```
In [1]:
```

```
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
from tqdm import tqdm
import os
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsRegressor
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Input, Dense, Activation, Dropout
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error
import re
import tensorflow as tf
import tensorflow hub as hub
from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Input
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint
import transformers
```

In [2]:

#REf:https://www.kaggle.com/xhlulu/jigsaw-tpu-distilbert-with-huggingface-and-keras

In [3]:

```
from transformers import DistilBertTokenizer, TFDistilBertModel
tokenizer = DistilBertTokenizer.from_pretrained('../input/tfdistilbertbaseuncased')
```

In [4]:

```
train data = pd.read csv('../input/commonlitreadabilityprize/train.csv')
test data = pd.read csv('../input/commonlitreadabilityprize/test.csv')
# removing unused columns
train_data.drop(['url_legal', 'license','standard_error'], axis=1, inplace=True)
test data.drop(['url legal', 'license'], axis=1, inplace=True)
#for i in range(len(train data)):
# train data['excerpt'][i]=re.sub('[^A-Za-z0-9]+', ' ', train data['excerpt'][i]).strip(
#for i in range(len(test data)):
# test data['excerpt'][i]=re.sub('[^A-Za-z0-9]+', ' ', test data['excerpt'][i]).strip()
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
X=train data['excerpt']
y=train data['target']
#x train, x test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y, test size=0.15, random state=20
#x train, x cv, y train, y cv = train test split(x train, y train, test size=0.15, random
state=20)
x td=test data['excerpt']
#X td tokens, X td mask, X td segment=tokenize(x td)
#X td pooled output=bert model.predict([X td tokens, X td mask, X td segment])
```

In [5]:

```
MAX_LENGTH = 150
```

In [6]:

```
def batch_encode(tokenizer, texts, batch_size=256, max_length=MAX_LENGTH):
```

In [7]:

```
x_td_ids, x_td_attention = batch_encode(tokenizer, x_td.tolist())
```

In [8]:

Some layers from the model checkpoint at ../input/tfdistilbertbaseuncased were not used w hen initializing TFDistilBertModel: ['vocab_layer_norm', 'vocab_transform', 'vocab_projec tor', 'activation 13']

- This IS expected if you are initializing TFDistilBertModel from the checkpoint of a mod el trained on another task or with another architecture (e.g. initializing a BertForSeque nceClassification model from a BertForPreTraining model).
- This IS NOT expected if you are initializing TFDistilBertModel from the checkpoint of a model that you expect to be exactly identical (initializing a BertForSequenceClassificati on model from a BertForSequenceClassification model).

All the layers of TFDistilBertModel were initialized from the model checkpoint at ../input/tfdistilbertbaseuncased.

If your task is similar to the task the model of the checkpoint was trained on, you can a lready use TFDistilBertModel for predictions without further training.

In [9]:

```
def build model(transformer, max length=MAX LENGTH):
    input ids layer = tf.keras.layers.Input(shape=(max length,),
                                            name='input ids',
                                            dtype='int32')
    input attention layer = tf.keras.layers.Input(shape=(max length,),
                                                  name='input attention',
                                                  dtype='int32')
    last hidden state = transformer([input ids layer, input attention layer])[0]
    cls token = last hidden state[:, 0, :]
   layer1 = Dense(256,activation='relu',kernel initializer=tf.keras.initializers.Glorot
Normal(seed=42))(cls_token)
    Dropout layer 1=Dropout(0.1)(layer1)
    layer2 = Dense(128,activation='relu',kernel initializer=tf.keras.initializers.Glorot
Normal(seed=42))(Dropout layer 1)
    Dropout layer 2=Dropout(0.1)(layer2)
    layer3 = Dense(32,activation='relu',kernel initializer=tf.keras.initializers.GlorotN
ormal(seed=42))(Dropout layer 2)
   output = tf.keras.layers.Dense(1,activation='linear',kernel initializer=tf.keras.ini
tializers.GlorotNormal(seed=42))(layer3)
   model = tf.keras.Model([input_ids_layer, input_attention_layer], output)
```

```
rmse=tf.keras.metrics.RootMeanSquaredError()
    mse = tf.keras.losses.MeanSquaredError()
    model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss=mse, metrics=[rmse])
    return model
In [10]:
import numpy as np
from sklearn.model selection import KFold
models list=[]
kf=KFold(n splits=5, random state=None, shuffle=False)
for train_index, test_index in kf.split(X):
    print(train index[0])
    x_train, x_cv = X[train_index], X[test_index]
    y_train, y_cv = y[train_index], y[test_index]
    x_train_ids, x_train_attention = batch_encode(tokenizer, x train.tolist())
    x cv ids, x cv attention = batch encode(tokenizer, x cv.tolist())
    model=build model(distilBERT, 150)
    EPOCHS = 50
    BATCH SIZE = 64
    NUM STEPS = len(x train.index) // BATCH SIZE
    # Train the model
    from keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping, TensorBoard
    early stop 1=EarlyStopping(monitor='val root mean squared error', patience=5, restore b
est weights=True)
    model.fit(
    x = [x train ids, x train attention],
    y = y_train.to_numpy(),
    epochs = EPOCHS,
    batch size = BATCH SIZE,
    steps per epoch = NUM STEPS,
    validation data = ([x cv ids, x cv attention], y cv.to numpy()),
    verbose=0, callbacks=[early stop 1]
    models list.append(model)
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0
In [11]:
y pred=np.zeros((x td ids.shape[0],1))
for i in range(len(models list)):
  y pred=y pred+models list[i].predict([x td ids, x td attention])
y pred=y pred/len(models list)
y_pred
Out[11]:
array([[-0.91043407],
       [ 0.34788071],
       [-0.19051353],
       [-1.8105737],
       [-0.75478372],
       [-0.88103384],
       [ 0.25316399]])
In [12]:
#y_pred_test=model.predict([x_test_ids, x_test_attention])
#mean squared error(y pred,y test,squared=False)
```

Predicting Test data

```
In [25]:

test_dat = pd.read_csv('../input/commonlitreadabilityprize/test.csv',index_col='id')
y_pred_pd=pd.DataFrame(y_pred,index=test_dat.index,columns=['target'])
```

```
#y_pred_pd=y_pred_pd.reset_index()
#saving test data predicted
y_pred_pd.to_csv('./submission.csv')
y_pred_pd
Out[25]:
```

	id	target
0	c0f722661	-0.910434
1	f0953f0a5	0.347881
2	0df072751	-0.190514
3	04caf4e0c	-1.810574
4	0e63f8bea	-0.754784
5	12537fe78	-0.881034
6	965e592c0	0.253164

LeaderBoard

Submission and Description	Status	Public Score	Use for Final Score
notebook_CS2 (version 31/31)	Succeeded	0.599	
15 minutes ago by Guru Notebook notebook_CS2 Version 31			

In []: