



Roll No:

B.TECH
(SEM I) THEORY EXAMINATION 2020-21
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-I

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Note: 1. Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.

SECTION A1. Attempt *all* questions in brief.**2 x 10 = 20**

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Prove that the matrix $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1+i \\ 1-i & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ is unitary.	2	1
b.	State Rank-Nullity Theorem.	2	1
c.	State Rolle's Theorem.	2	2
d.	Discuss all the symmetry of the curve $x^2y^2 = x^2 - a^2$	2	2
e.	If $u = f(y-z, z-x, x-y)$, prove that $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 0$	2	3
f.	If $x = e^v \sec u$, $y = e^v \tan u$, then evaluate $\frac{\partial(x,y)}{\partial(u,v)}$.	2	3
g.	Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_0^{x^2} e^{y/x} dy dx$.	2	4
h.	Calculate the volume of the solid bounded by the surface $x=0$, $y=0$, $x+y+z=1$ and $z=0$.	2	4
i.	Show that the vector $\vec{V} = (x+3y)\hat{i} + (y-3z)\hat{j} + (x-2z)\hat{k}$ is solenoidal.	2	5
j.	State Green's theorem.	2	5

SECTION B2. Attempt any *three* of the following:

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Find the inverse of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$	10	1
b.	If $y = e^{\tan^{-1}x}$, prove that $(1+x^2)y_{n+2} + [(2n+2)x-1]y_{n+1} + n(n+1)y_n = 0$.	10	2
c.	If $u^3 + v + w = x + y^2 + z^2$, $u + v^3 + w = x^2 + y + z^2$, $u + v + w^3 = x^2 + y^2 + z$,Show that: $\frac{\partial(u,v,w)}{\partial(x,y,z)} = \frac{1 - 4xy(xy + yz + zx) + 16xyz}{2 - 3(u^2 + v^2 + w^2) + 27u^2v^2w^2}$	10	3
d.	Evaluate by changing the variables, $\iint_R (x+y)^2 dx dy$ where R is the region bounded by the parallelogram $x+y=0$, $x+y=2$, $3x-2y=0$ and $3x-2y=3$.	10	4

e.	Use divergence theorem to evaluate the surface integral $\iint_S (x dy dz + y dz dx + z dx dy)$ where S is the portion of the plane $x+2y+3z=6$ which lies in the first octant.	10	5
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SECTION C

3. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Find non-singular matrices P and Q such that PAQ is normal form. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	10	1
b.	Find the eigen values and the corresponding eigen vectors of the following matrix. $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$	10	1

4. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Find the envelope of the family of lines $x + \frac{y}{a} = \frac{1}{b}$, where a and b are connected by the relation $a^n + b^n = c^n$	10	2
b.	If $y = \sin(m \sin^{-1}x)$, find the value of y_n at $x = 0$.	10	2

5. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Divide 24 into three parts such that continued product of first, square of second and cube of third is a maximum.	10	3
b.	If $u = \sec^{-1} \left(\frac{x+y}{x-y} \right)$, prove that $x^{6u} + y^{6u} = 2 \cot u$. Also evaluate $x^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + 2xy \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + y^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2}$.	10	3

6. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Evaluate the following integral by changing the order of integration $\int_0^\infty \int_x^\infty e^{-y} dy dx.$	10	4
b.	A triangular thin plate with vertices (0,0), (2,0) and (2,4) has density $\rho = 1 + x + y$. Then find: (i) The mass of the plate. (ii) The position of its centre of gravity G.	10	4

7. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	A fluid motion is given by $\vec{v} = (y \sin z - \sin x)\hat{i} + (x \sin z + 2yz)\hat{j} + (xy \cos z + y^2)\hat{k}$. Is the motion irrotational? If so, find the velocity	10	5

	potential.		
b.	Verify Stoke's theorem for the function $\vec{F} = x^2\hat{i} + xy\hat{j}$ integrated round the square whose sides are $x=0, y=0, x=a, y=a$ in the plane $z=0$.	10	5

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