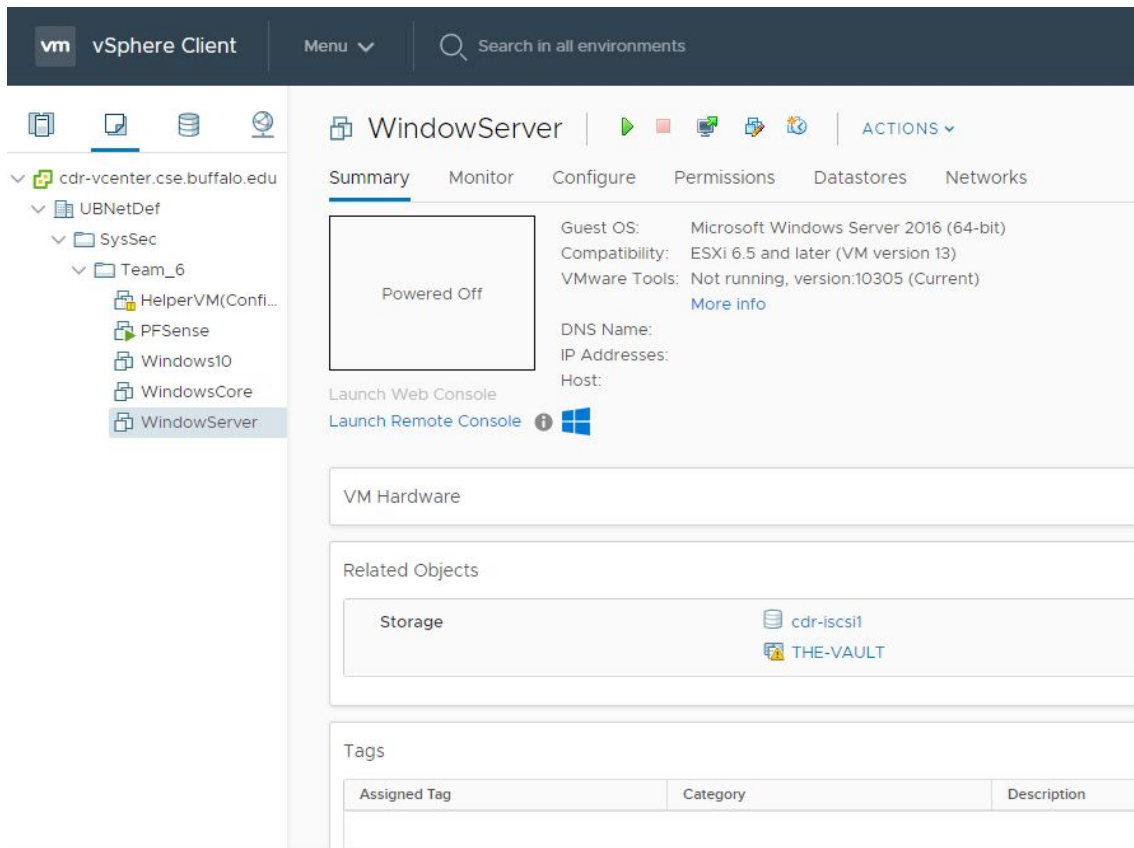


WINDOWS Homework

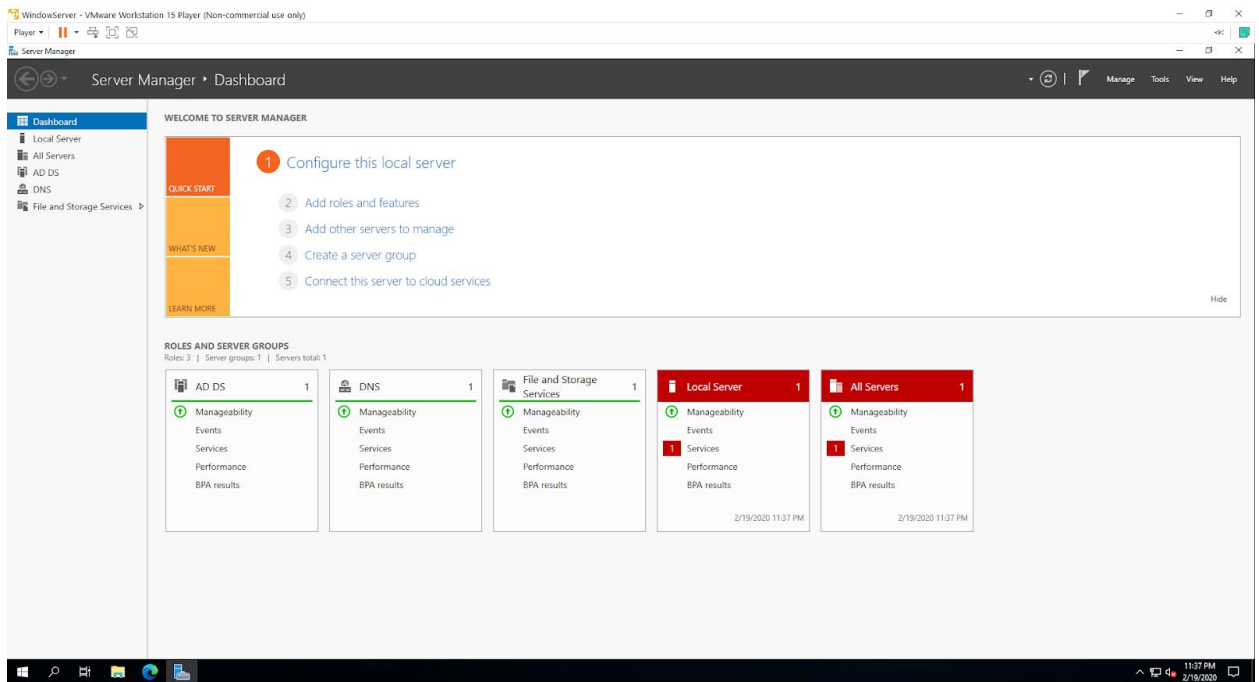
Server 2019 Setup and Operations

1. First login to your vCenter account and power on the Windows Server 2019 VM by going to the Windows Server 2019 Option on the left pane and clicking the play button in green.

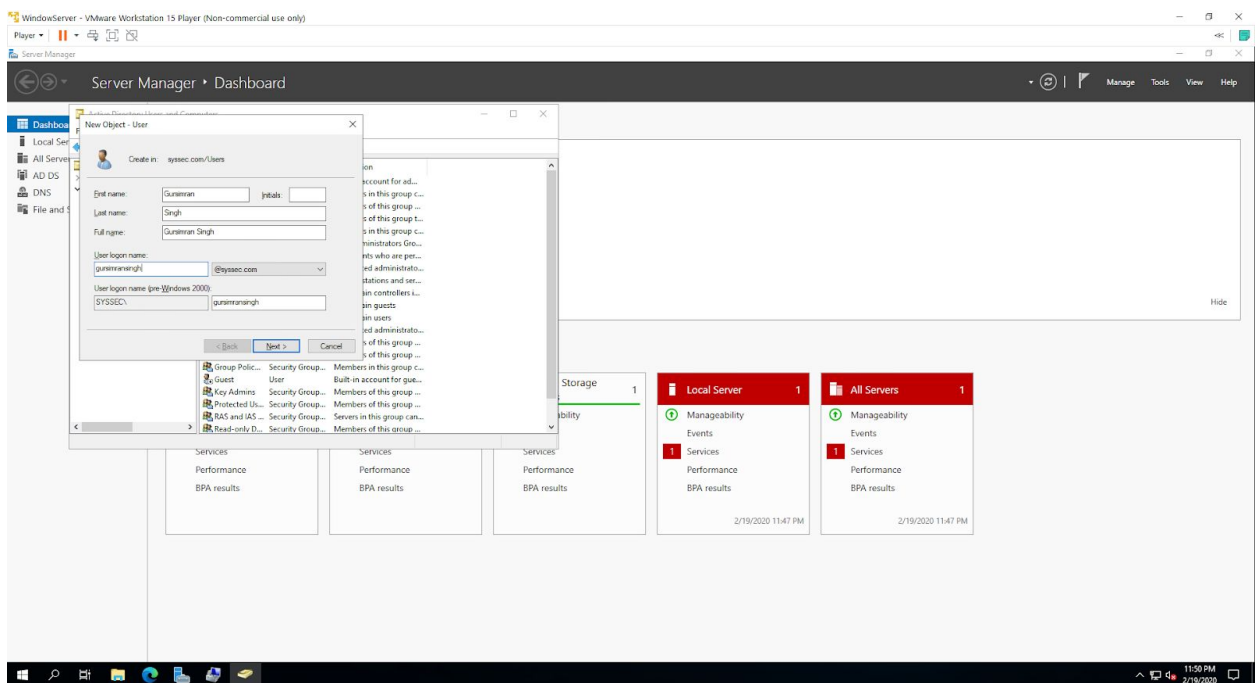
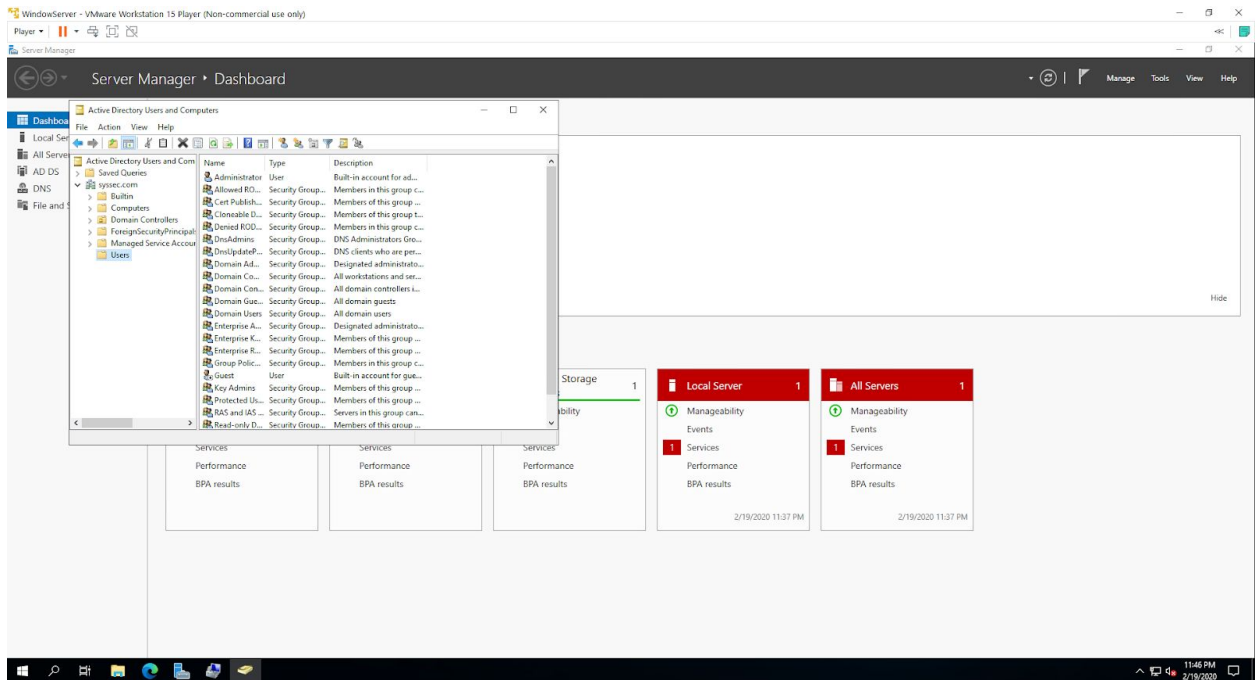


2. After the windows loads, wait for the server manager to open up, it will be as shown below. Note
- At this point Active Directory is Setup with domain name as shown in the class, so it is not

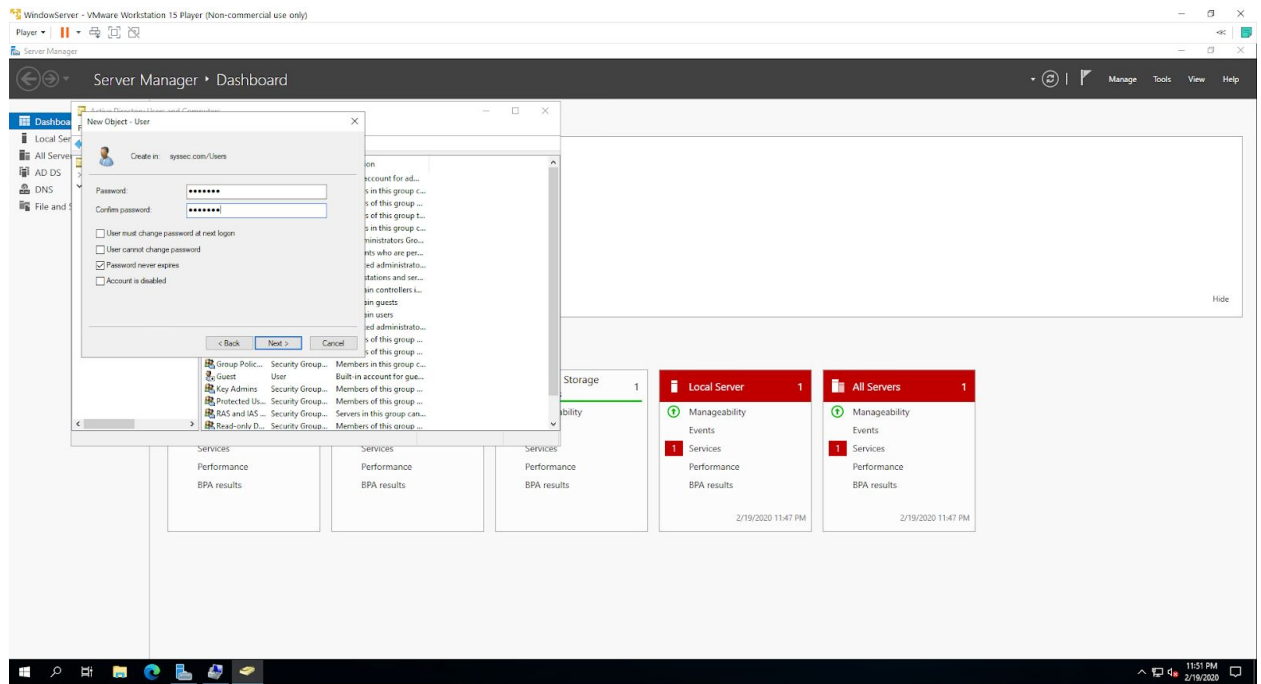
covered in this document, but google is always there.



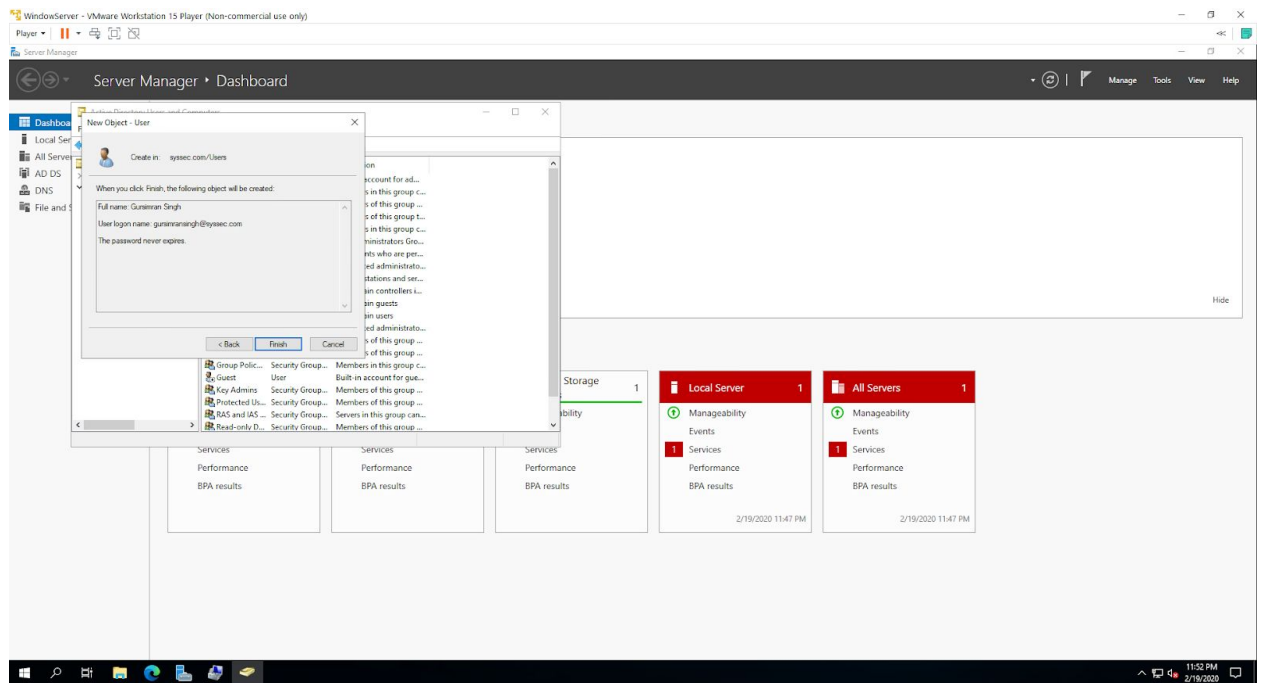
3. From the top right corner, goto Tools > Active Directory Users and Computers > syssec.com > Users , and right click on Users and goto New>Users and fill in user details as shown in figure below.



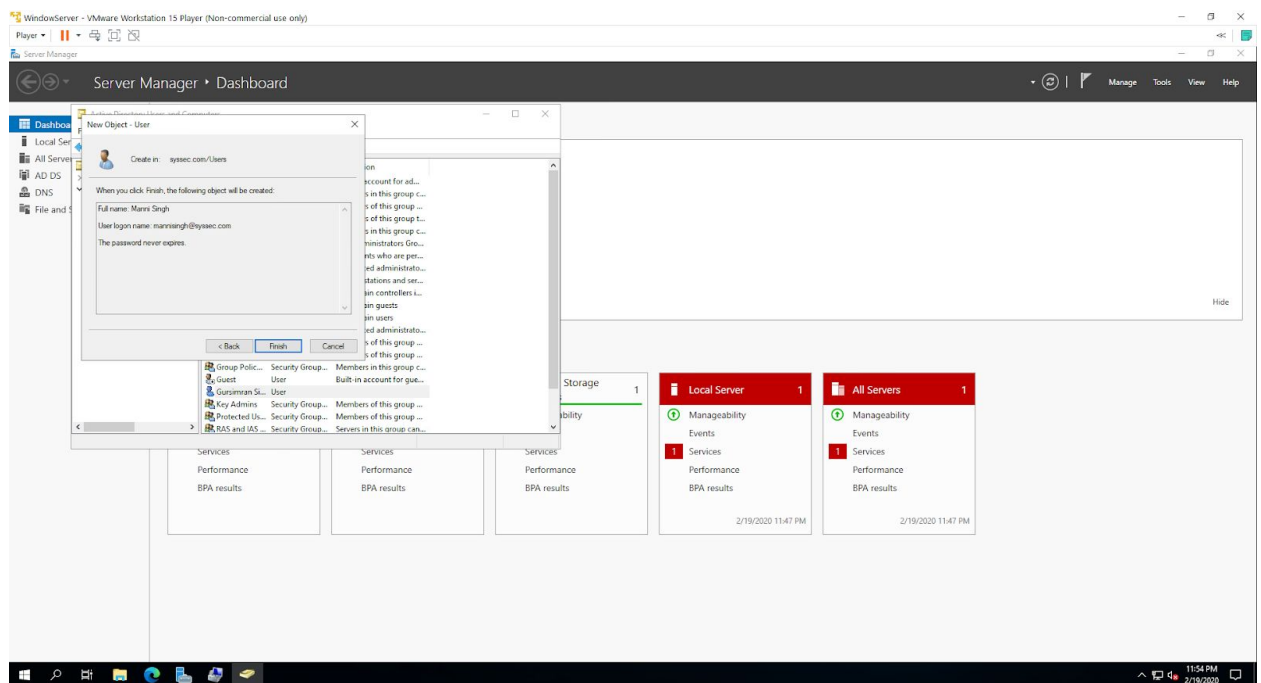
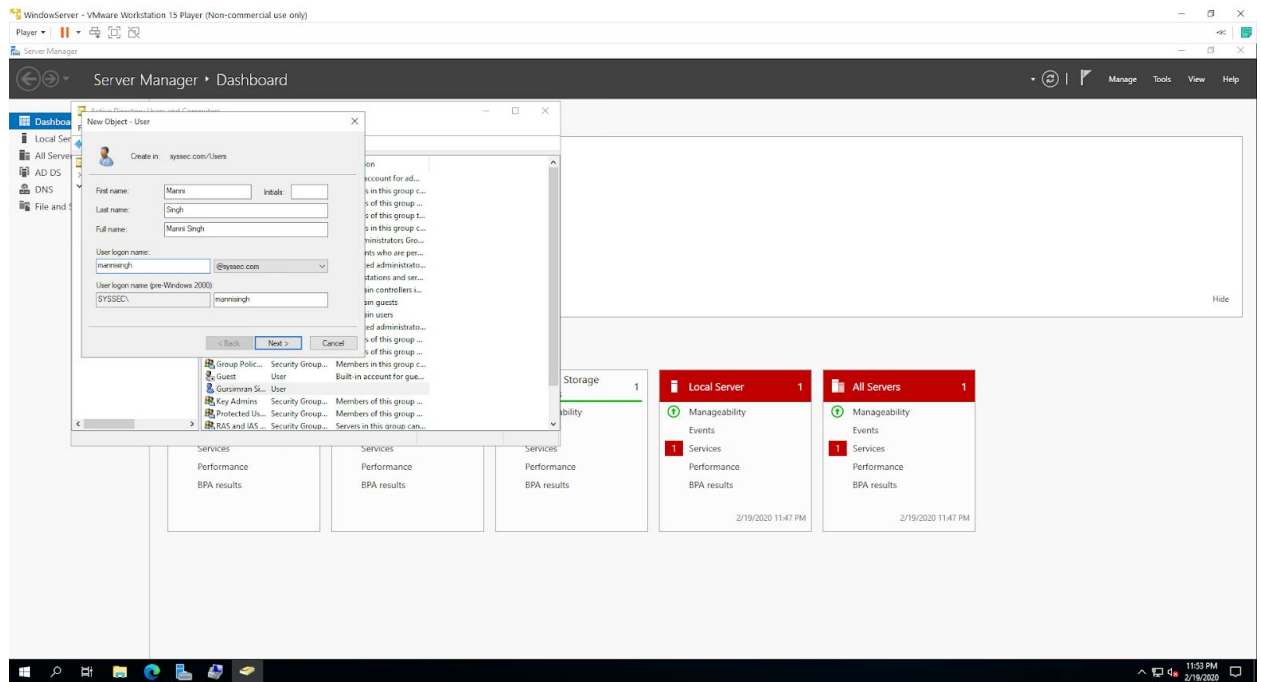
4. Now set the password and confirm the password.



5. Verify the information and click Finish.

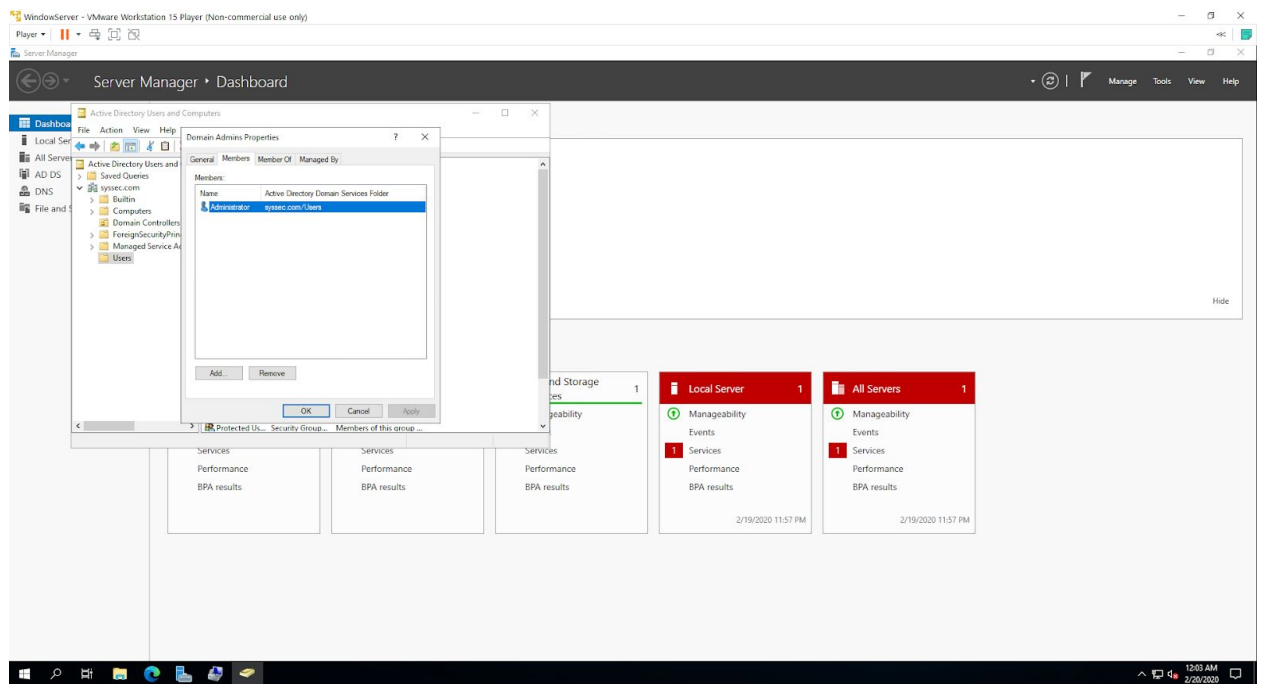


6. Similarly do it for another user and confirm by clicking Finish.

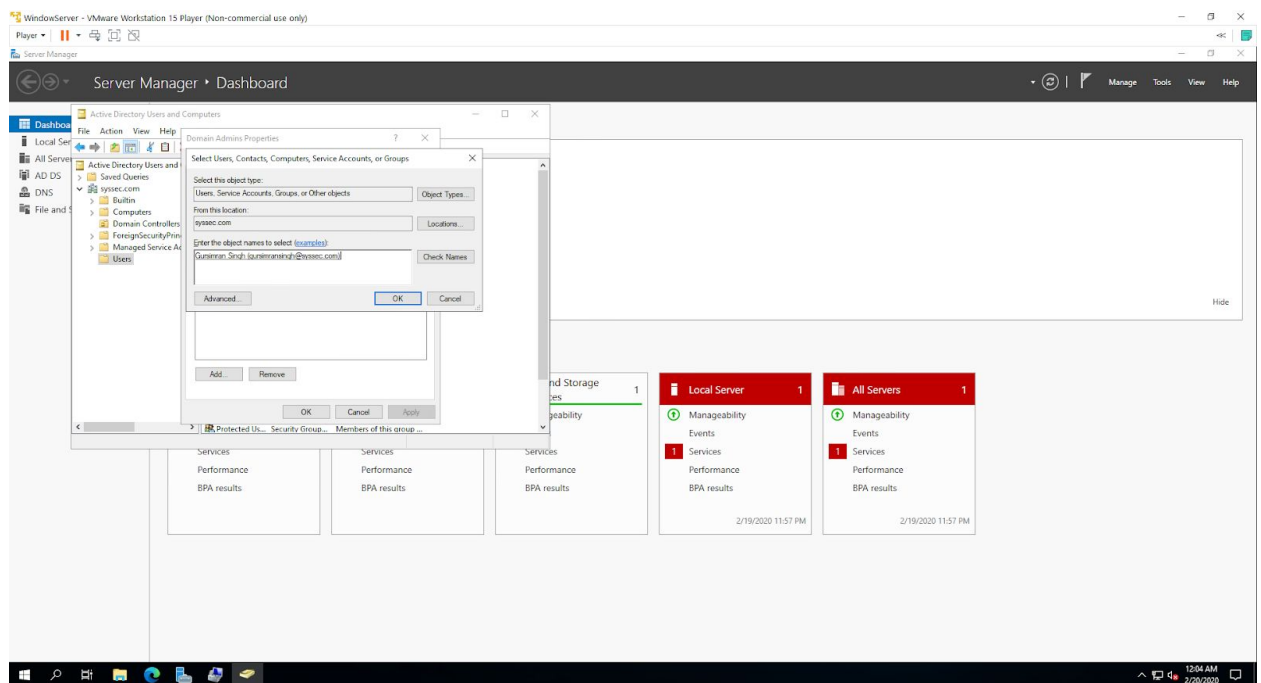


7. Within Users on the Active Directory Users and Computers window, on the right panel, search for Domain Admins group and right click on it and goto properties. From the window, click the

Add option as shown in figure below.

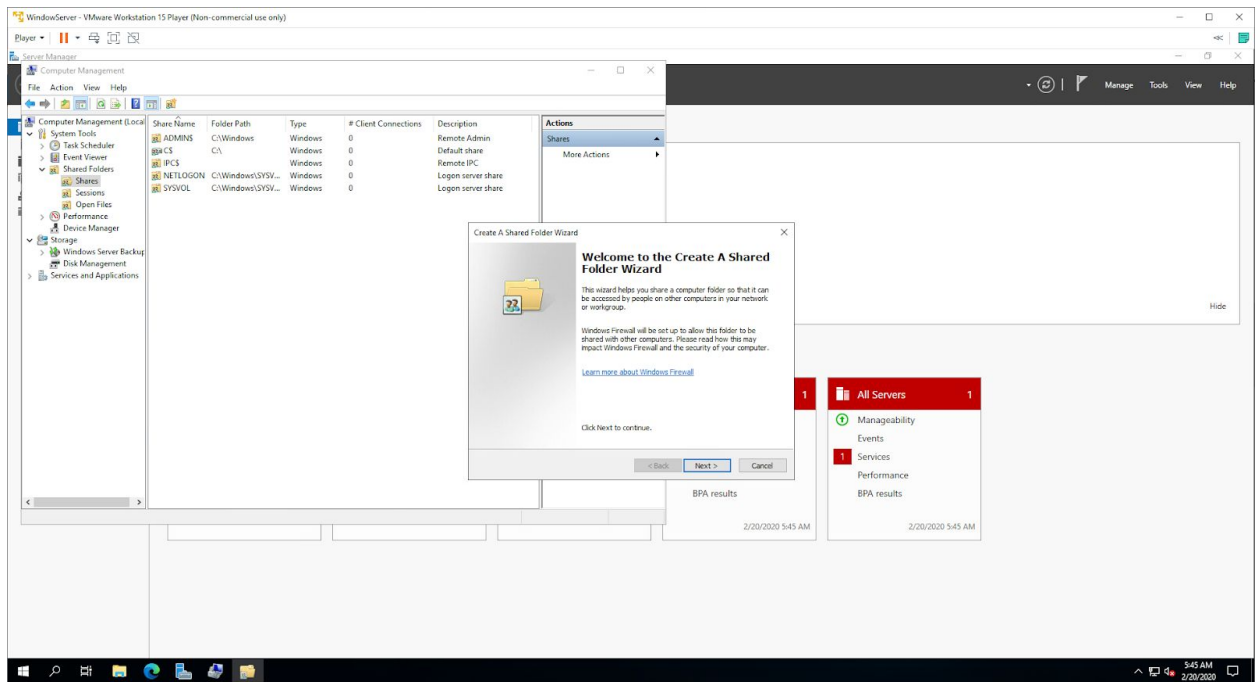


8. Enter the initials of user you want to make admin and click check names and select the desired user, and click OK.

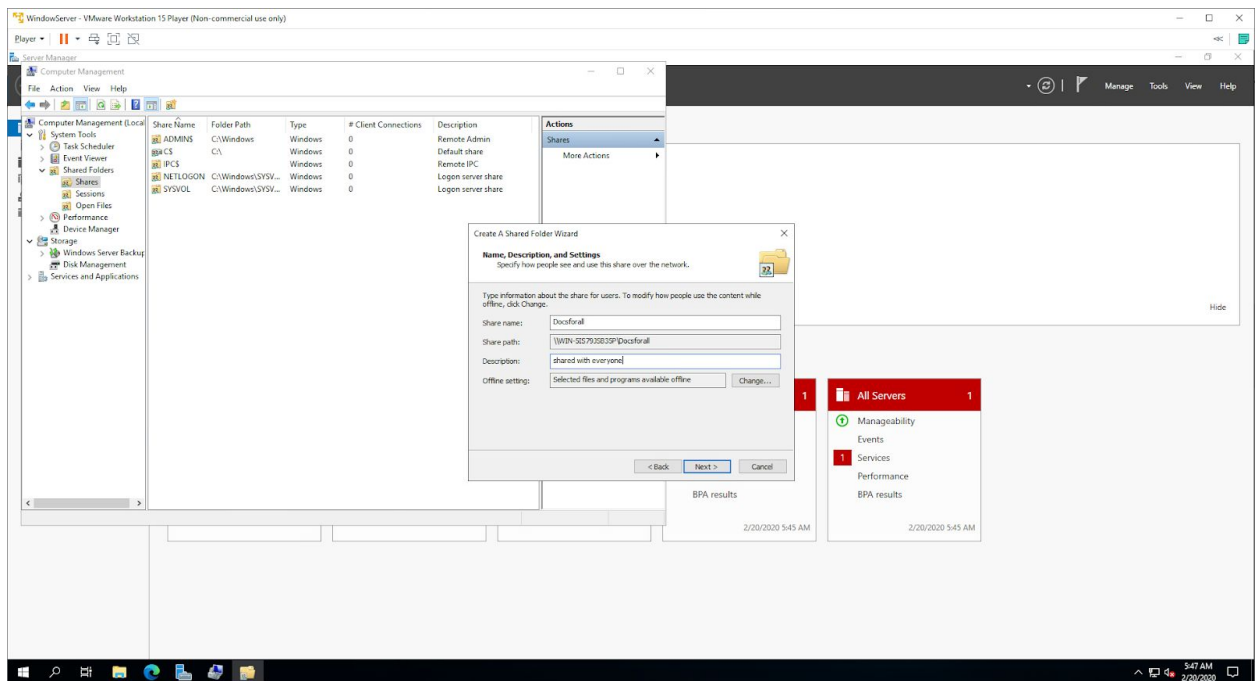


9. Now exit the window and goto Tools > Computer Management > System Tools > Shared Folders, and right click on shared folder and select creating new folder option. The following window will

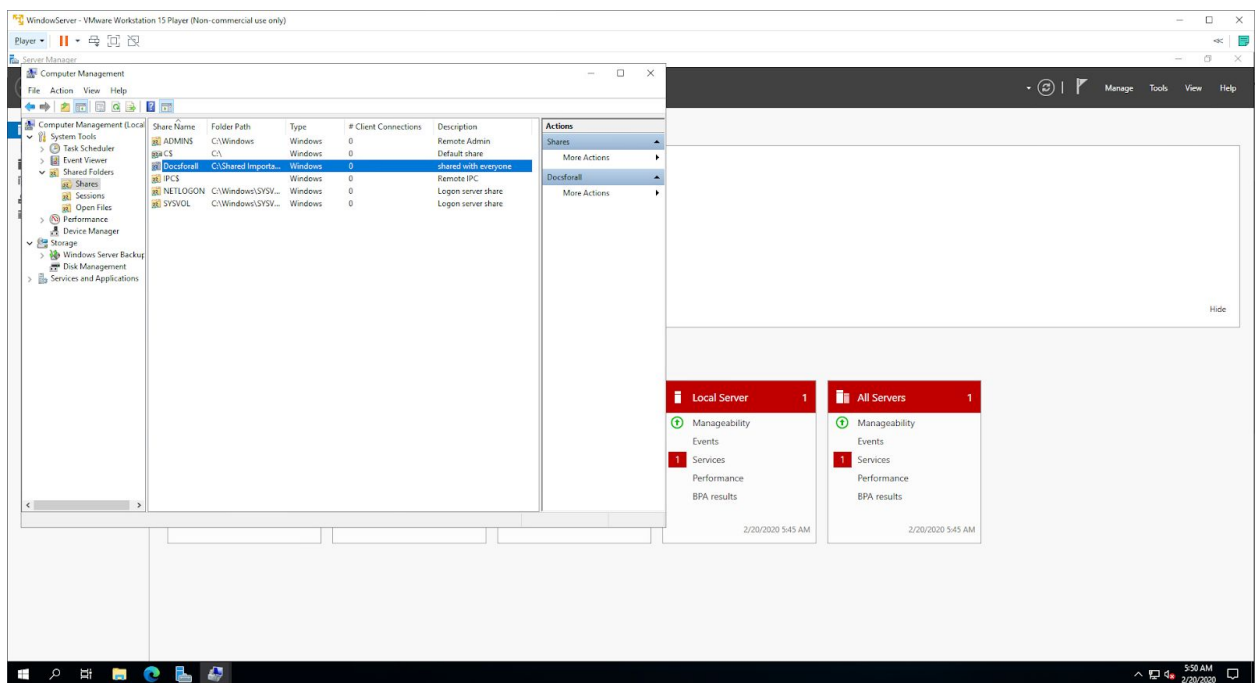
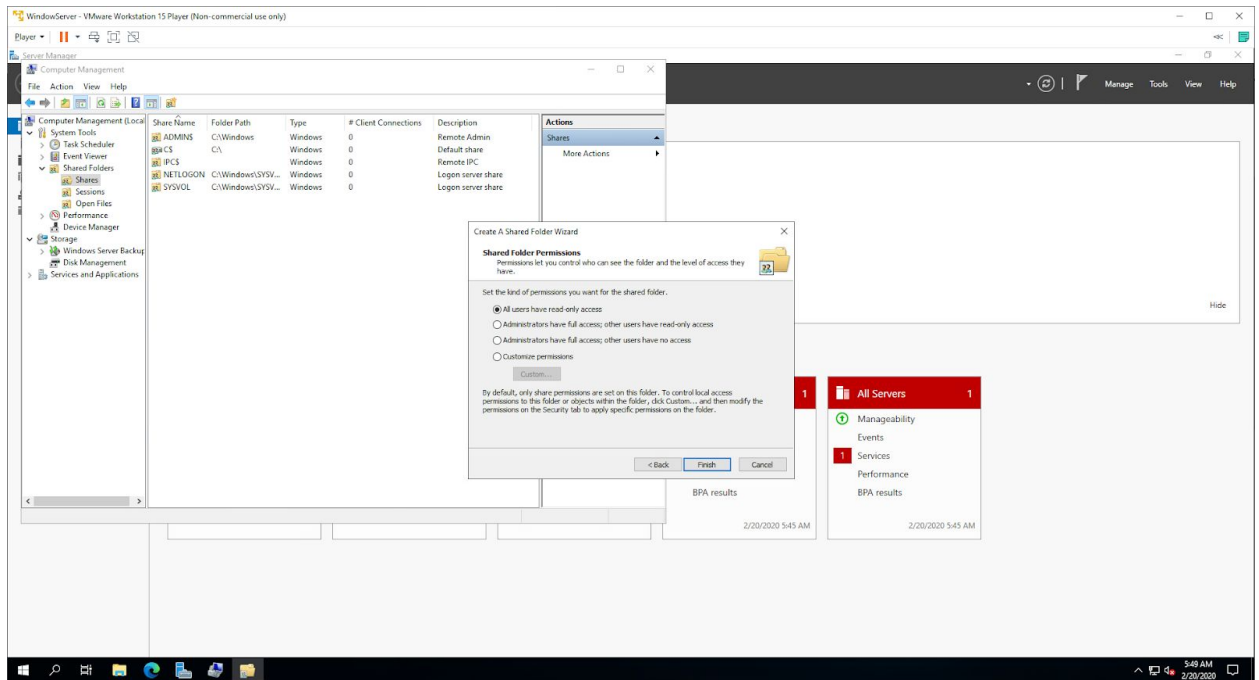
pop up.



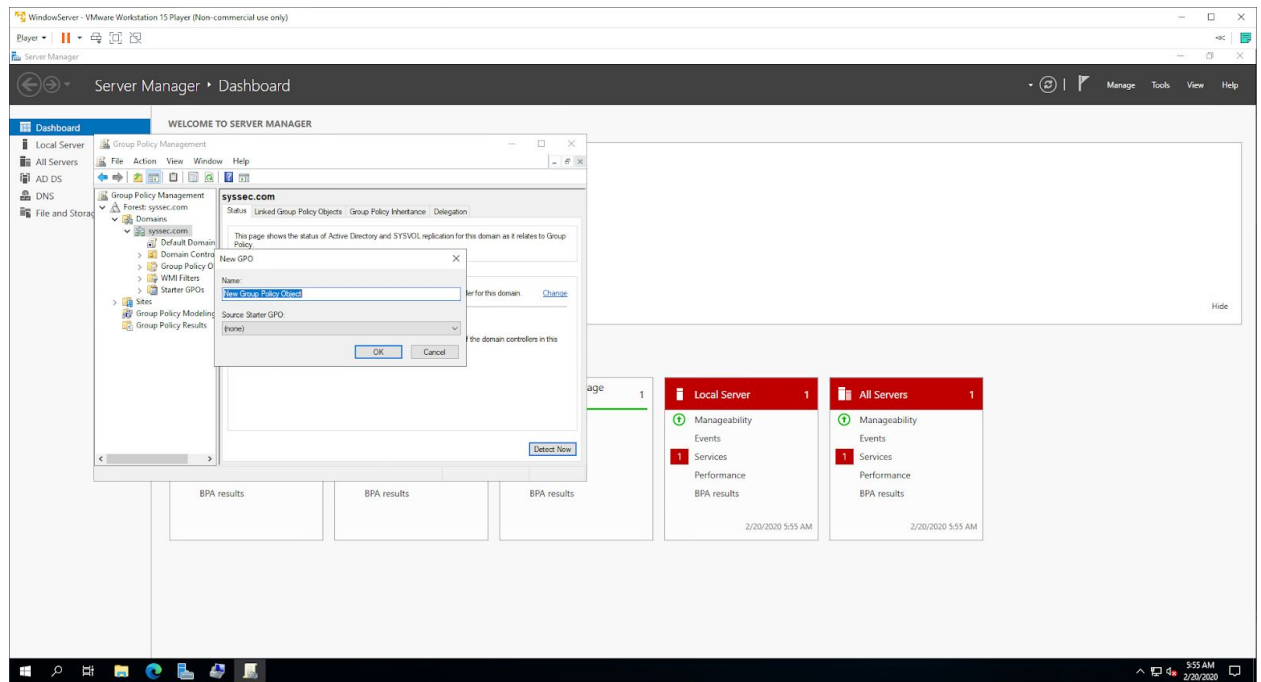
10. Now select the desired location for the folder and after that set a folder name and description.



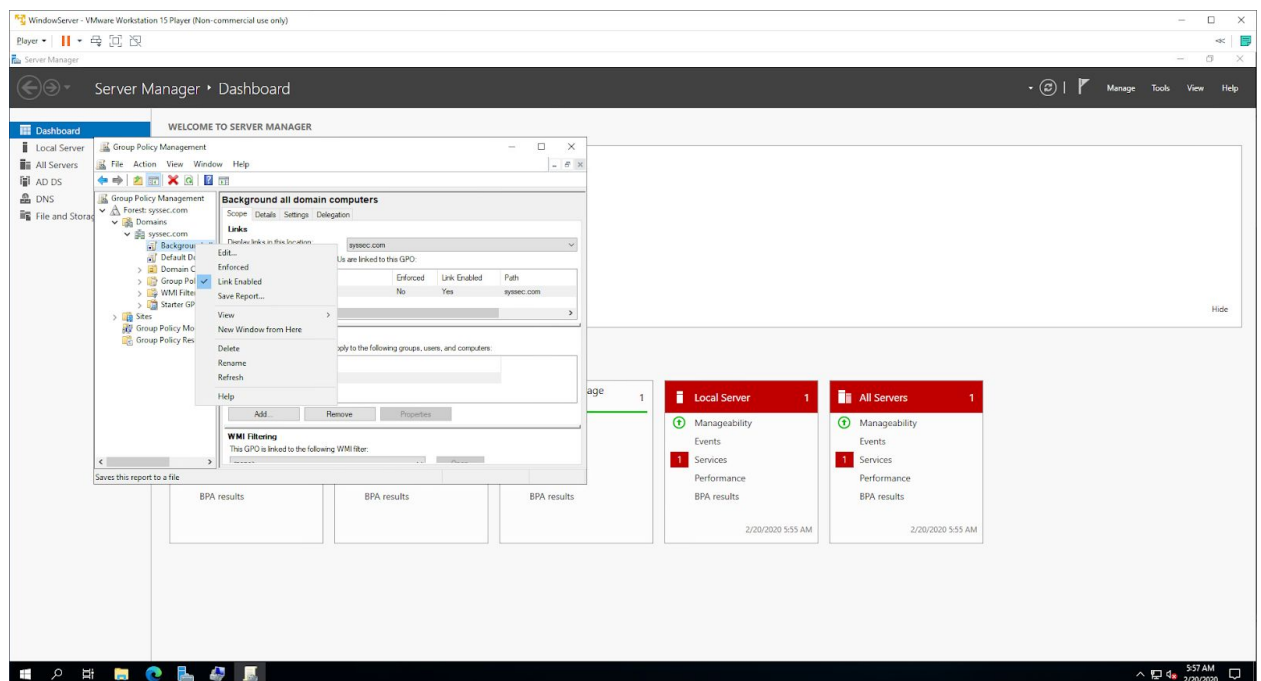
11. Now select all users have read access only option and click finish. You will see a folder created with the desired name as shown below.



12. Now goto Tools > Group Policy Management > Domains > Right click on syssec and select create new group policy object. Enter the policy Name as shown below.

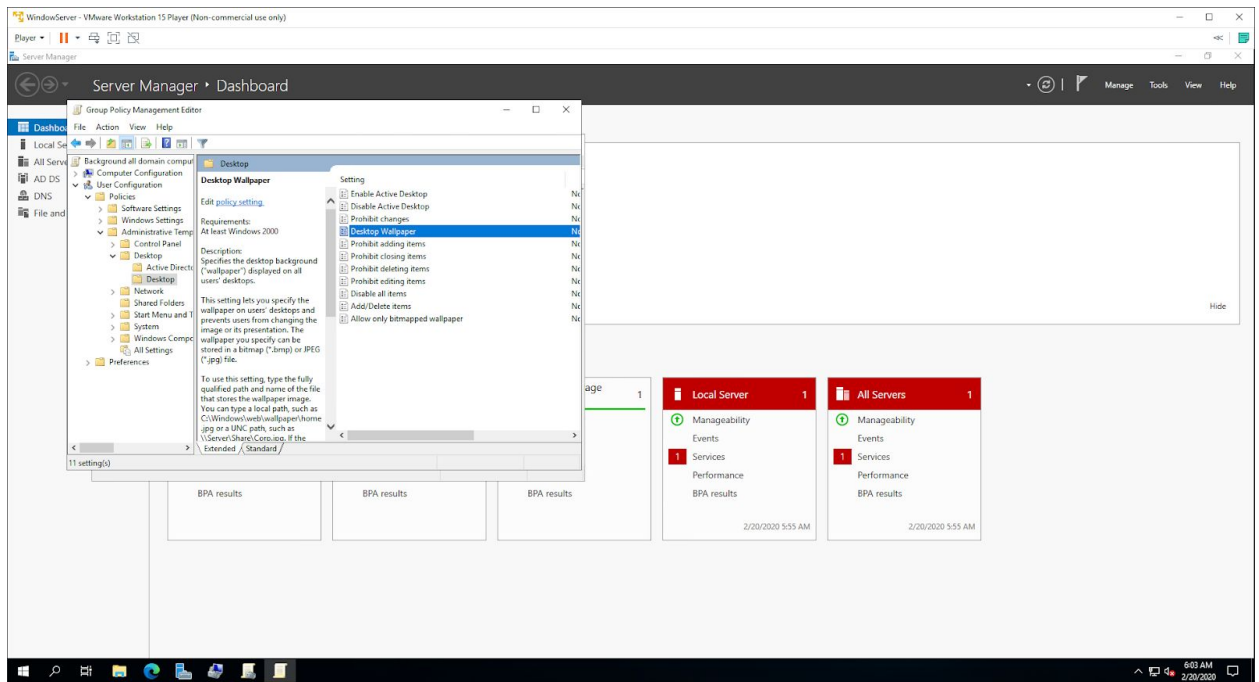


13. Now right click on newly created policy and Select Enforced. Again right click on syssec and click Edit.

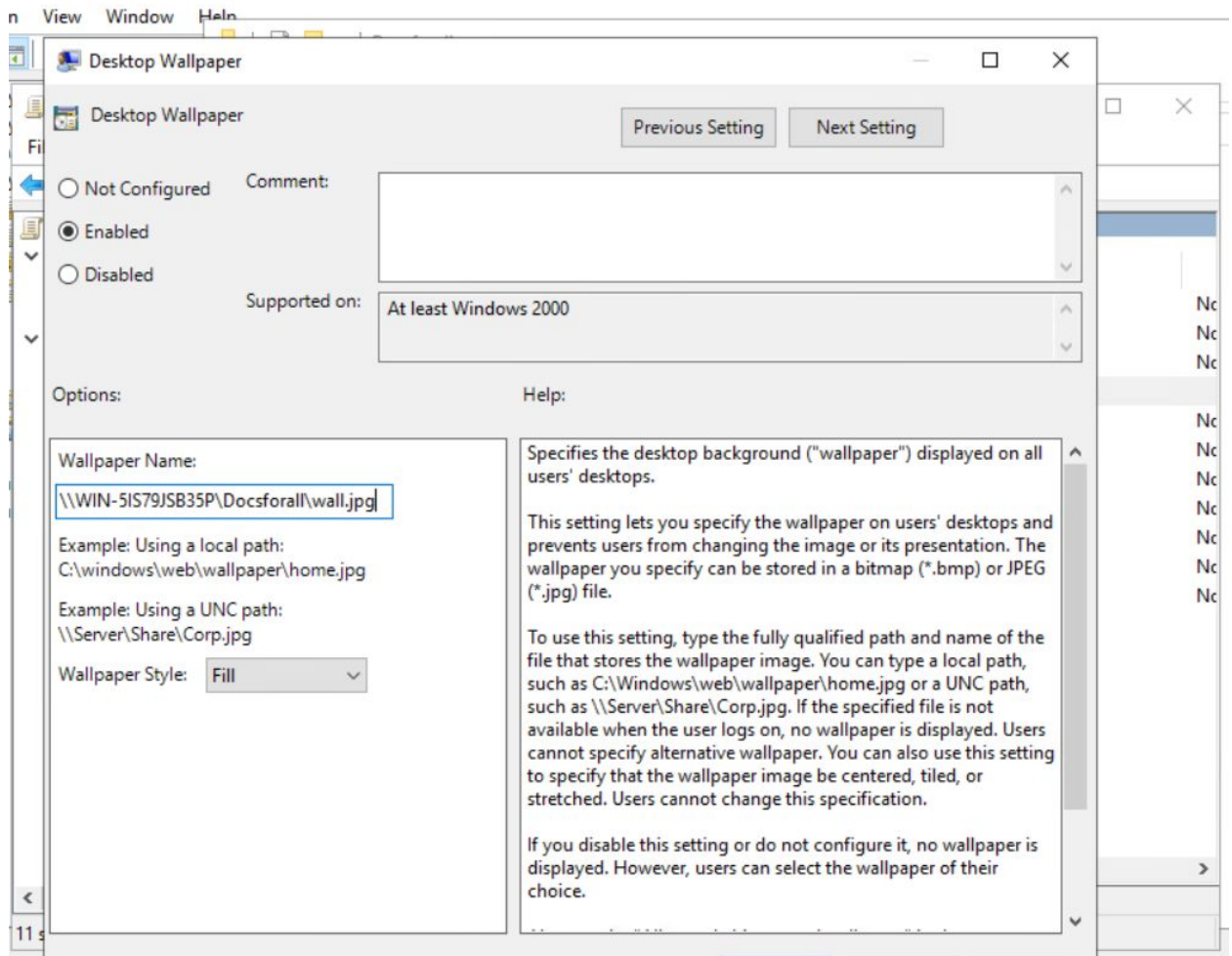


14. In the new window Group Policy Management Editor goto User Configuration > Policies > Administrative Templates > Desktop > Desktop. In the right panel, you can see a Desktop

Wallpaper setting option. Click on it.

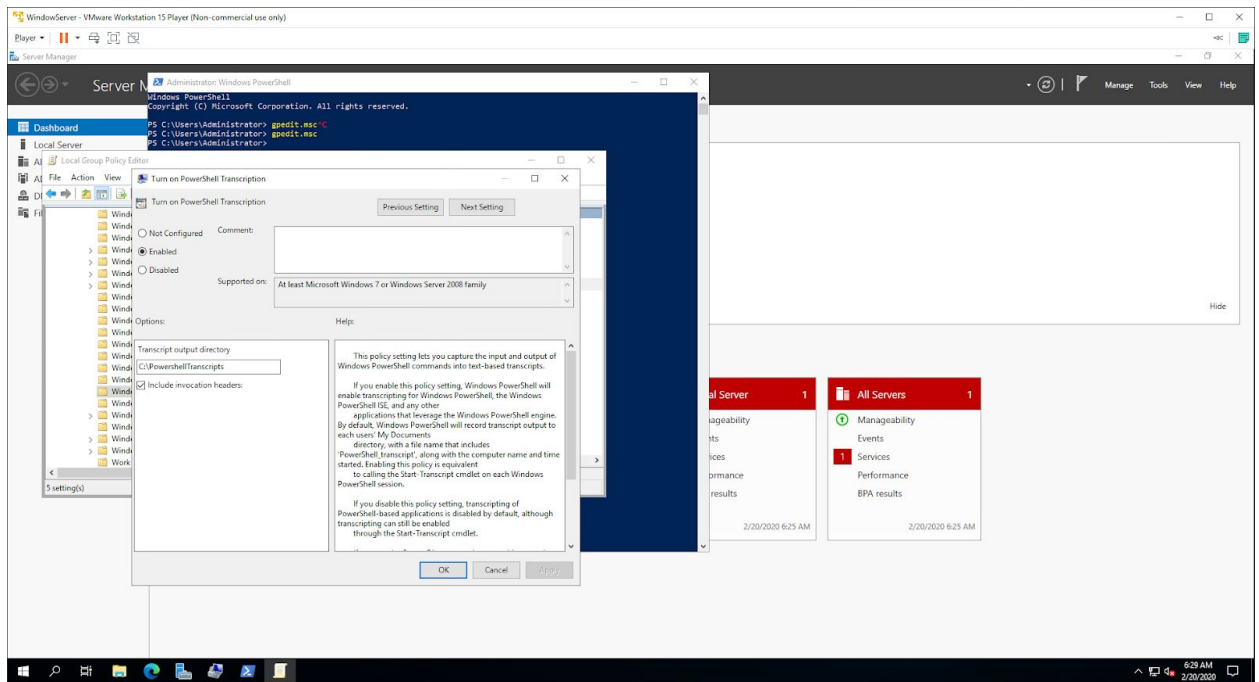


15. Enter the path to the wallpaper image, which should be inside the shared folder you created, and click enabled button, then click apply and OK to save the settings.

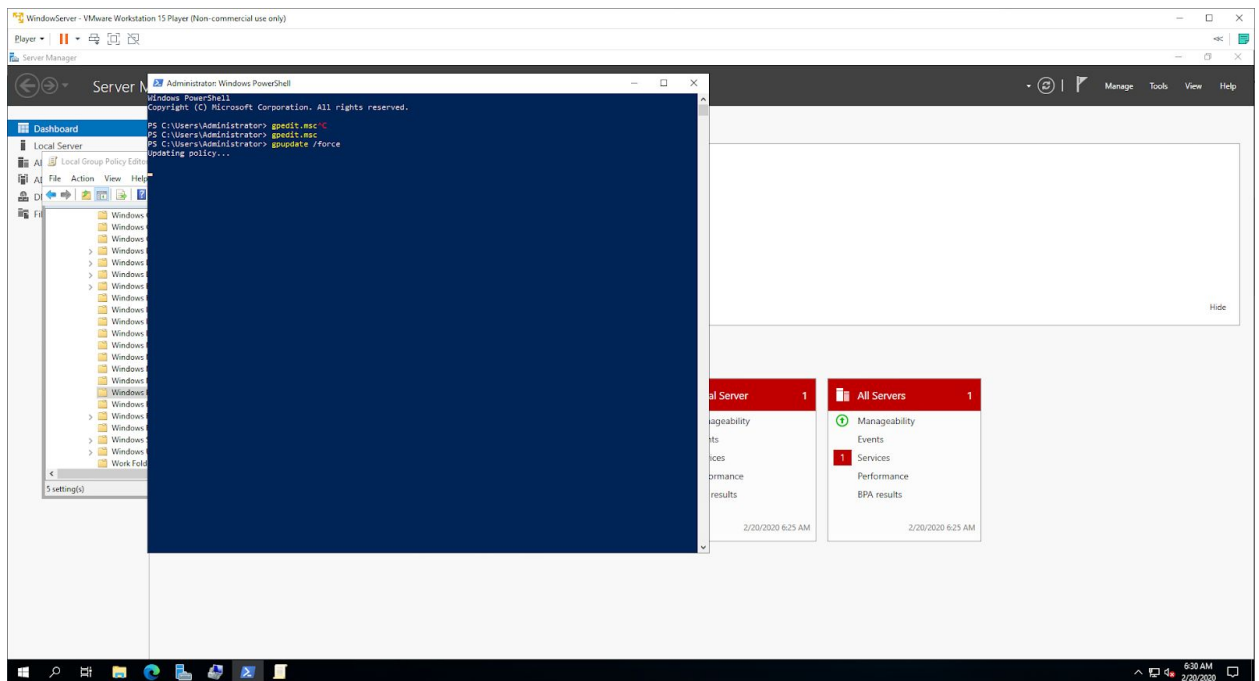


16. In the Group Policy management Window select the Desktop Wallpaper setting policy and on the right panel under security filtering add domain computers group and click ok.
17. Another way of opening the Group Policy Management Editor is by typing the following command in powershell - gpedit.msc .
18. Click on Local Group Policy > Computer Configuration > Administrative Templates > Windows Components > Windows PowerShell and double-click on "Turn on PowerShell Transcription". Click on Enable and enter your preferred Output Directory. You can also activate "Include

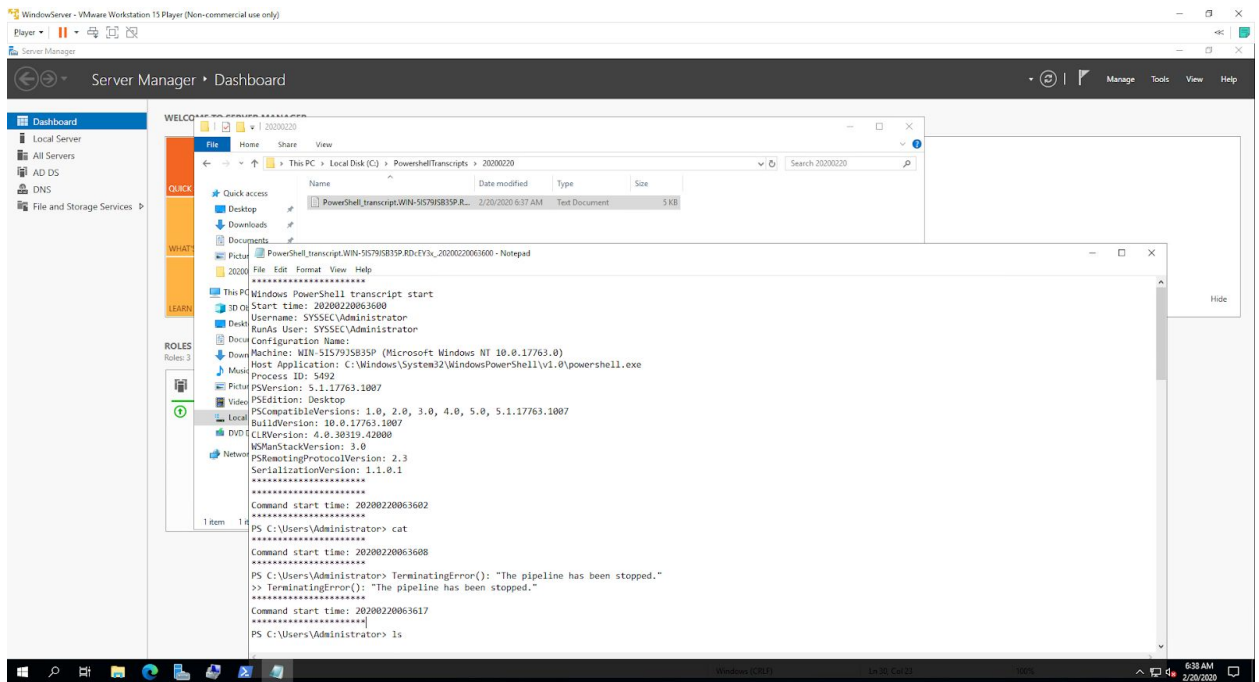
invocation headers". Click OK.



19. Now execute `gpupdate /force` to reflect the group policy changes as shown below.

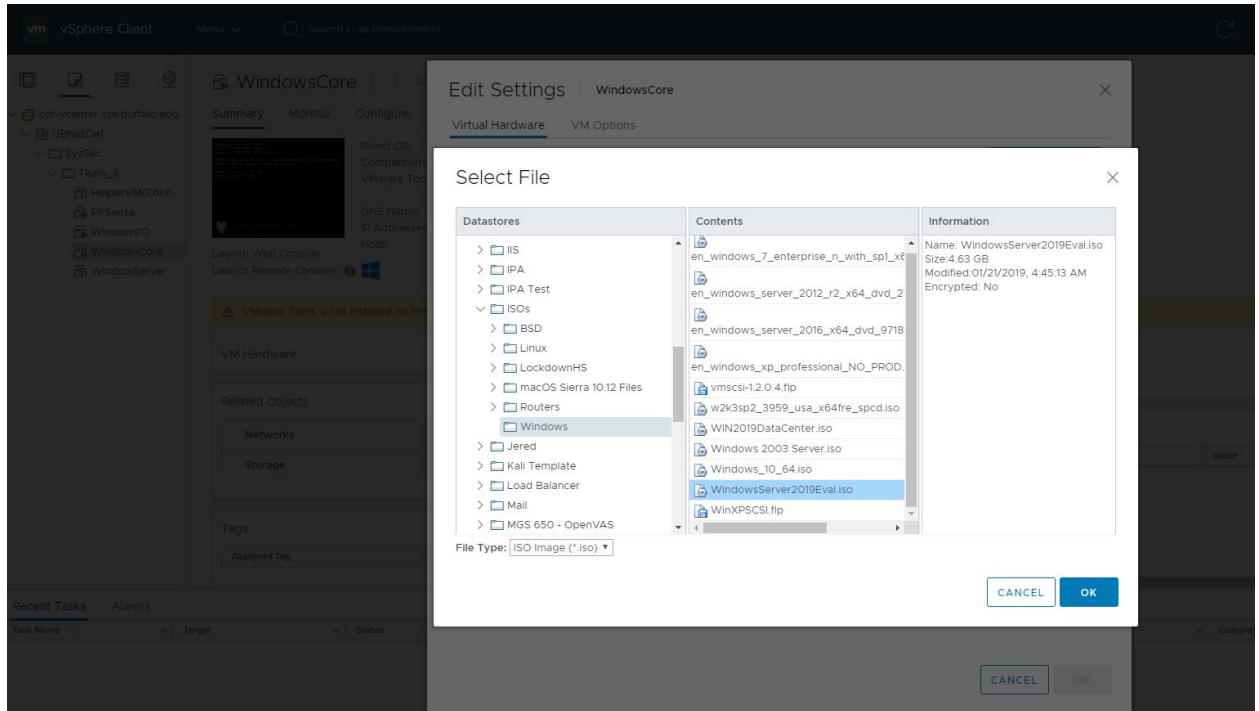


20. You can check the directory you selected for transcripts after typing any commands in powershell as shown below.



Server Core Setup and Configuration

1. Now goto vSphere Client and right click on Windows Core VM option on the left side bar and select Edit. Change the CD/DVD Drive option to Data ISO and goto `cd-iscsi1>ISO>Windows` and Select Windows Server 2019 option as shown below.



2. Check the Connected checkbox and click OK.

Edit Settings

WindowsCore

Virtual Hardware

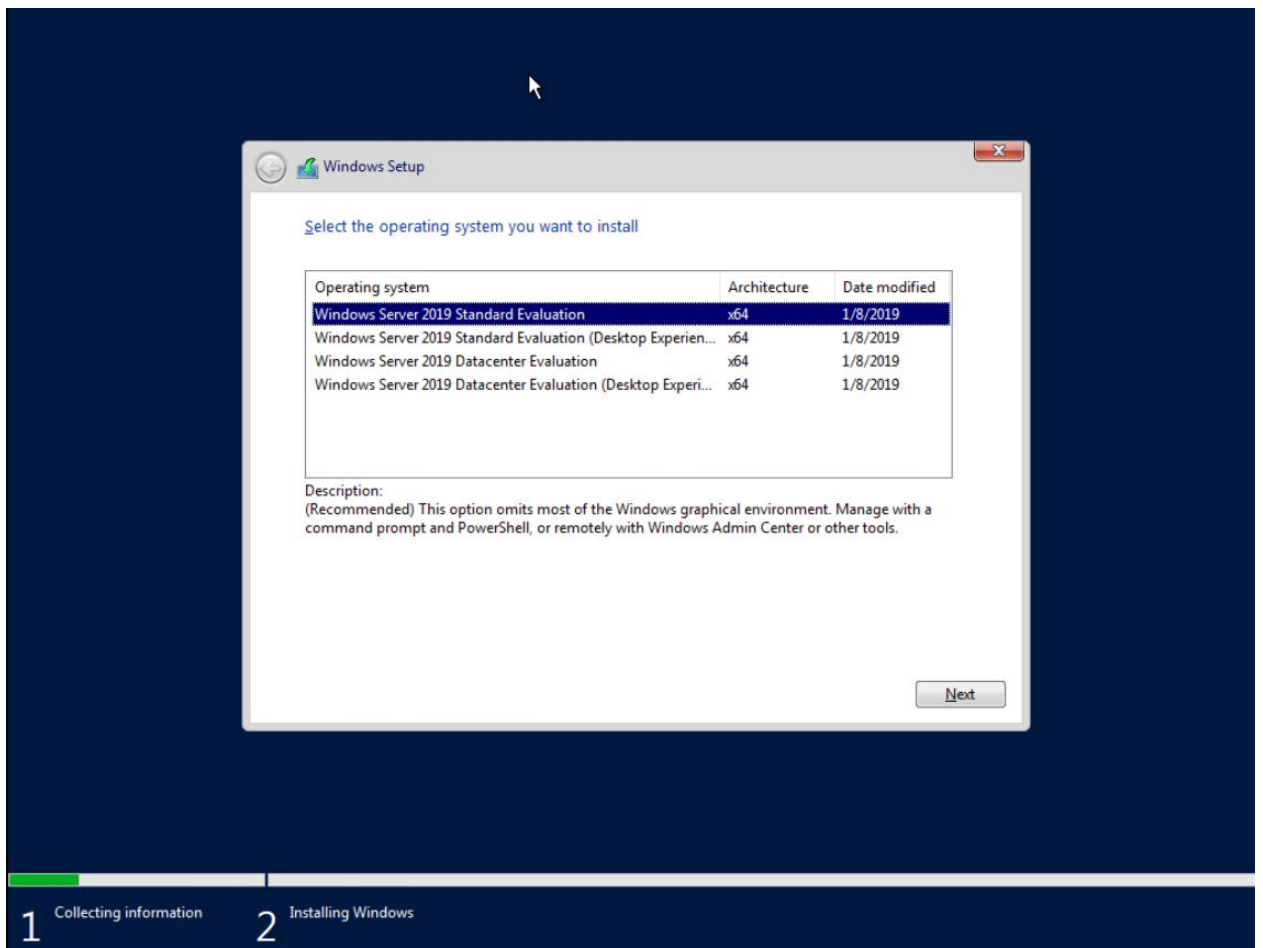
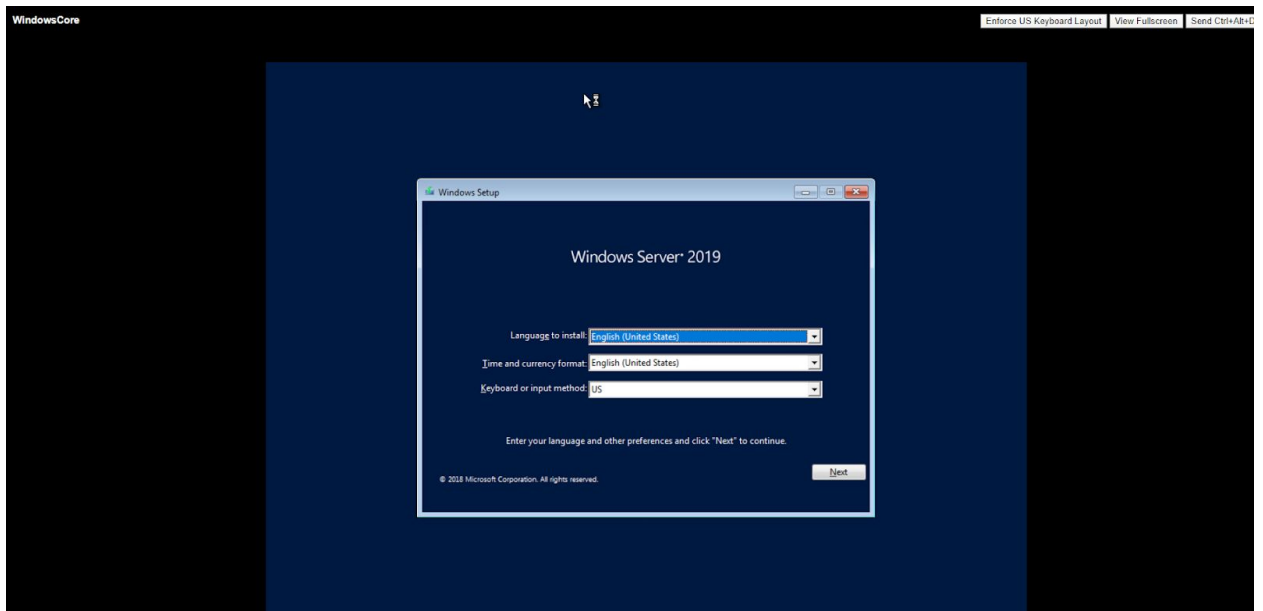
VM Options

ADD NEW DEVICE

> CPU	2			
> Memory	4	GB		
> Hard disk 1	40	GB		
> SCSI controller 0	LSI Logic SAS			
> Network adapter 1	generic-net		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Connected
> CD/DVD drive 1	Datastore ISO File		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Connected
> USB controller	USB 2.0			
> Video card	Auto-detect settings			
VMCI device	Device on the virtual machine PCI bus that provides support for the virtual machine communication interface			
SATA controller 0	AHCI			
> Other	Additional Hardware			

CANCELOK

3. Follow the Configuration steps as shown in the following figures.





Windows Setup



Applicable notices and license terms

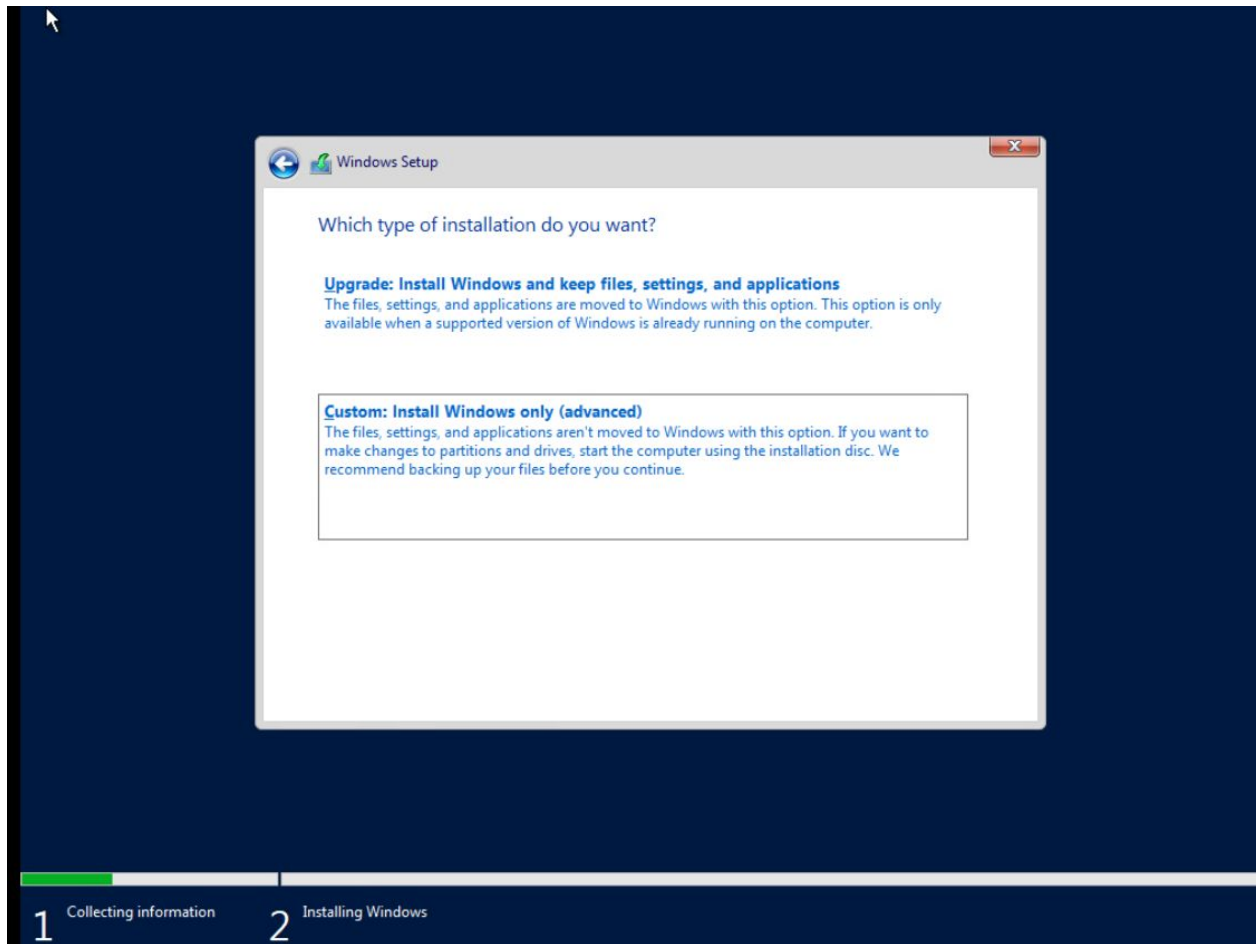
IMPORTANT NOTICE (followed by LICENSE TERMS)

Diagnostic and Usage Information. Microsoft automatically collects this information, which may be associated with your organization, over the internet, and uses it to help improve your installation, upgrade, and user experience, and the quality and security of Microsoft products and services. Windows Server has four (4) information collection settings (Security, Basic, Enhanced, and Full), and uses the "**Enhanced**" setting by default. The Enhanced level includes information required to: (i) run our anti-malware and diagnostic and usage information technologies; (ii) understand device quality, and application usage and compatibility; and (iii) identify quality issues in the use and performance of the operating system and applications.

Choice and Control: Administrators can change the level of information

☒ I accept the license terms

Next



Which type of installation do you want?

Upgrade: Install Windows and keep files, settings, and applications

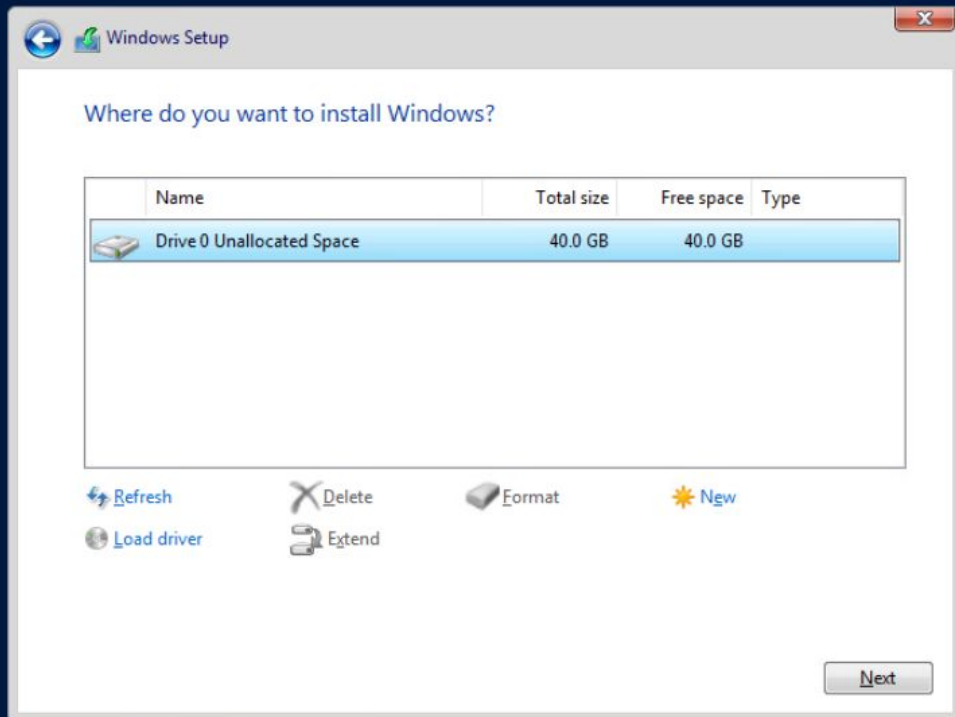
The files, settings, and applications are moved to Windows with this option. This option is only available when a supported version of Windows is already running on the computer.

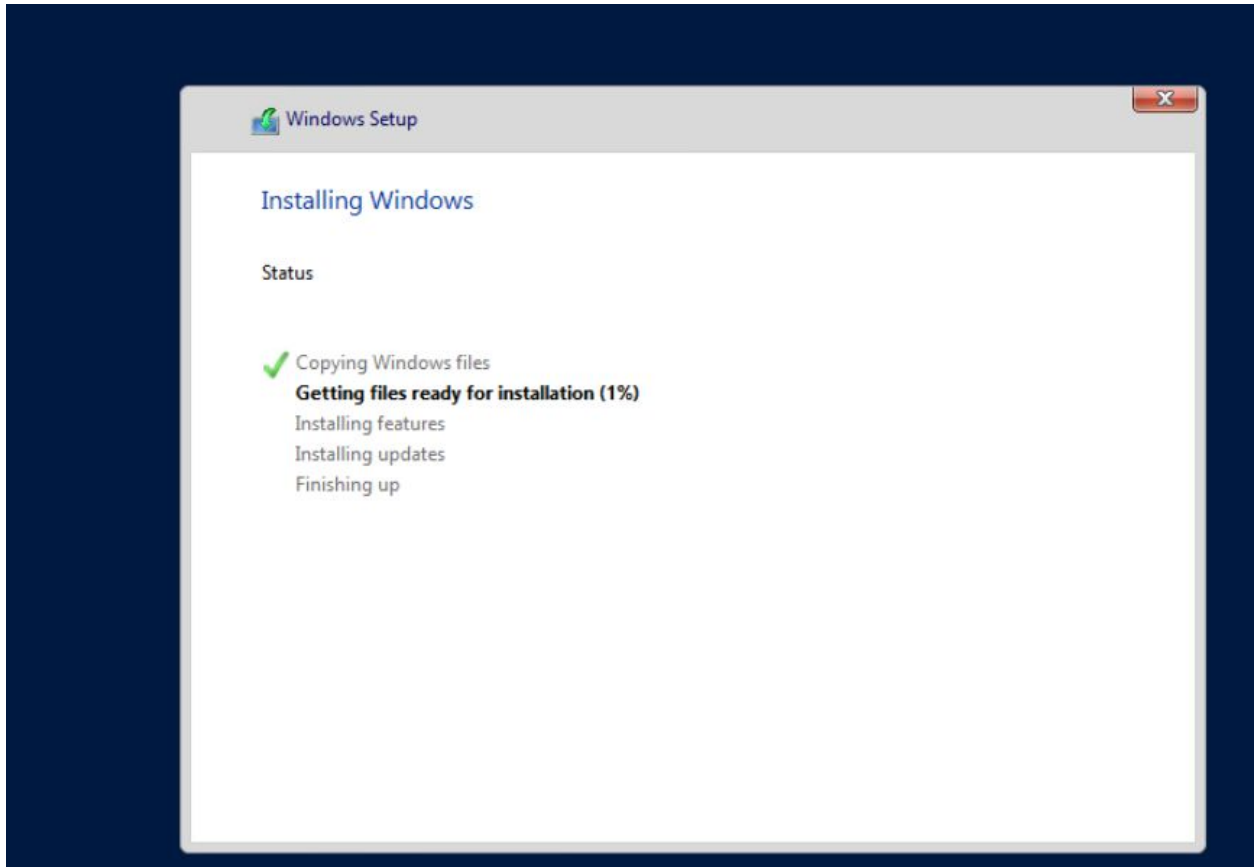
Custom: Install Windows only (advanced)

The files, settings, and applications aren't moved to Windows with this option. If you want to make changes to partitions and drives, start the computer using the installation disc. We recommend backing up your files before you continue.

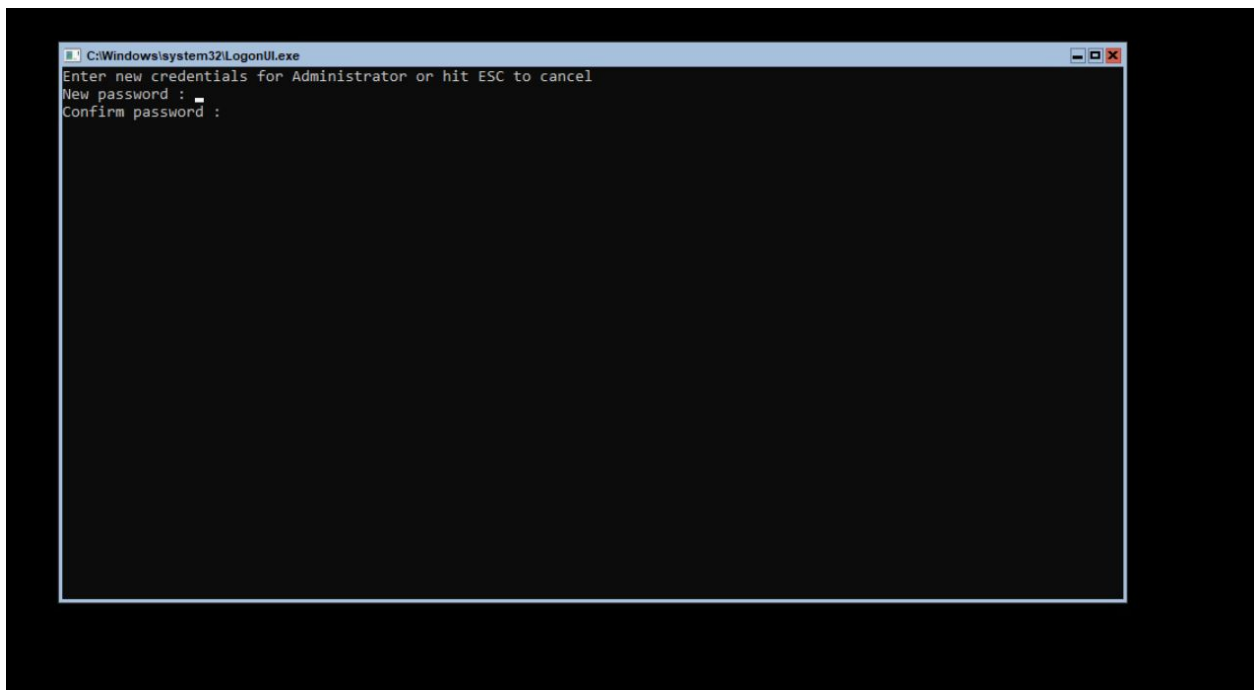
1 Collecting information

2 Installing Windows

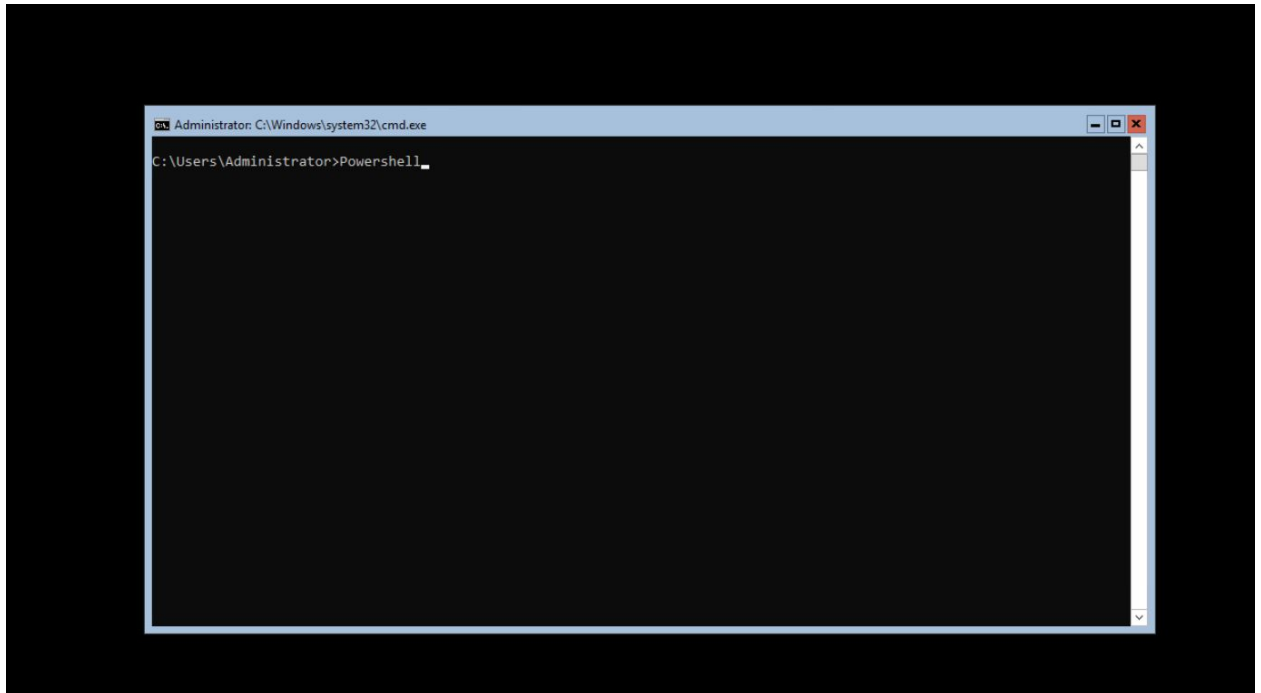




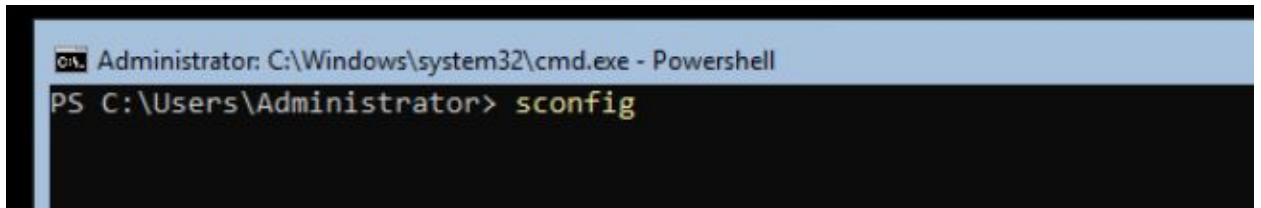
4. Enter a New Password for the machine and confirm it.



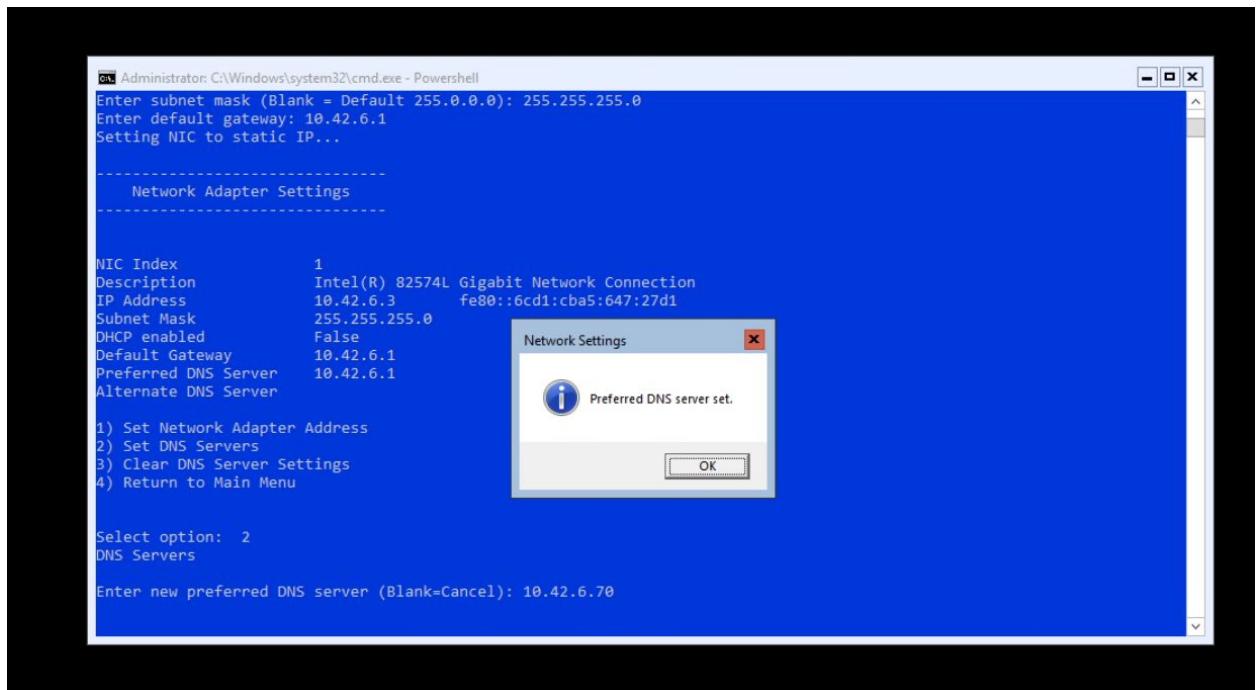
5. After you are into the system, type powershell to activate Powershell as shown below.



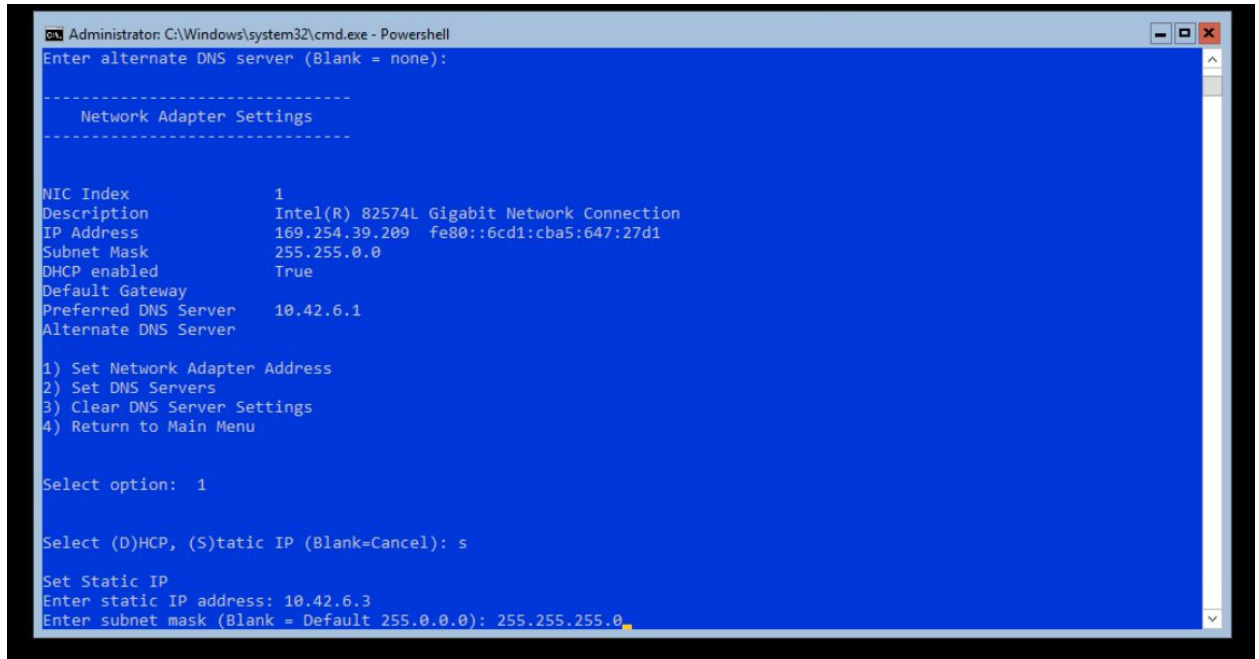
6. Type command sconfig and hit enter.



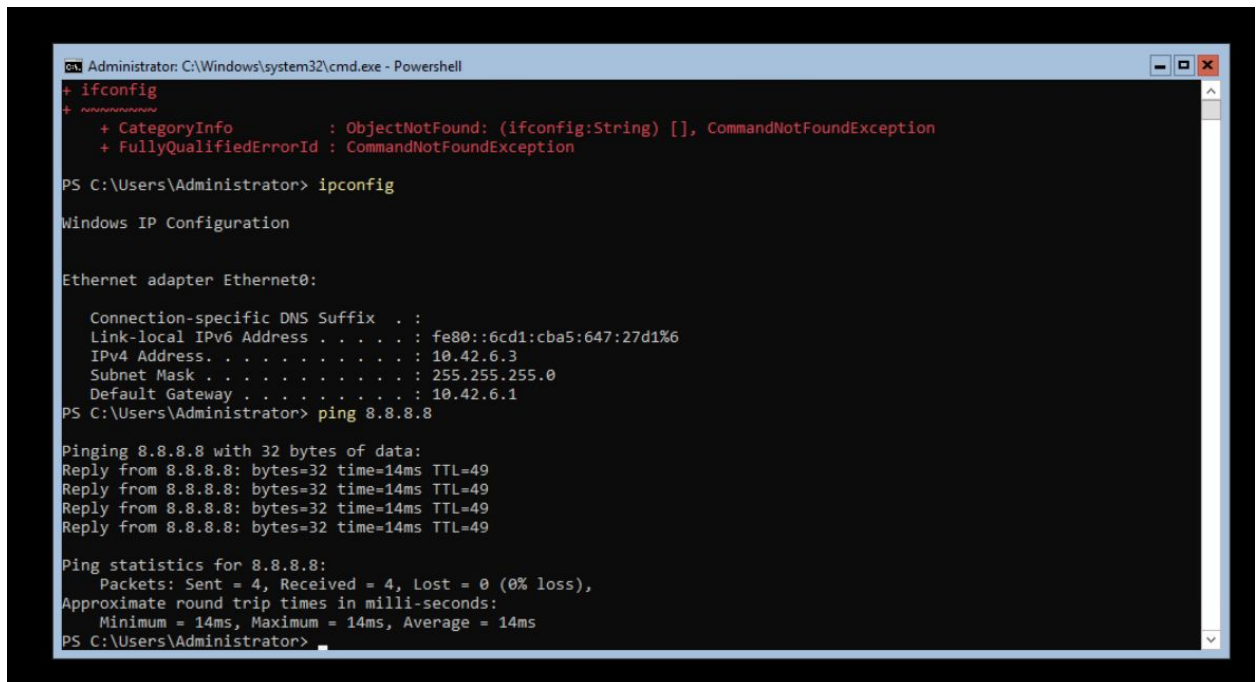
7. From the new menu select Network Settings option, and then DNS Setting and set DNS to 10.42.6.1, which is your AD.



8. Now in the Network Settings menu select the Network Address Settings option and set IP of machine which in my case is 10.42.6.3 and subnet mask as 255.255.255.0.



9. Do ipconfig and ping to check your network as shown below.



```
Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - Powershell
+ ifconfig
+ ~~~~~
+ CategoryInfo          : ObjectNotFound: (ifconfig:String) [], CommandNotFoundException
+ FullyQualifiedErrorId : CommandNotFoundException

PS C:\Users\Administrator> ipconfig

Windows IP Configuration

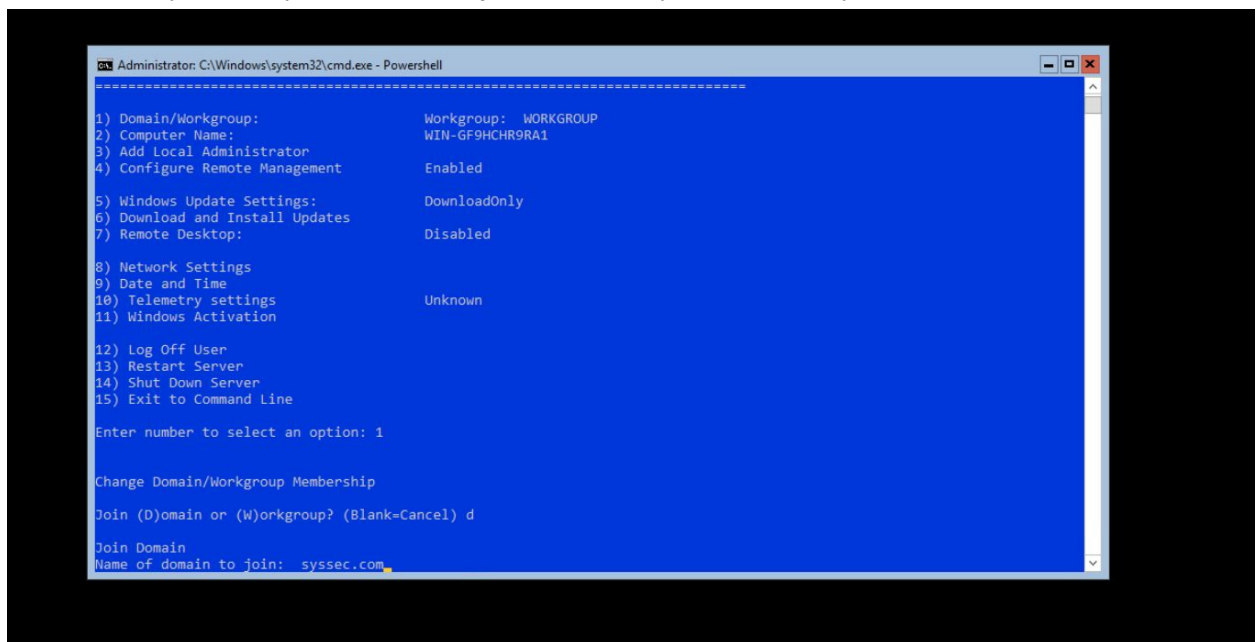
Ethernet adapter Ethernet0:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . : 
    Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::6cd1:cba5:647:27d1%6
    IPv4 Address. . . . . : 10.42.6.3
    Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway . . . . . : 10.42.6.1
PS C:\Users\Administrator> ping 8.8.8.8

Pinging 8.8.8.8 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=14ms TTL=49
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=14ms TTL=49
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=14ms TTL=49
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=14ms TTL=49

Ping statistics for 8.8.8.8:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 14ms, Maximum = 14ms, Average = 14ms
PS C:\Users\Administrator>
```

10. Now goto the main menu in sconfig and select option 1 and then d for domain and type the domain name you want your machine to join, which is syssec.com in my case.



```
Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - Powershell
-----
1) Domain/Workgroup:          Workgroup: WORKGROUP
2) Computer Name:            WIN-GF9HCHR9RA1
3) Add Local Administrator
4) Configure Remote Management Enabled
5) Windows Update Settings:   DownloadOnly
6) Download and Install Updates
7) Remote Desktop:           Disabled
8) Network Settings
9) Date and Time
10) Telemetry settings        Unknown
11) Windows Activation

12) Log Off User
13) Restart Server
14) Shut Down Server
15) Exit to Command Line

Enter number to select an option: 1

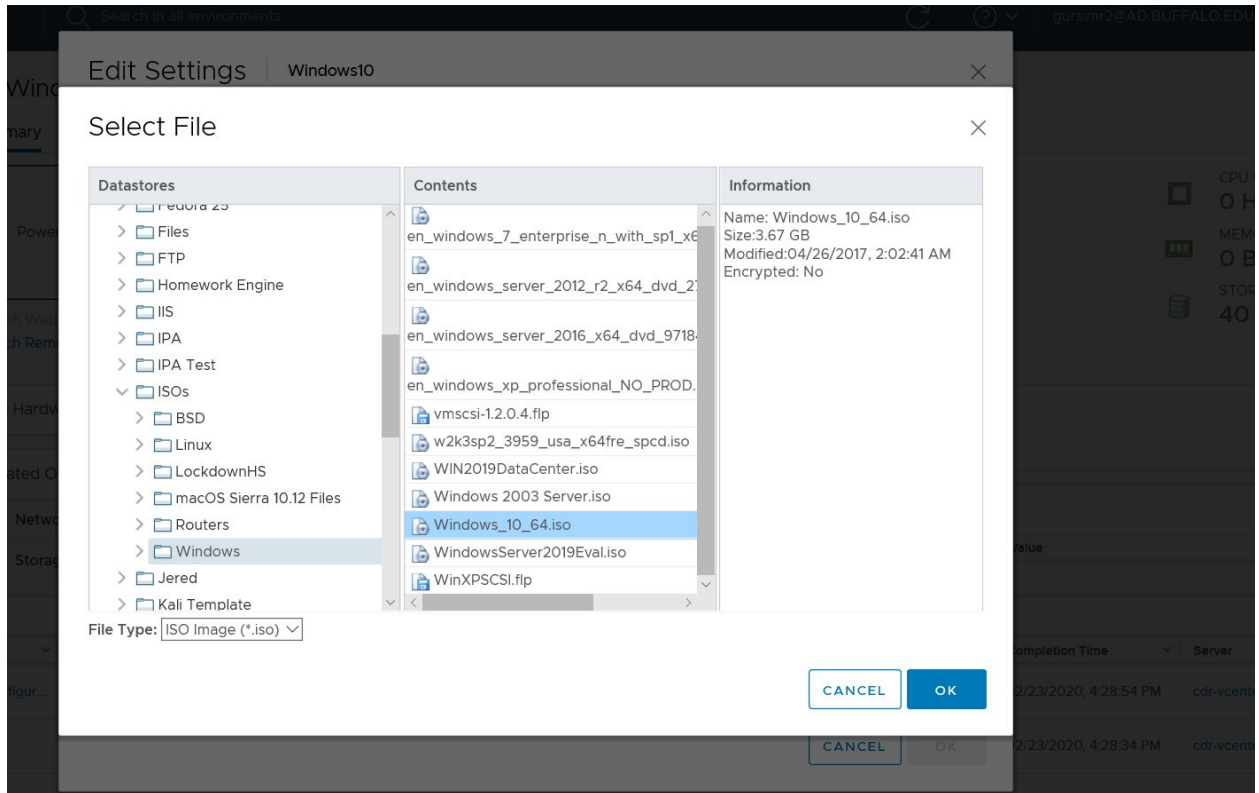
Change Domain/Workgroup Membership

Join (D)omain or (W)orkgroup? (Blank=Cancel) d

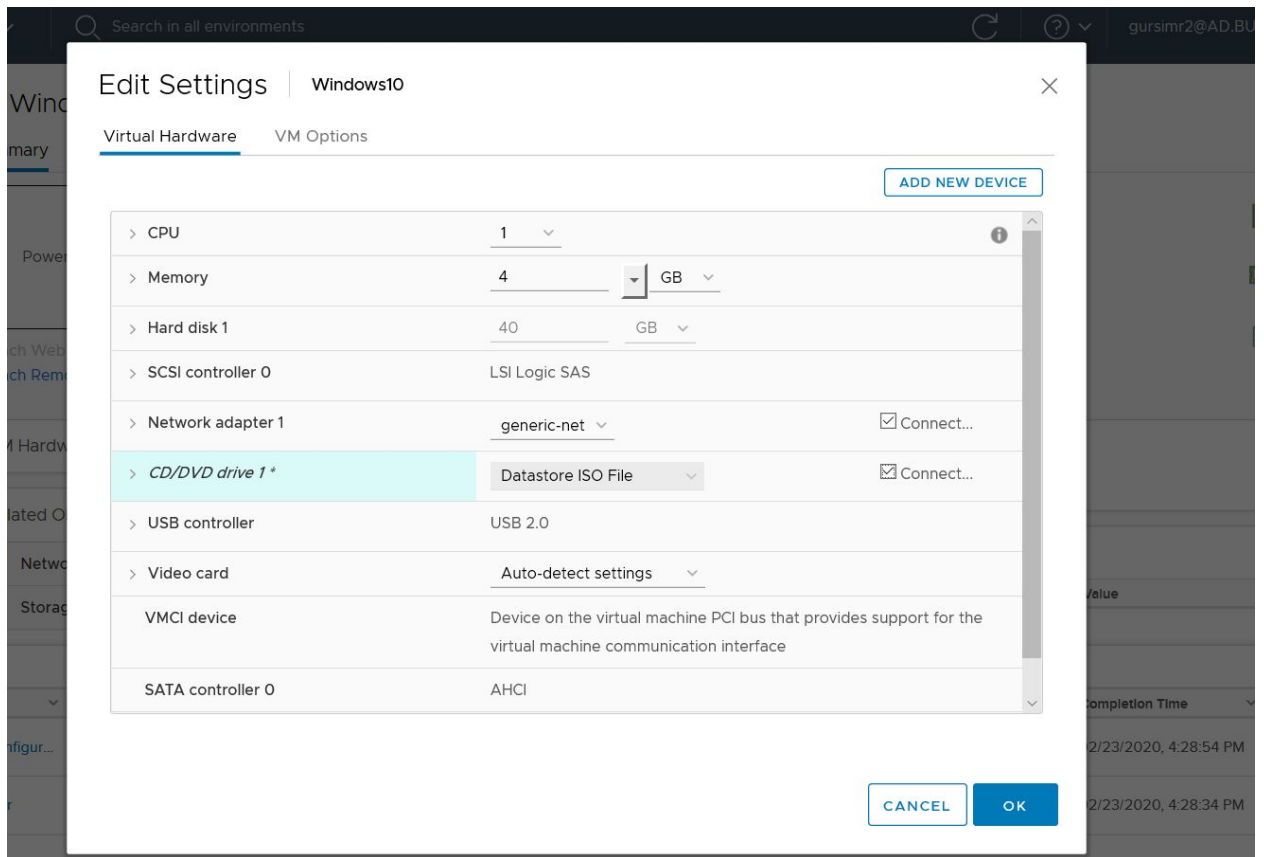
Join Domain
Name of domain to join: syssec.com
```

Windows 10 Setup and Configuration

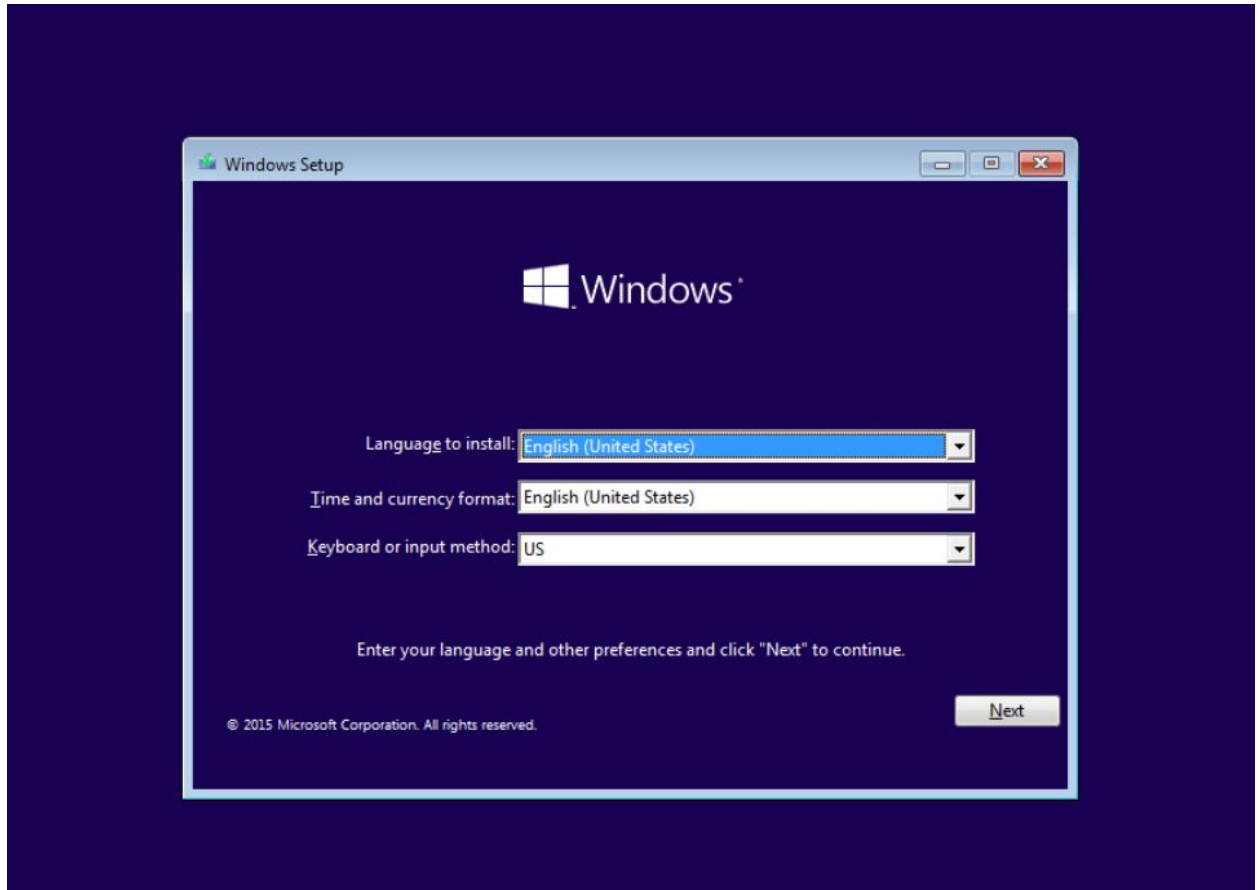
1. Now again goto vSphere Client and right click on Windows 10 VM option on the left side bar and select Edit. Change the CD/DVD Drive option to Data ISO and goto cdr-iscsi1>ISO>Windows and Select Windows 10 option as shown below.



2. Check the Connected checkbox and click OK.



3. Follow the Configuration steps as shown in the following figures.





Windows Setup



Which type of installation do you want?

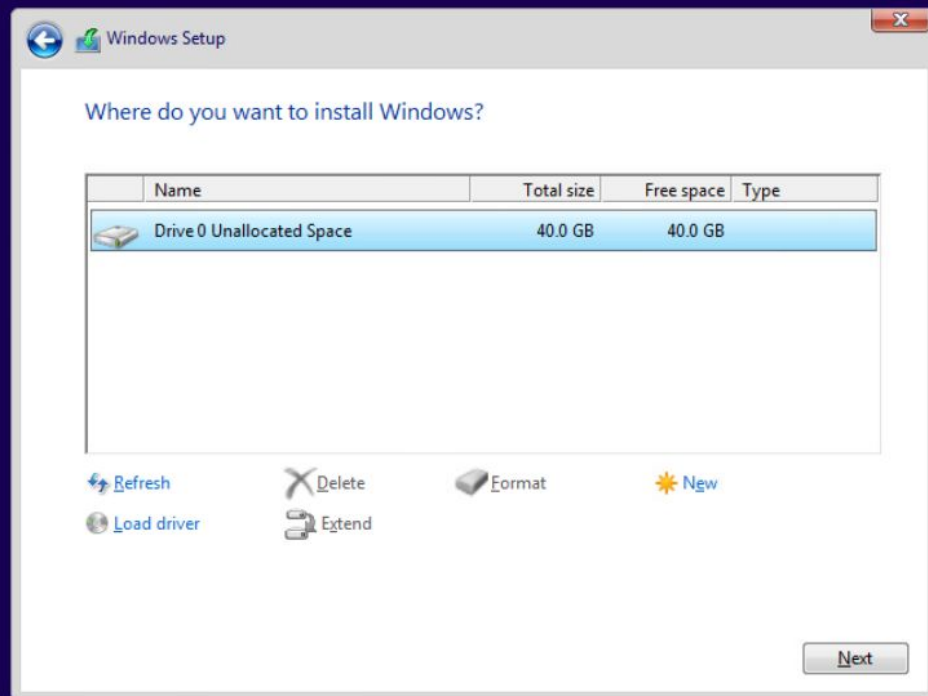
Upgrade: Install Windows and keep files, settings, and applications

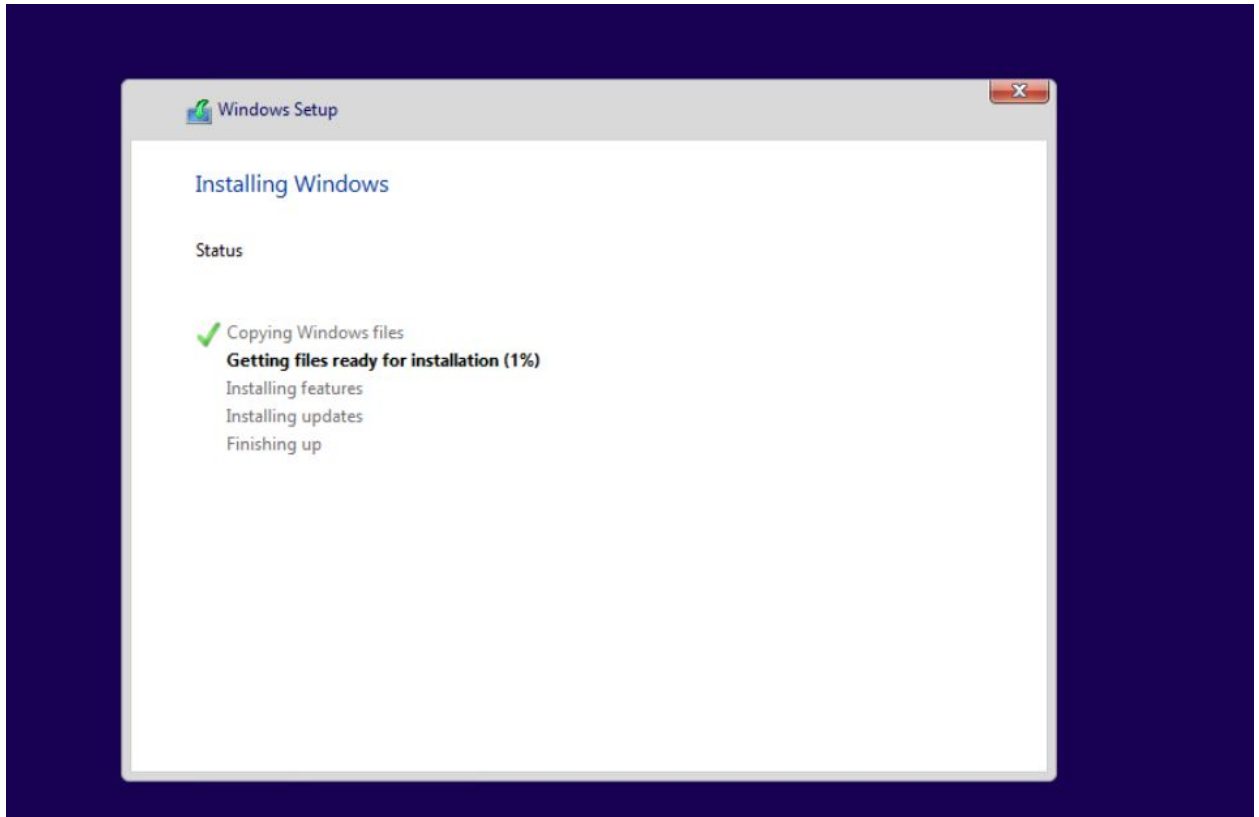
The files, settings, and applications are moved to Windows with this option. This option is only available when a supported version of Windows is already running on the computer.

Custom: Install Windows only (advanced)

The files, settings, and applications aren't moved to Windows with this option. If you want to make changes to partitions and drives, start the computer using the installation disc. We recommend backing up your files before you continue.

[Help me decide](#)





4. Click use Express settings and create an account by entering a username and password. This account doesn't matter because later you will use the domain account to login.

Get going fast

Change these at any time. Select **Use Express settings** to:

Personalize your speech, typing, and inking input by sending contacts and calendar details, along with other associated input data to Microsoft. Let Microsoft use that info to improve the suggestion and recognition platforms.

Let Windows and apps request your location, including location history, and use your advertising ID to personalize your experiences. Send Microsoft and trusted partners some location data to improve location services.

Help protect you from malicious web content and use page prediction to improve reading, speed up browsing, and make your overall experience better in Windows browsers. Your browsing data will be sent to Microsoft.

Automatically connect to suggested open hotspots and shared networks. Not all networks are secure.

Send error and diagnostic information to Microsoft.

[Learn more](#)

[Customize settings](#)



Use Express settings

Create an account for this PC

If you want to use a password, choose something that will be easy for you to remember but hard for others to guess.

Who's going to use this PC?

Gursimran Singh

Make it secure.

••••••••

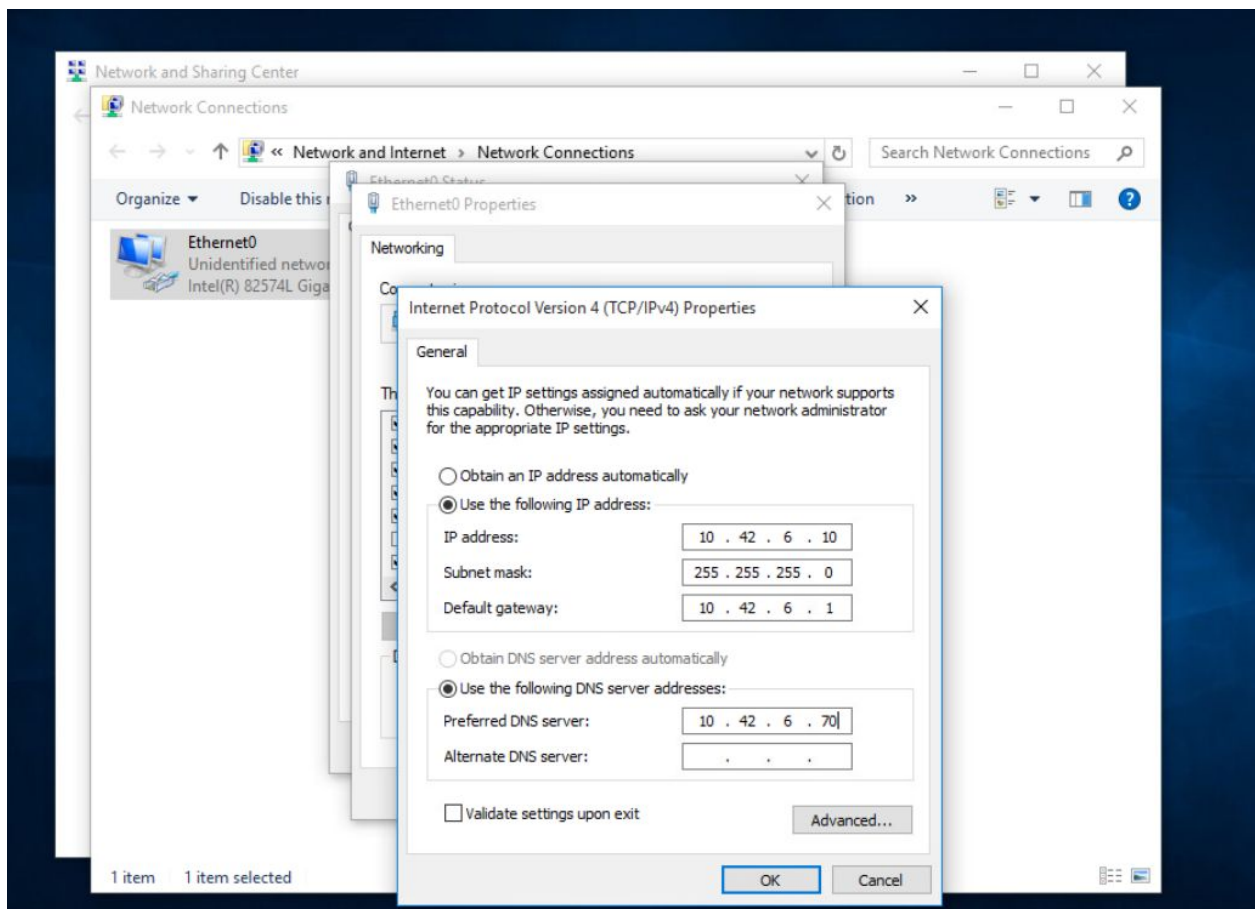
••••••••

Syssec Division X

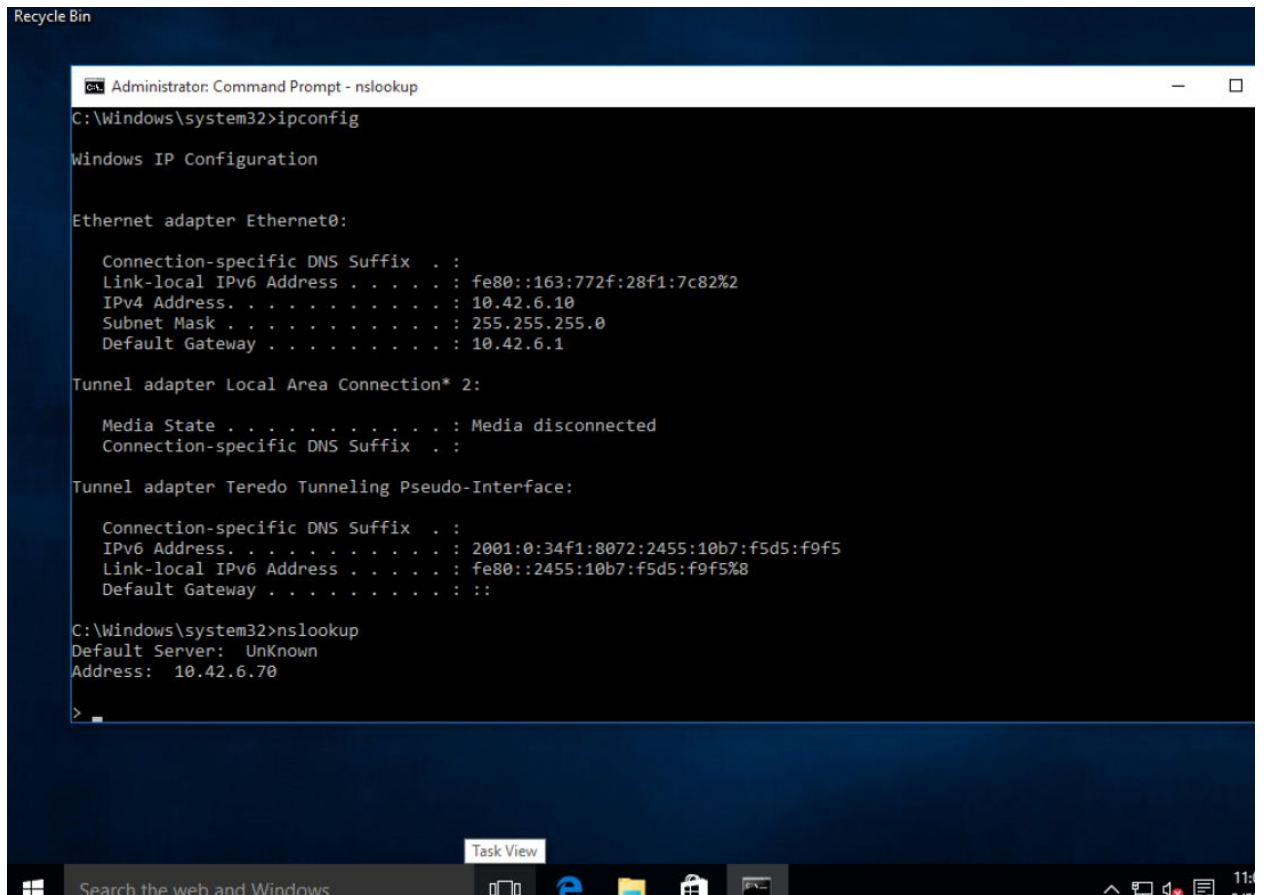
Next

5. After signing in goto Network and Sharing Center > Network Connections > Ethernet(or your Adapter) Status > Properties > Ipv4 > properties and enter IP address, subnet mask, default

gateway and preferred DNS Server for the machine.



6. Check the above by using commands ipconfig and nslookup.



The screenshot shows a Windows desktop with a Recycle Bin icon in the top-left corner. A Task View button is located in the taskbar. The Command Prompt window is titled "Administrator: Command Prompt - nslookup". The command prompt shows the following output:

```
C:\Windows\system32>ipconfig

Windows IP Configuration

Ethernet adapter Ethernet0:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . : 
    Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::163:772f:28f1:7c82%2
    IPv4 Address. . . . . : 10.42.6.10
    Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway . . . . . : 10.42.6.1

Tunnel adapter Local Area Connection* 2:

    Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . : 

Tunnel adapter Teredo Tunneling Pseudo-Interface:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . : 
    IPv6 Address. . . . . : 2001:0:34f1:8072:2455:10b7:f5d5:f9f5
    Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::2455:10b7:f5d5:f9f5%8
    Default Gateway . . . . . : ::

C:\Windows\system32>nslookup
Default Server: UnKnown
Address: 10.42.6.70

>
```

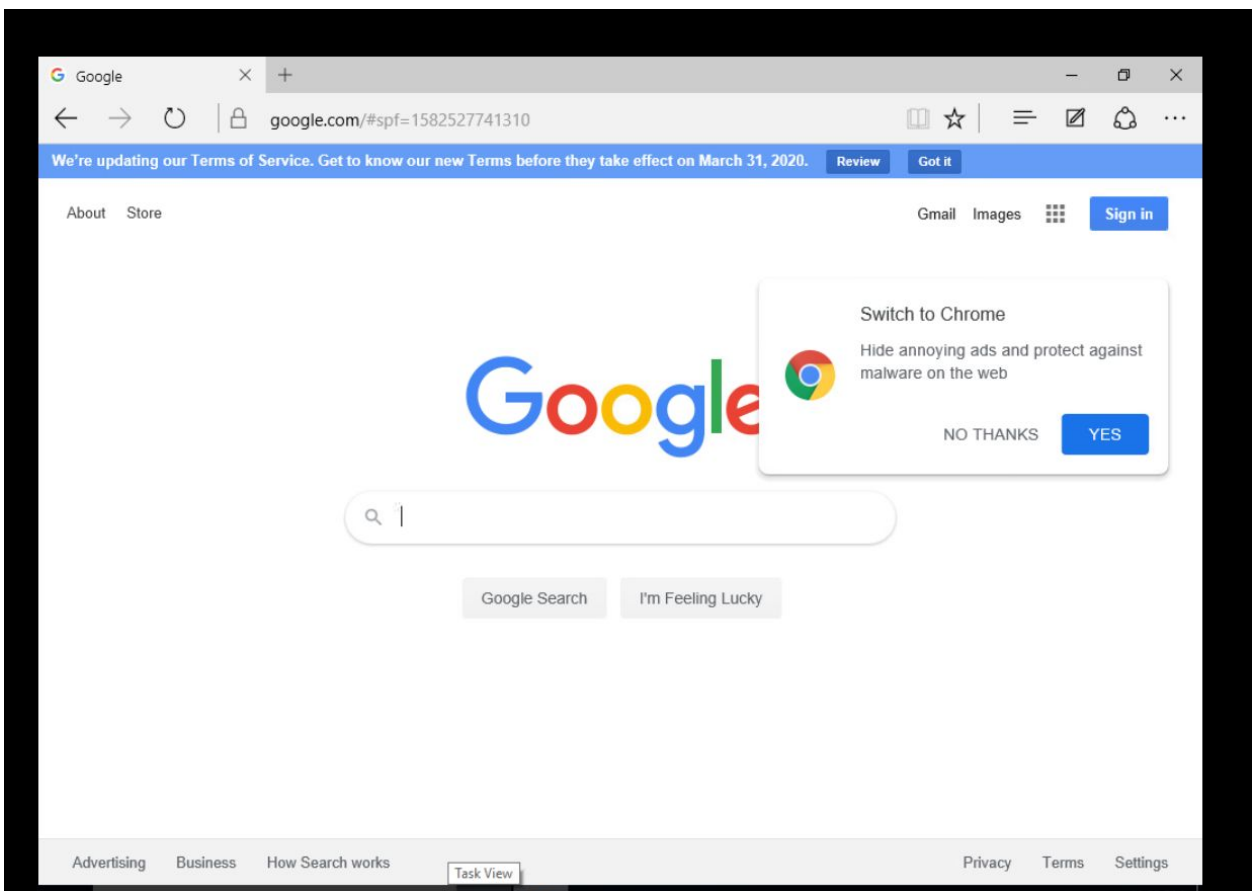
7. Check internet connection using ping or opening google.com on the browser.

```
C:\Windows\system32>ping 8.8.8.8

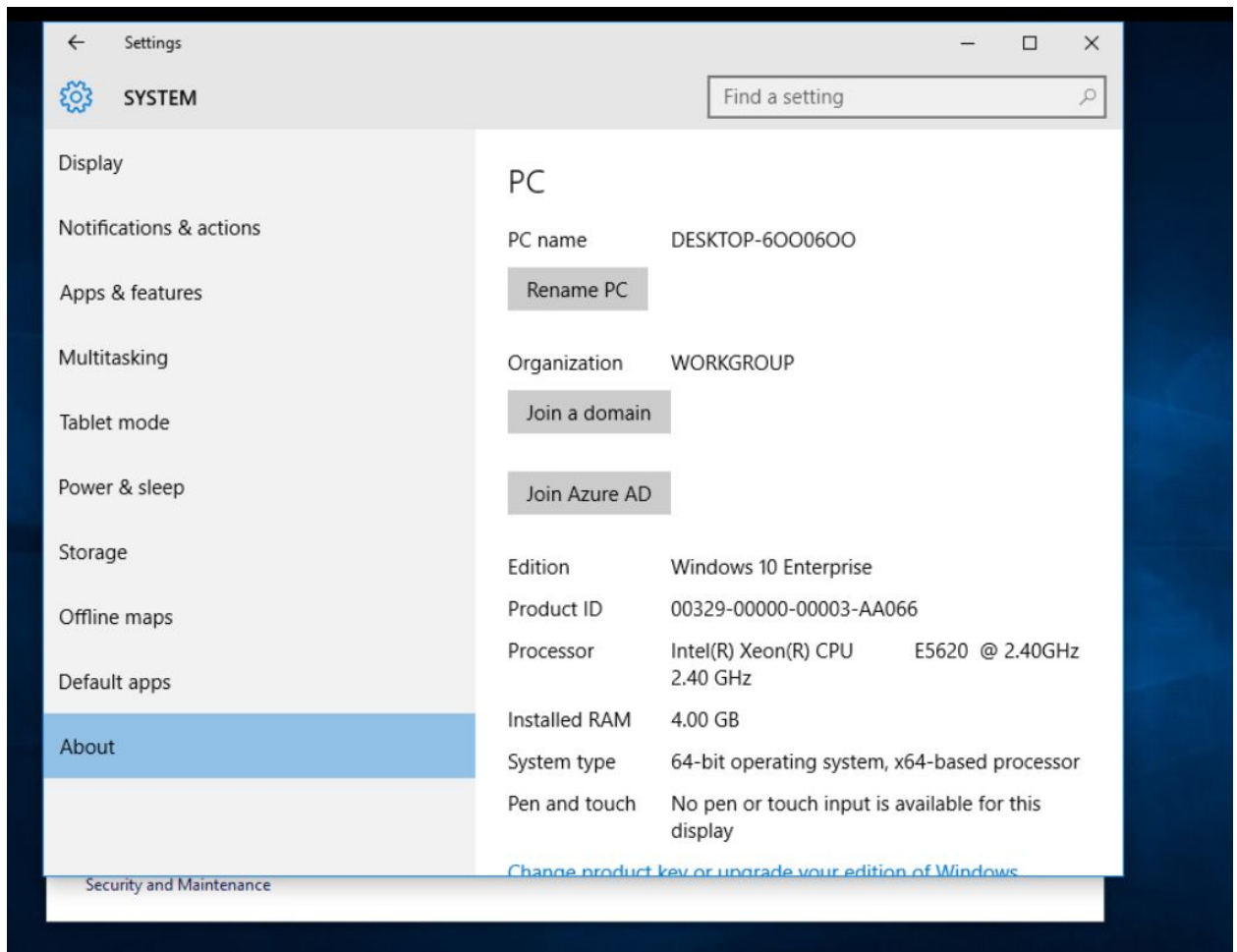
Pinging 8.8.8.8 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=14ms TTL=49
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=14ms TTL=49
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=14ms TTL=49
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=14ms TTL=49

Ping statistics for 8.8.8.8:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 14ms, Maximum = 14ms, Average = 14ms

C:\Windows\system32>
```



8. Now go to Settings > System > About > Join a domain and enter the domain name you want to join and login with a username you created in the Active Directory in Server 2019.



Note - You can also run gpupdate command on the server 2019 machine in the end.

```
Examples include computer logon, software
Installation. This option has no effect if
there are no extensions called that require
a restart.

/Sync          Causes the next foreground policy application to
               be done synchronously. Foreground policy
               applications occur at computer start up and user
               logon. You can specify this for the user,
               computer or both using the /Target parameter.
               The /Force and /Wait parameters will be ignored
               if specified.

PS C:\Users\Administrator> gpupdate /Force /Logoff
Updating policy...
```

You will be able to see the changed wallpaper on the windows 10 machine after restart as shown below.

