

# Solution to Q12.13.3.89

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Question: For the following probability distribution

X	1	2	3	4
P(X)	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{3}{10}$	$\frac{2}{5}$

TABLE 0  
PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION

$E(X^2)$  is equal to

(A)3      (B)5      (C)7      (D)10

**Solution:** As we know

$$E(X^2) = \sum_{k=1}^4 k^2 p_X(k) \quad (1)$$

$$= (1)^2 \times \frac{1}{10} + (2)^2 \times \frac{1}{5} + (3)^2 \times \frac{3}{10} + (4)^2 \times \frac{2}{5} \quad (2)$$

$$= \frac{1}{10} + \frac{4}{5} + \frac{27}{10} + \frac{32}{5} \quad (3)$$

$$= 10 \quad (4)$$

$$\therefore E(X^2) = 10 \quad (5)$$