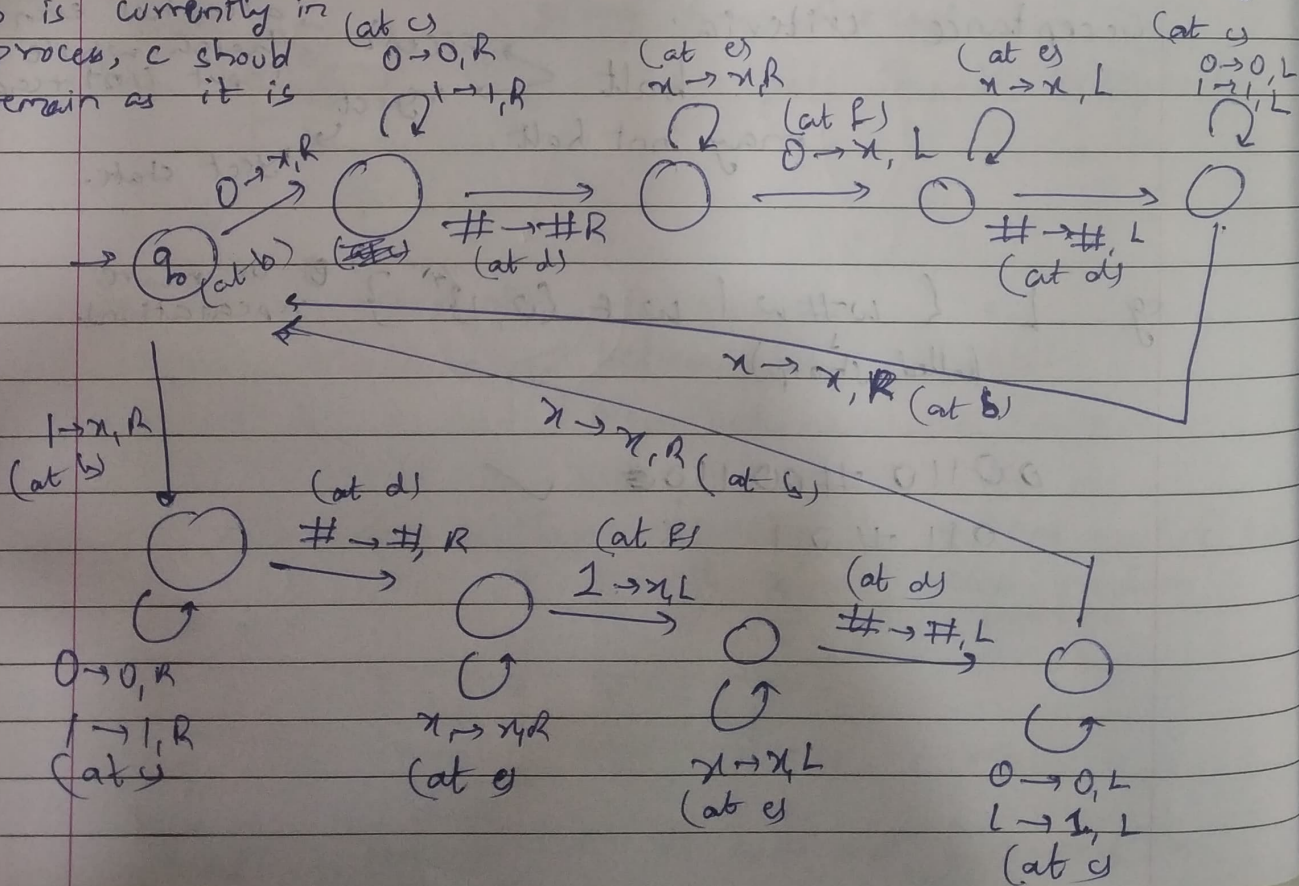
We label the verified ones with x .

0110 ... # 000110 ...

let suppose, these are matched

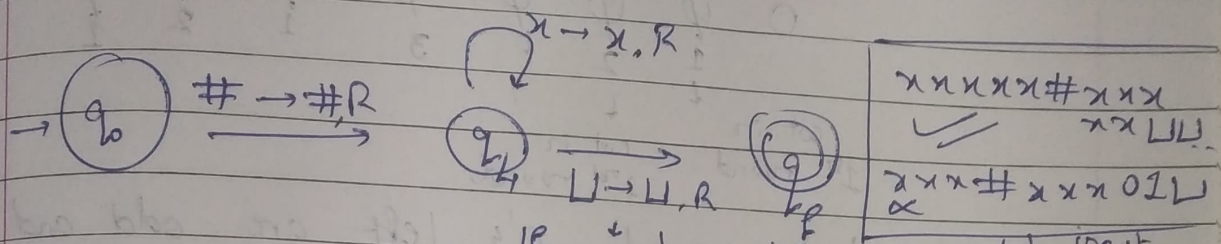
and we replace x with them on tape for better understanding.

all a's are processed
b is currently in process, c should remain as it is



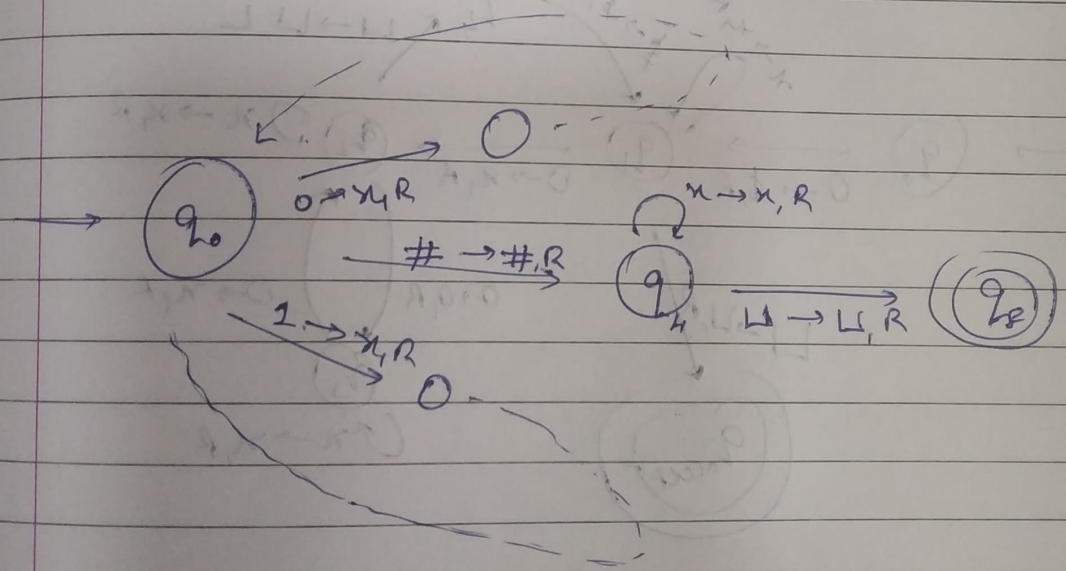
this machine verifies two strings simultaneously

If we have 011#0111 then this machine will stay on starting state. but we must reject this, or make correct one to accept, so one branch is added to it.



Due to limitation of space i have drawn them separate. IF we have blank, then only input will be accepted

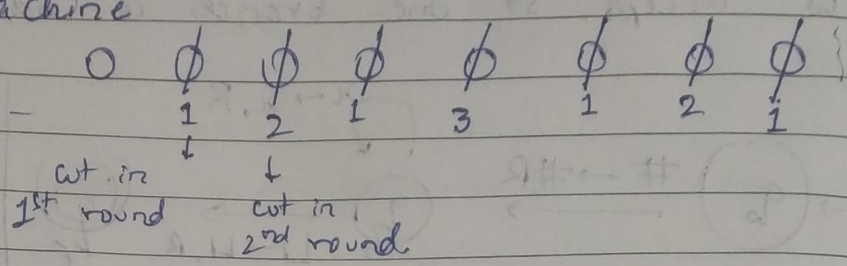
rough diagram of whole machine



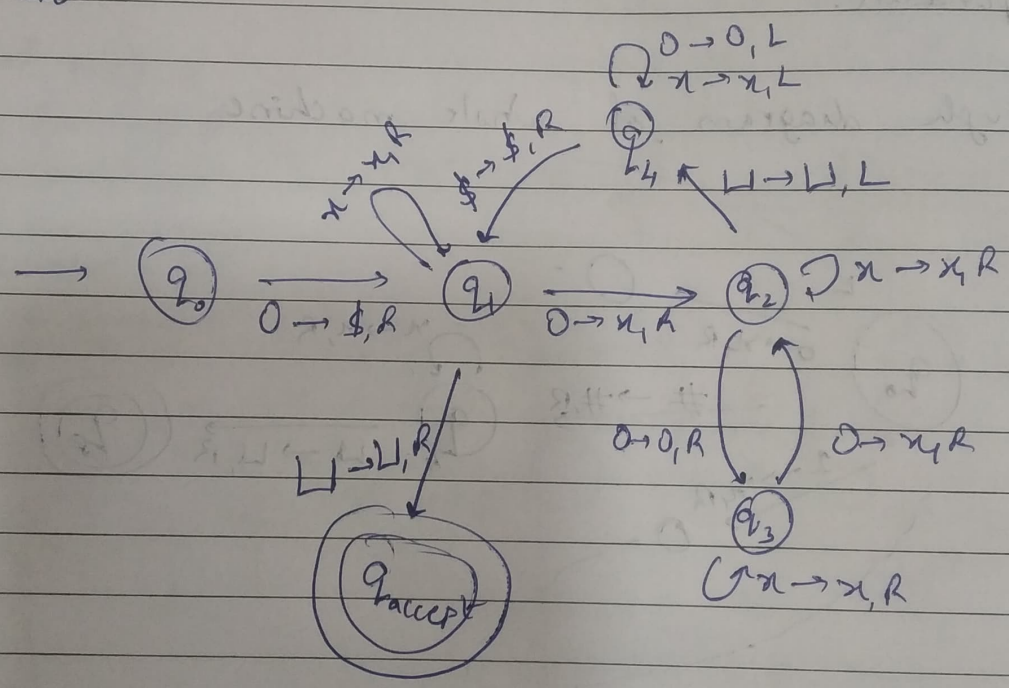
eg. $L = \{0^{2^n} \mid n \geq 0\}$

$$\begin{aligned} 0^{2^0} &= 0^1 = 0 \\ 0^{2^1} &= 0^2 = 00 \\ 0^{2^2} &= 0^4 = 0000 \\ 0^{2^3} &= 0^8 = \dots \end{aligned}$$

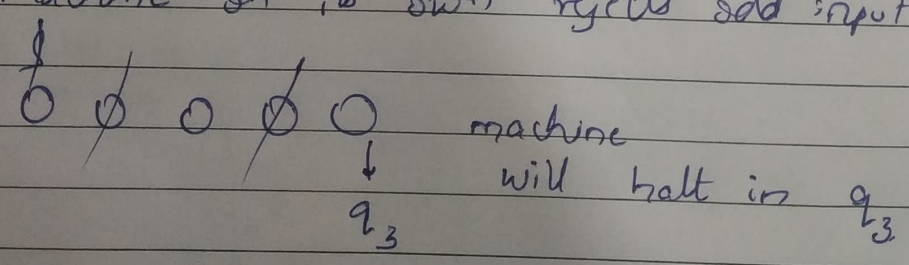
logic/idea to build a machine



In the last round, 0's left are odd and equal to 1, and in each round, there are even 0's left.



This machine on its own rejects odd input strings.



We make $L \rightarrow L, R$ transition, to be safe that whole input is processed