

# HWRS 505: Vadose Zone Hydrology

Lecture 16

10/17/2024

Today: HYDRUS-1D exercises

# Review of Lecture 15

---

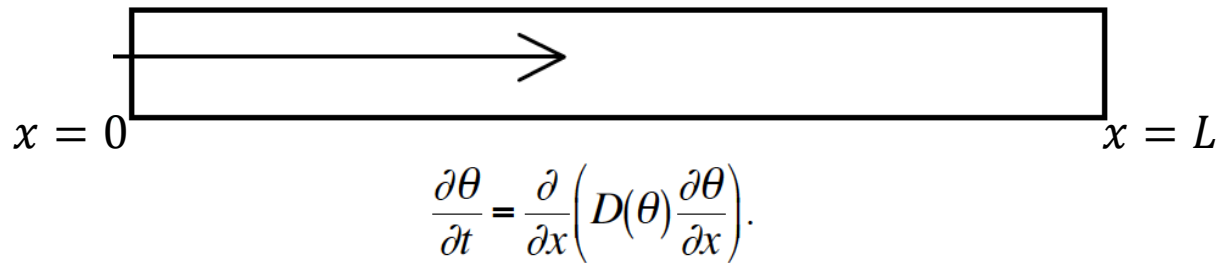
## Numerical solution for transient Richards equation

- What is the difference (physically and numerically) between the three forms of the Richards equation?
- How did Celia et al (1990) solve the issue of mass balance error in the time derivative term of the Richards equation?

# Examples

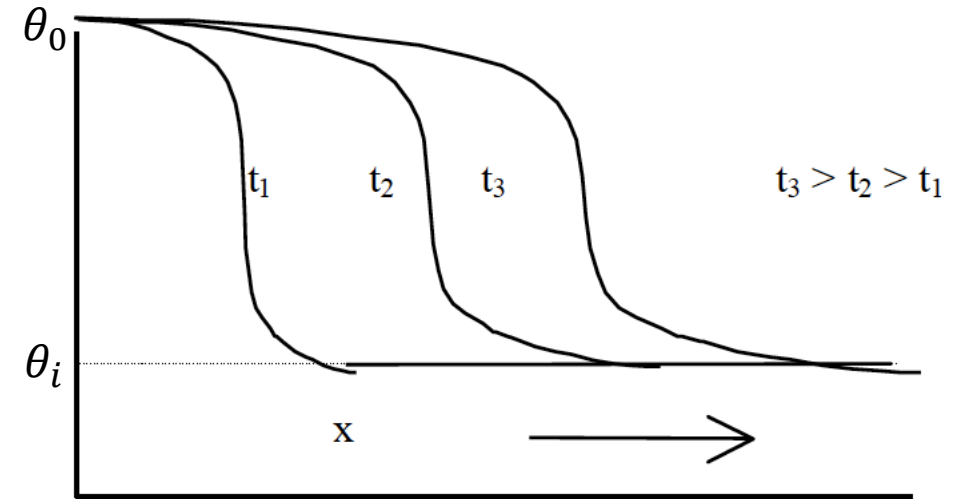
HWRS 505  
Bo Guo  
Fall 2024

## □ Example 1



Boundary conditions:  $\theta = \theta_0$  for  $x = 0, t > 0$ ;  $\theta = \theta_i$  for  $x = L, t > 0$

Initial conditions:  $\theta = \theta_i$  for  $0 \leq x \leq L, t = 0$



## Sample Parameters

Soil type: Loam (use the default soil properties in HYDRUS)

$L = 100$  cm

$\Delta x = 1$  cm

$\theta_i = 0.15$

$\theta_0 = 0.4$

Total simulation time: 10 days. Print the results every 1 day.

## Questions to think about

1. Does the wetting front location  $x_f \sim \sqrt{t}$ ?
2. Save the water pressure profile figure to a PowerPoint slide. Then, change  $\theta_0$  to 0.3. Compare the two simulated water pressure profiles. Which propagates faster? Why?

# Examples

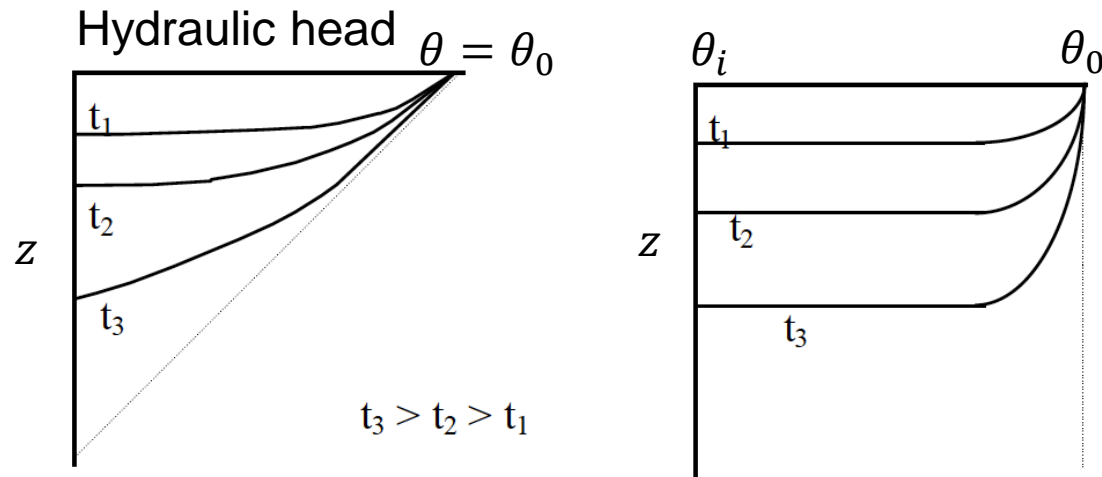
## □ Example 2

Boundary conditions for infinitesimally small ponding height:

Top:  $\theta = \theta_0$  for  $t > 0$

Bottom:  $\theta = \theta_i$  for  $z = -L$

Initial conditions:  $\theta = \theta_i, -L \leq z \leq 0$



### Sample Parameters

Soil type: Loam (use the default soil properties in HYDRUS)

$L = 200$  cm

$\Delta x = 1$  cm

$\theta_i = 0.15$

$\theta_0 = 0.4$

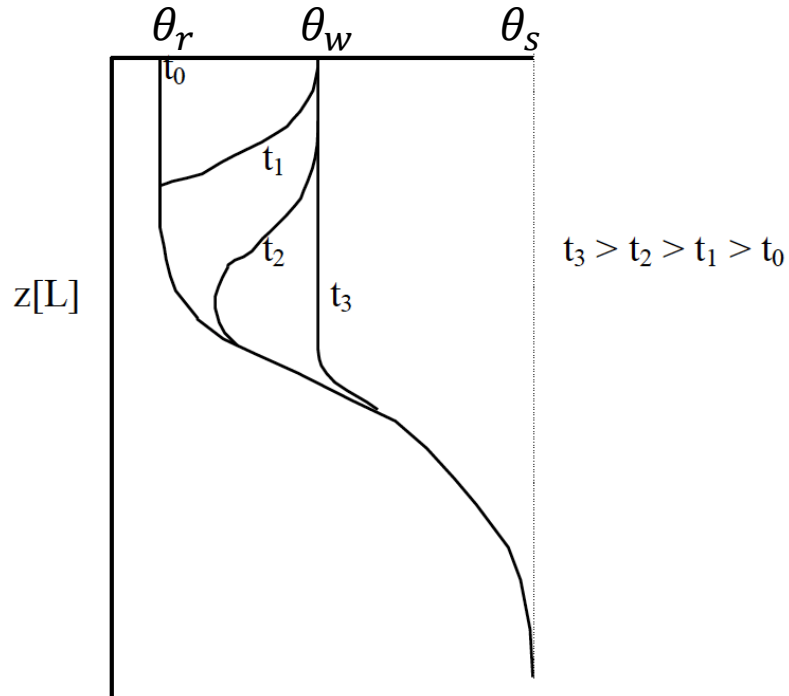
Total simulation time: 10 days. Print the results every 1 day.

### Questions to think about

1. Does the wetting front location  $x_f \sim \sqrt{t}$  or  $x_f \sim t$ ?
2. Given the soil properties, can you estimate the infiltration rate at  $t = 10$  days?

# Examples

## □ Example 3



Note:

- (1) The unit in HYDRUS for constant surface flux is cm/day
- (2) Positive denotes upward in a vertical column and denotes right to left for a horizontal column.

Initial conditions:  $h = -(L + z)$ ,  $-L \leq z \leq 0$ ,  $t = 0$

Boundary conditions: Constant infiltration ( $q = -1$  cm/day) at top and  $h = 0$  at the bottom.

### Sample Parameters

Soil type: Loam (use the default soil properties in HYDRUS)

$L = 200$  cm

$\Delta x = 1$  cm

Total simulation time: 10 days. Print the results every 1 day.

### Questions to think about

1. Given the soil properties, can you estimate  $\theta_w$ ?
2. Can you sketch the steady-state solution?