

Solution to Q12.13.3.89

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Question: For the following probability distribution

X	1	2	3	4
P(X)	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{3}{10}$	$\frac{2}{5}$

TABLE 0
PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION

$E(X^2)$ is equal to

(A)3 (B)5 (C)7 (D)10

Solution: As we know

$$E(X^2) = \sum_{X=1}^4 X^2 P(X) \quad (1)$$

$$= (1)^2 \times \frac{1}{10} + (2)^2 \times \frac{1}{5} + (3)^2 \times \frac{3}{10} + (4)^2 \times \frac{2}{5} \quad (2)$$

$$= \frac{1}{10} + \frac{4}{5} + \frac{27}{10} + \frac{32}{5} \quad (3)$$

$$= 10 \quad (4)$$

$$\therefore E(X^2) = 10 \quad (5)$$