	of Printed Pages : 4		Q.8	Hard wired controlled CPU designs are high i	
ROI	ll No	170845/120845/ 30845/31065B		speed (T/F) (CO-2)
4th Sem. / Computer Engineering / I.T.			Q.9	The simultaneous use of more than one CPU texecute a program is known as	∍ CPU to
	Subject : Computer (Organization		(CO-6	;)
Time	: 3 Hrs.	M.M. : 100	Q.10	Which type of cache is used in CPU? (CO-2	<u>'</u>)
	SECTION	-A		SECTION-B	
Note	:Objectives questions. compulsory	All questions are (10x1=10)	Note	:Very Short answer type questions. Attempt an ten parts 10x2=20	-
		(Course Outcome/CO)	Q.11	Define Pipelining. (CO-6)
Q.1	Expand CISC	(CO-3)	Q.12	Write four types of instruction formats based o	
Q.2	Cache memory is part of Internal Memory (T/F)			address. CO-1)
Q.3	(CO-4) Two types of Addressing mode are	Q.13	Name four types of computers according to flynn's classification. (CO-6		
Q.U	and	(CO-1)	Q.14	Define Reverse polish notation. (CO-2	<u>?</u>)
Q.4	POST (Power On Self-Test) is the function of		Q.15	Define memory hierarchy. (CO-4)
	(CO-5)	(CO-5)	Q.16	Define Registers. (CO-2	<u>'</u>)
Q.5	CMOS stands for	(CO-5)	Q 17	What is the role of DMA in data transfer?	
Q.6	EEPROM stands for	(CO-4)	Q. I. What is the loss of Divivent data transf		3)
Q.7	Three basic parts ofand		Q.18	Define Auxiliary Memory. (CO-4	∤)
	(1)	170845/120845/ 30845/31065B		(2) 170845/120845 30845/31065	

Q.19 Define Bootstrap Loader program.	(CO-5)	Q.30 Give five different		een direct mapping (CO-4)
Q.20 What is BIOS POST test?	(CO-5)			onization (CO 1)
Q.21 Define hit rate in context with cache	e memory.	Q.31 Explain gene	al register org	anization. (CO-1)
	(CO-3)	Q.32 Explain the co	oncept of virtua	al memory. (CO-4)
Q.22 Define two address instructions.	(CO-1)		SECTION-D	
SECTION-C		Note:Long answer	type questions	•
Note: Short answer type questions. Attempt any eight		questions. 3x10		
questions.	8x5=40	Q.33 Define Addre	•	•
Q.23 Explain five differences between I	RISC and	types or addre	essing modes.	(CO-1)
CISC.	(CO-3)	Q.34 Name five ty	•	
Q.24 Define the term memory stack. H	low stack	used in multiprocessor. Explain any two		
organization is performed?	(CO-1)	them.		(CO-6)
Q.25 Explain five characteristics of multi-processor.		Q.35 What is the usage of BIOS in I/O organization		n I/O organization?
Q.23 Explain live characteristics of multi-	(CO-6)	Explain its five	e functions in de	etail. (CO-5)
Q.26 Explain memory address map. V	Why it is	Q.36 What is memory management hardware		
required.	(CO-4)	Explain memory connections to CPU. (CO-		
Q.27 Give three advantages and three disa	dvantages			
of hardwired control CPU design.	(CO-2)			
Q.28 Using a suitable diagram show how	DMA data			
transfer works in computer.	(CO-5)			
Q.29 Explain multistage switching network	(. (CO-6)			
. (0)	,	(2920)	(4)	170045/100045/
	5/120845/ 15/31065B	(2020)	(1)	170845/120845/ 30845/31065B

No. of Printed Pages : 4		SECTION-B		
Roll No		Note: Very Short answer type questions. Atte	empt any 10x2=20	
		Q.11 What is the function of control Unite?	[CO3]	
Time : 3 Hrs. M.M. : 100		Q.12 Explain Boot Strap Loader.	[CO3]	
SECTION-A		Q.13 Name various types of parallel processors.		
Note:Objective type question	ons. All questions are		[CO4]	
compulsory	(10x1=10)	Q.14 Explain DMA Transfer.	[CO3]	
Q.1 RISC stands for	[CO1]	Q.15 Define POST.	[CO3]	
Q.2 One byte is equivalent tobits. [CO1]		Q.16 Make a Block Diagram of Associative Memory.		
Q.3 ANSI stands for	[CO1]	3, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7,	[CO2]	
Q.4 Classify computer a	according to Flynn	Q.17 Define RAM and ROM.	[CO2]	
'classification.	[CO4]	Q.18 Write short note on Register indire	ct mode	
Q.5 The full form of WORM	is [CO2]	Q. 10 VVIII.0 CHOIL Hoto OH Hogistor mand	[CO2]	
Q.6 BIOS means	[CO2]	O 10 Make block diagram of cogments		
Q.7 Full form of DMA is	{CO3}	Q.19 Make block diagram of segmentations Paging.	[CO3]	
Q.8 CMOS stands for	[CO3]			
Q.9 Hard wired control	units is a rigid	Q.20 State single Accumulator Organization	1. [CO1]	
application.[T/F]	· ·	Q.21 Define three address instructions.	[CO1]	
Q.10 SISD stands for	[CO4]	Q.22 Define Auto Increment Mode.	[CO1]	
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SECTION-C

Note	Short answer type questions. Attempt ar questions.	ny eight 3x5=40	
Q.23	Write short note on direct memory a	access. [CO3]	
Q.24	Explain Arithmetic pipeline.	[CO4]	
Q.25	Differentiate between RISC and CISC.	[CO1]	
Q.26	What is priority interrupts? [CO3]		
Q.27	Explain memory hierarchy.	[CO2]	
Q.28	State and Explain BIOS.	[CO3]	
Q.29	Write note on Cross-Bar Switches.	[CO4]	
Q.30	What is the concept of Virtual and Memory.	Cache [CO2]	
Q.31	Write short note on- a) Hit rate b) DVD	[CO2]	
Q.32	2.32 Differentiate between Access time and Latency Time. [CO2]		
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SECTION-D

Note:Long answer type questions. Attempt any three questions. 3x10=30

Q.33 What is addressing mode? Explain the type of addressing mode. [CO1]

Q.34 Explain Pipelining and its techniques with diagram. [CO4]

Q.35 Differentiate Direct Mapping, Associative Mapping and set Associative mapping. [CO2]

Q.36 Write short mote one:-

a) Multi Processing [Co4]

b) Functions of BIOS. [CO3]

(Note: Course outcome/CO is for office use only)

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30845/31065B

No. of Printed Pages : 4		Q.5	An address generated by CPU is generally referred		
Rol	l No	180845/170845/120845/		as (CO2)	
30845/31065B		30845/31065B		a. Physical Address b. Associative Address	
Branch : Computer Engineering Subject : Computer Organization				c. Referral Address d. Logical Address	
			Q.6	Which of the following is not type of ROM (CO3)	
Time : 3 Hrs. M.M. : 100			a. PROM b. EEPROM		
			c. EAROM d. MEPROM		
SECTION-A			Q.7	RAM can be (CO3)	
Note: Multiple Choice Questions. All questions are				a. SRAM, DRAM b. ROM	
	Compulsory.	(10x1=10)		c. PROM d. MEPROM	
Q.1	Input device is	(CO1)	Q.8	A buffer can be used for fetch segment (CO4)	
	a. Keyboard	b. Printer		a. MIFO b. SIFO	
	c. Monitor	d. Plotter		c. FIFO d. LIFO	
Q.2	RISC stands for	(CO1)	Q.9	Name the parallel processing (CO_)	
	a. Reduced Instruction set computerb. Read Instruction set computerc. Reduced Instruction set coming			a. SIMD, MIMD b. MISD	
				c. SISD D. All of above	
			Q.10	Parallel processor is (CO4)	
	d. Reduced Input self computer			a. Distributed architecture b. pipelining	
Q.3	1 GB = Bytes (CO1)			c. BIOS d. RISC	
۵.۰	a. 1,000	b. 1,000,000,000,000		SECTION-B	
	c. 1,000,000	d. 1,000,000,000	Note	Objective type Questions. All Questions are	
Q.4	RAM is	(CO2)	0.44	compulsory. (10x1=10)	
Q.4			Q.11	The stores intermediate data used during the execution of the instructions. (CO-1)	
	a. Volatile memory	b. Static Memory	0.10	,	
	c. Garbage memory	d. Low speed memory	Q.12	ALU performs micro operations for executing the (CO-1)	
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Q.13 Register that hold the address for the stack is	Q.27 What is memory mapping? Explain. (CO-2)
called (CO-1)	Q.28 What are the components of memory management
Q.14 The points at the address of the next instruction in the program. (CO-1)	unit? (CO-2)
Q.15 Memory refers to the of a computer system.	Q.29 What is difference between static RAM and dynamic RAM? (CO-2)
(CO-2)	Q.30 What are the mazor functions of BIOS? (CO-3)
Q.16 Parts of primary memory are and (CO-2)	Q.31 Write short note on synchronous and asynhronous
Q.17 EPROM stands for (CO-2)	data transfer. (CO-3)
Q.18 Access time = + (CO-2)	Q.32 Explain briefly interrupt priority encoder. (CO-3)
Q.19 I/O Bus consists of, and (CO-3)	Q.33 Explain types of parallel processing? (CO-4)
Q.20 A parallel MIMD systems, communication is	Q.34 What is Reverse Polish Notation? (CO-4)
essential for processing. (CO-4)	Q.35 What are the various characteristics of
SECTION-C	multiprocessors? (CO-4)
Note: Short Answer type Question. Attempt any twelve	SECTION-D
questions out of fifteen Questions. (12x5=60)	Note: Long Answer Type Questions. Attempt any Two
Q.21 Explain One-Address Instructions? (CO-1)	Questions out of three Questions. (2x10=20)
Q.22 Explain 1) Direct Address Mode, 2) Indirect Address	Q.36 Explain the characteristic of RISC architecture
Mode (CO-1)	(CO-1)
Q.23 What are the steps followed by CPU when an	Q.37 Write short notes on (CO-2)
interrupt occur? (CO-1)	 Virtual Memory Demand Paging
Q.24 Compare internal interrupts and external interrupts.	3. Associative Memory
(CO-1)	Q.38 Write short note on (CO-4)
Q.25 Write short note on 1) SRAM, 2) DRAM (CO-2)	 Explain various types of pipelining
Q.26 Why virtual memory is used in computer system? (CO-2)	2. Discuss characteristics of computer
(CO-2)	architecture
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Roll No.

4th Sem. / Comp/ IT

Subject: COMPUTER ORGANIZATION

Time: 3 Hrs. M.M.: 100

SECTION-A

Note: Very Short Answer type questions. Attempt any 15 parts. (15x2=30)

- Q.1 a) Write down the various parts of CPU.
 - b) Define control word.
 - c) Define instruction format.
 - d) What is indexed mode?
 - e) Define general register organization.
 - f) Define memory stack.
 - g) What is effective address?
 - h) What is two address Instruction?
 - i) Explain SELA and SELB.
 - j) What is opcode?

- k) Define main memory.
- I) Write the full form of DVD.
- m) What is access time?
- n) What do you mean by storage and retrieval?
- o) What is the main drawback of direct Mapping?
- p) How can we map physical address from virtual address?
- q) Define BIOS.
- r) What is Multiprocessor?

SECTION-B

Note: Short answer type questions. Attempt any ten parts 10x4=40

- Q.2 i) Explain ROM chip in brief.
 - ii) Explain associative memory in short.
 - iii) Write short note on virtual memory.

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- iv) Differentiate between CISC characteristics and RISC characteristics.
- v) Write short note on following:
 - a) Time shared Bus
 - b) Multi-port Memory
- vi) Write short note on following:
 - a) Synchronous Data Transfer
 - b) Asynchronous Data Transfer
- vii) Discuss Interrupt Initiated Data Transfer in short.
- viii) Write down the advantages and disadvantages of Hardwired control unit.
- ix) Explain the types of multi-processor.
- x) Write short note on multi stage switching networks.
- xi) Explain BIOS setup.
- xii) Explain DMA data transfer.
- xiii) Explain power on self test.

- xiv) What is Direct and Indirect Mapping?
- xv) Write short notes on following:
 - a) One address Instruction
 - b) Zero address Instruction

SECTION-C

Note: Long answer type questions. Attempt any three questions. 3x10=30

- Q.3 Explain cache Memory in detail.
- Q.4 Write notes on:
 - a) Magnetic disks
 - b) Magnetic tapes
- Q.5 Differentiate between Micro programmed CPU designed and Hard wired control CPU.
- Q.6 What do you mean by addressing Modes? Explain any four addressing modes in detail.
- Q.7 What is parallel processing. Explain the types of parallel processing in detail.

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4th Sem. / Comp. Engg. Subject : Computer Organization

Time: 3 Hrs. M.M.: 100

SECTION-A

Note: Very Short Answer type questions. Attempt any 15 parts. (15x2=30)

- Q.1 a) Expand RISC.
 - b) Define Virtual Memory.
 - c) Expand DMA.
 - d) Define Register.
 - e) What is parallel processing?
 - f) Define immediate addressing mode.
 - g) Expand RAM & ROM.
 - h) What is associative memory?
 - i) What is Booting?
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- j) Define stack.
- k) Define Pipelining.
- l) Expand BIOS.
- m) Give example of one address instruction.
- n) What is relative addressing mode?
- o) What is multiport memory?
- p) What is multiprocess system?
- q) Define POST.
- r) Where Cross bar switch is used.

SECTION-B

Note: Short answer type questions. Attempt any ten parts 10x4=40

- Q.2 i) Explain stack organisation.
 - i) List the main characteristics of CISC architecture.
 - iii) Explain instruction formats in detail.
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- iv) Write a note on :-
 - (a) Virtual memory
 - (b) Cache memory
- v) Explain different types of Auxillary memory.
- vi) Define memory. Explain memory Hierarchy.
- vii) List various advantages and disadvantages of Hardwired control CPU design.
- viii) Explain the concept of Associative memory.
- ix) Why memory address map is required. Explain.
- x) Explain addressing modes with the help of example.
- xi) Explain pipelining with the help of diagram.
- xii) Explain RAM and ROM chips.
- xiii) Explain parallel processing with example.
- xiv) List basic characteristics of multiprocessor.
- xv) Explain DMA data transfer technique.

SECTION-C

Note:Long answer type questions. Attempt any three questions. 3x10=30

- Q.3 Explain BIOS and its functions.
- Q.4 What do you mean by RISC. What are its characteristics. How RISC is different from CISC architecture. Explain.
- Q.5 Write note on :-
 - (a) Hyper cube structure
 - (b) Time shared common bus.
 - (c) Multistage Switching network.
- Q.6 Explain different modes of data transfer.
- Q.7 What is memory management hardware. Explain memory connections to CPU.

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