Structures & ADTs

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Some ways to define structures & types:

```
struct {
  float real;
  float imag;
} a [10], c;
```

```
struct comp_rec {
  float real;
  float imag;
};
struct comp_rec a[10],c;
```

```
typedef struct {
  float real;
  float imag;
} complex;
complex a[10],c;
```

```
struct stud_rec{
  char name[20];
  int roll;
  float SGPA[8];
  float CGPA;
};
struct stud_rec student[10];
```

```
typedef struct {
  char name[20];
  int roll;
  float SGPA[8];
  float CGPA;
} record;
record student[10];
```

```
typedef struct {
  char name[20];
  int roll;
  float SGPA[8];
  float CGPA;
} person[10];
person student;
```

sizeof()

```
main()
{ struct comp_rec { float real; float imag; } ;
 struct comp_rec a[10],c;
 typedef struct{
 char name[20]; int roll; float SGPA[8], CGPA;
} record, person[10];
person student;
printf("%d\n", sizeof(struct comp_rec));
printf("%d\n", sizeof(c));
printf("%d\n", sizeof(a));
printf("%d\n", sizeof(record));
printf("%d\n", sizeof(person));
printf("%d\n", sizeof(student[3]));
```

```
[ppchak]$ ./a.out
80
60
600
60
```

Abstract Data Types:

```
typedef struct
{ float real;
 float imag;
} complex;
complex add_c (complex, complex);
complex get_data_c();
void display_c(complex);
main()
complex a,b,c;
a = get_data_c();
b = get_data_c();
c = add_c(a,b);
display_c(c);
```

```
complex add_c(complex x, complex y)
 complex z;
 z.real = x.real + y.real;
 z.imag = x.imag + y.imag;
 return z;
complex get_data_c()
 complex x;
 scanf("%f%f", &x.real, &x.imag);
 return x;
void display_c(complex x)
printf("%f + i %f \setminus n", x.real, x.imag);
```

ADT Examples

- Complex number
 - Operations: add, subtract, multiply, divide
- Rational number:
 - Operations: reduce, add, subtract, multiply, divide
- Set
 - Operations: MakeSet, adjoin, member, union, intersection, difference, remove
- Integers of large size
 - Operations: add, subtract, multiply, divide
- Matrices

ADT: Rational Number Interface functions

```
Constructor function:
RATIONAL makerational (int, int);
Selector functions:
int numerator (RATIONAL);
Int denominator (RATIONAL);
Operations:
RATIONAL add (RATIONAL, RATIONAL);
RATIONAL mult (RATIONAL, RATIONAL);
RATIONAL reduce (RATIONAL);
Equality testing:
int equal (RATIONAL, RATIONAL);
Print:
void printrat (RATIONAL);
```

ADT: Rational Number Concrete implementation I

```
typedef struct {
  int numerator;
  int denominator;
}RATIONAL;
```

```
RATIONAL makerational (int x, int y) {
    RATIONAL r;
    r.numerator = x;
    r.denominator = y;
    return r;
}
```

```
int numerator (RATIONAL r) {
     return r.numerator;
}
int denominator (RATIONAL r) {
     return r.denominator;
}
```

```
RATIONAL reduce (RATIONAL r) {
    int g;
    g = gcd (r.numerator,r.denominator);
    r.numerator /= g;
    r.denominator /= g;
    return r;
}
```

ADT: Rational Number

implementation of add (1) typedef struct {

```
typedef struct {
  int numerator;
  int denominator;
} RATIONAL;
```

```
RATIONAL add (RATIONAL r1, RATIONAL r2) {
    RATIONAL r;
    int g;
    g = gcd(r1.denominator,r2.denominator);
    r.denominator = lcm(r1.denominator,r2.denominator);
    r.numerator = r1.denominator*r2.denominator/g;
    r.numerator += r2.denominator*r1.numerator/g;
    return r;
}
```

ADT: Rational Number

implementation of add (2) typedef struct {

```
int numerator;
int denominator;
}RATIONAL;
```

ADT: Rational Number Concrete implementation I

```
void printrat (RATIONAL r) {
      printf ("%d / %d ",r.numerator, r.denominator);
}
```

ADT: Rational Number Alternate Concrete implementation II

```
typedef struct {
  int ar[2];
}RATIONAL;
```

ADT: Rational Number Concrete implementation II

```
typedef struct {
  int ar[2];
}RATIONAL;
```

```
RATIONAL makerational (int x, int y) {
    RATIONAL r;
    r.ar[0] = x;
    r.ar[1] = y;
    return r;
}
```

```
int numerator (RATIONAL r) {
        return r.ar[0];
}
int denominator (RATIONAL r) {
        return r.ar[1];
}
```

```
RATIONAL reduce (RATIONAL r) {
    int g;
    g = gcd (r.ar[0], r.ar[1]);
    r.ar[0] /= g;
    r.ar[1] /= g;
    return r;
}
```

ADT Examples

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 - Operations: add, subtract, multiply, divide
- Martices

Pointers to records:

```
main()
{ typedef struct
 { float real;
   float imag;
  } complex;
complex a;
complex *t;
a.real = 5.1;
a.imag = 8.3;
t = &a;
printf("a.real = \%.2f\n", t->real);
printf("a.imag = \%.2f\n", t->imag);
```

```
[ppchak]$ ./a.out
a.real = 5.10
a.imag = 8.30
```

More on Pointers to structs:

```
main()
{ struct { float real; float imag; } a[10], c, *temp;
int i,n;
scanf("%d",&n);
for (i=0; i<n; i++) scanf("%f%f", &a[i].real, &a[i].imag);
temp = a;
c.real = 0; c.imag = 0;
for (i=0; i<n; i++)
{ c.real += temp[i].real;
  c.imag += (temp+i)->imag;
for (i=0; i<n; i++)
printf("a[%d] = %.2f +i %.2f\n", i, a[i].real, a[i].imag);
printf(" c = \%.2f + i \%.2f \setminus n", c.real, c.imag);
```

```
[ppchak]$ ./a.out
2.3 4.5
1.7 8.9
2.1 3.1
4.5 6.1
a[0] = 2.30 + i 4.50
a[1] = 1.70 + i 8.90
a[2] = 2.10 + i 3.10
a[3] = 4.50 + i 6.10
c = 10.60 + i 22.60
```

Parting Note::

You can define nested structs but be careful about circular definitions

```
struct my_rec{
  char name[20];
  struct my_rec x;
  float m[8];
  };
This is an unbounded wrong definition
```

```
struct my_rec{
  char name[20];
  struct my_rec *y;
  float m[8];
  };
This is Okay syntactically
```