CP Visualizer Format

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ECLiPSe ELearning Overview

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Outline

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Abstract

In this paper we describe a generic visualizer tool for finite domain constraint solvers, based on two data formats. The search tree visualizer allows to generate diagrams of the search tree of a finite domain constraint program. The constraint and variable visualizer displays information about the state of variables and constraints at different points of the computation. Both formats are using XML, and are described with their schemas in this document.

1 Introduction

Figure 1 shows the overall system architecture, for the ECLiPSe version of the tool. An annotated constraint program is run through the ECLiPSe system, and produces two log files, one for the search tree, the other for the constraints and variables. These log files are run through the Viz tool to generate visualization files in different formats. Most common are SVG based drawings, but treemaps, graphs and statistics can also be generated. The SVG files can be processed in different ways. They can be displayed in modern Web browsers, or can be edited with the inkscape SVG editor, for example to add annotations. inkscape can also be used in a batch process to convert the SVG drawings into other formats, in particular pdf for inclusion in LaTeX documents. Finally, the SVG files can be fed into the VizTool, an interactive SVG viewer linking multiple search tree and constraint visualizations.

To use the visualizer for another constraint system, the annotations in the source program need to be adjusted, and the log files must be generated during the execution of the tool.

Program + Annotation

ECLiPSe

VisualizationLog

Viz

Treemap

SVG

Graph

Statistics

Inkscape

Browser

Batch

VizTool

Annotated Image

Figure 1: Architecture

This document describes the intermediate log formats for the search tree and constraint visualizer tools. These are XML files, each defined according to a schema detailed in the appendix. The document is structured as follows: In the next section we show an example annotated constraint program (in ECLiPSe), to show how the logging steps interact with the constraint model. We then describe the details of the search tree visualizer in section 3. We give an example of the log format, discuss relevant points of the schema, and show some example output. In section 4, we repeat those steps for the constraint and variable visualizers. In section 5, we detail the interface of the viz program, and in section 6 we describe the interactive viz tool.

2 Example Program

Figure 2 shows the annotated ECLiPSe program to solve the SEND+MORE=MONEY puzzle, which highlights all required steps to interface the log generation with a constraint model. Before any constraint propagation is done, we create the visualization tool calling create_visualization, producing an opaque handle *Handle*. This handle gives us access to the visualization tool throughout the program, until we close the visualization

with close_visualization. We add a visualizer to the tool with the add_visualizer call, defining the type of the item to be visualized (here: vector) and the display format we want to use (here: expanded). When setting up constraints, we can explicitly call draw_visualizer to create a new snapshot of the model at this point. In this puzzle problem, we can name the variables with user-friendly labels, this is done with the name_variables call. Before starting the search, we call root to indicate that we are at the root of the search tree. The search routine uses a special version of the indomain assignment routine to automatically handle the updating of the logs at each search step. We describe the predicate tree_indomain below. Once a solution is found, we call the solution predicate to indicate that the search is finished and no further assignments will be done. At the end of the program, we close the visualizer with the close_visualization call, which will close the log files correctly, so that they can be processed with the viz tool.

Figure 2: Annotated SendMoreMoney Program

```
sendmory(L,Output,IgnoreFixed):-
  L=[S,E,N,D,M,O,R,Y],
  L :: 0..9,
  create_visualization([output:Output,
                          ignore_fixed: IgnoreFixed,
                          width:8,
                          height:10], Handle),
  add_visualizer(Handle,
                  vector(L),
                  [display:expanded]),
  alldifferent(L), draw_visualization(Handle),
  S #\= 0, draw_visualization(Handle),
  M #\= 0,draw_visualization(Handle),
  1000*S + 100*E + 10*N + D +
  1000*M + 100*O + 10*R + E #=
  10000 \star M + 1000 \star O + 100 \star N + 10 \star E + Y
  name_variables(Handle, L,
                  ['S','E','N','D','M','O','R','Y'],
                  Pairs),
  root (Handle),
  search (Pairs, 1, input_order,
         tree_indomain(Handle,_),
         complete, []),
  solution (Handle),
  close_visualization(Handle).
```

Note that not all the calls are required in every scenario, in particular we can skip the draw_visualization calls and the naming of the variables.

Figure 3 shows the internal operation of a visualizer aware indomain predicate. Depending on the value of the IgnoreFixed option, we may decide not to show any assignment steps which deal with already instantiated variables. The tree_indomain_generic routine gets the values in the domain into a list, possibly reordering the values depending on the assignment type Type and then iterates over the possible values in try_value. For each of the possible values V, it tries to set the variable X to this value. If this works, then it creates a TRY search node, indicating the assignment of the value V as the focus when drawing the visualization. If the assignment fails, it creates a FAIL tree node, and marks the failed assignment in the visualization, before forcing a fail to backtrack over the assignment. In the recursive call, we skip the first value, and test the remaining entries in the list of possible values.

The parameter Term of the indomain routine is not just a domain variable, but a term with multiple arguments. We extract the correct fields with multiple arg calls, using some parameters in the visualization structure. Ordinary ECLiPSe users should not have to understand the details of the tree_indomain_generic implementation, in most cases it is enough just to use a packaged search routine. We presented the details at this point to explain when the different nodes types of the search log are generated, and which state of the execution is captured

Figure 3: Prolog Based Indomain Version

```
tree_indomain_generic(Term, Handle, Handle, Type):-
  Handle = visualization{ignore_fixed:IgnoreFixed,
                           var_arg:VarArg,
                           name_arg:NameArg,
                           focus_arg:FocusArg},
  arg(VarArg, Term, X),
  ((integer(X), IgnoreFixed = yes) ->
      arg(NameArg, Term, Name),
      arg(FocusArg, Term, Focus),
      get_domain_as_list(X,L),
      get_domain_size(X, Size),
      reorganize_domain(X,L,Type,K),
      try_value(Handle, X, K, Name, Size, Focus)
  ) .
try_value(Handle, X, [V|_], Name, Size, Focus):-
  ((X = V, true) \rightarrow
      try(Handle, Name, Size, V),
      focus_option(Focus, FocusOption),
      draw_visualization(Handle, FocusOption)
      failure (Handle, Name, Size, V),
      fail_option(Focus, V, FailOption),
      draw_visualization(Handle, FailOption),
      fail
  ) .
try_value(Handle, X, [_|R], Name, Size, Focus):-
  try_value(Handle, X, R, Name, Size, Focus).
```

in the visualization logs.

There are four different search tree log node entries:

- **root** There is a single *root* node with *id* 0, at the very top of the search tree. The corresponding visualizer snapshot is taken before the first assignment is attempted. It typically will show the effect of the constraint setup, e.g. domain reductions which have been performed while stating the constraints. The *root* node is generated by a call to the root predicate.
- **try** A *try* node is generated whenever the assignment of a value to a variable succeeded. The visualizer snapshot shows the state after that assignment, and highlights the assigned variable.
- **fail** A *fail* node is generated whenever the assignment of a value to a variable failed. The visualizer snapshot shows the state *before* that assignment, as this is the last fix-point that can be displayed. The visualizer also shows the failed assignment choice itself, but not any further constraint propagation which led to the failure. In particular, it does not show which domain was wiped out, or which constraint detected the failure.
- succ Whenever a complete assignment which satisfies all constraints has been found, a *succ* node is generated. It marks the last choice as leading to a success. The visualization snapshot shows the state after the last assignment, i.e. there should be no variables left. The *succ* nodes are generated by a call to the solution predicate.

3 Search Tree Visualizer

In this section we describe the log format and the visualizer for the search tree. This can be used as a stand-alone tool to understand the search behavior of the program, without any variable or constraint visualizations.

3.1 Example

Figure 4 shows an example of the log format for the search tree. It is the search tree created when running the SEND+MORE=MONEY program above. The top-level element is *tree*, which contains a sequence of node elements of the four possible types. The first node must be a *root* node, the order of the following entries depends on the search. The log may contain zero, one or more *succ* nodes, the last node often is a *succ* node, but, as shown here, this is not always the case, depending on where the search is stopped. In this example we have explored all possible choice points, unfortunately this is often only possible for quite small problems.

Note how the *tree* element refers to the schema for the search tree log, given in the tree.xsd file. Using the schema is not required, but can help XML tools to validate a file based on the given structural information.

3.2 Schema

The tree.xsd schema is detailed in the appendix. Figure 5 shows a high-level structural reference. The *tree* element has a single *version* attribute (currently "1.0"), the *succ* and *root* node elements have a single *id* attribute, while *try* and *fail* elements have five attributes. They are

id This is a non-negative integer which serves as a reference to the node. Nodes should be numbered consecutively, starting with the *root* node with *id* 0.

parent This is a reference to the parent of the current node. This is a non-negative integer.

name This string holds the name of the selected variable. Often, this will be just an index in a list or vector rather than a specific name string. In our example file (figure 4) we have named the variables explicitly.

size This non-negative integer is the size of the domain of the selected variable before the assignment. This information can be helpful to understand the size of the unexplored part of the search tree.

value This is the integer value which is assigned to the variable at this node.

All attributes are required. A valid log file must have at least a single *root* node. Note that the log file is a flat structure, all nodes are children of the single *tree* element, i.e. the nodes are not nested according to the tree structure. The structure itself is maintained through the *id* and *parent* attributes.

Figure 4: Example Input Format

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="yes"?>
<!- Helmut Simonis (University College Cork) ->
<tree version="1.0"</pre>
      xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
      xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="tree.xsd">
  <root id="0"/>
  <try id="1" parent="0" name="S" size="1" value="9"/>
  <fail id="2" parent="1" name="E" size="4" value="4"/>
  <try id="3" parent="1" name="E" size="4" value="5"/>
  <try id="4" parent="3" name="N" size="1" value="6"/>
  <try id="5" parent="4" name="D" size="1" value="7"/>
  <try id="6" parent="5" name="M" size="1" value="1"/>
  <try id="7" parent="6" name="0" size="1" value="0"/>
  <try id="8" parent="7" name="R" size="1" value="8"/>
  <try id="9" parent="8" name="Y" size="1" value="2"/>
  <succ id="9"/>
  <fail id="10" parent="1" name="E" size="4" value="6"/>
  <fail id="11" parent="1" name="E" size="4" value="7"/>
</tree>
```

3.3 Output

Figure 6 shows the resulting tree picture generated from the log file in figure 4. *Try* nodes are visualized as a node labelled with the variable name and a downward link labelled with the selected value. If multiple values for a variable are explored in a choice point, then the variable node is shared. *Fail* nodes are displayed as small red circles, while *succ* nodes are displayed as slightly larger, green circles. The *root* node is usually not displayed. Considering the links in upward direction shows the parent relation.

As the search tree grows in size, displaying the complete, expanded search tree becomes unwieldy. There are different options to compress failed sub-trees, or to only show some of the nodes in the tree. The latter option is also used to generate animations of the search progress, where a separate picture is drawn for each search node. Shown in sequence, they give an impression of the search progress.

4 Constraint and Variable Visualizers

In this section we describe the log format and visualizers for domain variables and constraints. While they can be used stand-alone, they normally refer to search tree nodes, so that a proper understanding of the behavior must integrate both logs.

4.1 Example

Figure 7 shows an excerpt of the log file generated from the example program in figure 2. An ellipsis (...) marks parts which have been removed. The top level element is *visualization*, which contains a non-empty set of *visualizer* elements followed by a set of *state* elements. The *visualizer* elements describe the different visualizers which should be shown in the visualization, the *state* elements describe execution states where snapshots for the variables and constraints are taken. Inside each *state* element, there are *visualizer_state* elements, one for each visualizer. The states refer to the current search tree node with an attribute *tree_node*. This attribute has value -1 if the snapshot is taken outside the search, otherwise it is the *id* of the current node. The *visualizer_state* element refers to its *visualizer* through its *id* attribute.

4.1.1 Basic Types

Inside each visualizer_state element we describe the state of its variables. This can be one of four types:

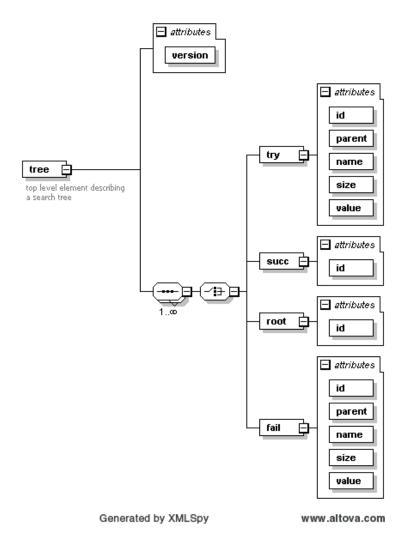


Figure 5: Search Tree Schema

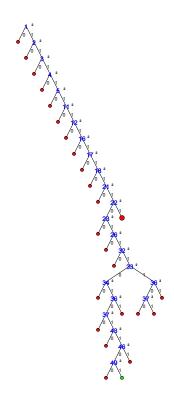


Figure 6: Example Search Tree Output

Figure 7: Visualization Log Example

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="yes"?>
<visualization version="1.0"</pre>
                       xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
                       xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="visualization.xsd">
<state id="1" tree_node="-1">
      <dvar index="1" domain="0 .. 9"/>
<dvar index="2" domain="0 .. 9"/>
<dvar index="3" domain="0 .. 9"/>
<dvar index="4" domain="0 .. 9"/>
<dvar index="5" domain="0 .. 9"/>
<dvar index="6" domain="0 .. 9"/>
<dvar index="7" domain="0 .. 9"/>
<dvar index="7" domain="0 .. 9"/>
<dvar index="8" domain="0 .. 9"/>
<dvar index="8" domain="0 .. 9"/>

      </visualizer_state>
   </state>
   <state id="5" tree_node="1">
      <visualizer_state id="1">
         <dvar index="8" domain="2 .. 8"/>
         <focus index="1"/>
      </visualizer_state>
   </state>
   <state id="6" tree_node="2">
      <visualizer_state id="1">
         visualizer_state id="1">
<integer index="1" value="9"/>
<dvar index="2" domain="4 . 7"/>
<dvar index="3" domain="5 . 8"/>
<dvar index="4" domain="2 . 8"/>
<integer index="5" value="1"/>
<integer index="6" value="0"/>

         <dvar index="7" domain="2 .. 8"/>
<dvar index="8" domain="2 .. 8"/>
         <failed index="2" value="4"/>
      </visualizer_state>
   </state>
   <state id="14" tree_node="9">
      <visualizer_state id="1">
         <integer index="1" value="9"/>
<integer index="2" value="5"/>
         <integer index= 2 value= 3 //
<integer index="3" value="6"/>
<integer index="4" value="7"/>
         <integer index="5" value="1"/>
<integer index="6" value="0"/>
<integer index="7" value="8"/>
         <integer index="8" value="2"/>
      </visualizer_state>
   </state>
</visualization>
```

dvar This element describes an unassigned variable, its position in the visualizer (attribute *index*), and its domain (attribute *domain*). If the visualizer is a one dimensional collection, the *index* is an integer, for two dimensional collections, it is a sequence of two integers, etc. The domain can be given as an interval (1 . . 9) or as a white space separated list of integer values (1 2 3 5 7).

integer This element describes an assigned variable. The *index* attribute plays the same role as for *dvar* elements.

svar This element describes a set variable, given by lower and upper bounds on the set elements.

sinteger This is the basic type for a finite integer set.

other The element can be used by more complex global constraints to contain information which is not of one of the other basic types. An example would be atomic constraint types $(<, \le, \ne)$ used by some constraints.

focus This element describes a value assignment which should be highlighted in the visualizer. This is used in states which correspond to *try* search nodes. Only a single entry may be given.

failed This element describes a failed assignment. It marks the element which should be highlighted in the visualizer. This is used in states which correspond to *fail* search nodes. Only a single entry may be given, it can not be used in the same visualizer_state with a *focus* element.

4.1.2 Structured Types

If we want to visualize more complex global constraints, we can use additional structured types.

argument A number of (named or numbered) arguments can be given for a visualizer. Each argument may contain a single basic type, or a sequence of basic types, or more structured collection and tuple types. Arguments can only appear as direct children of visualizer_state elements, they can not be nested.

collection A collection is used to bind a sequence of other elements together. All elements inside a collection must have the same type, and can be other collections, tuples or basic types.

tuple A tuple provides fields for multiple elements which are accessed by name. They do not need to have the same type, and can be collections, other tuples or basic types.

Figure 8 shows an excerpt of a log file for a cumulative constraint. The constraint has two arguments, the first is a sequence of tuples, the second a single limit value. Each tuple corresponds to a task, the fields can be accessed with named indices *start*, *dur* and *res*.

4.2 Schema

Figure 9 shows the high-level structure of the <code>visualization.xsd</code> schema, which is described in more detail in the appendix. The top level <code>visualization</code> element contains <code>visualizer</code> and <code>state</code> elements. Insides each <code>state</code> element we have a sequence of <code>visualizer_state</code> elements, which in turn contain elements for variables and constants as well as focus and failure information. The schema contains the structured elements for arguments, collections and tuples, but does not enforce all constraints on them, e.g. it does not know that all members of a collection should have them same type.

4.3 Output

Figure 10 shows the output of the vector visualization in expanded form for a single state of execution. A vector is a one-dimensional sequence of variables, the expanded display shows each possible value in the domains as a separate field. Color coding is used to show which values have been assigned at this step (red), which values have been removed from the domain (blue) and which values remain in the domains (green). The display shown does not use the optional labels to save space in the display.

Figure 8: Example Log for Cumulative Constraint

```
</visualizer state>
<visualizer_state id="6" >
<argument index="tasks" >
<tuple index="1" >
<dvar index="start" domain="1 .. 8" />
<integer index="dur" value="1" />
<integer index="res" value="1" />
</tuple>
<tuple index="2" >
<dvar index="start" domain="1 .. 8" />
<integer index="dur" value="1" />
<integer index="res" value="1" />
</tuple>
<tuple index="3" >
<dvar index="start" domain="1 .. 8" />
<integer index="dur" value="1" />
<integer index="res" value="1" />
</tuple>
<tuple index="4" >
<dvar index="start" domain="1 .. 8" />
<integer index="dur" value="1" />
<integer index="res" value="1" />
</tuple>
<tuple index="5" >
<dupre index= 3 /
<dvar index="start" domain="1 .. 8" />
<integer index="dur" value="1" />
<integer index="res" value="1" />
</tuple>
<tuple index="6" >
<dvar index="start" domain="1 .. 8" />
<integer index="dur" value="1" />
<integer index="res" value="1" />
</tuple>
<tuple index="7" >
<dvar index="start" domain="1 .. 8" />
<integer index="dur" value="1" />
<integer index="res" value="1" />
</tuple>
<tuple index="8" >
<dvar index="start" domain="1 .. 8" />
<integer index="dur" value="1" />
<integer index="res" value="1" />
</tuple>
</argument>
<argument index="limit" >
<integer index="1" value="1" />
</argument>
</visualizer_state>
```

5 Viz Program

The viz program is a command line tool which converts the log files into one or multiple drawings of some format. It is called with three arguments, all XML files. The first is a configuration file, which defines the tools that should be used to visualize the input data. The format of the configuration is detailed in the appendix, an example file is shown in figure 11.

More detailed documentation of the Viz program is given in its Javadoc description.

6 VizTool Program

The VizTool program is an interactive tool to display the visualizations along a time-line and to animate movement through the search. Figure 13 shows a snapshot. There is a time-line at the top, and two main panes, on the left for the search tree, on the right for the constraint visualization.

7 Conclusion

In this paper we have described the format for a generic CP visualizer, developed initially for an on-line constraint programming course using ECLiPSe. It uses XML based log files to collect information about the search, the

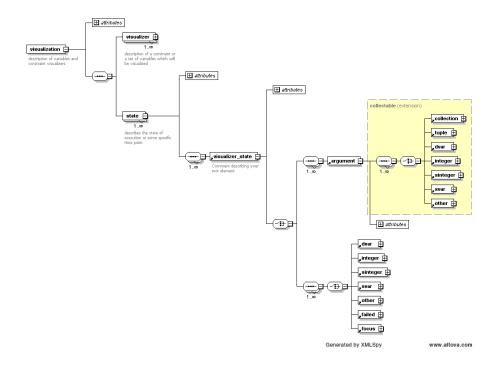


Figure 9: Visualization Log Schema

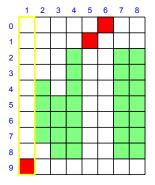


Figure 10: Example Visualization Output

Figure 11: Configuration Sample File

variables and the constraints of the problem, and produces diagrams that can be used interactively, or processed for inclusion in documents and web sites.

The log formats are described using XML schemas, and Java tools to process and display the information are available under a Modzilla-type license for use with any constraint programming system.

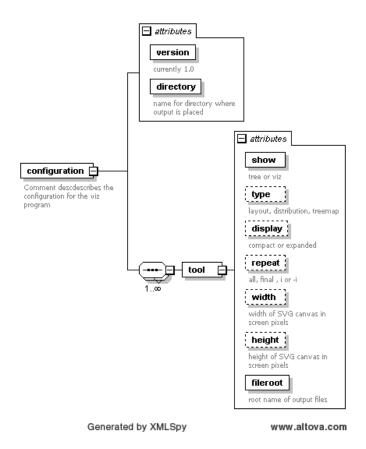
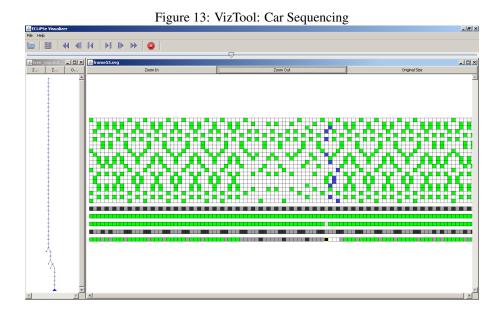


Figure 12: Configuration Schema

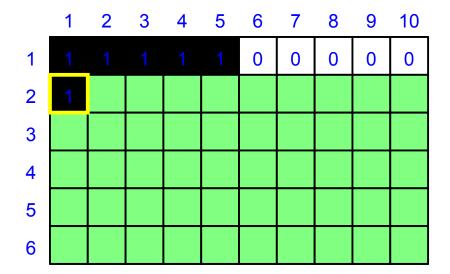


A Example Programs

The following pages show some snapshots from the visualization of different example programs written in ECLiPSe, generated by the Viz program as SVG output and converted into PDF documents through inkscape. We used the inkscapec extension to run inkscape through a Makefile.

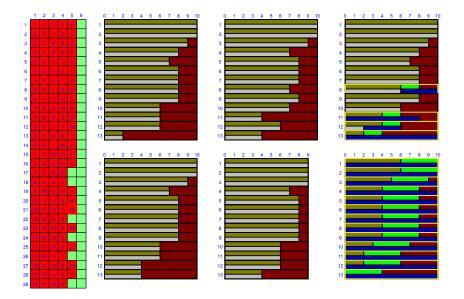
A.1 Bibd

Figure 14: Balanced Incomplete Block Design



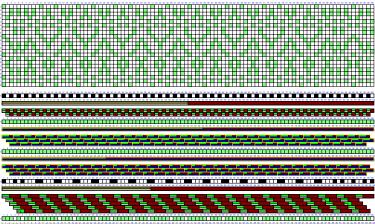
A.2 Bin

Figure 15: Bin Packing Version of Party



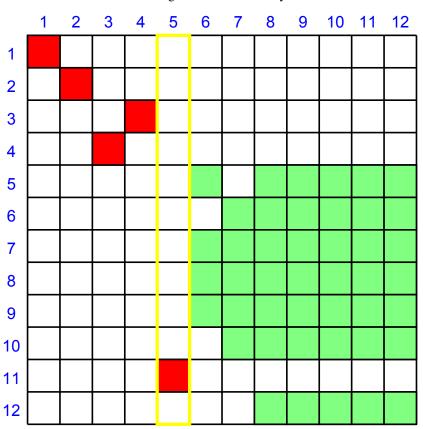
A.3 Car

Figure 16: Car Sequencing with Sequence Constraints

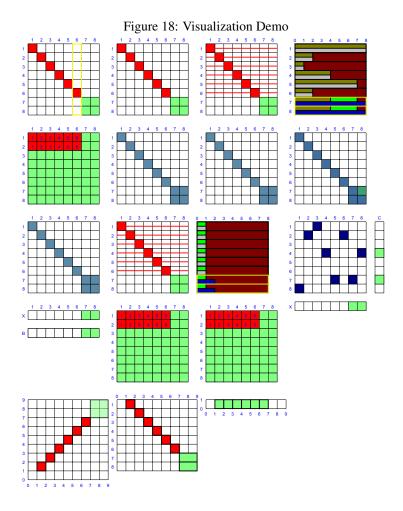


A.4 Costas

Figure 17: Costas Array

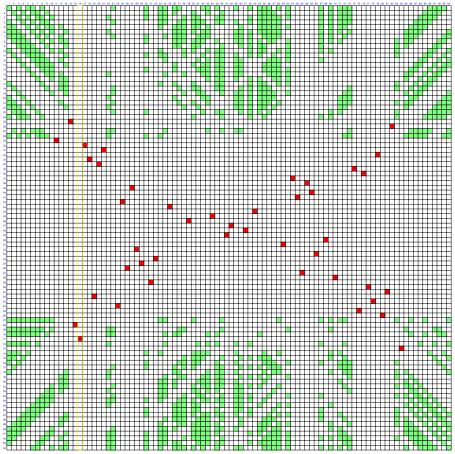


A.5 Mix

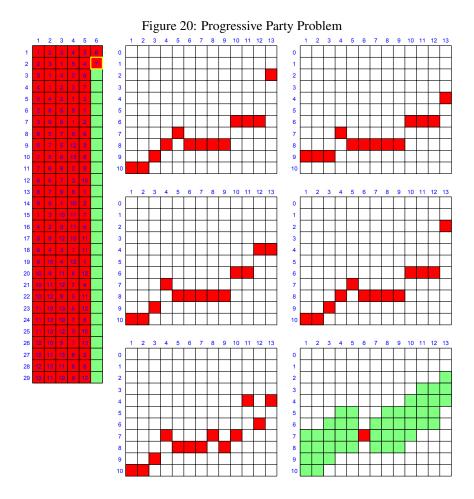


A.6 Nqueen

Figure 19: N-Queen Puzzle



A.7 Party



A.8 Rooms

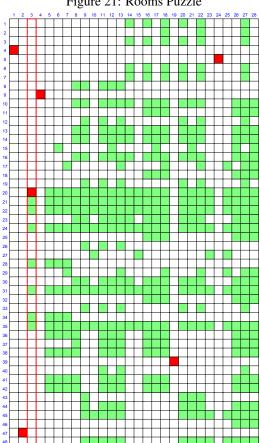
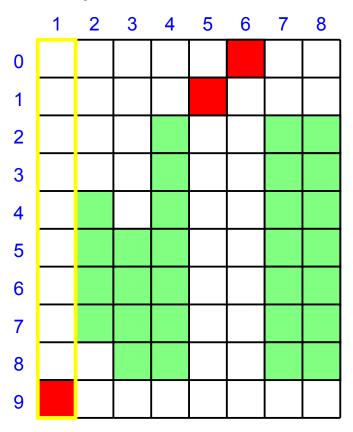


Figure 21: Rooms Puzzle

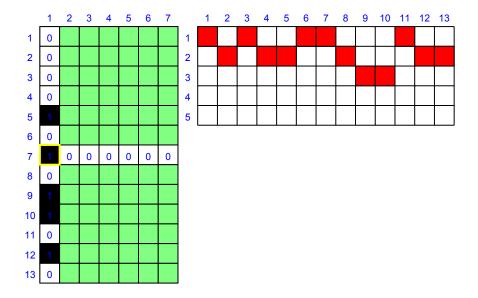
A.9 Sendmore

Figure 22: SEND+MORE=MONEY Puzzle



A.10 Sonet

Figure 23: Sonet Network Design



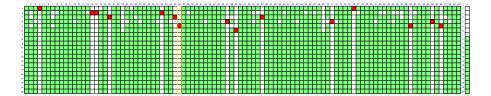
A.11 Sudoku

Figure 24: Sudoku

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	4	1	8	5	3 6 9	2 3 6 9	5 7	6 7 9	5 6 7 9
2	3 6 9	2 5 6	3 5 9	1	7	2 3 6 9	4 5 8	6 9	5 6 8 9
3	6 7 9	5 6	5 9	4 5 9	8	6 9	1 4 5 7	3	2
4	1	4	6	379	3 9	8	2	5	7
5	5	0	2	3 4 7	4	137	3 7	80	3 6 7
6	8	3	7	6	2	5	9	4	1
7	2	7	1 3 4 9	3 8 9	5	3 6 9	1 3	1 9	3 8 9
8	3 6 9	5 6 8	3 5 9	2 3 7 8 9	1	4	3 5 7 8	2 7 9	3 5 7 8 9
9	3 9	5 8	1 3 5 9	2 3 7 8 9	3 9	2 37 9	6	 1 2 7 9 	4

A.12 Wave

Figure 25: Routing and Wavelength Assignment



Schema tree.xsd

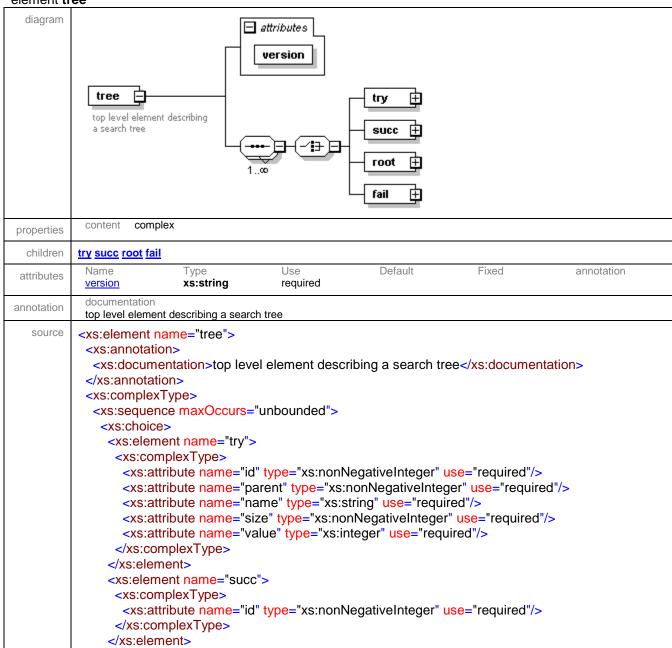
schema location: ...\.sendmore\FULL\tree.xsd

attribute form default: unqualified element form default: qualified

Elements

tree

element tree

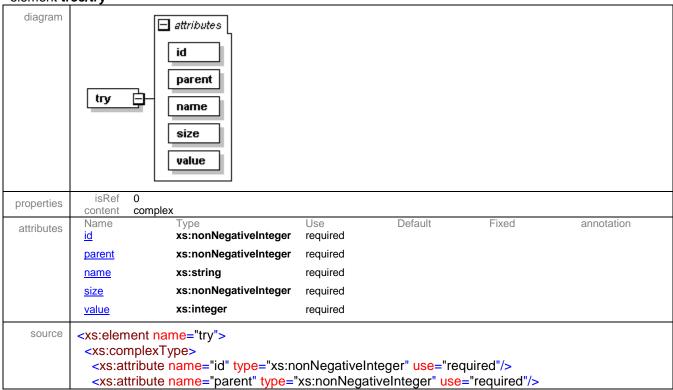


```
<xs:element name="root">
     <xs:complexType>
       <xs:attribute name="id" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger" use="required"/>
     </xs:complexType>
    </xs:element>
    <xs:element name="fail">
     <xs:complexType>
      <xs:attribute name="id" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger" use="required"/>
      <xs:attribute name="parent" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger" use="required"/>
      <xs:attribute name="name" type="xs:string" use="required"/>
      <xs:attribute name="size" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger" use="required"/>
      <xs:attribute name="value" type="xs:integer" use="required"/>
     </xs:complexType>
    </xs:element>
   </xs:choice>
 </xs:sequence>
 <xs:attribute name="version" type="xs:string" use="required"/>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
```

attribute tree/@version

	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000
type	xs:string
properties	isRef 0 use required
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="version" type="xs:string" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>

element tree/try



attribute tree/try/@id

type	xs:nonNegativeInteger
properties	isRef 0 use required
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="id" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>

attribute tree/try/@parent

type	xs:nonNegativeInteger
properties	isRef 0 use required
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="parent" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>

attribute tree/try/@name

type	xs:string	
properties	isRef 0 use required	
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="name" type="xs:string" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>	

attribute tree/try/@size

	in in j. Gener					
type	xs:nonNegativeInteger					
properties	isRef 0 use required					
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="size" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>					

attribute tree/try/@value

type	xs:integer			
properties	isRef 0 use required			
source	ource <xs:attribute name="value" type="xs:integer" use="required"></xs:attribute>			

element tree/succ

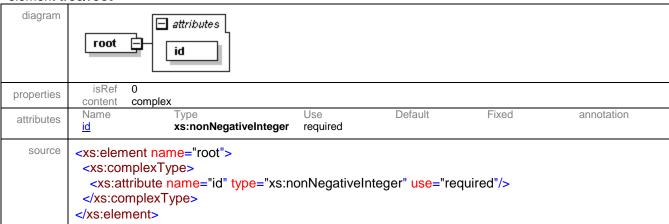


properties	isRef content	0 complex				
attributes	Name <u>id</u>	Type xs:nonNegativeInteger	Use required	Default	Fixed	annotation
source						

attribute tree/succ/@id

type	xs:nonNegativeInteger
properties	isRef 0 use required
source	<xs:attribute name="id" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger" use="required"></xs:attribute>

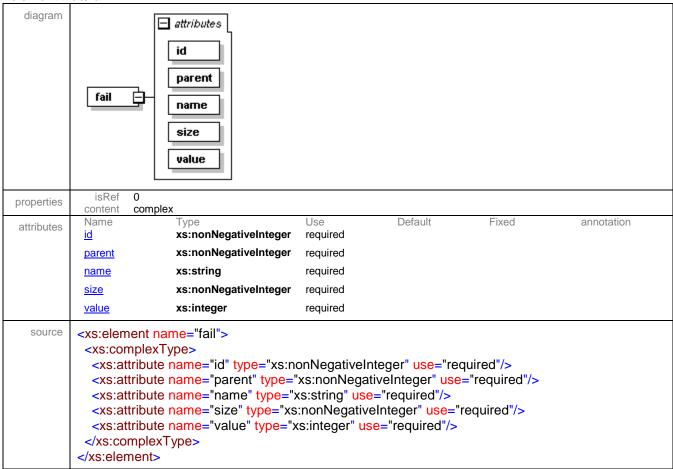
element tree/root



attribute tree/root/@id

	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
type	xs:nonNegativeInteger					
properties	isRef 0 use required					
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="id" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>					

element tree/fail



attribute tree/fail/@id

type	xs:nonNegativeInteger						
properties	isRef 0 use required						
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="id" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>						

attribute tree/fail/@parent

type	xs:nonNegativeInteger
properties	isRef 0 use required
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="parent" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>

attribute tree/fail/@name

type	xs:string
properties	isRef 0 use required
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="name" type="xs:string" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>

attribute tree/fail/@size

type	xs:nonNegativeInteger
properties	isRef 0 use required
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="size" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>

attribute tree/fail/@value

type	xs:integer
properties	isRef 0 use required
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="value" type="xs:integer" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>

XML Schema documentation generated by **XMLSpy** Schema Editor **http://www.altova.com/xmlspy**

Schema visualization.xsd

 $\underline{..l..l..lcourseware \label{local} local unqualified} \\ \underline{..l..l..lcourseware \label{local} local unqualified} \\ \\ \underline{..l..l..lcourseware \label{local unqualified} local unqualified} \\ \underline{..l..l..lcourseware \label{local unqualified} local unqualified} \\ \underline{..l..lcourseware \label{local u$ schema location:

attribute form default: element form default: qualified

Attributes group

index

Elements argument Complex types collectable items

collection dvar

failed

focus <u>integer</u>

<u>other</u>

sinteger

state

svar

<u>tuple</u>

visualization

visualizer

visualizer_state

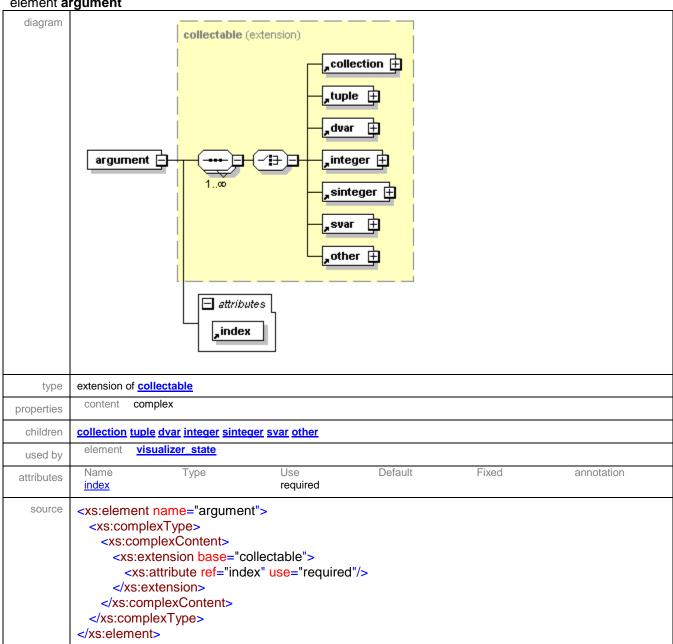
attribute group

type	xs:string
used by	elements failed focus
source	<xs:attribute name="group" type="xs:string"></xs:attribute>

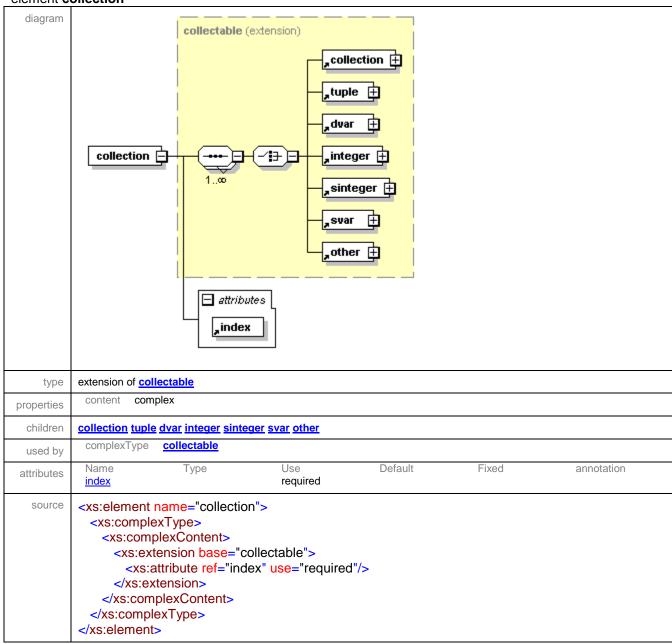
attribute index

type	xs:string
used by	elements <u>argument collection dvar failed focus integer other sinteger svar tuple</u>
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="index" type="xs:string"></xs:attribute></pre>

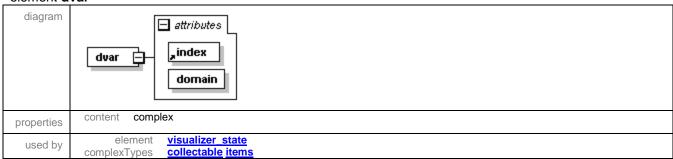
element argument



element collection



element dvar

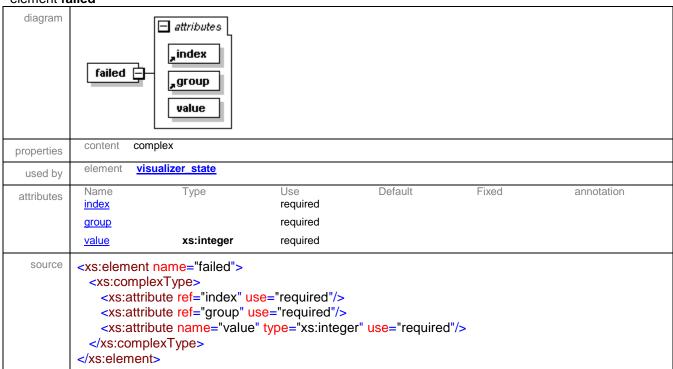


```
Name
                                             Use
                                                              Default
                                                                                                annotation
                            Туре
                                                                               Fixed
attributes
                                             required
           index
                                             required
           domain
                            xs:string
  source
          <xs:element name="dvar">
            <xs:complexType>
              <xs:attribute ref="index" use="required"/>
              <xs:attribute name="domain" type="xs:string" use="required"/>
            </xs:complexType>
          </xs:element>
```

attribute dvar/@domain

type	xs:string	
properties	isRef 0 use required	
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="domain" type="xs:string" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>	

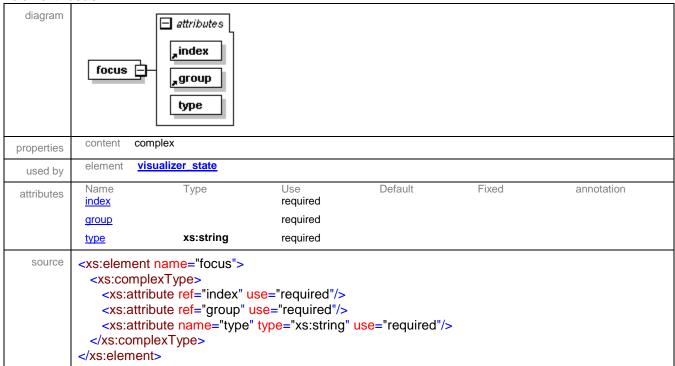
element failed



attribute failed/@value

type	xs:integer	
properties	isRef 0 use required	
source	<xs:attribute name="value" type="xs:integer" use="required"></xs:attribute>	

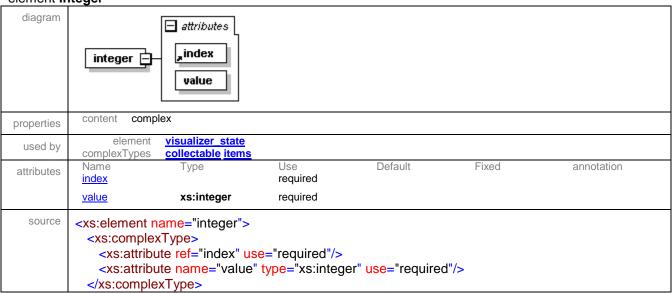
element focus



attribute focus/@type

	attribute it	e locusi etype	
type xs:string		xs:string	
	properties	isRef 0 use required	
	source	<xs:attribute name="type" type="xs:string" use="required"></xs:attribute>	

element integer

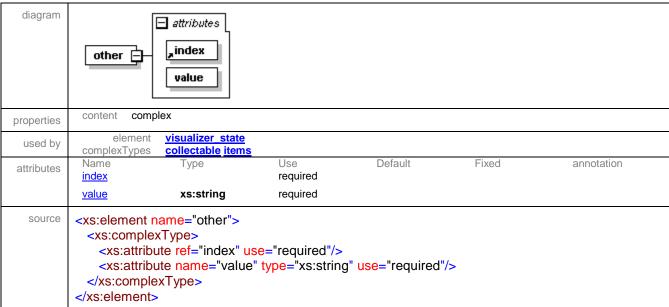


</xs:element>

attribute integer/@value

type	xs:integer	
properties	isRef 0 use required	
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="value" type="xs:integer" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>	

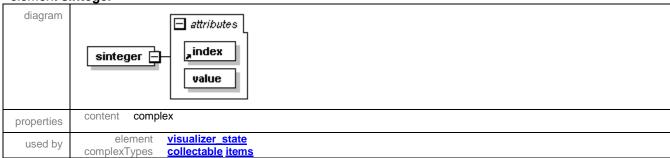
element other



attribute other/@value

type	ype xs:string	
properties	isRef 0 use required	
source	<xs:attribute name="value" type="xs:string" use="required"></xs:attribute>	

element sinteger

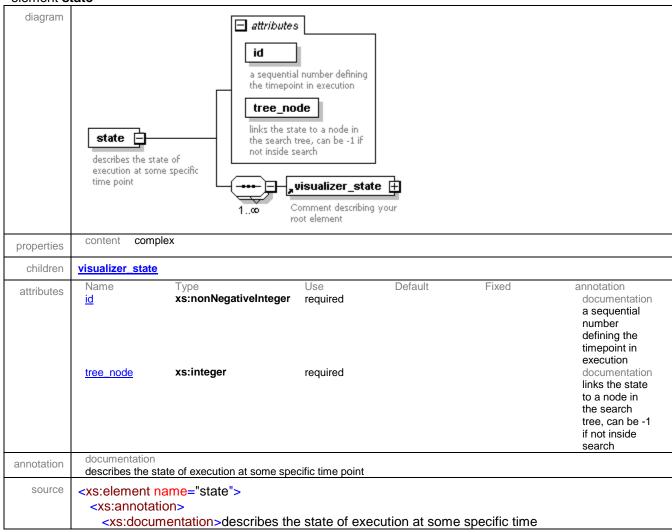


attributes	Name <u>index</u>	Type	Use required	Default	Fixed	annotation
	<u>value</u>	xs:string	required			
source	<xs:com <xs:att <xs:att< td=""><th>nt name="sinteger": plexType> ribute ref="index" u ribute name="value plexType> ent></th><td>se="required"/></td><td>g" <mark>use=</mark>"required</td><td>"/></td><td></td></xs:att<></xs:att </xs:com 	nt name="sinteger": plexType> ribute ref="index" u ribute name="value plexType> ent>	se="required"/>	g" <mark>use=</mark> "required	"/>	

attribute sinteger/@value

Ī	type	xs:string	
	properties	isRef 0 use required	
	source	<pre><xs:attribute name="value" type="xs:string" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>	

element state



```
point</xs:documentation>
  </xs:annotation>
  <xs:complexType>
   <xs:sequence maxOccurs="unbounded">
     <xs:element ref="visualizer_state"/>
    </xs:sequence>
   <xs:attribute name="id" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger" use="required">
     <xs:annotation>
       <xs:documentation>a sequential number defining the timepoint in
execution</xs:documentation>
     </xs:annotation>
   </xs:attribute>
   <xs:attribute name="tree_node" type="xs:integer" use="required">
     <xs:annotation>
       <xs:documentation>links the state to a node in the search tree, can be -1 if not inside
search</xs:documentation>
     </xs:annotation>
   </xs:attribute>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
```

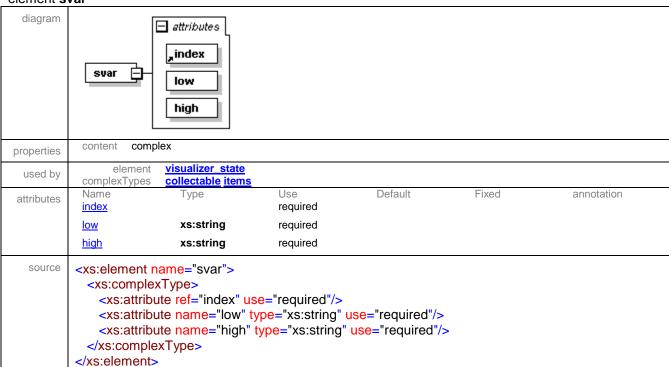
attribute state/@id

type	xs:nonNegativeInteger
properties	isRef 0 use required
annotation	documentation a sequential number defining the timepoint in execution
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="id" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>

attribute state/@tree_node

type	xs:integer	
properties	isRef 0 use required	
annotation	documentation links the state to a node in the search tree, can be -1 if not inside search	
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="tree_node" type="xs:integer" use="required"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>links the state to a node in the search tree, can be -1 if not inside search</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> </xs:attribute></pre>	

element svar



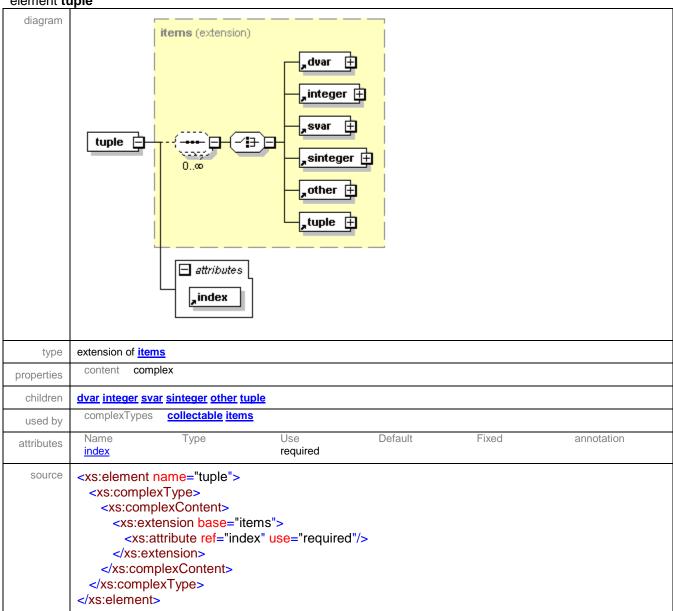
attribute svar/@low

atti 15 att	Tai, 6:01
type xs:string	
properties	isRef 0 use required
source	<xs:attribute name="low" type="xs:string" use="required"></xs:attribute>

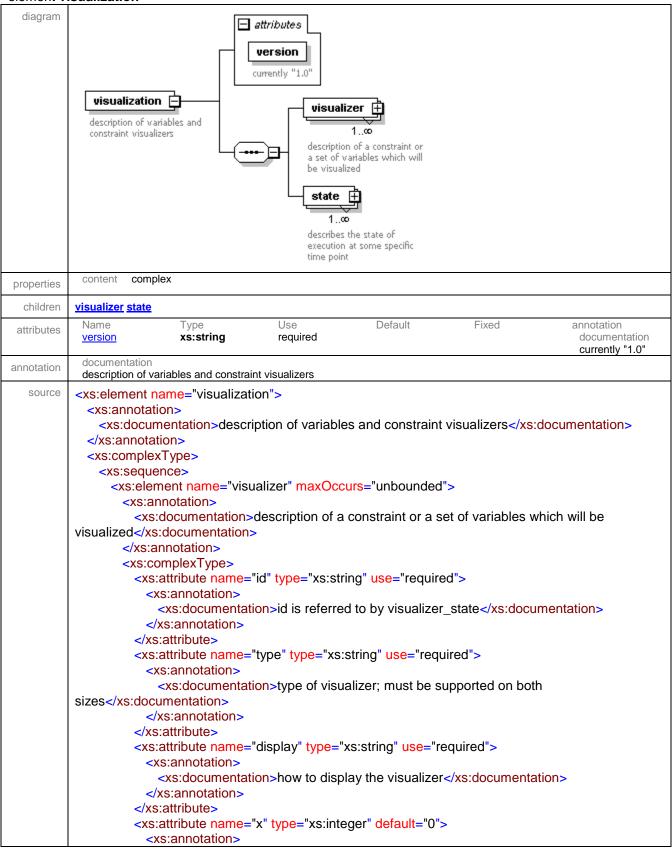
attribute svar/@high

type	type xs:string	
properties	isRef 0 use required	
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="high" type="xs:string" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>	

element tuple



element visualization

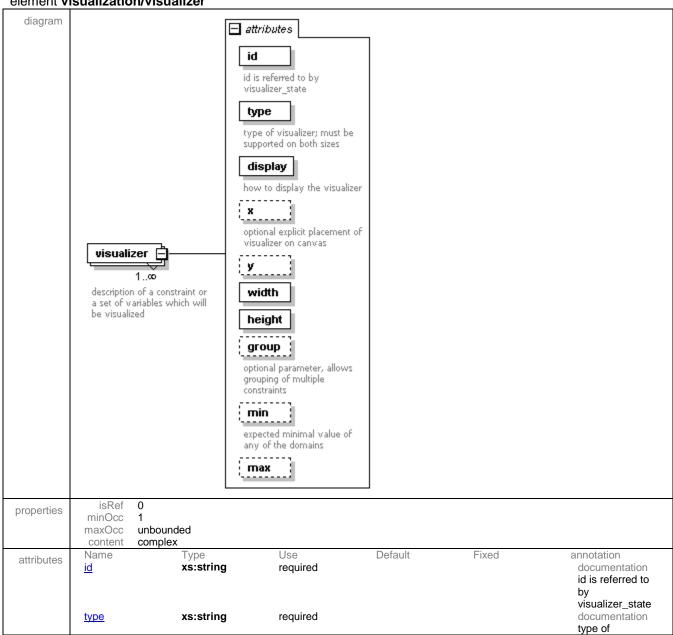


```
<xs:documentation>optional explicit placement of visualizer on
canvas</xs:documentation>
           </xs:annotation>
         </xs:attribute>
         <xs:attribute name="y" type="xs:integer" default="0"/>
         <xs:attribute name="width" type="xs:integer" use="required"/>
         <xs:attribute name="height" type="xs:integer" use="required"/>
         <xs:attribute name="group" type="xs:string">
           <xs:annotation>
             <xs:documentation>optional parameter, allows grouping of multiple
constraints</xs:documentation>
           </xs:annotation>
         </xs:attribute>
         <xs:attribute name="min" type="xs:integer" default="0">
           <xs:annotation>
             <xs:documentation>expected minimal value of any of the
domains</xs:documentation>
           </xs:annotation>
         </xs:attribute>
         <xs:attribute name="max" type="xs:integer" default="0"/>
       </xs:complexType>
     </xs:element>
     <xs:element name="state" maxOccurs="unbounded">
       <xs:annotation>
         <xs:documentation>describes the state of execution at some specific time
point</xs:documentation>
       </xs:annotation>
       <xs:complexType>
         <xs:sequence maxOccurs="unbounded">
           <xs:element ref="visualizer_state"/>
         </xs:sequence>
         <xs:attribute name="id" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger" use="required">
           <xs:annotation>
             <xs:documentation>a sequential number defining the timepoint in
execution</xs:documentation>
           </xs:annotation>
         </xs:attribute>
         <xs:attribute name="tree_node" type="xs:integer" use="required">
           <xs:annotation>
             <xs:documentation>links the state to a node in the search tree, can be -1 if not inside
search</xs:documentation>
           </xs:annotation>
         </xs:attribute>
       </xs:complexType>
     </xs:element>
   </xs:sequence>
   <xs:attribute name="version" type="xs:string" use="required">
     <xs:annotation>
       <xs:documentation>currently "1.0"</xs:documentation>
     </xs:annotation>
   </xs:attribute>
 </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
```

attribute visualization/@version

type	xs:string	
properties	isRef 0 use required	
annotation	documentation currently "1.0"	
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="version" type="xs:string" use="required"> <xs:annotation></xs:annotation></xs:attribute></pre>	

element visualization/visualizer



```
visualizer; must
                                                                                                     be supported
                                                                                                     on both sizes
             display
                              xs:string
                                               required
                                                                                                     documentation
                                                                                                     how to display
                                                                                                     the visualizer
                              xs:integer
                                                                 0
                                                                                                     documentation
            <u>X</u>
                                                                                                     optional explicit
                                                                                                     placement of
                                                                                                     visualizer on
                                                                                                     canvas
                              xs:integer
                                                                 0
                              xs:integer
                                               required
            width
            height
                              xs:integer
                                               required
            group
                              xs:string
                                                                                                     documentation
                                                                                                     optional
                                                                                                     parameter,
                                                                                                     allows
                                                                                                     grouping of
                                                                                                     multiple
                                                                                                     constraints
             min
                              xs:integer
                                                                 0
                                                                                                     documentation
                                                                                                     expected
                                                                                                     minimal value
                                                                                                     of any of the
                                                                                                     domains
                              xs:integer
            max
             documentation
annotation
            description of a constraint or a set of variables which will be visualized
   source
           <xs:element name="visualizer" maxOccurs="unbounded">
             <xs:annotation>
                <xs:documentation>description of a constraint or a set of variables which will be
           visualized</xs:documentation>
             </xs:annotation>
             <xs:complexType>
               <xs:attribute name="id" type="xs:string" use="required">
                  <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation>id is referred to by visualizer_state</xs:documentation>
                  </xs:annotation>
               </xs:attribute>
               <xs:attribute name="type" type="xs:string" use="required">
                  <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation>type of visualizer; must be supported on both
           sizes</xs:documentation>
                  </xs:annotation>
               </xs:attribute>
               <xs:attribute name="display" type="xs:string" use="required">
                    <xs:documentation>how to display the visualizer</xs:documentation>
                  </xs:annotation>
               </xs:attribute>
               <xs:attribute name="x" type="xs:integer" default="0">
                  <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation>optional explicit placement of visualizer on canvas</xs:documentation>
                  </xs:annotation>
               </xs:attribute>
               <xs:attribute name="y" type="xs:integer" default="0"/>
               <xs:attribute name="width" type="xs:integer" use="required"/>
                <xs:attribute name="height" type="xs:integer" use="required"/>
                <xs:attribute name="group" type="xs:string">
```

attribute visualization/visualizer/@id

type	xs:string
properties	isRef 0 use required
annotation	documentation id is referred to by visualizer_state
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="id" type="xs:string" use="required"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>id is referred to by visualizer_state</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> </xs:attribute></pre>

attribute visualization/visualizer/@type

type	xs:string
properties	isRef 0 use required
annotation	documentation type of visualizer; must be supported on both sizes
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="type" type="xs:string" use="required"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>type of visualizer; must be supported on both sizes</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> </xs:attribute></pre>

attribute visualization/visualizer/@display

attribute visualization, visualizer, earsplay	
type	xs:string
properties	isRef 0 use required
annotation	documentation how to display the visualizer
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="display" type="xs:string" use="required"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>how to display the visualizer</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> </xs:attribute></pre>

attribute visualization/visualizer/@x

type	xs:integer
properties	isRef 0 default 0
annotation	documentation optional explicit placement of visualizer on canvas
source	<pre><xs:attribute default="0" name="x" type="xs:integer"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>optional explicit placement of visualizer on canvas</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> </xs:attribute></pre>

attribute visualization/visualizer/@v

atti ib ato 1	attribute riouanization, riouanizor, ey	
type	xs:integer	
properties	isRef 0 default 0	
source	<xs:attribute default="0" name="y" type="xs:integer"></xs:attribute>	

attribute visualization/visualizer/@width

type	xs:integer
properties	isRef 0 use required
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="width" type="xs:integer" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>

attribute visualization/visualizer/@height

type	xs:integer
properties	isRef 0 use required
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="height" type="xs:integer" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>

attribute visualization/visualizer/@group

type	xs:string
properties	isRef 0
annotation	documentation optional parameter, allows grouping of multiple constraints
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="group" type="xs:string"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>optional parameter, allows grouping of multiple constraints</xs:documentation></xs:annotation></xs:attribute></pre> /xs:documentation>

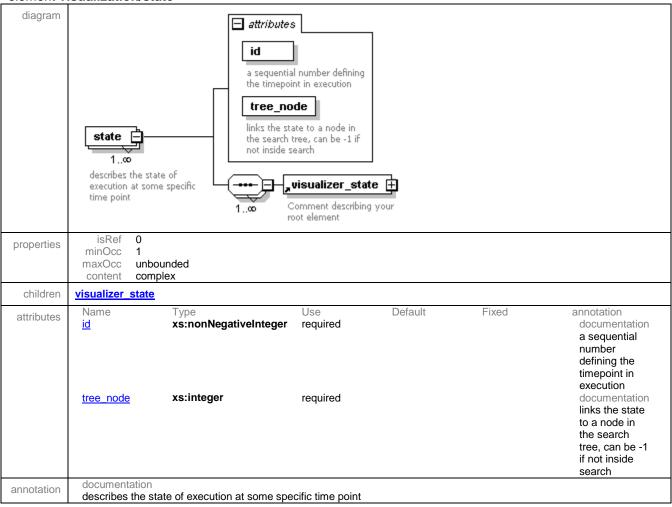
attribute visualization/visualizer/@min

type	xs:integer
properties	isRef 0 default 0
annotation	documentation expected minimal value of any of the domains
source	<pre><xs:attribute default="0" name="min" type="xs:integer"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>expected minimal value of any of the domains</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> </xs:attribute></pre>

attribute visualization/visualizer/@max

type	xs:integer
properties	isRef 0 default 0
source	<xs:attribute default="0" name="max" type="xs:integer"></xs:attribute>

element visualization/state



```
source
       <xs:element name="state" maxOccurs="unbounded">
         <xs:annotation>
           <xs:documentation>describes the state of execution at some specific time
       point</xs:documentation>
         </xs:annotation>
         <xs:complexType>
           <xs:sequence maxOccurs="unbounded">
             <xs:element ref="visualizer_state"/>
           </xs:sequence>
           <xs:attribute name="id" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger" use="required">
             <xs:annotation>
               <xs:documentation>a sequential number defining the timepoint in
       execution</xs:documentation>
             </xs:annotation>
           </xs:attribute>
           <xs:attribute name="tree_node" type="xs:integer" use="required">
             <xs:annotation>
               <xs:documentation>links the state to a node in the search tree, can be -1 if not inside
       search</xs:documentation>
             </xs:annotation>
           </xs:attribute>
         </xs:complexType>
       </xs:element>
```

attribute visualization/state/@id

type	xs:nonNegativeInteger	
properties	isRef 0 use required	
annotation	documentation a sequential number defining the timepoint in execution	
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="id" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>	

attribute visualization/state/@tree_node

type	xs:integer
properties	isRef 0 use required
annotation	documentation links the state to a node in the search tree, can be -1 if not inside search
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="tree_node" type="xs:integer" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>

element visualizer

element vi	Judiizoi					
alagiani		= 4	attributes	٦		
			id			
		i i	l is referred to by			
		v	isualizer_state			
			type			
		t)	ype of visualizer; must be upported on both sizes			
		-	display			
		h	ow to display the visualizer			
		1.63	x :			
		1.54	recent of placement of			
	visualizer	¬ v	isualizer on canvas			
		<u></u> ; ,	y			
	description of a a set of variabl	es which will	width			
	be visualized	\				
			height			
			group (
		1	ptional parameter, allows			
		g	rouping of multiple onstraints			
		'~	min			
		e	xpected minimal value of ny of the domains			
		1.63	max			
		- 4				
properties	content com	plex				
attributes	Name	Туре	Use	Default	Fixed	annotation
attributes	<u>id</u>	xs:string	required			documentation id is referred to
						by
	<u>type</u>	xs:string	required			visualizer_state documentation
		J	·			type of visualizer; must
						be supported
	<u>display</u>	xs:string	required			on both sizes documentation
	ωιοριαγ	A3.30 mg	годинои			how to display
	<u>x</u>	xs:integer		0		the visualizer documentation
	_			-		optional explicit
ı						placement of visualizer on
						canvas
	V	xs-integer		0		canvas
	У width	xs:integer		0		Garivas
	<u>width</u>	xs:integer		0		Carryas
	width height	xs:integer xs:integer				documentation
	<u>width</u>	xs:integer		0		

```
grouping of
                                                                                                multiple
                                                                                                constraints
                            xs:integer
                                                             0
                                                                                                documentation
            min
                                                                                                expected
                                                                                                minimal value
                                                                                                of any of the
                                                                                                domains
                            xs:integer
            max
            documentation
annotation
            description of a constraint or a set of variables which will be visualized
   source
           <xs:element name="visualizer">
             <xs:annotation>
               <xs:documentation>description of a constraint or a set of variables which will be
           visualized</xs:documentation>
             </xs:annotation>
             <xs:complexType>
               <xs:attribute name="id" type="xs:string" use="required">
                 <xs:annotation>
                   <xs:documentation>id is referred to by visualizer_state</xs:documentation>
                 </xs:annotation>
               </xs:attribute>
               <xs:attribute name="type" type="xs:string" use="required">
                 <xs:annotation>
                   <xs:documentation>type of visualizer; must be supported on both
           sizes</xs:documentation>
                 </xs:annotation>
              </xs:attribute>
              <xs:attribute name="display" type="xs:string" use="required">
                 <xs:annotation>
                   <xs:documentation>how to display the visualizer</xs:documentation>
                 </xs:annotation>
               </xs:attribute>
               <xs:attribute name="x" type="xs:integer" default="0">
                 <xs:annotation>
                   <xs:documentation>optional explicit placement of visualizer on canvas</xs:documentation>
                 </xs:annotation>
               </xs:attribute>
               <xs:attribute name="y" type="xs:integer" default="0"/>
               <xs:attribute name="width" type="xs:integer" default="0"/>
               <xs:attribute name="height" type="xs:integer" default="0"/>
               <xs:attribute name="group" type="xs:string">
                 <xs:annotation>
                   <xs:documentation>optional parameter, allows grouping of multiple
           constraints</xs:documentation>
                 </xs:annotation>
               </xs:attribute>
              <xs:attribute name="min" type="xs:integer" default="0">
                 <xs:annotation>
                   <xs:documentation>expected minimal value of any of the domains
                 </xs:annotation>
               </xs:attribute>
               <xs:attribute name="max" type="xs:integer" default="0"/>
             </xs:complexType>
           </xs:element>
```

attribute visualizer/@id

type	xs:string	
properties	isRef 0 use required	
annotation	documentation id is referred to by visualizer_state	
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="id" type="xs:string" use="required"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>id is referred to by visualizer_state</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> </xs:attribute></pre>	

attribute visualizer/@type

type	xs:string		
properties	isRef 0 use required		
annotation	documentation type of visualizer; must be supported on both sizes		
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="type" type="xs:string" use="required"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>type of visualizer; must be supported on both sizes</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> </xs:attribute></pre>		

attribute visualizer/@display

type	xs:string		
properties	isRef 0 use required		
annotation	documentation how to display the visualizer		
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="display" type="xs:string" use="required"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>how to display the visualizer</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> </xs:attribute></pre>		

attribute visualizer/@x

type	xs:integer
properties	isRef 0 default 0
annotation	documentation optional explicit placement of visualizer on canvas
source	<pre><xs:attribute default="0" name="x" type="xs:integer"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>optional explicit placement of visualizer on canvas</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> </xs:attribute></pre>

attribute visualizer/@y

type	xs:integer
properties	isRef 0 default 0
source	<xs:attribute default="0" name="y" type="xs:integer"></xs:attribute>

attribute visualizer/@width

type	xs:integer
properties	isRef 0 default 0
source	<xs:attribute default="0" name="width" type="xs:integer"></xs:attribute>

attribute visualizer/@height

type	xs:integer
properties	isRef 0 default 0
source	<pre><xs:attribute default="0" name="height" type="xs:integer"></xs:attribute></pre>

attribute visualizer/@group

0.111.10.0110.1	unbate Visuanzen egroup		
type	xs:string		
properties	isRef 0		
annotation	documentation optional parameter, allows grouping of multiple constraints		
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="group" type="xs:string"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>optional parameter, allows grouping of multiple constraints</xs:documentation></xs:annotation></xs:attribute></pre> constraints constraints <pre></pre>		

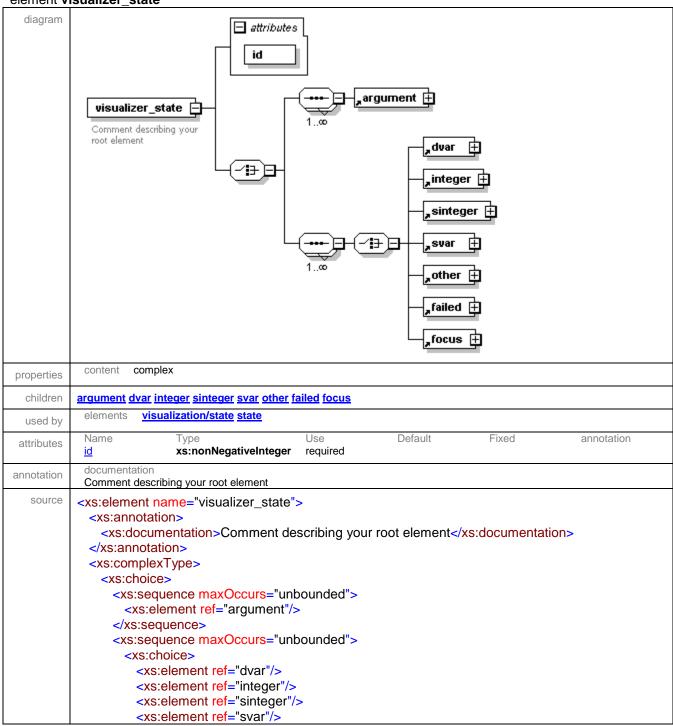
attribute visualizer/@min

type	xs:integer
properties	isRef 0 default 0
annotation	documentation expected minimal value of any of the domains
source	<pre><xs:attribute default="0" name="min" type="xs:integer"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>expected minimal value of any of the domains</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> </xs:attribute></pre>

attribute visualizer/@max

type	xs:integer
properties	isRef 0 default 0
source	<pre><xs:attribute default="0" name="max" type="xs:integer"></xs:attribute></pre>

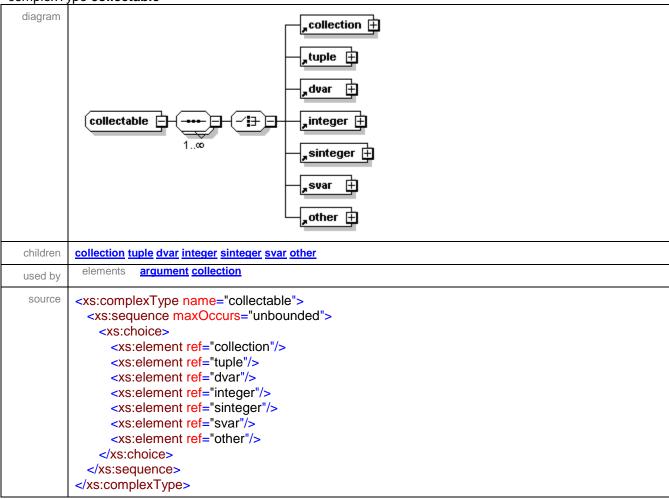
element visualizer_state



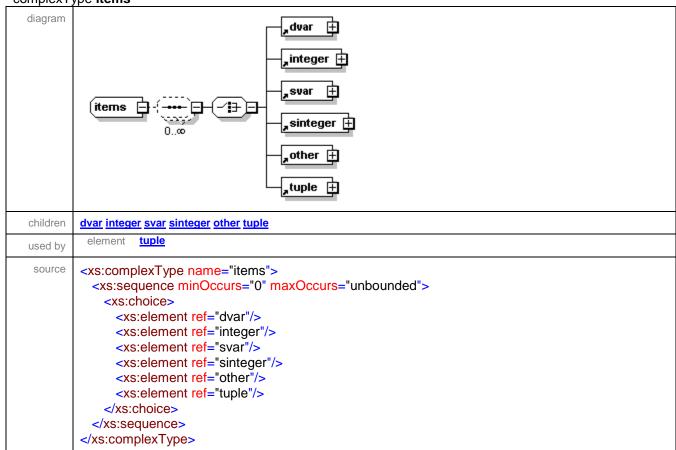
attribute visualizer_state/@id

type	xs:nonNegativeInteger	
properties	isRef 0 use required	
source	<xs:attribute name="id" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger" use="required"></xs:attribute>	

complexType collectable



complexType items



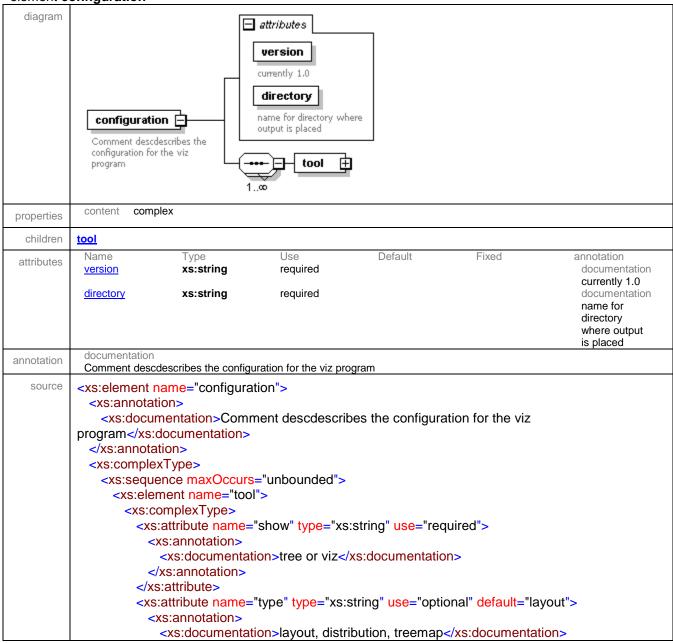
XML Schema documentation generated by XMLSpy Schema Editor http://www.altova.com/xmlspy

Schema configuration.xsd

schema location: attribute form default: element form default: qualified qualified

Elements configuration

element configuration



```
</xs:annotation>
         </xs:attribute>
         <xs:attribute name="display" type="xs:string" use="optional" default="compact">
           <xs:annotation>
             <xs:documentation>compact or expanded</xs:documentation>
           </xs:annotation>
         </xs:attribute>
         <xs:attribute name="repeat" type="xs:string" use="optional" default="final">
           <xs:annotation>
             <xs:documentation>all, final, i or -i</xs:documentation>
           </xs:annotation>
         </xs:attribute>
         <xs:attribute name="width" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger" use="optional" default="500">
           <xs:annotation>
             <xs:documentation>width of SVG canvas in screen pixels
           </xs:annotation>
         </xs:attribute>
         <xs:attribute name="height" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger" use="optional" default="500">
           <xs:annotation>
             <xs:documentation>height of SVG canvas in screen pixels
           </xs:annotation>
         </xs:attribute>
         <xs:attribute name="fileroot" type="xs:string" use="required">
           <xs:annotation>
             <xs:documentation>root name of output files</xs:documentation>
           </xs:annotation>
         </xs:attribute>
       </xs:complexType>
     </xs:element>
   </xs:sequence>
   <xs:attribute name="version" type="xs:string" use="required">
     <xs:annotation>
       <xs:documentation>currently 1.0</xs:documentation>
     </xs:annotation>
   </xs:attribute>
   <xs:attribute name="directory" type="xs:string" use="required">
     <xs:annotation>
       <xs:documentation>name for directory where output is placed</xs:documentation>
     </xs:annotation>
   </xs:attribute>
 </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
```

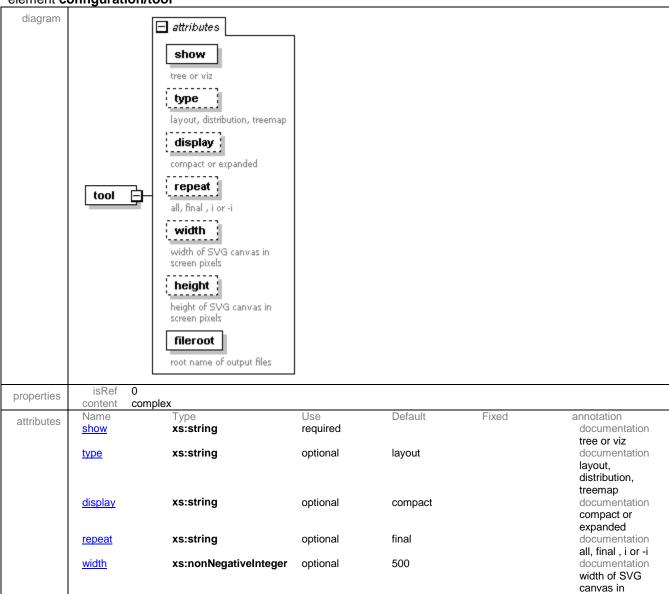
attribute configuration/@version

type	xs:string
properties	isRef 0 use required
annotation	documentation currently 1.0
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="version" type="xs:string" use="required"> <xs:annotation></xs:annotation></xs:attribute></pre>

attribute configuration/@directory

type	xs:string
properties	isRef 0 use required
annotation	documentation name for directory where output is placed
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="directory" type="xs:string" use="required"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>name for directory where output is placed</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> </xs:attribute></pre>

element configuration/tool



```
screen pixels
        height
                       xs:nonNegativeInteger
                                             optional
                                                            500
                                                                                           documentation
                                                                                           height of SVG
                                                                                           canvas in
                                                                                           screen pixels
                                             required
        fileroot
                       xs:string
                                                                                           documentation
                                                                                           root name of
                                                                                           output files
source
       <xs:element name="tool">
         <xs:complexType>
           <xs:attribute name="show" type="xs:string" use="required">
             <xs:annotation>
               <xs:documentation>tree or viz</xs:documentation>
             </xs:annotation>
           </xs:attribute>
           <xs:attribute name="type" type="xs:string" use="optional" default="layout">
             <xs:annotation>
               <xs:documentation>layout, distribution, treemap</xs:documentation>
             </xs:annotation>
           </xs:attribute>
           <xs:attribute name="display" type="xs:string" use="optional" default="compact">
             <xs:annotation>
               <xs:documentation>compact or expanded</xs:documentation>
             </xs:annotation>
           </xs:attribute>
           <xs:attribute name="repeat" type="xs:string" use="optional" default="final">
             <xs:annotation>
               <xs:documentation>all, final , i or -i
             </xs:annotation>
           </xs:attribute>
           <xs:attribute name="width" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger" use="optional" default="500">
             <xs:annotation>
               <xs:documentation>width of SVG canvas in screen pixels
             </xs:annotation>
           </xs:attribute>
           <xs:attribute name="height" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger" use="optional" default="500">
             <xs:annotation>
               <xs:documentation>height of SVG canvas in screen pixels</xs:documentation>
             </xs:annotation>
           </xs:attribute>
           <xs:attribute name="fileroot" type="xs:string" use="required">
             <xs:annotation>
               <xs:documentation>root name of output files</xs:documentation>
             </xs:annotation>
           </xs:attribute>
         </xs:complexType>
       </xs:element>
```

attribute configuration/tool/@show

type	xs:string
properties	isRef 0 use required
annotation	documentation tree or viz
source	<xs:attribute name="show" type="xs:string" use="required"></xs:attribute>

```
<xs:annotation>
  <xs:documentation>tree or viz</xs:documentation>
  </xs:annotation>
  </xs:attribute>
```

attribute configuration/tool/@type

type	xs:string
properties	isRef 0 default layout use optional
annotation	documentation layout, distribution, treemap
source	<pre><xs:attribute default="layout" name="type" type="xs:string" use="optional"> <xs:annotation></xs:annotation></xs:attribute></pre>

attribute configuration/tool/@display

type	xs:string
properties	isRef 0 default compact use optional
annotation	documentation compact or expanded
source	<pre><xs:attribute default="compact" name="display" type="xs:string" use="optional"> <xs:annotation></xs:annotation></xs:attribute></pre>

attribute configuration/tool/@repeat

attinbate C	attribute configuration/too/serepeat	
type	xs:string	
properties	isRef 0 default final use optional	
annotation	documentation all, final , i or -i	
source	<pre><xs:attribute default="final" name="repeat" type="xs:string" use="optional"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>all, final , i or -i</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> </xs:attribute></pre>	

attribute configuration/tool/@width

type	ks:nonNegativeInteger	
properties	isRef 0 default 500	
	use optional	

annotation	documentation width of SVG canvas in screen pixels
source	<pre><xs:attribute default="500" name="width" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger" use="optional"></xs:attribute></pre>

attribute configuration/tool/@height

type	xs:nonNegativeInteger
properties	isRef 0 default 500 use optional
annotation	documentation height of SVG canvas in screen pixels
source	<pre><xs:attribute default="500" name="height" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger" use="optional"></xs:attribute></pre>

attribute configuration/tool/@fileroot

and the desired and the desire	
type	xs:string
properties	isRef 0 use required
annotation	documentation root name of output files
source	<pre><xs:attribute name="fileroot" type="xs:string" use="required"> <xs:annotation> <xs:documentation>root name of output files</xs:documentation> </xs:annotation> </xs:attribute></pre>

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