Adding and Removing Elements

The following array contains the marks in computer science class:

60	78	74	80	74	78	88	90	74	68
	, .	, ,	••	, , ,	, . •	••	-	, ,	00

1. Add the following mark to the array: 93

```
int [] mark = {60,78,74,80,74,78,88,90,74,68};
int [] temp = new int [mark.length+1];
for (int x=0; x<mark.length; x++) {
    temp [x] = mark[x];
}
temp[temp.length-1] = 93;
mark = temp;
for (int x=0; x<mark.length; x++) {
    System.out.println(mark[x]);
}</pre>
```

2. Arrange the array in order from smallest to largest. Add the following mark (74) to the array in order.

```
int [] mark = {60,78,74,80,74,78,88,90,74,68};
int [] temp = new int [mark.length+1];
for (int x=0; x<mark.length; x++) {</pre>
   temp[x] = mark[x];
}
temp [temp.length-1] = 74;
mark = temp;
boolean fixed = false;
while (fixed==false) {
   fixed = true;
   for (int x=0; x<mark.length-1; x++) {</pre>
       if (mark[x]>mark[x+1]) {
      int store = mark[x];
      mark[x] = mark[x+1];
      mark[x+1] = store;
      fixed = false;
   }
for (int x=0; x<mark.length; x++) {</pre>
   System.out.println(mark[x]);
```

Arrange the array in order from smallest to largest. Search the array and remove the following element from the array (80)

```
int [] mark = {60,78,74,80,74,78,88,90,74,68};
boolean fixed = false;
while(fixed==false) {
    fixed=true;
    for (int x=0; x<mark.length-1; x++) {
        if (mark[x]>mark[x+1]) {
```

```
int temp = mark[x];
       mark[x]=mark[x+1];
       mark[x+1]=temp;
       fixed=false;
   }
}
int c=0;
for (int x=0; x<mark.length; x++) {</pre>
   if (mark[x]==80) {
   c=x;
   }
for (int x=c; x<mark.length-1; x++){</pre>
   mark[x] = mark[x+1];
for (int x=0; x<mark.length; x++) {</pre>
   System.out.println(mark[x]);
}
```

4. Write a program that will prompt the user for a mark. The program add the mark to the array in order.

```
Scanner input = new Scanner (System.in);
int [] mark = {60,78,74,80,74,78,88,90,74,68};
System.out.println("Enter mark:");
int markAdd = input.nextInt();
int [] temp = new int [mark.length+1];
for (int x=0; x<mark.length; x++) {</pre>
   temp[x] = mark[x];
temp[temp.length-1] = markAdd;
mark = temp;
boolean fixed = false;
while (fixed==false) {
   fixed = true;
   for (int x=0; x<mark.length-1; x++) {</pre>
          if (mark[x]>mark[x+1]) {
                 int memory = mark[x];
                 mark[x] = mark[x+1];
                 mark[x+1] = memory;
                 fixed = false;
          }
   }
for (int x=0; x<mark.length; x++) {</pre>
   System.out.println(mark[x]);
```

5. Write a program that will prompt the user for a mark. The program will search the array and remove it if the mark is found in the array.

```
Scanner input = new Scanner (System.in);
```

```
int [] mark = {60,78,74,80,74,78,88,90,74,68};
System.out.println("Enter mark:");
int markSearch = input.nextInt();
int index=0;
for (int x=0; x<mark.length; x++) {
    if (mark[x]==markSearch) {
      index=x;
    }
}
for (int x=index; x<mark.length-1; x++) {
    mark[x] = mark[x+1];
}
for (int x=0; x<mark.length; x++) {
    System.out.println(mark[x]);
}</pre>
```