Lecture07

February 20, 2024

```
[1]: # Data Structures
# list +, *, in, len, append, count, index, .., slicing, indexing
# tuple
# set
# dict
```

1 List

```
[13]: L=[1,2,4,5,10, True, 4.54]
L[0] # indexing
L[-1] # indexing
# L[start:end:step] # slicing
L[:4] # slicing
L[::2] # slicing
L[5:1:-1] # slicing
L[::-1] # slicing
```

[13]: [4.54, True, 10, 5, 4, 2, 1]

1.0.1 Shallow vs Deep Copy

```
[18]: # Shallow copy for L1
L1=[1,2,3]
L2=[4,5, L1]
L1[0]=100
print(L1)
print(L2)
```

```
[100, 2, 3]
[4, 5, [100, 2, 3]]
```

```
[19]: # Deep Copy for L1
L1=[1,2,3]
L2=[4,5, list(L1)]
L1[0]=100
print(L1)
```

```
print(L2)
     [100, 2, 3]
     [4, 5, [1, 2, 3]]
[16]: # Shallow copy for L1 and L2
      L1=[1,2,3]
      L2=[4,5, L1]
      L3=[6,7,L2] # L3 --> [6,7, ref_to_L2]
      L1[0]=100
      print(L1)
      print(L2)
      print(L3)
     [100, 2, 3]
     [4, 5, [100, 2, 3]]
     [6, 7, [4, 5, [100, 2, 3]]]
[20]: # Deep Copy for L2 but shallow copy for L1
      L1=[1,2,3]
      L2=[4,5, L1]
      L3=[6,7,list(L2)] # L3 --> [6,7, [4,5, ref_to_L1]]
      L1[0]=100
      print(L1)
      print(L2)
      print(L3)
     [100, 2, 3]
     [4, 5, [100, 2, 3]]
     [6, 7, [4, 5, [100, 2, 3]]]
[23]: # Deep copy
      import copy
      L1=[1,2,3]
      L2=[4,5, L1]
      L3=[6,7,copy.deepcopy(L2)] # L3 \longrightarrow [6,7, [4,5, [1,2,3]]]
      L1[0]=100
      print(L1)
      print(L2)
      print(L3)
     [100, 2, 3]
     [4, 5, [100, 2, 3]]
     [6, 7, [4, 5, [1, 2, 3]]]
[24]: # Deep copy
      L1=[1,2,3]
      L2=[4,5, list(L1)]
```

```
L3=[6,7,list(L2)] # L3 --> [6,7, [4,5, [1,2,3]]]
      L1[0]=100
      print(L1)
      print(L2)
      print(L3)
     [100, 2, 3]
     [4, 5, [1, 2, 3]]
     [6, 7, [4, 5, [1, 2, 3]]]
     2 tuple
[42]: # is similar to list but (immutable)
[29]: # create tuple
      t=tuple()
      t=()
      t=(1,3,4,5,6)
[32]: # tuple can contain any type of items
      t=(1,2,3,True, 4.5, "welcome")
[32]: (1, 2, 3, True, 4.5, 'welcome')
[36]: # Access items (indexing)
      t[-1]
      t[3]
[36]: True
[38]: # Slicing
      # t[start: end: step]
      t[1:5]
      t[:5:2]
[38]: (1, 3, 4.5)
[41]: # Operators
      # +, *, in, len, count, index
      t1=(1,2,3)
      t2=(4,5, False)
      t1+t2
      t1*4
      4 in t1
```

[41]: False

2.0.1 Mutablility feature in tuples

```
[46]: # lists are mutable
      print(L)
      L[0]=100
      print(L)
     [100, 2, 4, 5, 10, True, 4.54]
     [100, 2, 4, 5, 10, True, 4.54]
[49]: # tuples are immutable
      print(t)
      # t[0]=100
                  # NOT POSSIBLE
      # print(t)
     (1, 2, 3, True, 4.5, 'welcome')
     2.0.2 Nested tuples
[50]: t1=(1,2,3)
      t2=(4,5,"Welcome")
      t3=(t1, "thank you", t2)
[52]: print(t3)
      print(len(t3))
     ((1, 2, 3), 'thank you', (4, 5, 'Welcome'))
        \mathbf{set}
     3
[58]: # create sets
      s=set()
      s=\{1,2,4,5\}
                     # this is ok to create set
      # s={}
                       # this is NOT ok to create set (this will create dict)
      type(s)
[58]: set
[60]: | # set stores one instance of the value only (it doesn't store duplicates)
      s={1,2,3,1,1,1,1, "hasan", 'james', "hasan", 1, "hasan"}
      print(s)
     {1, 2, 'james', 3, 'hasan'}
```

```
[64]: # operators that we can use with set
      # in, &, /, -, ^
      print('hasan' in s)
     True
[65]: s1={'hasan', 'alma', 'sara', 'mike'}
      s2={'sara', 'james', 'alma'}
[69]: # and (what is shared between the two sets)
      s1 & s2
      s1.intersection(s2)
      s2.intersection(s1)
[69]: {'alma', 'sara'}
[72]: # or (what is contained in both s1 and s2 , i.e. union)
      s1 | s2
      s1.union(s2)
      s2.union(s1)
[72]: {'alma', 'hasan', 'james', 'mike', 'sara'}
[74]: # difference (what is contained in s1 NOT in s2)
      s1-s2
      s1.difference(s2)
[74]: {'hasan', 'mike'}
[76]: s2-s1
      s2.difference(s1)
[76]: {'james'}
[80]: \# symmetric difference (what is NOT shared between s1 and s2, i.e.
      \hookrightarrow (s1-s2) | (s2-s1) )
      s1^s2
      s2^s1
      s1.symmetric_difference(s2)
      s2.symmetric_difference(s1)
[80]: {'hasan', 'james', 'mike'}
```

4 dict

```
[87]: # dictionarys are mutable
 [88]: # create dictionary
       d=dict()
       d={}
       d
 [88]: {}
[117]: salaries={'james':2000, 'sara':3000, 'maya':5000}
[118]: salaries['sara']=6000
[119]: print(salaries.values())
       print(salaries.keys())
       print(salaries.items())
      dict_values([2000, 6000, 5000])
      dict_keys(['james', 'sara', 'maya'])
      dict_items([('james', 2000), ('sara', 6000), ('maya', 5000)])
[120]: list(salaries.values())[0]
       list(salaries.keys())[0]
       list(salaries.items())[0]
[120]: ('james', 2000)
[122]: # dictionary's values can be anything
       salaries['maya'] = 'Five Thousands'
[123]: salaries['maya']=[200,400, 1500, 700]
[125]: salaries
[125]: {'james': 2000, 'sara': 6000, 'maya': [200, 400, 1500, 700]}
[126]: salaries['james'] = {'jan': 200, 'may':500}
[127]: salaries
[127]: {'james': {'jan': 200, 'may': 500},
        'sara': 6000,
        'maya': [200, 400, 1500, 700]}
```

```
[130]: # dictionay's keys can be any immutable thing
       salaries['hasan']=5000
[132]: salaries[('mike', 'robert')]= 6000
[135]: salaries[112] = 7000
[137]: salaries[('tara',1995)] = 5500
[138]: salaries
[138]: {'james': {'jan': 200, 'may': 500},
        'sara': 6000,
        'maya': [200, 400, 1500, 700],
        'hasan': 5000,
        ('mike', 'robert'): 6000,
        112: 7000,
        ('tara', 1995): 5500}
[141]: # salaries[['mike', 'smith']]=2000 # Does't work
      Operators, functions and methods
[145]: # in (is used to verify if exist in keys)
       # 5500 in salaries # 5500 in salaries.keys()
       # 'hasan' in salaries
                                #'hasan' in salaries.keys()
[146]: # del
       del salaries['hasan']
      5 Convert between data structures
[158]: # list(), tuple(), set(), dict()
       L=[1,2,3]
       tuple(L)
[158]: (1, 2, 3)
[162]: t=(10,20,30)
       list(t)
[162]: [10, 20, 30]
[166]: L=[1,2,3,2,3,3,3]
       set(L)
```

```
[166]: {1, 2, 3}
[169]: s=\{1,2,3\}
       list(s)
       list(t)
[169]: [10, 20, 30]
[171]: L=[1,2,3]
       # dict(L)
                    # Not possible
[157]: # convert list of tuples into dict
       LL= [('hasan',40), ('sara',20), ('william', [10,20,30])]
       d=dict(LL)
[157]: {'hasan': 40, 'sara': 20, 'william': [10, 20, 30]}
[155]: # convert dict into list of tuples
       list(d.items())
[155]: [('hasan', 40), ('sara', 20), ('william', [10, 20, 30])]
[179]: print(list(d))
       print(list(d.keys()))
       print(list(d.values()))
       print(list(d.items()))
      ['hasan', 'sara', 'william']
      ['hasan', 'sara', 'william']
      [40, 20, [10, 20, 30]]
      [('hasan', 40), ('sara', 20), ('william', [10, 20, 30])]
[180]: print(tuple(d))
       print(tuple(d.keys()))
       print(tuple(d.values()))
       print(tuple(d.items()))
      ('hasan', 'sara', 'william')
      ('hasan', 'sara', 'william')
      (40, 20, [10, 20, 30])
      (('hasan', 40), ('sara', 20), ('william', [10, 20, 30]))
[183]: print(set(d))
       print(set(d.keys()))
       # print(set(d.values()))
       # print(set(d.items()))
```

```
{'william', 'sara', 'hasan'}
{'william', 'sara', 'hasan'}
```

5.1 Some important functions

```
[187]: print(L)
       print(t)
       print(s)
       print(d)
      [1, 2, 3]
      (10, 20, 30)
      {1, 2, 3}
      {'hasan': 40, 'sara': 20, 'william': [10, 20, 30]}
[196]: # len, sum, max, min, zip
       print(len(L))
       print(len(t))
       print(len(s))
       print(len(d))
                      # len(d.keys())
      3
      3
      3
      3
[195]: x=[1,2,3, 'welcome', True, [2,4,5]]
       sum(x)
       TypeError
                                                   Traceback (most recent call last)
       Cell In[195], line 2
              1 x=[1,2,3, 'welcome', True, [2,4,5]]
       ----> 2 sum(x)
       TypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for +: 'int' and 'str'
[202]: # using the function zip
       L1=[1,2,3]
       L2=['james', 'sara', 'alma', 'william']
       L3=[2000,3000,5000,2500]
       L=list(zip(L1,L2, L3))
[203]: L
[203]: [(1, 'james', 2000), (2, 'sara', 3000), (3, 'alma', 5000)]
```

```
[209]: # unzip using the function zip
       list(zip(*L))
       list(list(zip(*L))[0])
[209]: [1, 2, 3]
[216]: y= list(zip(*L))
       у
[216]: [(1, 2, 3), ('james', 'sara', 'alma'), (2000, 3000, 5000)]
[211]: x1,x2,x3= list(zip(*L))
[212]: x1
[212]: (1, 2, 3)
[213]: x2
[213]: ('james', 'sara', 'alma')
[214]: x3
[214]: (2000, 3000, 5000)
[221]: L=[1,2,3]
       dict(list(zip(L,L)))
[221]: {1: 1, 2: 2, 3: 3}
  []:
```