

Solution to Gate ST 2023 Q 26

Mayank Gupta

Question : Consider the following regression model

$$y_k = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 \log_e k + \epsilon_k, \quad k = 1, 2, \dots, n,$$

where ϵ_k 's are independent and identically distributed random variables each having probability density function $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}e^{-|x|}, x \in \mathbb{R}$. Then which one of the following statements is true?

- (A) The maximum likelihood estimator of α_0 does not exist
- (B) The maximum likelihood estimator of α_1 does not exist
- (C) The least squares estimator of α_0 exists and is unique
- (D) The least squares estimator of α_1 exists, but it is not unique

Solution:

$$f(\epsilon_k) = \frac{1}{2}e^{-|\epsilon_k|} \quad (1)$$

$$\text{Likelihood function : } f(\epsilon_1 \epsilon_2 \dots \epsilon_n) = \prod_{k=1}^n f(\epsilon_k) \quad (2)$$

$$L = \prod_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{2}e^{-|\epsilon_k|} \quad (3)$$

$$L_1 = \ln L = \ln \left(\prod_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{2}e^{-|\epsilon_k|} \right) \quad (4)$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^n \ln \left(\frac{1}{2}e^{-|\epsilon_k|} \right) \quad (5)$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^n (-\ln 2 - |y_k - \alpha_0 - \alpha_1 \log_e k|) \quad (6)$$

$$= -n \ln 2 - \sum_{k=1}^n (|y_k - \alpha_0 - \alpha_1 \log_e k|) \quad (7)$$

$$L_1 = \text{function of } \alpha_0, \alpha_1 \quad (8)$$

1) Maximum likelihood estimator

We need to find the value of α_0 and α_1 which will maximise the value of L_1 i.e. the value of α_0 and α_1 which will minimise the value of $|y_k - \alpha_0 - \alpha_1 \log_e k|$

$$|y_k - \alpha_0 - \alpha_1 \log_e k| = \begin{cases} y_k - \alpha_0 - \alpha_1 \log_e k, & y_k - \alpha_0 - \alpha_1 \log_e k > 0 \\ -(y_k - \alpha_0 - \alpha_1 \log_e k), & y_k - \alpha_0 - \alpha_1 \log_e k < 0 \end{cases} \quad (9)$$

To minimize $\sum_{k=1}^n (y_k - \alpha_0 - \alpha_1 \log_e k)$, we should choose α_0 and α_1 such that as many terms as possible fall into the second case (negative contribution) and as few terms as possible fall into the second case (positive contribution).

$$y_k - \alpha_1 \log_e k < \alpha_0 \quad (10)$$

$$\therefore \tilde{\alpha}_0 = \min_{(k|y_k - \alpha_0 - \alpha_1 \log_e k < 0)} (y_k - \alpha_1 \log_e k) \quad (11)$$

$$y_k - \alpha_0 < \alpha_1 \log_e k \quad (12)$$

$$\therefore \tilde{\alpha}_1 = \min_{(k|y_k - \alpha_0 - \alpha_1 \log_e k < 0)} \left(\frac{y_k - \alpha_0}{\log_e k} \right) \quad (13)$$

$$(14)$$

\therefore Maximum likelihood estimator of α_0 and α_1 exist

\therefore Option (A) and (B) are incorrect

2) Least square estimator

The least square estimator of α_0 and α_1 is $\tilde{\alpha}_0$ and $\tilde{\alpha}_1$ which will minimise

$$Q(\alpha_0, \alpha_1) = \sum_{k=1}^n (y_k - \alpha_0 - \alpha_1 \log_e k)^2 \quad (15)$$

$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial \alpha_0} = -2 \sum_{k=1}^n (y_k - \alpha_0 - \alpha_1 \log_e k) = 0 \quad (16)$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^n (y_k - \alpha_0 - \alpha_1 \log_e k) = 0 \quad (17)$$

$$n\bar{y} - n\alpha_0 - \alpha_1 n\bar{x} = 0, \quad \text{where } \bar{x} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n \log_e k, \quad \bar{y} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n y_k \quad (18)$$

$$\implies \tilde{\alpha}_0 = \bar{y} - \tilde{\alpha}_1 \bar{x} \quad (19)$$

$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial \alpha_1} = -2 \sum_{k=1}^n (y_k - \alpha_0 - \alpha_1 \log_e k) \log_e k = 0 \quad (20)$$

$$\implies \tilde{\alpha}_1 = \frac{\sum_{k=1}^n (\log_e k - \bar{x})(y_k - \bar{y})}{\sum_{k=1}^n (\log_e k - \bar{x})^2} \quad (21)$$

\therefore Least square estimator of α_0 and α_1 exists and are unique

\therefore Option (C) is correct and (D) is incorrect