

Using Open Source Software to Audit :Network, System software and Physical security of your system

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Introduction

Organizations confront a rising number of security risks that may compromise their networks, software, and physical devices in today's quickly changing digital environment. Maintaining a strong security posture is essential for organisations to safeguard their vital assets and data from potential breaches and assaults. This in-depth security report has been created to examine the organization's present network security, system software security, and physical security while offering takeaways and suggestions for improvement.

Project Objective

This project's main goal is to assess the security architecture of the company, spot gaps and weaknesses, and offer concise, doable advice for improving the overall security posture. The undertaking seeks to

- 1. Fully evaluate the network security of the firm, finding any potential weaknesses and related with network topology, unrestricted ports, services, and intrusion prevention measures.
- 2. In order to safeguard the organization's software inventory from known vulnerabilities, malware, and other threats, the system software security should be evaluated. This should be done by performing antivirus scanning, vulnerability assessments, intrusion detection, and system hardening.
- 3. Determine the system's physical security, making sure that the hardware, add-ons, and data

storage locations are sufficiently shielded from illegal access, theft, or manipulation.

Description

A thorough analysis of the organization's security architecture across network security, system software security, and physical security is provided in the complete security report. The study uses a variety of open-source technologies and security best practises to pinpoint gaps, risks, and vulnerabilities. The results are then organised into a systematic style that provides insightful explanations and doable suggestions for improvement.

Scope

The following topics are covered by this in-depth security report: Network Security:

- 1. Examining the network infrastructure of the company, including its open ports, services, and intrusion detection and prevention systems.
- System Software Security: Evaluation of the organization's software inventory, including
 operating systems, programmes, and other software parts, with an emphasis on antivirus and
 malware protection, vulnerability analyses, intrusion detection, and system hardening
 measures.
- 3. Security controls such as access control systems, video surveillance, safe storage, and other pertinent security measures are evaluated as part of the organization's physical security.

The firm may enhance overall security, better safeguard crucial assets, and reduce the risk of cyber-attacks, data breaches, and physical security incidents by addressing the vulnerabilities and putting the suggested solutions within the purview of this study into practise.

System Description

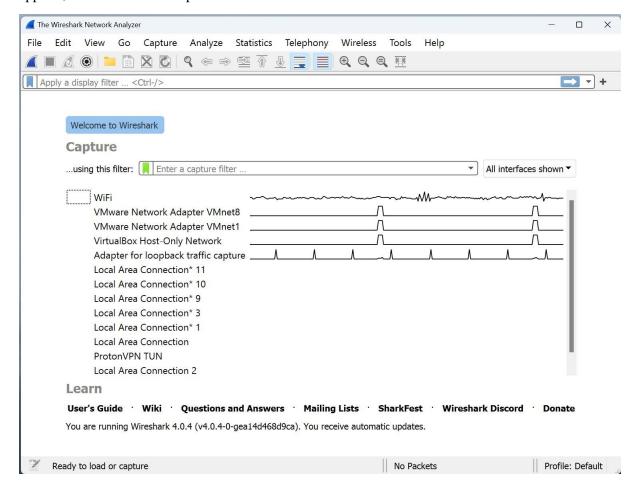
The organization's network infrastructure, system software, and physical security measures are all included in the target system for the complete security report. Servers, routers, switches, firewalls, and other network equipment make up the network infrastructure. Operating systems, programmes, databases, and other types of software are all included in system software. Access control systems, video monitoring, safe storage, and other pertinent security controls are included in the physical security measures.

Analysis Report System snapshots

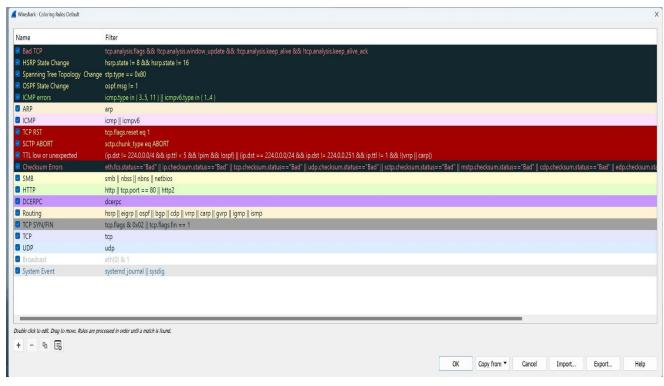
```
Windows PowerShell
   Media State . . . . . . . . . : Media disconnected
Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :
Wireless LAN adapter Local Area Connection* 3:
   Media State . . . . . . . . . . : : Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :
                                     . . : Media disconnected
Ethernet adapter VMware Network Adapter VMnet1:
   Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :
   IPv4 Address. . . . . . . . . . : 192.168.138.1
   : 255.255.255.0
Ethernet adapter VMware Network Adapter VMnet8:
   Connection-specific DNS Suffix
                         . . . . . . . . : 192.168.29.1
. . . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
   IPv4 Address. . . . . . . . . . . . .
   Subnet Mask .
   Default Gateway . . . . . . . :
Wireless LAN adapter WiFi:
   Connection-specific DNS Suffix
                                           192.168.58.229
255.255.255.0
   IPv4 Address. . . . . . . . . .
   Subnet Mask .
   Default Gateway
                                           192.168.58.57
PS C:\Users\guris\OneDrive\Desktop>
```

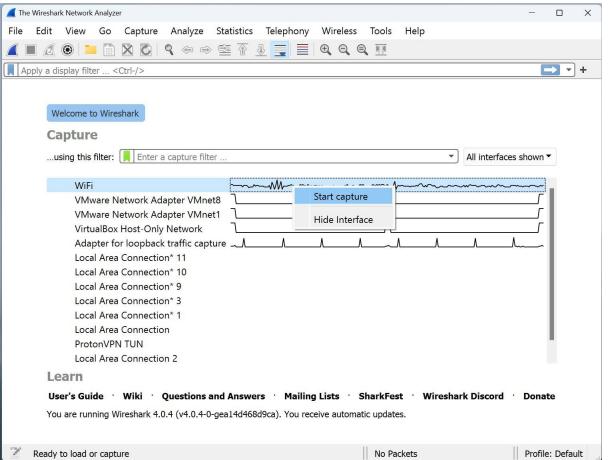
Network security

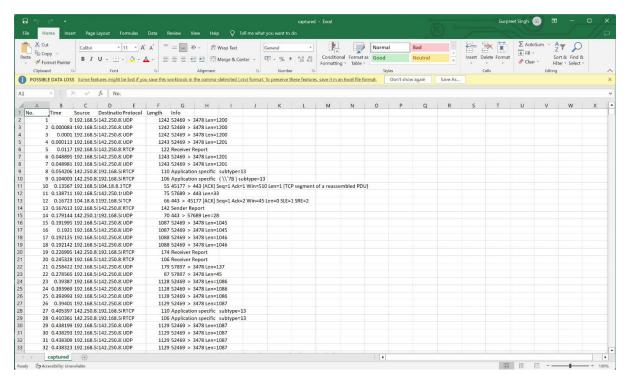
In order to create a report in Wireshark, network traffic must normally be captured, filters must be applied, and data must be exported in a certain format.



Open Wireshark, then choose the network interface from which you wish to collect traffic (e.g., Ethernet, Wi-Fi).



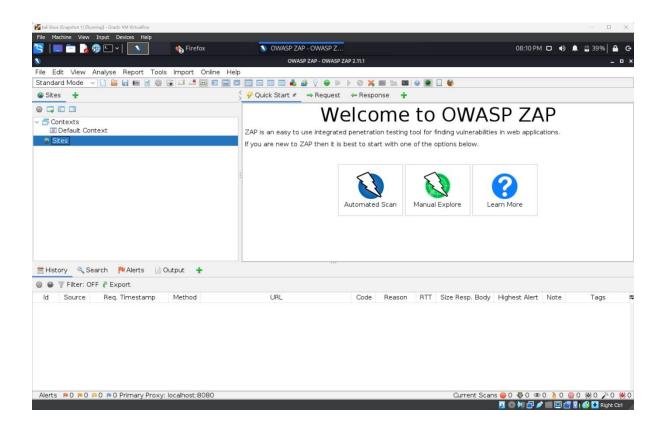


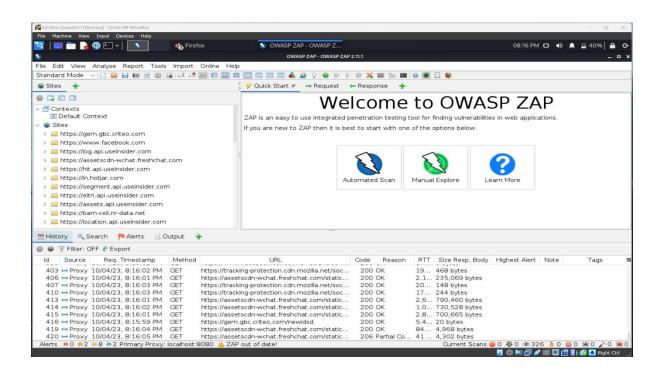


Go to "File" > "Export Packet Dissections" in the main menu to create a report. The following are your choices for exporting the data:

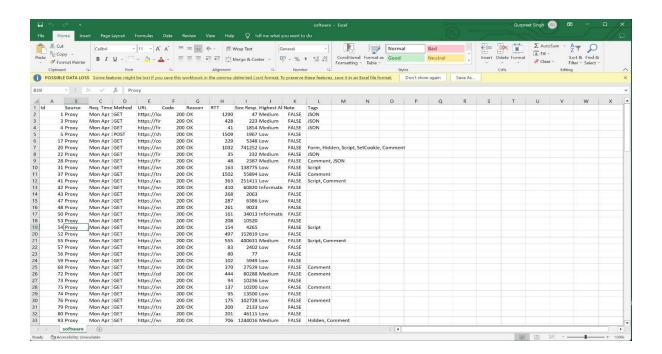
- 1. Export the data as a plain text file by selecting "As Plain Text."
- 2. By selecting "As CSV," you may export the data in CSV format.
- 3. Export the data as C-style arrays by selecting "As C Arrays".
- 4. Export the data in JSON format by selecting "As JSON."
- 5. Export the data in Packet Details Markup Language (PDML) format by selecting "As PDML."
- 6. Export the data in Packet Summary Markup Language (PSML) format by selecting "As PSML."
- 7. Provide the file name and location for the exported report's file and the chosen export format.
- 8. To produce the report, click "Save."

Software security

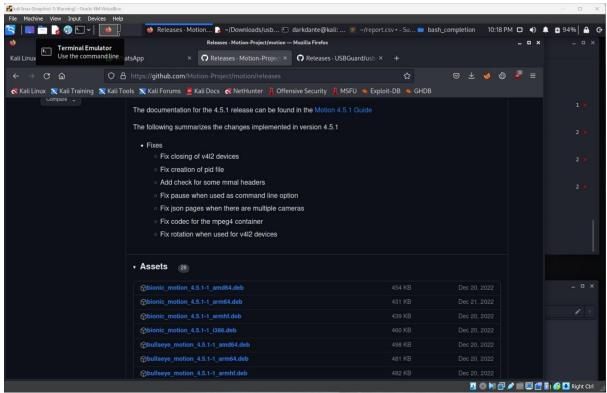




- 1. Generating a report in OWASP Zed Attack Proxy (ZAP) is straightforward.
- 2. Run ZAP, then set the target web application up for scanning.
- 3. Run the target web application through the specified scan (passive or active).
- 4. The findings of the scanning procedure are presented in the "Alerts" tab once it is finished.
- 5. Go to the main menu and select "Report" > "Create HTML Report" or "Generate XML Report" to create a report. Instead, you may select "Create MD Report" to generate a report in Markdown format or "Generate JSON Report" to generate a report in JSON format.
- 6. Give the report file a name and specify the place where you want to save it in the "Save" dialogue box.
- 7. To produce the report, click "Save."



Physical security



```
darkdante@kali: ~/Downloads/usbguard-1.1.2/scripts
                                                                                     _ _ X
File Actions Edit View Help
ibraries ... yes
checking whether -lc should be explicitly linked in ... no
checking dynamic linker characteristics ... GNU/Linux ld.so
checking how to hardcode library paths into programs... immediate
checking whether stripping libraries is possible ... yes
checking if libtool supports shared libraries ... yes
checking whether to build shared libraries ... yes
checking whether to build static libraries... yes
checking how to run the C++ preprocessor... g++ -E checking for ld used by g++... /usr/bin/ld -m elf_x86_64
checking if the linker (/usr/bin/ld -m elf_x86_64) is GNU ld... yes
checking whether the g++ linker (/usr/bin/ld -m elf_x86_64) supports shared l
ibraries... yes
checking for g++ option to produce PIC... -fPIC -DPIC
checking if g++ PIC flag -fPIC -DPIC works ... yes checking if g++ static flag -static works ... yes checking if g++ supports -c -o file.o ... yes checking if g++ supports -c -o file.o ... (cached) yes
checking whether the g++ linker (/usr/bin/ld -m elf_x86_64) supports shared l
ibraries ... yes
checking dynamic linker characteristics ... (cached) GNU/Linux ld.so
checking how to hardcode library paths into programs... immediate
checking for __atomic_add_fetch_8 in -latomic ... yes
checking for basename function... GNU
checking for strerror_r function ... GNU
checking how to run the C preprocessor ... gcc -E
checking whether gcc is Clang... no
```

Setting the global username and email

```
D:\>git config --global user.name
GurpreetSinghG

D:\>git config --global user.email
gurisingh853763@gmail.com
```

Intializing the repository

```
D:\INT301>git init
Initialized empty Git repository in D:/INT301/.git/
D:\INT301>
```

Adding the allthe revisions, committing them and pushing the reports to the github Revision 1

```
D:\INT301>git init
Initialized empty Git repository in D:/INT301/.git/

D:\INT301>git add software.pdf

D:\INT301>git commit -m "first commit"
[master (root-commit) a4342e2] first commit

1 file changed, 0 insertions(+), 0 deletions(-)
create mode 100644 software.pdf

D:\INT301>git remote add ca3 https://github.com/GurpreetSinghG/11903687_ca3.git
```

D:\INT301>git push
Enumerating objects: 4, done.
Counting objects: 100% (4/4), done.
Delta compression using up to 8 threads
Compressing objects: 100% (3/3), done.
Writing objects: 100% (3/3), 478.61 KiB | 21.75 MiB/s, done.
Total 3 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
To https://github.com/GurpreetSinghG/11903687_Gurpreet.git
a4342e2..059fccf main -> main

References

https://motion-project.github.io/

https://usbguard.github.io/

https://nvd.nist.gov/

https://www.wireshark.org/

https://www.zaproxy.org/download/

https://www.zaproxy.org/

GitHub Link

 $\underline{https://github.com/GurpreetSinghG/11903687_ca3/}$