

## Problem B

### Prime Gap

#### Input: B.in

The sequence of  $n - 1$  consecutive composite numbers (positive integers that are not prime and not equal to 1) lying between two successive prime numbers  $p$  and  $p + n$  is called a *prime gap* of length  $n$ . For example,  $\langle 24, 25, 26, 27, 28 \rangle$  between 23 and 29 is a prime gap of length 6.

Your mission is to write a program to calculate, for a given positive integer  $k$ , the length of the prime gap that contains  $k$ . For convenience, the length is considered 0 in case no prime gap contains  $k$ .

#### Input

The input is a sequence of lines each of which contains a single positive integer. Each positive integer is greater than 1 and less than or equal to the 100000th prime number, which is 1299709. The end of the input is indicated by a line containing a single zero.

#### Output

The output should be composed of lines each of which contains a single non-negative integer. It is the length of the prime gap that contains the corresponding positive integer in the input if it is a composite number, or 0 otherwise. No other characters should occur in the output.

#### Sample Input

```
10
11
27
2
492170
0
```

#### Output for the Sample Input

```
4
0
6
0
114
```