



Joint Class-Affinity Loss Correction for Robust Medical Image Segmentation with Noisy Labels

Xiaoqing Guo

Yixuan Yuan[†]

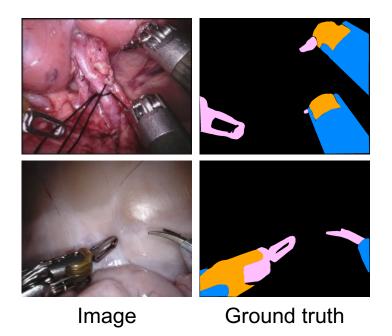
City University of Hong Kong

xqguo.ee@my.cityu.edu.hk

yxyuan.ee@cityu.edu.hk

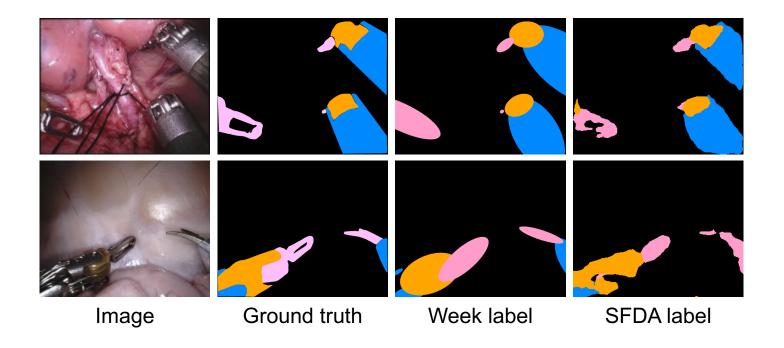


• Background:





• Background:



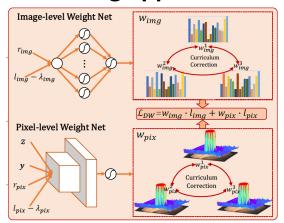
SFDA: source-free domain adaptation



• Existing approaches:



• Existing approaches:

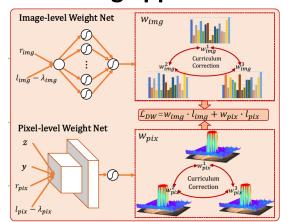


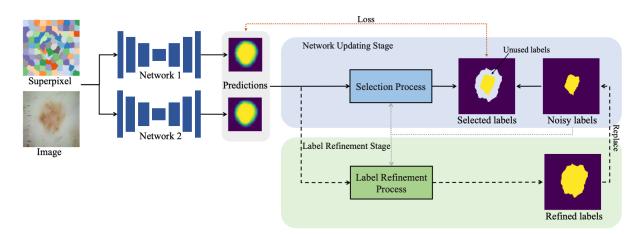
Resampling and reweighting strategy [1]

[1] Guo, X., Chen, Z., Liu, J., Yuan, Y. Non-equivalent images and pixels: Confidence-aware resampling with meta-learning mixup for polyp segmentation. Medical Image Analysis, 78, 102394, (2022).



• Existing approaches:





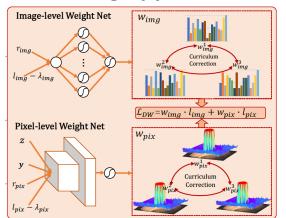
Resampling and reweighting strategy [1]

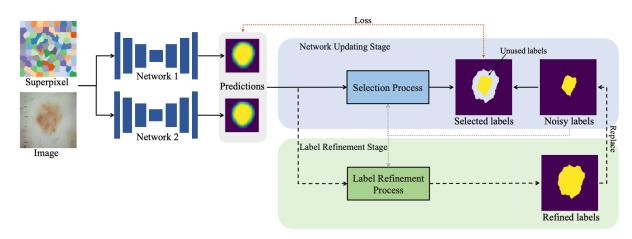
Label Correction [2]

[1] Guo, X., Chen, Z., Liu, J., Yuan, Y. Non-equivalent images and pixels: Confidence-aware resampling with meta-learning mixup for polyp segmentation. Medical Image Analysis, 78, 102394, (2022). [2] Li, S., Gao, Z., He, X.: Superpixel-guided iterative learning from noisy labels for medical image segmentation. In: MICCAI. pp. 525–535. Springer (2021)



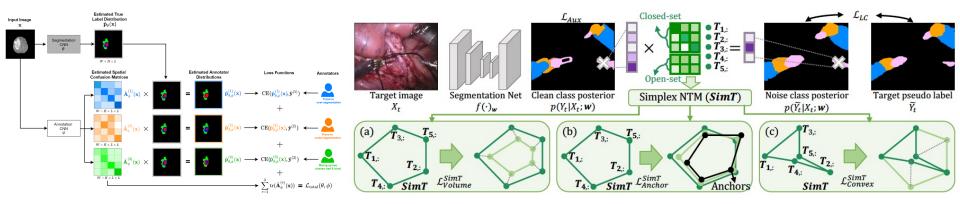
Existing approaches:





Resampling and reweighting strategy [1]

Label Correction [2]



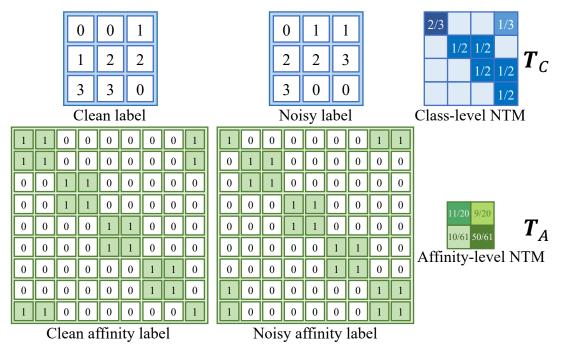
Loss correction w/ confusion matrix [3]

Loss correction w/ noise transition matrix (NTM) [4]

- [1] Guo, X., Chen, Z., Liu, J., Yuan, Y. Non-equivalent images and pixels: Confidence-aware resampling with meta-learning mixup for polyp segmentation. Medical Image Analysis, 78, 102394, (2022).
- [2] Li, S., Gao, Z., He, X.: Superpixel-guided iterative learning from noisy labels for medical image segmentation. In: MICCAI. pp. 525–535. Springer (2021)
- [3] Zhang, L., Tanno, et al., Alexander, D.: Disentangling human error from ground truth in segmentation of medical images. NeurIPS 33, 15750–15762 (2020)
- [4] Guo, X., Liu, J., Liu, T., Yuan, Y.: Simt: Handling open-set noise for domain adaptive semantic segmentation. In: CVPR (2022)

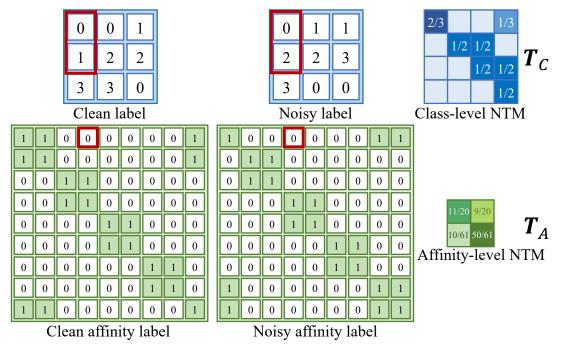


Motivation



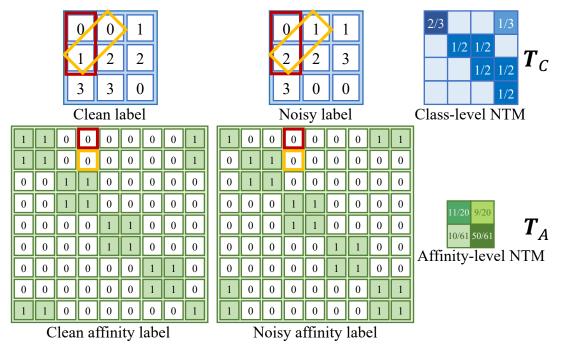


Motivation



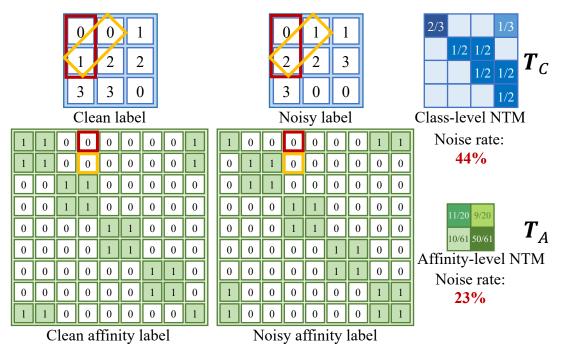


Motivation





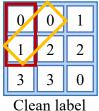
• Motivation

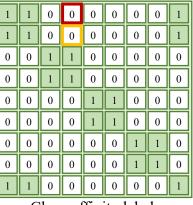




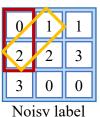
Motivation

The pair-wise manner reduces label noise rate

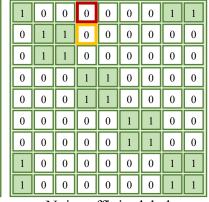




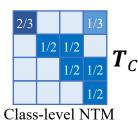
Clean affinity label



Noisy label

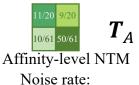


Noisy affinity label



Noise rate:

44%



23%

$$T_{C\to A}(0,1) = \frac{\sum_{m} \left[N_m \sum_{n} T_C(m,n) \right]^2 - \sum_{m} (N_m)^2 \|T_C\|_2^2}{\sum_{m} \left[N_m (\sum_{m} N_m - N_m) \right]},$$

$$T_{C\to A}(0,0) = 1 - T_{C\to A}(0,1),$$

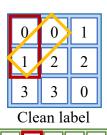
$$T_{C \to A}(1,1) = \frac{\sum_{m} (N_m)^2 ||T_C||_2^2}{\sum_{m} (N_m)^2},$$

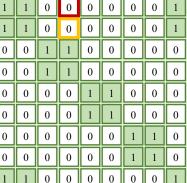
$$T_{C\to A}(1,0) = 1 - T_{C\to A}(1,1).$$

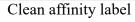


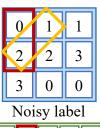
Motivation

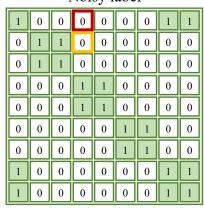
- The pair-wise manner reduces label noise rate
- Unify the pixel-wise and pair-wise manners

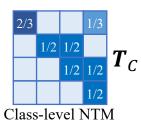






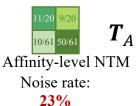






Noise rate:

44%



$$\boldsymbol{T}_{C\to A}(0,1) = \frac{\sum_{m} \left[N_{m} \sum_{n} \boldsymbol{T}_{C}(m,n) \right]^{2} - \sum_{m} (N_{m})^{2} \|\boldsymbol{T}_{C}\|_{2}^{2}}{\sum_{m} \left[N_{m} (\sum_{m} N_{m} - N_{m}) \right]},$$

$$T_{C\to A}(0,0) = 1 - T_{C\to A}(0,1),$$

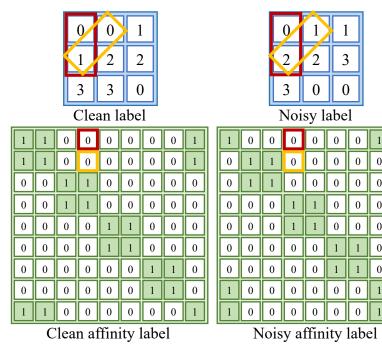
$$T_{C \to A}(1,1) = \frac{\sum_{m} (N_m)^2 ||T_C||_2^2}{\sum_{m} (N_m)^2},$$

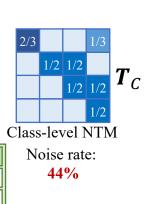
$$T_{C\to A}(1,0) = 1 - T_{C\to A}(1,1).$$

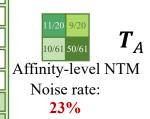


Motivation

- The pair-wise manner reduces label noise rate
- Unify the pixel-wise and pair-wise manners
- The first effort in exploiting the affinity relation between pixels within an image for noisy mitigation







$$\boldsymbol{T}_{C\to A}(0,1) = \frac{\sum_{m} \left[N_{m} \sum_{n} \boldsymbol{T}_{C}(m,n) \right]^{2} - \sum_{m} (N_{m})^{2} \|\boldsymbol{T}_{C}\|_{2}^{2}}{\sum_{m} \left[N_{m} (\sum_{m} N_{m} - N_{m}) \right]},$$

$$T_{C\to A}(0,0) = 1 - T_{C\to A}(0,1),$$

$$T_{C \to A}(1,1) = \frac{\sum_{m} (N_m)^2 ||T_C||_2^2}{\sum_{m} (N_m)^2},$$

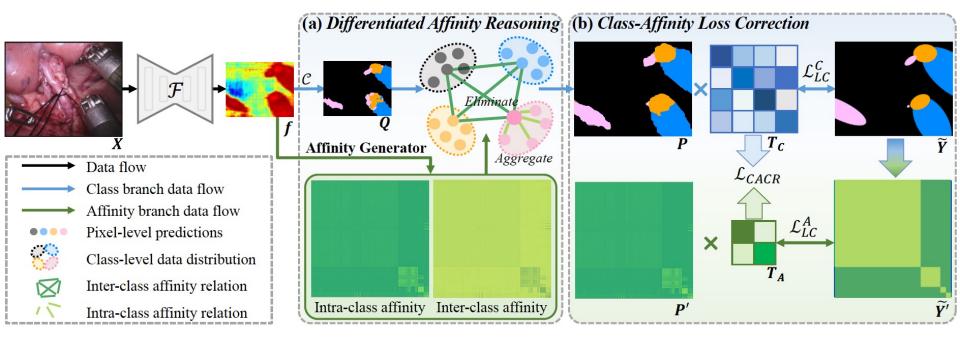
$$T_{C\to A}(1,0) = 1 - T_{C\to A}(1,1).$$

Method



Our approach: Joint Class-Affinity Loss Correction (JCAS)

- Pixel-wise supervision signal derived from class label preserves semantics
- Pair-wise supervision signal derived from affinity label reduces noise rate



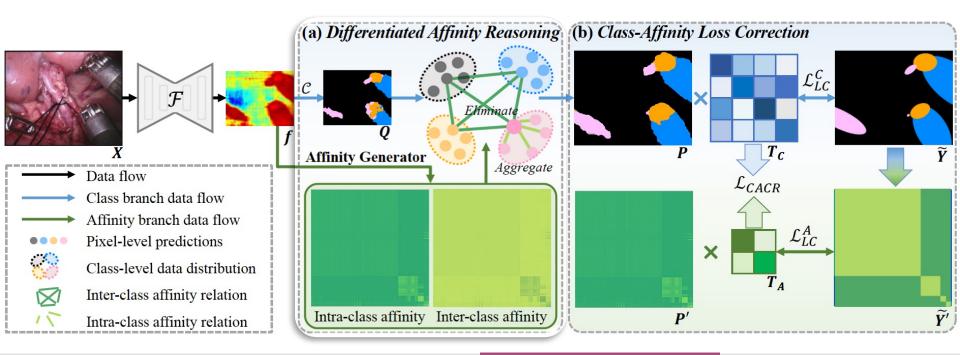
Method



• Our approach: Joint Class-Affinity Loss Correction (JCAS)

- Pixel-wise supervision signal derived from class label preserves semantics
- Pair-wise supervision signal derived from affinity label reduces noise rate
- Differentiated affinity reasoning (DAR) module

$$P_{intra}(k_1) = P(k_1) + \sum_{k_2}^{n} P'(k_1, k_2) Q(k_2); P_{inter}(k_1) = P(k_1) - \sum_{k_2}^{n} P'_{re}(k_1, k_2) Q(k_2)$$



Method

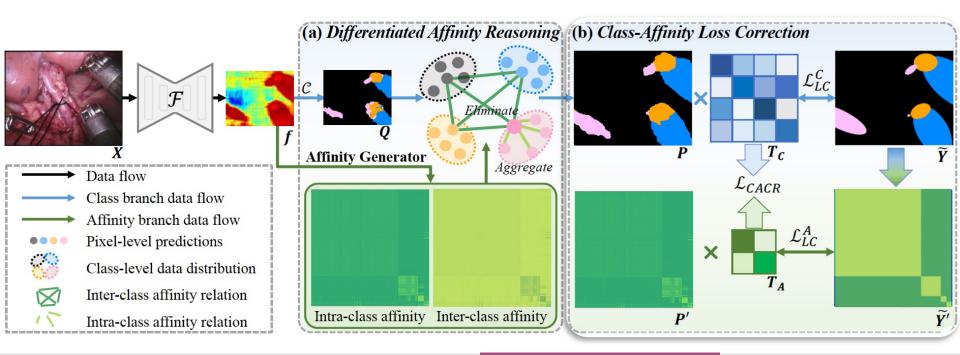


Our approach: Joint Class-Affinity Loss Correction (JCAS)

- Pixel-wise supervision signal derived from class label preserves semantics
- Pair-wise supervision signal derived from affinity label reduces noise rate
- Differentiated affinity reasoning (DAR) module

$$P_{intra}(k_1) = P(k_1) + \sum_{k_2}^{n} P'(k_1, k_2) Q(k_2); P_{inter}(k_1) = P(k_1) - \sum_{k_2}^{n} P'_{re}(k_1, k_2) Q(k_2)$$

• Class-affinity loss correction (CALC) strategy $\left.\mathcal{L}_{CACR} = \left\|m{T}_{C o A} - m{T}_A
ight\|_2$





Datasets:

Endovis18: 2235 images (1639 training images & 596 test images)
 3 instrument part classes (shaft, wrist and clasper classes)









Noise patterns:

synthetic label noise (elipse, symmetric and asymmetric noises) real-world label noise (noisy pseudo labels in source-free domain adaptation (SFDA))



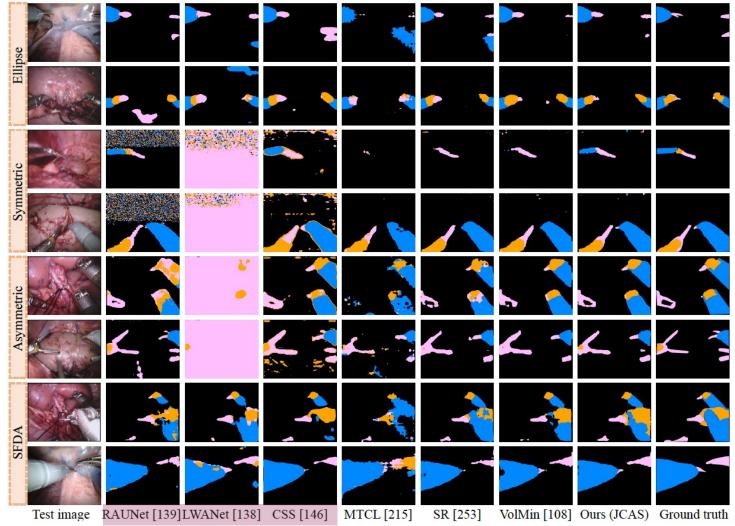
Evaluation metrics:

Dice, Jac per class



• Experimental results

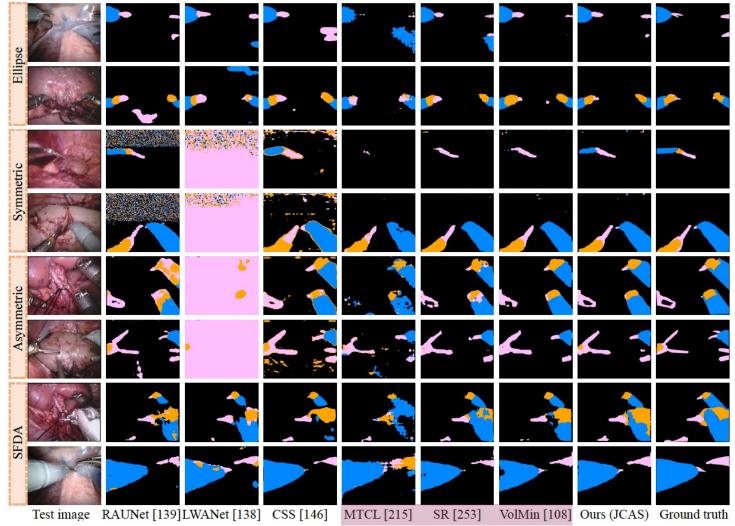
Superior to state-of-the-art methods





• Experimental results

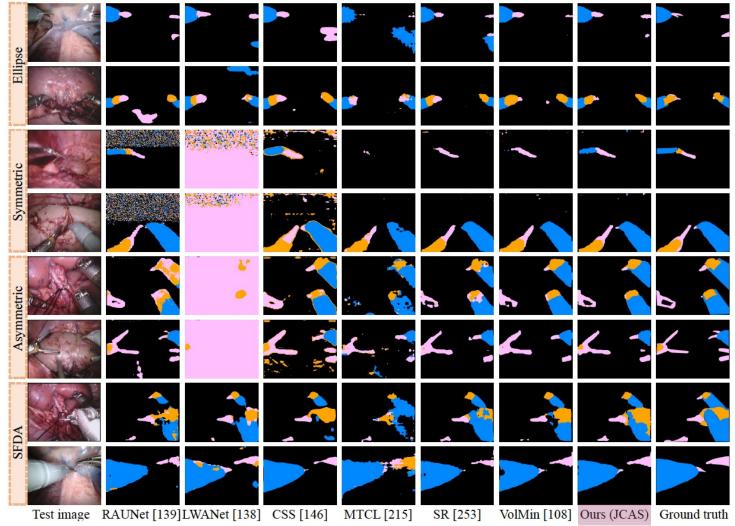
Superior to state-of-the-art methods





• Experimental results

Superior to state-of-the-art methods





• Experimental results

Ablation study under ellipse label noise

Method	Shaft		Wrist		Clasper		Average	
	Dice (%)	Jac (%)	Dice (%)	Jac (%)	Dice (%)	Jac (%)	Dice (%)	Jac (%)
Upper bound	88.740	81.699	65.045	52.627	70.531	56.618	74.772	63.648
Baseline [18]	79.021	68.097	42.069	29.582	55.489	40.175	58.860	45.951
w/ Affinity	82.158	72.339	49.128	35.455	58.933	43.594	63.406	50.463
w/ DAR	82.698	72.992	52.207	38.442	61.544	46.027	65.483	52.487
w/ CALC	82.973	73.126	61.885	47.527	60.416	44.821	68.425	55.158
Ours (JCAS)	84.683	<u>75.378</u>	65.599	51.623	<u>63.871</u>	<u>48.356</u>	71.384	58.452



• Experimental results

Ablation study under ellipse label noise

Method	Shaft		Wrist		Clasper		Average	
	Dice (%)	Jac (%)	Dice (%)	Jac (%)	Dice (%)	Jac (%)	Dice (%)	Jac (%)
Upper bound	88.740	81.699	65.045	52.627	70.531	56.618	74.772	63.648
Baseline [18]	79.021	68.097	42.069	29.582	55.489	40.175	58.860	45.951
w/ Affinity	82.158	72.339	49.128	35.455	58.933	43.594	63.406	50.463
w/ DAR	82.698	72.992	52.207	38.442	61.544	46.027	65.483	52.487
w/ CALC	82.973	73.126	61.885	47.527	60.416	44.821	68.425	55.158
Ours (JCAS)	84.683	<u>75.378</u>	65.599	51.623	<u>63.871</u>	48.356	71.384	58.452

• Curve of test Jac vs. epoch with four different types of noise labels



• Experimental results

Ablation study under ellipse label noise

Method	Shaft		Wrist		Clasper		Average	
	Dice (%)	Jac (%)	Dice (%)	Jac (%)	Dice (%)	Jac (%)	Dice (%)	Jac (%)
Upper bound	88.740	81.699	65.045	52.627	70.531	56.618	74.772	63.648
Baseline [18]	79.021	68.097	42.069	29.582	55.489	40.175	58.860	45.951
w/ Affinity	82.158	72.339	49.128	35.455	58.933	43.594	63.406	50.463
w/ DAR	82.698	72.992	52.207	38.442	61.544	46.027	65.483	52.487
w/ CALC	82.973	73.126	61.885	<u>47.527</u>	60.416	44.821	68.425	55.158
Ours (JCAS)	84.683	<u>75.378</u>	65.599	51.623	<u>63.871</u>	<u>48.356</u>	71.384	58.452



• Experimental results

Ablation study under ellipse label noise

Method	Shaft		Wrist		Clasper		Average	
	Dice (%)	Jac (%)	Dice (%)	Jac (%)	Dice (%)	Jac (%)	Dice (%)	Jac (%)
Upper bound	88.740	81.699	65.045	52.627	70.531	56.618	74.772	63.648
Baseline [18]	79.021	68.097	42.069	29.582	55.489	40.175	58.860	45.951
w/ Affinity	82.158	72.339	49.128	35.455	58.933	43.594	63.406	50.463
w/ DAR	82.698	72.992	52.207	38.442	61.544	46.027	65.483	52.487
w/ CALC	82.973	73.126	61.885	47.527	60.416	44.821	68.425	55.158
Ours (JCAS)	84.683	<u>75.378</u>	65.599	51.623	<u>63.871</u>	48.356	71.384	58.452

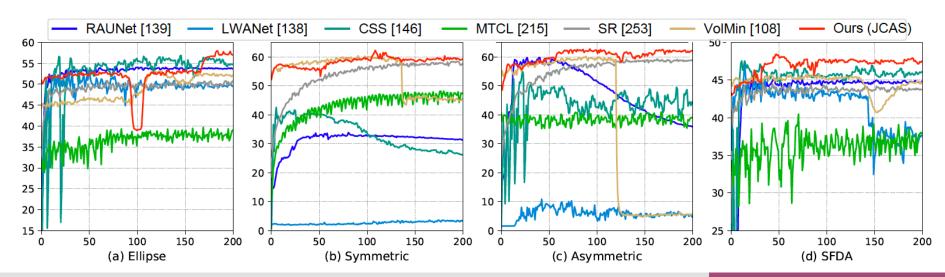


• Experimental results

Ablation study under ellipse label noise

Method	Shaft		Wrist		Clasper		Average	
	Dice (%)	Jac (%)	Dice (%)	Jac (%)	Dice (%)	Jac (%)	Dice (%)	Jac (%)
Upper bound	88.740	81.699	65.045	52.627	70.531	56.618	74.772	63.648
Baseline [18]	79.021	68.097	42.069	29.582	55.489	40.175	58.860	45.951
w/ Affinity	82.158	72.339	49.128	35.455	58.933	43.594	63.406	50.463
w/ DAR	82.698	72.992	52.207	38.442	61.544	46.027	65.483	52.487
w/ CALC	82.973	73.126	61.885	47.527	60.416	44.821	68.425	55.158
Ours (JCAS)	84.683	<u>75.378</u>	65.599	51.623	<u>63.871</u>	<u>48.356</u>	71.384	58.452

• Curve of test Jac vs. epoch with four different types of noise labels





Thanks!

Emails: xqguo.ee@my.cityu.edu.hk

